EXTRA
5 A.M.
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

EXTRA
5 A.M.
THE WEATHER
Fair today and Thursday; light northwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,201. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1918. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

CONGRESS WON BY THE REPUBLICANS; WHITMAN IS LEADING SMITH BY 1,500; GERMANY TOLD TO APPLY TO FOCH

WILSON TRANSMITS THE ALLIES' MESSAGE TO GERMANY; GERMANS RETREAT ON 90-MILE FRONT, OUR MEN SWEEP ON

ALLIES INSIST ON DAMAGES

Germany Is Notified That She Must Compensate for Loss to Civilians.

'FREE SEAS' TO PEACE TABLE

But Allies Reserve Complete Freedom of Action on This Subject.

TRUCE MUST SHOW DEFEAT

Conditions Are Said to be Equivalent to Abject Surrender by Germany.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Marshal Foch has the terms of armistice for Germany and awaits application for them by the German military command in the field.

The Government at Berlin is so informed in a note which Secretary Lansing handed to Minister Sulzer of Switzerland tonight announcing that the Allies have declared their willingness to make peace on the principles enunciated by President Wilson. The note now is on the cables. In twenty-four hours it should be in the hands of the Germans, and in forty-eight hours the world may know whether an immediate end of the war is at hand.

Publication of details of the armistice terms is still withheld. They may not be made known until the Germans have accepted or rejected them, as was the course followed by the Allies in dealing with Bulgaria, Turkey, and Austria. Only the details are in doubt, however, and no one questions that acceptance means abject surrender.

The statement has been authorized that the drastic conditions under which Austria passed out of the war have been followed closely, and in answer to queries for further information, officials said tonight that the following statement of Premier Clemenceau, cabled from Paris by The Associated Press, told the story:

"The terms are what President Wilson himself recommended to us for the security of our troops, the maintenance of our superiority, and the disarmament of the enemy in so far as that is necessary to prevent a resumption of hostilities."

Germany Must Pay For Damage.

Secretary Lansing's note gives the first hint of what has been going on in the momentous conferences at Paris between Colonel House and the allied Premiers. It quotes a "memorandum of observations" by the allied Governments on the President's correspondence with the German authorities, disclosing the approval of the President's peace program, with reservation of freedom of action in the peace conference on the moot question of freedom of the seas and a specific statement that by restoration it is meant that Germany must make compensation for all damage done to civilian populations and their property, "by land, by sea, and from the air."

This last, in which President Wilson concurs, means German payment for towns and cities destroyed and countrysides devastated, for ships sunk by submarines and raiders. It means German payment of damages to the families and dependents of civilians killed or carried off in violation of the rules of war.

Thus much of the real work of a peace conference has been done in advance. The spokesmen of Germany having accepted the President's terms, must now accept the allied qualifications if they want to stop the advance of the allied and American armies. The guarantee that final peace conditions will be dictated under interpretation of principles by the victors without un-

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-O-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

Text of President Wilson's Note to Germany

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 5.—Following is the text of the note handed to the Swiss Minister today by Secretary Lansing for transmission to Germany:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Nov. 5, 1918.

From the Secretary of State to the Minister of Switzerland, in charge of German interests in the United States.

Sir: I have the honor to request you to transmit the following communication to the German Government:

In my note of October 23, 1918, I advised you that the President had transmitted his correspondence with the German authorities to the Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated as a belligerent with the suggestion that, if those Governments were disposed to accept peace upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit to the Governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as would fully protect the interests of the peoples involved and insure to the associated Governments the unrestricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German Government has agreed, provided they deem such an armistice possible from the military point of view.

The President is now in receipt of a memorandum of observations by the allied Governments on this correspondence, which is as follows:

22—The allied Governments have given careful consideration to the correspondence which has passed between the President of the United States and the German Government. Subject to the qualifications which follow, they declare their willingness to make peace with the Government of Germany on the terms of peace laid down in the President's address to Congress of January, 1918, and the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses.

They must point out, however, that Clause 2, relating to what is usually described as the freedom of the seas, is open to various interpretations, some of which they could not accept. They must, therefore, reserve to themselves complete freedom on this subject when they enter the peace conference.

Further, in the conditions of peace, laid down in his address to Congress of Jan. 8, 1918, the President declared that invaded territories must be restored as well as evacuated and freed. The allied Governments feel that no doubt ought to be allowed to exist as to what this provision implies. By it they understand that compensation will be made by Germany for all damage done to the civilian population of the Allies and their property by the aggression of Germany by land, by sea, and from the air.

I am instructed by the President to say that he is in agreement with the interpretation set forth in the last paragraph of the memorandum above quoted. I am further instructed by the President to request you to notify the German Government that Marshal Foch has been authorized by the Government of the United States and the allied Governments to receive properly accredited representatives of the German Government and to communicate to them terms of an armistice.

Accept, Sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

(Signed) ROBERT LANSING.

MR. HANS SULZER,
Minister of Switzerland,
In charge of German interests in the United States.

The number "22" attached to the memorandum from the Versailles conference, which is quoted in President Wilson's note to the German Government, is the index number of the statement, each of those adopted by the allied conference being numbered.

BIG ALLIED GAINS ON WIDE FRONT

Haig Gains on 30-Mile Line—French Advance on 60-Mile Front.

LONDON, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—The Germans are retreating on a seventy-five-mile front from the River Scheldt to the River Aisne. [Later advices show that the retreat has extended further along the French front to Rethel, making a total of ninety miles.]

In the face of the retreat the situation changes so rapidly hour by hour that it is impossible to give a definite idea of the allied advance.

Roughly speaking, the Allies have crossed the Franco-Belgian frontier between Valenciennes and Bavai, which is eight miles west of the fortress of Maubeuge. The Allies are within two miles of Bavai. They have captured the whole of Mormal Forest except the eastern edge.

Then the line runs from Maroilles to the western edge of Nouvron Forest, two miles east of Guise, two miles south of Marle and along the Serre River to Clermont, and then in a straight line to Château-Porcien.

Owing to the bad weather the al-

Continued on Page Ten.

AMERICANS FORCE MEUSE CROSSING

Sweep Along the West Bank, and, Using Pontoons, Roll Up Foe on the Other Side.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 5.—Accepting the challenge of the Germans who threw in heavy reserves yesterday in an attempt to hold the line on the Meuse from Sivry to the north, the American First Army turned eastward today, cleared the west bank of the river from Sivry up to beyond Pouilly, and, using pontoons thrown across in the dark hours of early morning, effected passage across the Meuse at three points below Stenay. Tonight Pershing's men have crossed in force, throwing the Germans back from their defense line on the Canal de l'Est east of the Meuse.

Our sweep took us through the forest of Dieulet. We cleaned up Laneuville, took Cesse and Luzy, and pushed on to the outskirts of Lé-

Continued on Page Eleven.

FREE SUBWAY GUIDE.
Get yours from your druggist, who is supplied by McKesson & Robbins, Inc., makers of Calox Tooth Powder.—Advt.

SENATE SEEMS REPUBLICAN

Apparent Majority Is Four, but Several Seats Are in Doubt.

HAVE HOUSE BY ABOUT 19

Ford and J. H. Lewis Defeated —Champ Clark Reported Beaten Also.

G. O. P. GAINS IN STATES

Elects Many Governors—Landslide in Kansas—Berger, Socialist, Wins.

Though the returns from yesterday's election are incomplete, present reports indicate a Republican majority of four in the United States Senate and a House Republican by about 19. An astounding incident is the report by The Associated Press that Speaker Champ Clark has probably been defeated for re-election to Congress for his Missouri district.

The Republicans also gain in State elections for Governor and other offices. In this State Whitman is leading Smith slightly, but the soldier vote is counted on to elect Smith. In Ohio Governor Cox, Democrat, is ahead a little; but the Republican majorities for Governor in other doubtful States are decisive.

The Republicans may have a majority of four in the Senate, thanks largely to the defeat of Senator Shafroth in Colorado, Senator Saulsbury in Delaware, Senator Lewis in Illinois, and Senator Thompson in Kansas. Oklahoma and Kentucky are in doubt, but in Missouri Judge Selden Spencer, Republican, has evidently defeated Joseph W. Folk.

Contrary to early reports, the returns at 4 A. M. showed that the Republicans had gained an additional seat in Idaho. They have elected Gooding over Nugent, Democrat, to whom last night's reports had given the victory.

The greatest interest centred in the Senatorial fight in Michigan, where Truman H. Newberry, formerly Secretary of the Navy and now a Lieutenant Commander in it, was running as a Republican and Henry Ford as a Democrat. Mr. Ford has said that he was "commanded" by President Wilson to make the race. Newberry is elected by a majority estimated at this writing at from 30,000 to 50,000. The returns from Wayne County may reduce this, but Newberry's lead is so great that they will probably not endanger it.

The biggest sensation of the election was the complete overturn in the Kansas Congress delegation and the Republican landslide in the whole State. In the present Congress the delegation stands: Democrats, 5; Republicans, 3. In the next it will apparently stand: Republicans, 8; Democrats, 0. In addition, the Kansans have turned out their Democratic Senator, Thompson, and elected Governor Capper to his place by 100,000 majority. Henry J. Allen, Republican, who is doing war work in France and did not come home to participate in the campaign, is elected Governor by 150,000, leading the ticket. The rest of the State ticket is Republican by about 85,000.

Senator James Hamilton Lewis, the Democratic "whip," and often referred to as the President's spokesman in the Senate, is defeated for re-election in Illinois by Medill McCormick, a Roosevelt Republican, and until lately a member of the

Continued on Page Two.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Alabama	J. H. Bankhead, (D.)
Arkansas	J. T. Robinson, (D.)
Colorado	L. C. Phipps, (R.)
Delaware	L. H. Ball, (R.)
Georgia	W. J. Harris, (D.)
Idaho	W. E. Borah, (R.)
	F. R. Gooding, (R.)
Illinois	M. McCormick, (R.)
Iowa	A. B. Cummings, (R.)
Kansas	A. Capper, (R.)
Kentucky	A. O. Stanley, (D.)
Louisiana	J. E. Ransdell, (D.)
Massachusetts	D. I. Walsh, (D.)
Michigan	T. H. Newberry, (R.)
Mississippi	B. P. Harrison, (D.)
Missouri	S. P. Spencer, (R.)
Montana	T. J. Walsh, (D.)
Nebraska	G. W. Norris, (R.)
Nevada	C. B. Henderson, (D.)
New Hampshire	H. W. Keyes, (R.)
	G. H. Moses, (R.)
New Jersey	David Baird, (R.)
	W. E. Edge, (R.)
New Mexico	A. B. Fall, (R.)
North Carolina	F. M. Simmons, (D.)
Oklahoma	R. L. Owen, (D.)
Oregon	C. L. McNary, (R.)
	F. W. Mulky, (R.)
South Carolina	U. B. Dial, (D.)
	W. P. Pollack, (D.)
South Dakota	T. Sterling, (R.)
Tennessee	J. K. Shields, (D.)
Texas	M. Sheppard, (D.)
Virginia	T. S. Martin, (D.)
West Virginia	D. Elkins, (R.)
Wyoming	F. E. Warren, (R.)

FORD DEFEATED FOR SENATE SEAT

Truman H. Newberry Elected in Michigan by Majority Ranging from 30,000 to 50,000.

SENATOR LEWIS LOSES

Early Returns Indicate That Illinois Gave Medill McCormick Victory by 50,000.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 5.—The election of Truman H. Newberry, U. S. N., as United States Senator from Michigan, is indicated by a majority ranging from 30,000 to 50,000.

Returns from 455 out of 2,166 precincts in the State give Newberry 38,033; Henry Ford, 20,513.

The returns early began to show surprises. Kent County, figured as a Ford stronghold, reported two precincts giving a majority of 42 for Newberry, while a comfortable majority for Ford was expected from every Kent district.

Calhoun County, with such strong Democratic tendencies that it very frequently goes into that column, gave as its first report, from Tekonsha township, 163 for Newberry and 53 for Ford. This is the home county of John W. Bailey, Democratic candidate for Governor, and the greatest surprise came when the same township showed 165 for Governor Sleeper, Republican, and 50 for Bailey.

In the upper peninsula the Newberry strength is shown in Houghton County, where thirteen precincts report 1,444 for Newberry and 799 for Ford.

Bay County, conceded by the Republicans to be debatable, further encouraged the optimism of Newberry leaders when it reported that seven out of thirty-four precincts gave Newberry 77 and Ford 369, with an even greater percentage for Governor Sleeper.

Expectations that the Governor would be cut considerably in the State were borne out nowhere in the early reports. A cut of 10 per cent. in the Newberry vote as compared with the Governor was, on the contrary, indicated.

Mason County reported the first adverse figures for Newberry, seven precincts giving him 511 and Ford 586.

Ford also leads in Traverse County, thirteen out of eighteen precincts giving him 760 to 754 for Ford.

Reports are slow coming in from the larger cities of the State, where the polls were kept open late for accommodation of factory and industrial workers.

Unless eleventh hour changes result, the personnel of the Congressional delegation to the next Congress will be as follows:

Frank Doremus, Democrat; Earl T. Michener, Republican; J. M. C. Smith, Republican; Edward Hamilton, Republican; Carl B. Mapes, Republican; Patrick H. Keller, Republican; Louis H. Cramton, Republican; Joseph W. Fordney, Republican; James C. McLaughlin, Republican; Gilbert A. Currie,

Continued on Page Three.

FOR THE SAME REASON. Imperial Granum, the Unsweetened Food. Essential in Sickroom and Nursery. Because it supplies the greatest nourishment with the least tax on delicate digestions. Any Druggist, 25 cts.—Advt.

SOLDIERS MAY AID SMITH

Vote of 45,000 in Cantonments Likely to Secure His Election.

CLOSE RACE WITH WHITMAN

Returns from 6,679 Districts Out of 7,229 Show a Difference of 1,476 Votes.

SMITH'S CITY LEAD 258,544

Gov. Whitman Has Estimated Plurality of 260,020 Up-State —Schoeneck Beaten.

Complete returns from the 2,623 election districts in New York City give Alfred E. Smith, for Governor, 258,544. Governor Whitman up State on the basis of returns from 4,056 election districts out of the total of 4,606 districts outside of New York City has a plurality of 260,020. These 4,056 districts gave Governor Whitman a plurality of 229,000, an average of about 56 for each district. The same average plurality in the 550 districts yet to be heard from would bring Governor Whitman's up-State plurality up to 260,020.

Governor Whitman's lead on the basis of these figures is 1,476.

If the final figures bear out these indications, the result of the election for Governor of New York State would be decided by the votes of the 45,000 New York soldiers in cantonments in this country. It is probable that the soldier vote will give a plurality to Smith. Estimates of Smith's lead in the soldier vote made in Democratic quarters vary from 5,000 to 10,000. The soldiers in France did not vote.

The pluralities for the candidates for Lieutenant Governor up-State as well as in New York City were considerably smaller than the pluralities of the heads of the ticket. H. C. Walker, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, on the basis of returns from all but eighty-seven of the 2,623 districts in New York City, has an estimated plurality of 239,600. Returns from 3,048 of 4,606 districts outside of New York City indicate an up-State plurality of 216,000 for Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck. This would give Walker a lead of 23,600 for the Lieutenant Governorship.

From the moment the returns began to come in, it was clear that this was to be one of the closest elections ever held in this State. Mr. Smith, as was to have been expected, established large pluralities throughout the city. The Governor, equally according to expectations, ran well ahead of his opponent north of the Bronx, and it was a question, obvious early in the evening, whether Mr. Whitman's success there could surpass the victory Mr. Smith was winning in New York. For a time it appeared that he would do so. Returns from the districts previously missing from the calculations, seemed to indicate that the Governor's gain was increasing slightly, until it appeared that an increase of ten votes above the average which reporting districts had been giving him might suffice to secure his election.

The incomplete returns seem to show that the woman's vote somewhat favored the Governor. Thus it appeared in some up-State districts that Mr. Whitman was exceeding the plurality he established over Judge Samuel Seabury in the last election by a margin somewhat larger than would have been the case had the increased votes at-

Continued on Page Two.

GOVERNORS ELECTED.

Alabama	T. E. Kirby, D.
*Arizona	T. E. Campbell, R.
Arkansas	C. H. Brough, D.
*California	W. E. Stevens, R.
Colorado	O. H. Shoup, R.
Connecticut	M. H. Holcomb, R.
Georgia	H. M. Dorsey, D.
Idaho	D. W. Davis, R.
Iowa	W. L. Harding, R.
Kansas	H. J. Allen, R.
Massachusetts	C. Coolidge, R.
Michigan	A. E. Sleeper, R.
Minnesota	J. A. A. Burnquist, R.
Nebraska	S. R. McKelvie, R.
*Nevada	E. D. Boyle, D.
New Hampshire	J. H. Bartlett, R.
*New Mexico	O. O. Larrazolo, R.
†New York	A. E. Smith, D.
North Dakota	S. J. Doyle, D.
*Ohio	James M. Cox, D.
*Oklahoma	H. G. McKeever, R.
Oregon	J. Withycombe, R.
Pennsylvania	W. C. Sproul, R.
Rhode Island	R. L. Beeckman, R.
South Carolina	R. A. Cooper, D.
South Dakota	P. Norbeck, R.
Tennessee	A. H. Roberts, D.
Texas	T. P. Hobby, D
Vermont	P. W. Clement, R.
Wisconsin	E. L. Philipp, R.
Wyoming	R. D. Cary, R.

†Very near a tie with Governor Whitman.
*Probably elected.

EDGE AND BAIRD VICTORS IN JERSEY

Both Republican Candidates for Senate Carry State, Beating La Monte and Hennessy.

3 DEMOCRATS TO HOUSE

Republicans at Trenton State House Say Governor Won by 15,000.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 5.—Returns received at the State House late tonight indicate that Governor Edge, Republican candidate for the United States Senate, had carried New Jersey by about 15,000 over George M. La Monte, the Democratic candidate for the long term, and that David Baird had beaten Charles O'Conor Hennessy for the short term, by more than 5,000.

The Democrats have gained three Congressmen in New Jersey, according to the latest figures, making the next delegation from this State six Democrats and six Republicans. The three new Democrats are from Essex County, representing the Eighth, Ninth, and Tenth Districts. The Third, Eleventh, and Twelfth Districts re-elected Democratic members.

The three new members from New Jersey will be McGlennon, Minahan, and Flannagan, from Essex County. They defeated Ross in the Eighth, Parker in the Ninth, and Lehlbach in the Tenth Districts.

With Governor Edge leading the ticket, Mercer County has gone Republican by more than 3,500 majority. Baird ran considerably behind the Governor. Trenton went "wet" in the local option election by probably 4,000.

Slow in Counting Votes.

The polls did not close in New Jersey until 7 o'clock, and in many of the polling places the boards were exceedingly slow in getting down to the work of counting the vote. There was no uniformity of method in the various counties. In some of these the Republican candidates headed the ticket, in others the Democratic candidates were given preference, while the candidates on the Socialist ticket in two or three of the counties were first on the ballot.

The officials at the polling places counted every ballot from the head of the ticket to the last office, and then would take up the next ballot, and follow this same procedure. Under this method the most insignificant office on the ballot was counted at the same time as that of United States Senator.

From many of the rural districts, where telephones were scarce, the result was unusually slow in reaching the county seats for tabulation.

The Republican prophets received a severe shock in the returns from Essex County, particularly in the City of Newark, where several contributing causes made for Democratic success. The most important factor was the race for the Assembly. The Republican Assembly ticket was made up of twelve men who were supported vigorously by the Anti-Saloon League. The Democrats nominated a ticket pledged to a "wet" program in the Legislature. The Democratic Assembly candidates were elected.

Another factor was the direct attack made upon Frederick R. Lehlbach, Republican candidate for re-election to Congress in the Tenth District. He was charged with having inserted in The Congressional Record under the privilege of "extension of remarks" a statement thought by some to be disloyal.

The troubles of the Republicans were

Continued on Page Three.

CITY 258,544 FOR SMITH

A Democratic Sweep in All of the Five Boroughs.

WALKER'S VOTE RAN BEHIND

His City Plurality 19,000 Less Than Smith's on Latest Returns.

SOCIALISTS ALL BEATEN

Not One of the Twelve Manhattan Candidates for Congress Survives the Balloting.

New York City was carried by Alfred E. Smith by about 258,544 plurality. This was the estimate at 4 o'clock this morning, when complete returns became available. Governor Charles S. Whitman did not carry a single borough.

In the last Gubernatorial election in 1916 Whitman carried both Kings and Queens, and his Democratic opponent, Judge Samuel S. Seabury, in the remaining three boroughs was able to roll up pluralities which gave him the city by a scant 21,462.

Manhattan went for Smith this year by about 102,000. The Bronx gave the Democratic candidate a plurality of 46,000. Brooklyn reversed its Whitman vote of two years ago to a Democratic plurality of 75,000. Queens declared for Smith by 30,000. Richmond gave him 6,000. There was no doubt this year about New York City's predilection.

It was a slow election in the matter of returns. Never have the results for the minor offices been so far behind in point of time. Long after midnight the only figures at all approaching completeness were those of the Gubernatorial vote.

The indications were, however, that Harry W. Walker, Democratic Mayor of Binghamton, had a metropolitan plurality of 239,600 over Lieut. Gov. Schoeneck in the contest for that office. The only explanation for the fact that Walker ran so far behind Smith seemed to be that many voters, especially in this election, when so many of them were inexperienced in political matters, cast their ballots for the chief offices only, neglecting the minor candidacies.

Socialists All Beaten.

In the contests for Congress within the city, one fact stood out and was the subject of general comment. The twelve Socialist candidates in Manhattan, and probably those in the other boroughs also, were defeated.

Meyer London, the present Congressman from the Twelfth District, was beaten by Henry M. Goldfogle, who had the indorsement of both the Republican and Democratic parties. Morris Hillquit was defeated in the Twentieth District by Isaac Siegel, Republican and Democratic nominee; Algernon Lee went down before Christopher D. Sullivan, Republican and Democratic candidate; Elinor Burnes was beaten by Riordan, Democrat; Fanny Witherspoon by Peter J. Dooling, Democrat; Samuel F. Beardsley by Thomas F. Smith, Democrat; Pauline Newman by John F. Carew, Democrat, and George F. Miller by Jerome F. Donovan.

Professor Scott Nearing, Socialist, was easily defeated by Representative La Guardia, Republican, the American aviator recently returned from Italy. Mr. La Guardia had Democratic indorsement and his vote was heavy.

While the other districts were doubtful, it was generally accepted as a fact that the Socialist vote was away behind.

In the Bronx Anthony J. Ga[illegible]

Democrat, defeated Patrick J. Murphy, the Socialist candidate; Richard E. McKinery, Democrat, defeated Max Geisler. In the Twenty-fourth District returns were coming in slowly at a late hour.

Both Sides Elect Justices.

For Justice of the Supreme Court in the Second District, comprising all of Long Island, on returns from two-thirds of the districts, Roy, Democrat, and Faber, Republican, are in the lead, with Connolly, Democrat, running close behind Faber. There are two vacancies in the First District, comprising Manhattan and the Bronx, and the vote in Manhattan, with only a few districts missing, shows overwhelming pluralities for the Democrat candidates, Dowling, Lydon and Wagner.

Walsh, for Sheriff of Richmond, won by a big margin. Cox, Democrat, candidate for County Clerk of Queens, in 150 election districts out of 254, received a vote of 32,813 against 13,484 for Rodger, Republican, and 5,067 for Paul, Socialist. McMahon and McDermott, running on the Democratic ticket for County Judges for Kings County, received, respectively, 71,625 and 89,993 votes in the 450 election districts reporting out of 925.

CITY VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

BOROUGH SUMMARY.

	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	ERVIN. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
Manhattan ..	94,203	201,037	28,604	1
Brooklyn ...	117,389	193,196	28,667	3
Queens	29,335	58,270	7,127	0
Richmond ..	6,605	12,616	608	0
Total	283,228	541,640	84,983	4

Four election districts missing out of out of 2,623.
Plurality for Smith, 258,412.

MANHATTAN.

A.D.	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	ERVIN. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	1,815	11,123	1,194	0
2.....	1,703	6,110	1,388	0
3.....	3,285	13,776	405	0
4.....	1,043	4,613	2,351	0
5.....	3,127	13,952	286	0
6.....	2,419	4,147	2,900	0
7.....	6,998	8,679	355	0
8.....	1,787	4,610	2,925	0
9.....	7,222	8,882	428	1
10.....	6,976	8,111	538	0
11.....	6,545	9,437	513	0
12.....	3,060	14,290	1,060	0
13.....	5,667	8,784	538	0
14.....	2,765	11,155	1,866	0
15.....	7,178	8,569	1,023	0
16.....	2,854	12,737	2,580	0
17.....	3,045	5,240	3,077	0
18.....	2,428	7,403	2,110	0
19.....	6,468	7,104	831	0
20.....	2,200	5,829	717	0
21.....	6,579	5,788	383	0
22.....	5,705	10,095	502	0
23.....	8,295	10,778	734	0
Total.	99,203	201,037	28,604	1

1 election district missing out of a total of 1,057.

BRONX.

A.D.	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	ERVIN. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	3,084	11,770	2,520	0
2.....	4,967	13,699	2,504	0
3.....	2,640	6,837	3,110	0
4.....	2 698	6,557	3,908	0
5.....	3,428	7,596	3,725	0
6.....	3,800	8,635	821	0
7.....	3,217	8,779	2,659	0
8.....	6,972	12.738	730	0
Total.	30,716	76,521	19,977	0

No election districts missing out of 315.

BROOKLYN.

A.D.	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	ERVIN. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	4,220	7,839	148	0
2.....	5,019	6,831	2,576	0
3.....	1,522	6,865	239	0
4.....	3,912	9,003	1,160	1
5.....	8,256	10,205	659	0
6.....	4,302	6,934	2,761	0
7.....	3,008	9,060	382	0
8.....	2,050	8,573	197	0
9.....	5,734	9,382	738	0
10.....	7,122	9,700	324	0
11.....	8,923	11,029	332	1
12.....	7,344	11,730	611	0
13.....	1,932	5,727	1,363	0
14.....	1,374	4,742	2,132	0
15.....	2,886	9,065	513	0
16.....	4,085	8,687	946	0
17.....	8,276	8,046	681	1
17.....	8,033	7,915	658	2
18.....	6,948	8,967	2,116	1
20.....	6,065	10,437	1,712	0
21.....	11,329	9,903	767	0
22.....	7,789	10,678	2,987	0
23.....	2,477	4,553	3,386	0
Total.	117,389	193,196	28,667	3

3 election districts missing out of 925.

QUEENS.

A.D.	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	ERVIN. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	2,002	10,540	1,000	0
2.....	3,125	9,595	1,772	0
3.....	4,127	9,653	916	0
4.....	7,171	7,875	582	0
5.....	6,490	9,647	605	0
6.....	5,430	10,960	2,252	0
Total.	29,335	58,270	7,127	0

No election districts missing out of 254.

RICHMOND.

A.D.	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	ERVIN. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	3,397	7,532	340	0
2.....	3,208	5,084	268	0
Total.	6,605	12,616	608	0

No election district missing out of 72.

CITY VOTE FOR LT.GOVERNOR

BOROUGH SUMMARY.

	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	BLOOR. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
Manhattan ..	92,937	188,352	30,591	22
Bronx	28,374	67,603	20,531	11
Brooklyn	112,589	177,638	29,810	39
Queens	26,824	52,904	7,189	14
Richmond ...	5,856	11,791	052	1
Total	266,580	498,288	88,773	87

87 election districts missing out of 2,623.
Plurality for Walker, 231,708.

MANHATTAN.

A.D.	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	BLOOR. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	1,723	10,766	1,393	0
2.....	1,493	5,809	1,619	0
3.....	3,055	13,390	472	0
4.....	691	4,246	2,547	1
5.....	2,960	13,178	466	1
6.....	2,141	3,487	2,994	2
7.....	6,710	7,700	359	2
8.....	1,750	4,130	3,154	0
9.....	7,124	8,436	408	1
10.....	6,939	7,620	600	0
11.....	6,216	9,081	604	0
12.....	2,956	13,456	1,058	0
13.....	4,948	8,008	562	3
14.....	2,651	10,609	1,800	0
15.....	7,086	7,946	932	1
16.....	2,746	11,988	2,708	1
17.....	2,722	4,633	3,217	1
18.....	1,076	6,300	2,100	4
19.....	5,694	6,533	885	2
20.....	1,932	5,662	773	0
21.....	6,225	5,520	422	0
22.....	5,472	9,664	566	1
23.....	7,686	7,210	792	2
Total..	92,937	188,352	30,059	22

22 election districts missing out of 1,057.

BRONX.

A.D.	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	BLOOR. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	2,896	10,071	2,450	2
2.....	4,634	12,806	2,650	1
3.....	2,465	6,276	3,213	1
4.....	2,350	5,954	3 990	1
5.....	3,266	7,048	4,019	0
6.....	3,446	7,788	804	2
7.....	2,041	8,229	2,617	2
8.....	6,376	11,831	779	2
Total..	28,374	67,603	20,531	11

11 election districts missing out of 315.

CITY VOTE FOR LT.GOVERNOR

BROOKLYN.

A.D.	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	BLOOR. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	4,279	7,351	270	0
2.....	5,046	6,727	2,300	0
4.....	1,484	6,647	265	0
4.....	3,044	7,747	1,219	3
5.....	7,114	8,599	625	5
6.....	4,074	6,013	2,690	1
7.....	2,943	8,506	421	0
8.....	1,853	7,810	198	1
9.....	5,188	8,585	703	2
10.....	6,686	9,146	339	2
11.....	7,815	9,511	340	5
12.....	7,139	10,411	696	3
13.....	2,034	5,256	1,464	0
14.....	1,338	4,346	2,176	0
15.....	2,807	8,745	541	0
16.....	4,617	8,210	1,107	0
17.....	7,161	6,910	622	5
18.....	6,363	7,955	2,336	3
19.....	2,217	4,626	2,120	0
20.....	8,419	12.310	1,814	3
21.....	10,255	9,078	930	3
22.....	8,071	9,665	3,271	0
23.....	2,041	3,584	3,322	3
Totals	112,589	177,638	29,810	39

Thirty-nine election districts missing out of 925.

QUEENS.

A.D.	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	BLOOR. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	2,619	9,826	1,041	3
2.....	3,133	8,703	1,756	1
3.....	3,467	8,085	952	3
4.....	6,022	6,780	581	4
5.....	6,151	9,054	653	1
6.....	5,432	9,856	2,204	2
Totals	26,824	52,904	7,189	14

Fourteen election districts missing out of 254.

RICHMOND.

A.D.	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	BLOOR. Soc.	E.D. Miss'g
1.....	3,397	7,532	340	0
2.....	3,208	5,084	268	0
Total...	6,605	12,616	608	0

No election districts missing out of 72.

SOLDIERS MAY AID SMITH

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

tributable to woman suffrage been divided proportionately between the candidates.

The vote of the women, so far as could be estimated from the incomplete returns, seems to have increased the vote by about 35 per cent. Of this 35 per cent., up-State counties, according to average calculations, appear to be divided between the Governor and Mr. Smith in the proportion of about one and a half to one.

In the city, presumably, the trend was the other way.

STATE VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

County.	WHITMAN. Rep.	SMITH. Dem.	E. D. Miss.
Albany	33,761	23,484	15
Allegany	6,372	2,273	8
Bronx	30,716	76,521	0
Broome	15,215	8,587	18
Cattaraugus	8,619	3,554	27
Cayuga	10,401	6,083	4
Chautauqua	11,562	4,283	34
Chemung	10,246	6,023	6
Chenango	7,377	3,478	8
Clinton	4,578	2,345	9
Columbia	3,898	3,469	18
Cortland	6,578	2,530	1
Delaware	5,695	4,043	20
Dutchess	10,117	7,905	20
Erie	52,106	43,576	25
Essex	3,270	1,213	12
Franklin	5,622	2,746	0
Fulton	7,450	3,360	1
Genesee	6,517	2,060	0
Greene	4,223	3,425	1
Hamilton	681	725	*0
Herkimer	8,500	5,732	10
Jefferson	14,568	7,295	6
Kings	114,286	187,846	28
Lewis	3,899	2,404	0
Livingston	6,251	2,827	6
Madison	6,232	3,220	17
Monroe	46,260	27,893	0
Montgomery ...	8,455	6,340	0
Nassau	14,272	10,416	0
New York	97,545	198,783	13
Niagara	13,501	8,652	0
Oneida	3,315	1,888	135
Onondaga	20,386	19,060	87
Ontario	2,163	1,788	59
Orange	8,961	5,883	64
Orleans	4,559	2,390	0
Oswego	12,377	7,049	17
Otsego	5,701	3,467	26
Putnam	2,101	1,069	2
Queens	28,209	56,048	7
Rensselaer	17,606	12,258	12
Richmond	6,605	12,616	0
Rockland	3,056	3,324	29
St. Lawrence...	11,500	3,179	50
Saratoga	10,899	6,852	12
Schenectady	13,055	8,407	0
Schoharie	9,318	8,423	7
Schuyler	2,643	1,251	2
Seneca	4,369	2,625	7
Steuben	6,759	3,565	49
Suffolk	9,912	7,252	40
Sullivan	3,720	3,500	*0
Tioga	5,030	2,368	3
Tompkins	6,137	2,895	4
Ulster	7,751	5,275	33
Warren	5,070	3,736	0
Washington	8,570	3,713	1
Wayne	10,771	4,983	0
Westchester	37,515	29,167	18
Wyoming	5,145	1,511	12
Yates	4,364	1,299	2
Total.....	856,283	908.303	979

Plurality for Smith, 52,020.
979 election districts missing out of total of 7,229.
*Estimated.

STATE VOTE LT. GOVERNOR

County.	SCHOENECK. Rep.	WALKER. Dem.	E. D. Miss.
Albany	33,587	21,678	20
Allegany	5,229	24,688	8
Bronx	28,374	67,603	11
Broome	7,663	11,991	32
Cattaraugus	3,841	1,652	53
Cayuga	5,837	5,251	11
Chautauqua	17,700	5,100	0
Chemung	7,786	5,882	11
Chenango	3,190	1,908	22
Clinton	2,774	1,630	24
Columbia	3,228	2,998	21
Cortland	5,414	2,174	4
Delaware	5,437	3,689	23
Dutchess	9,526	7,056	24
Erie	52,390	41,269	5
Essex	1,956	1,604	17
Franklin	5,141	2,513	0
Fulton	7,450	3,360	1
Genesee	6,150	2,450	0
Greene	2,497	2,143	12
Hamilton	652	712	0
Herkimer	5,912	4,980	10
Jefferson	10,694	5,595	21
Kings	112,589	177,638	39
Lewis	3,381	2,415	0
Livingston	5,550	2,815	6
Madison	4,009	2,222	28
Monroe	41,361	24,009	0
Montgomery	7,952	5,807	1
Nassau	14,386	9,394	0
New York	92,937	188,352	22
Niagara	12,879	7,475	0
Oneida	1,487	1,097	144
Onondaga	36,302	25,288	0
Ontario	1,999	1,166	59
Orange	7,982	4,987	71
Orleans	4,100	2,112	0
Oswego	5,894	4,529	43
Otsego	4,709	3,720	26
Putnam	734	419	13
Queens	26,824	52,904	14
Rensselaer	16,925	18,202	12
Richmond	5,856	11,791	1
Rockland	2,879	2,541	29
St. Lawrence ..	7,457	1,979	82
Saratoga	4,314	3,439	57
Schenectady	11,866	8,541	0
Schoharie	7,870	7,314	14
Schuyler	2,643	1,251	3
Seneca	2,829	2,136	14
Steuben	5,652	3,419	49
Suffolk	4,675	3,332	77
Sullivan	3,720	3,520	0
Tioga	3,307	2,085	9
Tompkins	6,137	2,895	7
Ulster	2,918	1,672	66
Warren	3,319	2,270	10
Washington	6,602	2,720	19
Wayne	10 238	5,421	0
Westchester	46,000	37,400	0
Wyoming	5,020	1,620	12
Yates	3,835	1,423	2
Total.....	856,283	908.303	979

Plurality for Walker, 88,524.
1,231 election districts missing out of total of 7,229.

SENATE SEEMS REPUBLICAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

Progressive Party. McCormick's majority is at least 50,000.

Illinois's delegation in the House, however, is unchanged, standing twenty-one Republicans to six Democrats. The two Republican candidates for Congressman at Large, Representative William E. Mason and ex-Governor Richard Yates, have carried the State.

Massachusetts elected Walsh, Democrat, over Weeks, Republican, to the Senate, but elected a Republican Governor, Coolidge.

Senator Norris, Republican, one of the "Willful Twelve," who was expected to receive the German vote, is re-elected by an increased majority. The whole State ticket goes with him, turning out a Democratic Governor.

Senator Walsh of Montana, Democrat, is re-elected over Landstrum, Republican, and Jeannette Rankin, who was running on a third ticket. She will therefore not be in either House of the next Congress.

In Rhode Island, which was in doubt and in which a severe fight had been waged against the Republican Senator, Colt, he is re-elected. The State has gone Republican on everything else as well, electing a Republican Governor and Republican Congressmen. In the present House Rhode Island has two Republicans and one Democrat; in the next it will have a solid Republican delegation.

Governor Philipp of Wisconsin is re-elected. The greatest interest in that State centred in the fight for Congress in the Fifth District, in which Victor L. Berger, Socialist, though under indictment for sedition, was running. He has been elected. The Republican candidate was Congressman Stafford, whose war record was also unsatisfactory, and the Patriotic League put in the field U. P. Carney.

New Jersey, despite President Wilson's appeal for the election of La Monte and Hennessy, has gone Republican, electing Governor Edge to the Senate for the long term and Senator Baird for the short term.

The Democratic side of the House has suffered a severe loss in the defeat of Representative Swagar Sherley of Kentucky, who is Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, and regarded as one of the ablest men in Congress.

Senator Saulsbury, Democrat, has been defeated for re-election in Delaware by Ball, Republican, and the Republicans have also captured the Congress seat now held by a Democrat. Ex-Senator Ball's majority is large.

Governor Burnquist, loyalist Republican, the same who refused to permit the pacifists to meet in Minnesota, is re-elected. So is Senator Knute Nelson by a majority of 4 to 1. At first the Democrats agreed to make no nomination in opposition to Nelson, but at the eleventh hour they indorsed the Socialist candidate, with disastrous results.

Strange to say, Senator Owen is having a close race in Oklahoma, which is in politics virtually a Southern State, and has never given the least sign of going Republican before.

Connecticut has re-elected Governor Holcomb, Republican, by 6,000.

In Pennsylvania the Republican candidate for Governor, Sproul, is elected.

The Socialist vote in the House will not be increased. It will still be one —Berger instead of London. All the Socialist candidates in New York were defeated, including Shiplacoff, who ran against a Republican and a Democrat in the Tenth or Brownsville district because Representative Haskell, Republican, refused to agree to fusion. Haskell, is elected.

MASSACHUSETTS.

[Massachusetts elected a full State ticket, a United States Senator, and Congressmen.]

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Ex-Governor David J. Walsh was elected United States Senator from Massachusetts today, defeating Senator John W. Weeks, Republican, by approximately 15,000 votes. Lieut. Gov. Calvin Coolidge, Republican, was elected Governor, with a lead of about 8,000 over Richard H. Long, Democrat.

The Democrats made a net gain of two in the State Senate and the Republicans a net gain of one in the House of Representatives. Morrill of Haverhill, the only Socialist in the House, who has served nine consecutive terms, was defeated.

The Constitutional amendment for biennial elections was carried, and late returns indicated the success of the amendment for the initiative and referendum.

Returns from 963 out of 1,193 precincts in the State, including 219 in Boston give: For Governor, Coolidge, (Rep.,) 169,596; Long, (Dem.,) 159,504; for United States Senator, Lawson, (Ind.,) 17,307; Walsh, (Dem.,) 175,386; Weeks, (Rep.,) 150,151.

Ex-Governor Walsh issued the following statement late tonight:

"I interpret my election to the United States Senate as an emphatic protest by the people of this Commonwealth against destructive criticism and partisan hostility to the President of all the people during this, the most critical period of our nation's history.

"The great power vested in me by the electorate will be used, as far as it is given to me to use it, to uphold President Wilson in his conduct of the war, in efforts to secure a lasting peace for the world, and in the formation of a program of reconstruction which shall promote the happiness and prosperity of our people."

RHODE ISLAND.

[Rhode Island elected a full State ticket, also a United States Senator and Congressmen.]

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 5.—Rhode Island Republicans made a clean sweep of the State today, re-electing Le Baron B. Colt United States Senator, and taking all three Congressional seats, a gain of one Congressman. For Senator, Judge Colt defeated Congressman George F. O'Shaunessy by 4,051 votes, with only three districts out of 183 to be heard from.

In the First Congressional District, which has been Democratic for three terms, Clark Burdick of Newport, Republican, defeated Theodore Francis Green of Providence by 2,856 votes.

Congressman Walter R. Stiness of Warwick, Republican, was re-elected in the Second District, getting 14,138 votes to 10,731 for Stephen J. Casey of Richmond, Democrat.

Congressman Ambrose Kennedy of Woonsocket, Republican, was re-elected, defeating William G. Troy of Providence, Democrat, by 1,644 votes.

The entire Republican State ticket, headed by Governor R. L. Beeckman, was re-elected by pluralities of over 5,000.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

[New Hampshire elected a Governor, two United States Senators, and the House delegation.]

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 5.—Republican candidates for United States Senator, Congress, and Governor in New Hampshire were elected today by small margins. Returns from 276 towns and wards out of 294 in the State give for Governor: Bartlett, (Rep.,) 37,688; Martin, (Dem.,) 31,787.

Returns from 261 towns give for Senator, (long term,) Keyes, (Rep.,) 34,331; Reed, (Dem.,) 30,096.

For Senator, (short term,) Moses, (Rep.,) 32,282; Jameson, (Dem.,) 31,679.

Congressmen Burroughs and Wason, Republicans, were re-elected.

MISSOURI.

[Missouri elected a full State ticket, a Senator and Representatives.]

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—Judge Selden P. Spencer, Republican, of St. Louis, apparently has been elected United States Senator from Missouri on the basis of returns from more than half the State at midnight. If elected he is the first Republican Senator from the State since 1905. His opponent was Joseph W. Foulk.

On the face of returns it appears that Speaker Champ Clark has been defeated by 400 votes by B. H. Dyer, Republican.

Ben F. Neal, State Chairman of the Democratic Committee, would not concede Clark's defeat, but admitted it was extremely close.

DELAWARE.

[Delaware elected a State Treasurer and Auditor, aside from a Senator and a Representative.]

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 5.—Delaware Republicans today won a notable victory when they elected Dr. L. Heisler Ball, a Republican and former United States Senator, over Willard Saulsbury, personal friend of President Wilson, by a majority of 800 to 1,000. The Republicans also elected Dr. Caleb R. Layton, Republican, as Delaware's sole Representative in Congress over Albert F. Polk, the incumbent. They also elected George L. Fisher State Treasurer and Daniel Thompson State Auditor.

The result was due to the regular or organization Republicans combining with the Alfred I. du Pont or independent Republicans at the last minute. Some of the rank and file of the party did not combine, and this resulted in the defeat of James F. Allee, County Chairman of the Republican Party in Kent, for State Senator, but did not change the general result. The State is normally 2,500 Republican, and Saulsbury and the other Democrats made a remarkable showing. The Republicans, however, have carried Newcastle and Sussex Counties, and probably have Kent County, despite the fact that all of the early returns were directly to the contrary. Democratic Committeemen concede the election of Ball and the entire Republican ticket. In this county as well as Sussex the Republicans have obtained all of the county offices.

Wilmington, which is normally 1,500 Republican, gave a Republican majority of less than 300. The soldier vote in the various camps is still to be returned, but the courts have intimated that on account of an irregularity in the law these votes cannot be counted if there is objection made by any one interested.

COLORADO.

[Colorado elected a full State ticket, a United States Senator, and Representatives of Congress.]

DENVER, Nov. 5.—Based on returns from one-seventh of the State, indications tonight were that the Republicans carried Colorado. Lawrence Phipps, Republican, was leading United States Senator John F. Shafroth, Democrat, by nearly 3,000 votes, while Oliver H. Shoup, Republican, had a lead of 4,000 over Thomas Tynan, Democrat, in the race for Governor.

Returns from the Congressional contests were meagre, but in the First (Denver) District the Republican candidate was elected.

TEXAS.

[A full State ticket, a United States Senator, and Representatives in Congress were elected in Texas.]

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 5.—Incomplete returns indicate that the vote cast in Texas today was the lightest in several years. There were no close contests. It is estimated that less than 250,000 votes were cast.

W. P. Hobby, who automatically became Governor when Governor Ferguson was impeached, was elected Governor over Charles A. Boynton, Republican, by probably 150,000 majority. The only Congressional contest was in the San Antonio district, where Carlos Bee, Democrat, brother-in-law of Postmaster General Burleson, was opposed by John D. Hartman, Republican. Strong efforts from Republican National Headquarters were made to elect Hartman, but returns give Bee a strong lead.

NEW MEXICO.

[New Mexico elected a full State ticket, one Senator, and one Representative.]

Special to The New York Times.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 5.—Indications are that Albert B. Fall, Republican incumbent, was elected United States Senator over W. B. Walton, Democrat, and that G. A. Richardson, Democratic candidate for the lower house of Congress, had won over B. C. Hernandez, Republican.

The Australian ballot was used here for the first time, making the count slow.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

South Dakota elected a full State ticket, a Senator, and three Congressmen.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 5.—By a majority estimated as high as 15,000 on the basis of scattered returns, Senator Thomas Sterling was re-elected today over Orville M. Reinhart, Fusion candidate of the Democrats and the Non-Partisan League, with about the same majority for the re-election of Governor Norbeck over his two opponents.

NEBRASKA.

[Nebraska voted on a full State ticket, a United States Senator, and Representatives in Congress.]

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 5.—After six years of Democratic rule, Nebraska today returned to the Republican column and elected a Republican Governor, with a Republican United States Senator, and made a gain of at least one, probably two, and possibly three Republican Congressmen.

Senator George W. Norris, one of the "willful twelve," is re-elected by an increased majority. The solid German vote of the State was given to him, as it was to other Republican candidates. Norris defeated John W. Morehead, Democrat, who was twice elected Governor and has been considered very popular. Morehead stood 100 per cent. American. Norris upheld the position he took in the Senate in the early days of the war.

McKelvie, Republican, is elected Governor over Keith Neville, Democrat, present Governor. McKelvie received the German vote and that of the Non-partisan League.

Reavis and Kinkaid, Republican Congressmen, are re-elected. McLaughlin, Republican, is elected in the Fourth over Smith, Democrat. This is a Republican district, now represented by G. H. Sloan. In all probability Lobeck, Democrat, in the Second, and Stephens, Democrat, in the Third, are defeated by Ferris and Evans. The Fifth District has not been heard from.

KANSAS.

[Kansas elected a full State ticket, a United States Senator, and the full House delegation.]

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 5.—A Republican landslide swept Kansas today, electing Governor Arthur Capper to the United States Senate by 100,000 majority over William H. Thompson, Democrat, the present incumbent. The Republicans elected seven and probably eight Congressmen. In the present House there are four Democrats and three Republicans in the Kansas delegation.

The Eighth District is very close, but is claimed tonight by the Republican State Chairman for C. C. Mack by 2,500.

Henry J. Allen, Republican, who has been in the service of the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. in France since last January, is elected Governor by approximately 150,000 majority over W. C. Lansdon, Democrat. The rest of the Republican State ticket is elected by about 85,000 majority.

KENTUCKY.

[Kentucky elected a United States Senator, Representatives of Congress, and four Judges of the Court of Appeals.]

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 5.—The election of Governor A. O. Stanley, Democrat, as United States Senator from Kentucky over his Republican opponent, Ben L. Bruner, by a majority of from 5,000 to 8,000 was indicated by the returns in hand at midnight from more than 100 of the 120 counties in the State. This estimate took into consideration the usual majorities returned by the counties missing at that time. Republican leaders were not ready to concede the election of Stanley, however, and claimed the election of Bruner by a majority of upward of 6,000.

Final returns on the Congressional race in the Fifth District show Swager Sherley, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, beaten by a majority of 1,084. All other Congressional incumbents were re-elected, of whom eight are Democrats and two Republicans.

OKLAHOMA.

[Oklahoma elected a State ticket, a United States Senator, and Representatives.]

OKLAHOMA CITY, Nov. 5.—Unofficial returns from scattering counties throughout Oklahoma tonight show United States Senator Owen leading his Republican opponent, W. B. Johnson.

Contests in the First and Eighth Congressional districts are close, with each candidate claiming victory. The Democratic incumbents in the six other Congressional districts are expected to win.

IDAHO.

[Idaho elected State officers, two United States Senators, and a delegation in the House.]

BOISE, Idaho, Nov. 6.—The entire Republican Congressional and State ticket was elected. Senator Borah was re-elected also. The only doubtful contest is between Senator John F. Nugent, Democrat, and Frank R. Gooding, for the United States Senate. Gooding is 600 votes ahead with more than 20,000 votes counted.

MINNESOTA.

Minnesota voted for all State officers, including Governor, one Senator, and members of Congress. There were four tickets in the field, Republican, Democratic, Socialist, and National.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 5.—Governor J. A. A. Burnquist, Republican candidate for re-election, led tonight in a five-cornered race in which the three leading candidates were running close together. Returns from eighty-three scattered precincts gave Burnquist 6,575; Wheaton, Democrat, 4,975, and Evans, Non-Partisan League, 5,068.

United States Senator Knute Nelson was re-elected. Early returns gave him a lead of two to one over Willis G. Calderwood, National Party, indorsed by the Democratic National Committee. It is probable that all of the present Congressmen will be returned.

NEVADA.

[Nevada voted for Representative in Congress and a United States Senator.]

RENO, Nev., Nov. 5.—Incomplete returns from all parts of the State tonight give United States Senator Henderson, Democrat, a substantial lead over E. E. Roberts, Republican, with Miss Anne Martin, Independent, running third.

S. S. Downer, Republican, was leading Charles R. Evans, Democrat, for Congress, 1,765 to 1,604. The vote on prohibition was 2,163 for the Dry Initiative Act and 2,013 against.

OREGON.

[Oregon elected a full State ticket, a United States Senator, and Representatives in Congress.]

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 5.—The Republicans have won in Oregon. United States Senator McNary has been re-elected, but not by a large majority, as he was running against the strongest man on the Democratic ticket, Oswald West, the former Governor. The three Republican Representatives have been re-elected.

James Withycombe, Republican candidate for re-election as Governor, ran away ahead of Walter M. Pierce, his Democratic opponent. The vote was unusually light owing to the influenza epidemic.

The women's vote was especially significant and the labor vote especially strong, due to the fact that the shipyards "laid off" to allow the men to vote. This fact led to the belief that the State might swing into the Democratic column owing to the fact that the large ship contracts have brought much money to this as well as to other Pacific Coast States, but it appears to have swung to the Republican fold.

NORTH DAKOTA.

North Dakota elected a full State ticket and three Congressmen.

Special to The New York Times.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 5.—Frazier, Republican-Nonpartisan, and

REPUBLICANS WIN SENATE AND HOUSE

Control of Both Legislative Branches Apparently Lost by the President.

FORD AND LEWIS BEATEN

Champ Clark Defeated — Senate Probably 50 to 46 — Republican Majority in House About 19.

On the face of the latest returns of the contest for the election of Senators and Representatives in Congress, the Democrats appear to have lost control of the legislative branches of the Government.

The Senate, in which the Democrats have now a majority of eight, seems to be Republican by a majority of four. These estimates are based on returns received up to 3 o'clock this morning.

In the present Senate there are 52 Democrats and 44 Republicans. The next Senate, the term of which will begin on March 4, 1919, probably will be composed of 50 Republicans and 46 Democrats.

In the present House there are 214 Democrats, 207 Republicans, and 7 independents, leaving the Democrats a plurality of 7 over the Republicans, but no majority over Republicans and independents combined.

Although later returns probably will change the total slightly, figures received up to 3 o'clock this morning indicate that the next House, which has been elected to serve from March 4, 1919, to March 4, 1921, will be composed of 227 Republicans, 207 Democrats, and 1 Socialist, giving the Republicans a clear majority of 19.

There were many surprises in the elections for Senators and Representatives. The most surprising was the defeat of Champ Clark of Missouri, the Democratic Speaker of the House, by Dyer, a Republican.

Missouri, on the face of the returns, has elected a Republican Senator to succeed the late William Joel Stone, who was Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations at the time of his death. Selden P. Spencer of St. Louis, Republican, defeated ex-Governor Joseph W. Folk of St. Louis, Democrat, in this contest.

Congressman Lunn, who was elected to the present House as a Democrat, but who served as the Socialist Mayor of Schenectady, has been defeated by Crowthers, Republican.

Henry Ford, the Detroit motor car manufacturer who ran for the Senate on the Democratic ticket, was defeated by ex-Secretary of the Navy Truman H. Newberry, Republican. Senator James Hamilton Lewis, Democrat, the most picturesque figure in the United States Senate, was defeated for re-election in Illinois by Congressman Medill McCormick, Republican.

On the face of the returns, Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts, Republican, seems to have been defeated for re-election to the Senate by Governor David I. Walsh, Democrat. Governor Walsh telegraphs to THE TIMES that he has been elected.

Kansas elected Governor Arthur Capper, Republican, to the Senate, defeating Thompson, the present Democratic Senator. A solid Republican delegation was elected to the House from Kansas, a gain of five seats.

New Jersey, apparently, has elected Governor Edge to the Senate for the long term and re-elected Senator Baird, who is serving by appointment, for the short term, which expires in March next. Both are Republicans.

Senator Norris of Nebraska, Republican, one of the willful twelve scored by President Wilson on the night of his inauguration in March, 1917, has apparently been re-elected, although the contest was very close. His election is conceded by The Omaha World-Herald, which is owned by Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock, Democrat.

SIXTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

THE NEW SENATE.

(As it will be constituted after March 4, 1919.)

ALABAMA.
J. H. Bankhead, D.†
O.W. Underwood, D.*

ARIZONA.
H. F. Ashurst, D.*
M. A. Smith, D.*

ARKANSAS.
J. T. Robinson, D.†
W. F. Kirby, D.*

CALIFORNIA.
J. D. Phelan, D.*
H. W. Johnson, R.*

COLORADO.
G. S. Thomas, D.*
L. C. Phipps, R.‡

CONNECTICUT.
F. B. Brandegee, R.*
G. P. McLean, R.*

DELAWARE.
J. O. Wolcott, D.*
L. H. Ball, R.‡

FLORIDA.
D. U. Fletcher, D.*
P. Trammell, D.*

GEORGIA.
Hoke Smith, D.*
W. J. Harris, D.‡

IDAHO.
W. E. Borah, R.†
F. R. Gooding, R.‡

ILLINOIS.
M. McCormick, R.‡
L. Y. Sherman, R.*

INDIANA.
G. E. Watson, R.*
H. S. New, R.*

IOWA.
A. B. Cummins, R.*
W. S. Kenyon, R.†

KANSAS.
C. Curtis, R.*
A. Capper, R.‡

KENTUCKY.
J. C. W. Beckham, D.*
A. O. Stanley, D.‡

LOUISIANA.
J. E. Ransdell, D.†
E. J. Gay, D.‡

MAINE.
F. Hale, R.*
B. M. Pernald, R.§

MARYLAND.
J. W. Smith, D.*
J. L. France, R.*

MASSACHUSETTS.
H. C. Lodge, R.*
D. I. Walsh, D.‡

MICHIGAN.
C. E. Townsend, R.*
T. H. Newberry, R.‡

MINNESOTA.
Knute Nelson, R.†
F. B. Kellogg, R.*

MISSISSIPPI.
J. S. Williams, D.*
B. P. Harrison, D.‡

MISSOURI.
J. A. Reed, D.*
S. P. Spencer, R.‡

MONTANA.
H. L. Myers, D.*
T. J. Walsh, D.†

NEBRASKA.
G. M. Hitchcock, D.*
G. W. Norris, R.†

NEVADA.
K. Pittman, D.*
C. B. Henderson, D.†

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
H. W. Keyes, R.‡
H. Moses, R.‡

NEW JERSEY.
J. S. Frelinghuysen, R.*
W. E. Edge, R.‡

NEW MEXICO.
A. A. Jones, D.*
A. B. Fall, R.†

NEW YORK.
J. W. Wadsworth, R.*
W. M. Calder, R.*

NORTH CAROLINA.
F. M. Simmons, D.†
L. S. Overman, D.*

NORTH DAKOTA.
P. J. McCumber, R.*
A. S. Gronna, R.*

OHIO.
W. G. Harding, R.*
A. Pomerene, D.*

OKLAHOMA.
R. L. Owen, D.†
T. P. Gore, D.*

OREGON.
G. E. Chamberlain, D.*
C. L. McNary, R.†

PENNSYLVANIA.
B. Penrose, R.*
P. C. Knox, R.*

RHODE ISLAND.
F. G. Gerry, D.*
L. B. B. Colt, R.†

SOUTH CAROLINA.
E. D. Smith, D.*
N. B. Dial, D.‡

SOUTH DAKOTA.
T. Sterling, R.†
E. S. Johnson, D.*

TENNESSEE.
K. D. McKellar, D.*
J. K. Shields, D.†

TEXAS.
C. A. Culberson, D.*
M. Sheppard, D.†

UTAH.
R. Smoot, R.*
W. H. King, D.*

VERMONT.
W. P. Dillingham, R.*
C. S. Page, R.*

VIRGINIA.
T. S. Martin, D.‡
C. A. Swanson, D.*

WASHINGTON.
W. L. Jones, R.*
M. Poindexter, R.*

WEST VIRGINIA.
H. Sutherland, R.*
Davis Elkins, R.‡

WISCONSIN.
R. M. La Follette, R.*
I. L. Lenroot, R.*

WYOMING.
F. E. Warren, R.†
J. B. Kendrick, D.*

*Continuing in office.
†Re-elected yesterday.
‡Elected yesterday.
§Elected in September.

Senators elected yesterday for the short term, beginning Dec. 2, 1918, and ending March 4, 1919, were:

NEW JERSEY.
David Baird, R.†

SOUTH CAROLINA.
W. P. Pollock, D.‡

OREGON.
F. W. Mulky, R.‡

THE NEW HOUSE.

ALABAMA.
Dist.
1. John McDuffe, D.†
2. S. H. Dent, Jr., D.*
3. H. B. Steagall, D.*
4. F. L. Blackmon, D.*
5. J. T. Heflin, D.*
6. W. B. Oliver, D.*
7. J. L. Burnett, D.*
8. E. B. Almon, D.*
9. G. Huddleston, D.*
10. W. B. Bankhead, D.*

ARIZONA.
At Large—
Carl Hayden, D.*

ARKANSAS.
1. T. H. Caraway, D.*
2. W. A. Oldfield, D.*
3. J. N. Tilman, D.*
4. O. T. Wingo, D.*
5. H. M. Jacoway, D.*
6. S. M. Taylor, D.*
7. W. S. Goodwin, D.*

CALIFORNIA.
1. C. L. Lea, D.*
2. J. E. Raker, D.*
3. C. F. Curry, R.*
4. Julius Kahn, R.*
5. J. I. Nolan, R.*
6. J. A. Elston, R.*
7. Harry Barbour, R.†
8. E. A. Hayes, R.*
9. M. T. Flowers, R.†
10. H. Z. Osborne, R.*
11. W. R. Kettner, D.*

COLORADO.
1. J. Sack, D. †
1. W. N. Valle, R.†
2. C. B. Timberlake, R.*
3. E. Keating, D.*
4. E. T. Taylor, D.*

CONNECTICUT.
1. A. Lonergan, D.*
2. R. P. Freeman, R.*
3. J. Q. Tilson, R.*
4. S. Merritt, R.*
5. J. P. Glynn, R.*

DELAWARE.
At Large—
A. F. Polk, D.*

FLORIDA.
1. H. J. Drane, D.*
2. F. Clark, D.*
3. J.R. Smithwick, D.†
4. W. J. Sears, D.*

GEORGIA.
1. J. W. Overstreet, D.*
2. Frank Park, D.*
3. C. R. Crisp, D.*
4. W. C. Wright, D.*
5. W. D. Upshaw, D.†
6. J. W. Wise, D.*
7. Gordon Lee, D.*
8. C. H. Brand, D.*
9. T. M. Bell, D.*
10. Carl Vinson, D.*
11. W.C. Lankford, D.†
12. W. W. Larsen, D.*

IDAHO.
At Large—
B. L. French, R.*
At Large—
A. T. Smith, R.*

ILLINOIS.
At Large—
W. E. Mason, R.*
At Large—
R. Yates, R.*
1. M. B. Madden, R.*
2. J. R. Mann, R.*
3. W. W. Wilson, R.*
4. J. W. Rainey, D.*
5. A. J. Sabath, D.*
6. J. McAndrews, D.*
7. N. Juul, R.*
8. T. Gallagher, D.*
9. F. A. Britten, R.*
10. C.R. Chindbloom, R.†
11. Ira C. Copley, R.*
12. C. E. Fuller, R.*
13. J. C. McKenzie, R.*
14. W. J. Graham, R.*
15. E. J. King, R.*
16. C. Ireland, R.*
17. F. L. Smith, R.†
18. J. G. Cannon, R.*
19. W. B. McKinley, R.*
20. H. T. Rainey, D.*
21. L. E. Wheeler, R.*
22. W.A. Rodenberg, R.*
23. M. D. Foster, D.*
24. T. S. Williams, R.*
25. E. E. Denison, R.*

INDIANA.
1. O. H. Luhrneg, R.†
2. O. E. Bland, R.*
2. F. F. Bays, D.†
3. W. E. Cox, D.*
4. L. Dixon, D.*
5. E. Sanders, R.*
6. R. N. Elliott, R.*
7. M. Moores, R.*
8. A. H. Vestal, R.*
9. F. S. Purnell, R.*
10. W. R. Wood, R.*
11. M. Kraus, R.*
12. L. W. Fairfield, R.*
13. H. A. Barnhart, D.*
13. A. J. Hickey, R.†

IOWA.
1. C. A. Kennedy, R.*
2. H. E. Hull, R.*
3. B. E. Sweet, R.*
4. G. N. Haugen, R.*
5. J. W. Good, R.*
6. C.W. Ramseyer, R.*
7. C. C. Dowell, R.*
8. H. M. Towner, R.*
9. W. R. Greene, R.*
10. J.L. Dickinson, R.†
11. W. D. Boise, R.†

KANSAS.
1. D. R. Anthony, R.*
2. E. C. Little, R.*
3. F. P. Campbell, R.*
4. Homer Hock, R.†
5. J. C. Strong, R.
6. H. B. White, R.†
7. J. N. Tincher, R.†
8. C. E. Mack, R.†

KENTUCKY.
1. A. W. Barkley, D.*
2. D. Kincheloe, D.*
3. R. Y. Thomas, D.*
4. Ben Johnson, D.*
5. C. F. Ogden, R.†
6. A. B. Rouse, D.*
7. C. Cantrill, D.*
8. H. Helm, D.*
9. W. J. Fields, D.*
10. J. Langley, R.*
11. J. M. Robison, R.†

LOUISIANA.
1. A. Estopinal, D.*
2. H. G. Dupre, D.*
3. W. P. Martin, D.*
4. J. T. Watkins, D.*
5. R. J. Wilson, D.*
6. J. Y. Sanders, D.*
7. L. Lazaro, D.*
8. J. B. Aswell, D.*

MAINE.
1. L. B. Goodall, R.‡
2. W.H. White Jr., R.‡
3. J. A. Peters, R.‡
4. I. G. Hersey, R.‡

MARYLAND.
1. W. U. Andrews, R.†
2. C. D. Benson, D.†
3. C. P. Coady, D.*
4. J. Linthicum, D.*
5. E. Mudd, R.*
6. F. N. Zihlman, R.*

MASSACHUSETTS.
1. A. T. Treadway, R.*
2. F. H. Gillet, R.*
3. C. D. Palge, R.*
4. S. E. Winslow, R.*
5. J. J. Rogers, R.*
6. S. W. Lufkin, R.*
7. M. F. Phelan, D.*
8. F. W. Dallinger, R.*
9. A. T. Fuller, R.*
10. J. F. Fitzgerald, D.†
11. G. H. Tinkham, R.*
12. T. A. Gallivan, D.*
13. Robert Luce, R.†
14. R. Olney, D.*
15. W. S. Greene, R.*
16. Joseph Walsh, R.*

MICHIGAN.
1. F. E. Doremus, D.*
2. S. O. Beakes, D.*
3. E. C. Michener, R.†
3. J. M. C. Smith, R.*
4. E. L. Hamilton, R.*
5. C. E. Mapes, R.*
6. P. H. Kelley, R.*
7. L. C. Cramton, R.*
8. J. W. Fordney, R.*
9. J.C. McLaughlin, R.*
10. G. A. Currie, R.*
11. F. D. Scott, R.*
12. W. F. James, R.*
13. C. A. Nichols, R.*

MINNESOTA.
1. S. Anderson, R.*
2. F. F. Elsworth, R.*
3. C. R. Davis, R.*
4. C. C. Van Dyke, D.*
5. W.C. Robertson, D.†
6. W. H. Newton, R.†
6. H. Knutson, R.*
7. A. J. Volstead, R.†
8. C. B. Miller, R.*
9. H. Steenerson, R.*
10. T. D. Schall, R.*

MISSISSIPPI.
1. E. S. Candler, D.*
2. H. D. Stephens, D.*
3. B.G. Humphreys, D.*
4. T. U. Sisson, D.*
5. W. W. Venable, D.*
6. P. B. Johnson, D.†
7. P. E. Quin, D.*
8. J. W. Collier, D.*

MISSOURI.
1. M. A. Romjue, D.*
2. W. W. Rucker, D.*
3. J. W. Alexander, D.*
4. C. F. Booher, D.*
5. W. T. Bland, D.*
6. C. C. Dickinson, D.*
7. S. C. Major, D.†
8. W. L. Nelson, D.†
9. H. B. Dyer, R.†
10. F. Essen, R.†
11. W. L. Igoe, D.*
12. L. C. Dyer, R.*
13. A. R. Brewster, D.†
14. J. J. Russell, D.*
15. P. D. Decker, D.*
15. J.V. McPherson, R.†
16. T. L. Rubey, D.*

MONTANA.
1. J. M. Evans, D.*
2. C. W. Riddick, R.*

NEBRASKA.
1. C. F. Reavis, R.*
2. C. O. Lobeck, D.*
3. A. N. Jeffries, R.†
3. D. V. Stephens, D.*
4. M. O. McLaughlin, R.†
5. W. E. Andrews, R.
6. M. P. Kinkaid, R.*

NEVADA.
At Large—
S. S. Downer, R.†

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
1. S.E. Burroughs, R.*
2. E. H. Wason, R.*

NEW MEXICO.
At Large—
H.C. Hernandez, R.†
At Large—
G.A. Richardson, D.†

NEW JERSEY.
1. W. J. Browning, R.†
2. I. Bacharach, R.*
3. T. J. Scully, D.*
4. E.C. Hutchinson, R.*
5. R. E. Clement, D.†
5. E.R. Ackerman, D.†
6. J. R. Ramsey, R.*
7. A. H. Radcliffe, R.†
8. C. J. McGlennon, D.
9. D. F. Monahan, D.
10. D. Flanagan, D.
11. John J. Eagan, D.*
12. J. A. Hamill, D.*
*Re-elected yesterday.
†Elected yesterday.
‡Elected in September.

PROHIBITION BATTLE.

Prohibition Runs Behind in Minnesota and Ohio.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 5.—Prohibition in Minnesota apparently has lost on the count of the city vote, but may gain in the country precincts.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 5.—Florida after tonight may enter the dry column, according to reports from many sections of the State tonight. No definite announcement has officially been made by either side. Many papers concede a "dry" victory.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Nov. 5.—In the prohibition race in Ohio, with 1,108 precincts out of 5,756 in the State, the vote for prohibition was 72,405 and the vote against it 80,802.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 5.—A Legislature was elected today whose majority is pledged to ratify the national prohibition amendment.

NEW YORK.
1. F. C. Hicks, R.*
2. C. P. Caldwell, D.*
3. J. MacCrate, R.†
4. T. H. Cullen, D.†
5. J. B. Johnston, D.†
6. F. W. Rowe, R.*
7. J. P. Maher, D.*
8. W. E. Cleary, D.*
9. D. J. O'Connel, D.
10. R. A. Hasbell, R.*
11. D. J. Riordan, D.*
12. H. M. Goldfogle, D.†
13. C. D. Sullivan, D.*
14. F.H. LaGuardia, R.*
15. P. J. Dooling, D.*
16. T. F. Smith, D.*
17. H. C. Pell, Jr., D.†
17. F. C. Tanner, R.†
18. J. P. Carew, D.*
19. Joseph Rowan, D.†
20. Isaac Siegel, R.*
21. J. F. Donovan, D.*
22. A. J. Griffin, D.*
23. R. F. Kintry, D.†
24. J. V. Ganly, D.†
25. J. W. Husted, R.*
26. Edmund Platt, R.*
27. C. B. Ward, R.*
28. R. B. Sanford, R.*
29. T. S. Parker, R.*
30. Frank Crowther, R.
31. D. H. Snell, R.*
32. L. W. Mott, R.*
33. H. P. Snyder, R.*
34. W. H. Hill, R.*
35. W. W. Magee, R.*
36. N. J. Gould, R.*
37. A. B. Houghton, R.†
38. T. B. Dunn, R.*
39. A. D. Sanders, R.*
40. S. W. Dempsey, R.*
41. C. MacGregor, R.
42. J. M. Mead, D.
43. D. A. Head, R.†

NORTH CAROLINA.
1. J. H. Small, D.*
2. C. Kitchin, D.*
3. W. C. Dertch, D.†
4. E. V. Pou, D.*
5. C. M. Stedman, D.*
6. H. L. Godwin, D.*
7. L. D. Robinson, D.*
8. R.L. Doughton, D.*
9. E. Y. Webb, D.*
10. Z. Weaver, D.*

NORTH DAKOTA.
1. J. M. Baer, R.*
2. G. M. Young, R.*
3. J. H. Sinclair, R.†

OHIO.
1. N. Longworth, R.*
2. A.E.B. Stephens, R.†
2. R. Powell, D.†
3. W. Gard, D.*
4. B. F. Welty, D.*
4. J. E. Russell, R.†
5. J. S. Snook, D.*
6. C. J. Thompson, R.†
6. C. C. Kearns, R.*
7. S. D. Fess, R.*
8. J. A. Key, D.*
9. I. R. Sherwood, D.*
10. I. M. Foster, R.†
11. H. C. Claypool, D.*
11. E. D. Ricketts, R.†
12. C. Brumbaugh, D.*
12. J. A. Speaks, R.†
13. A.W. Overmyer, D.*
13. J. T. Begg, R.†
14. M. L. Davey, D.†
14. W. F. Dick, R.†
15. George White, D.*
16. R.C. McCulloch, R.*
17. W. A. Ashbrook, D.*
18. W. H. Frances, D.†
18. B. F. Murphy, R.†
19. J. G. Cooper, R.*
20. C. A. Mooney, D.†
21. J. T. Babka, D.†
22. H. I. Emerson, R.*

OKLAHOMA.
1. T. A. Chancler, R.
2. W.W. Hastings, D.*
3. C. D. Carter, D.*
4. T. D. McKeown, D.*
5. J.B. Thompson, D.*
6. Scott Ferris, D.*
7. J. McClintic, D.*
8. C. H. Hyde, D.†
8. D. T. Morgan, R.*

OREGON.
1. W. C. Hawley, R.*
2. N. J. Sinnott, R.*
3. C. N. McArthur, R.*

PENNSYLVANIA.
At Large—
T. S. Crago, R.*
M. M. Garland, R.*
W. J. Burke, R.†
A. H. Walters, R.†
1. W. S. Vare, R.*
2. G. S. Graham, R.*
3. J. H. Moore, R.*
4. G. W. Edmonds, R.*
5. P. E. Costello, R.*
6. G. P. Darrow, R.*
7. T. S. Butler, R.*
8. H. W. Watson, R.*
9. W. W. Griest, R.*
10. J. B. Farr, R.*
11. E. H. Carpenter, R.†
12. J. Reber, R.†
13. A. G Dewalt, D.*
14. L. T. McFadden, R.*
15. E. R. Kriss, R.*
16. A. W. Duy, R.†
16. J. V. Lesher, D.*
17. B. K. Focht, R.*
18. A. S. Kreider, R.*
19. J. M. Rose, R.*
20. E. S. Brooks, R.†
21. E. J. Jones, R.†
22. E. E. Robbins, R.*
23. S. J. Kendall, R.†
23. B. F. Sterling, D.*
24. H. W. Temple, R.*
25. M. W. Shreve, R.†
26. H. J. Steele, D.*
27. N. L. Strong, R.*
28. W. J. Hulings, R.†
29. S. G. Porter, R.*
30. M. C. Kelly, D.*
31. J. M. Morin, R.*
32. G. F. Campbell, D.*

RHODE ISLAND.
1. C. Burdick, R.†
2. W. R Stiness, R.*
3. A. Kennedy, R.*

SOUTH CAROLINA.
1. R. S. Whaley, D.*
2. J. F. Byrnes, D.*
3. F. Dominick, D.*
4. S. J. Nicholls, D.*
5. W. F. Stevenson, D.*
6. J. W. Ragsdale, D.*
7. A. F. Lever, D.*

SOUTH DAKOTA.
1. C. Christopherson, R.†
2. R. Johnson, R.*
3. H. L. Gandy, D.†

TENNESSEE.
1. S. R. Sells, R.*
2. S. Johnson, D.†
3. J. A. Moon, D.*
4. C. Hull, D.*
5. W. C. Houston, D.*
6. J. W. Byrns, D.*
7. L. P. Padgett, D.*
8. T. W. Sims, D.*
9. F. J. Garrett, D.*
10. H. T. Fisher, D.*

TEXAS.
1. E. Black, D.*
2. J. C. Box, D.†
3. J. Young, D.†
4. S. Rayburn, D.*
5. H. W. Summers, D.*
6. R. Hardy, D.*
7. C. S. Briggs, D.†
8. J. H. Eagle, D.*
9. J. J. Mansfield, D.*
10. J. P. Buchanan, D.*
11. T. Connally, D.*
12. J. C. Wilson, D.*
13. L. W. Parrish, D.†
14. C. Bee, D.†
15. J. M. Garner, D.*
16. C. Hudspeth, D.†
17. T. L. Blanton, D.*
18. M. Jones, D.*

UTAH.
1. M. H. Welling, D.*
2. J. H. Mays, D.*

VERMONT.
1. F. L. Greene, R.*
2. P. H. Dale, R.*

VIRGINIA.
1. O. Bland, D.*
2. E. E. Holland, D.*
3. A. J. Montague, D.*
4. W. A. Watson, D.*
5. E. W. Saunders, D.*
6. C. Glass, D.*
7. T. W. Harrison, D.*
8. C. C. Carlin, D.*
9. S. B. Slemp, R.*
10. H. D. Flood, D.*

WASHINGTON.
1. J. F. Miller, R.*
2. L. H. Gadley, R.*
3. A. Johnson, R.*
4. J. W. Summers, R.†
5. C. C. Dill, D.*

WEST VIRGINIA.
1. M. N. Neely, D.*
1. C. J. Schuck, R.†
2. G. M. Bowers, R.*
3. S. F. Reed, R.*
4. H.C. Woodyard, R.*
5. W. Goodykountz, R.†
6. L. S. Echols, R.

WISCONSIN.
1. C. E. Randall, R.†
2. E. Voigt, R.*
3. J. G. Monahan, R.†
4. J. C. Kleczka, R.†
5. Victor Berger, Soc.
6. F. Lampert, R.†
7. J. J. Esch, R.*
8. E. E. Browne, R.*
9. D. G. Classon, R.*
10. J. A. Frear, R.*
11. A. P. Nelson, R.†

WYOMING.
At Large—
F. M. Mondell, R.*

NEXT LEGISLATURE SAFELY REPUBLICAN

But Democrats Gain 4 Seats in the Senate and 9 in Assembly.

ONE WOMAN WILL SERVE

Republicans Sustain Their Losses in the City—Socialist Representation Reduced from Ten to Two.

Latest returns from the Senate and Assembly elections show that both branches of the Legislature will remain safely Republican, but by reduced majorities. Two Socialists only were elected to the Assembly, where ten occupy seats in the present Lgislatur.

With returns almost complete, the indications are that the Senate will be made up of 32 Republicans and 19 Democrats. In the present Senate there are 36 Republicans and 15 Democrats.

In the Assembly there will be 96 Republicans, 52 Democrats, and 2 Socialists. In the present Assembly there are 96 Republicans, 43 Democrats, 10 Socialists, and 1 independent.

In a number of Assembly Districts in this city, where the Republicans sustained all their losses, the race was so close that the result may be determined only upon corrected figures. This was due to the fact that Democratic candidates, carried along on the Democratic wave that swept the city, were pressing their Republican opponents closely in Assembly Districts which have been regarded as safely Republican and which are represented in the present Assembly by Republicans. There will be only four Republican Senators and eight Republican Assemblymen from city districts in the 1919 Legislature.

For the first time in the history of this State, a woman is likely to occupy a seat in the Assembly. Latest returns indicate that Mrs. Ida B. Sammis, Republican - Prohibition candidate in the Second Suffolk District, has won. The vote, however, is close, and the result may be reversed on completed returns. There were more than a dozen women aspiring to legislative office in the State. A majority of these were candidates on the Democratic ticket in strongly Republican districts up-State, and went down to defeat. On early returns one of the women candidates, Mrs. Mary G. Brewer of Rockland County, who was the Republican candidate for State Senator from the Richmond-Rockland District, appeared in the lead, but the heavy Democratic vote in Richmond County gave her opponent an easy victory when more complete returns had been assembled.

The Republicans held their own very well in the up-State districts, and even gained two up-State seats in the Assembly occupied by Democrats at present.

In Schoharie County, which is known as a rock-ribbed Democratic stronghold, George A. Parsons, the Democratic incumbent, who was a candidate for re-election, was defeated by H. M. Greenwald, his Republican opponent.

In Delaware County, where J. C. Nesbit, the present incumbent, who is listed as an independent, ran for re-election with Democratic indorsement, J. R. Long, the Republican candidate, was elected.

In Chemung County, which not infrequently sends a Democrat to the Assembly, Dr. Robert P. Bush, who has served for many terms in the lower house at Albany, was a candidate again this year. Despite his civil war record, his great popularity in his home county, and though he holds the distinction of having been Speaker of the Assembly as long as a generation ago, he was defeated by J. J. Richford, the Republican incumbent, who was a candidate for a second term.

Here is a table giving the membership of the 1919 Legislature:

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

SENATORS ELECTED.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	G.L. Thompson, R.*	26.	W. Law, Jr., R.
2.	Frank Adel, D.	27.	C. H. Baumes, R.
3.	P. J. McGarry, D.	28.	J. E. Towner, R.*
4.	K. F. Sutherland, D.	29.	C. W. Walton, R.*
5.	D. F. Ferrell, D.	30.	H. M. Sage, R.*
6.	C. F. Murphy, R.*	31.	J. J. Mackrell, D.
7.	C.C. Lockwood, R.*	32.	J.W. Yelverton, R.*
8.	A. Burlingame, Jr., R.*	33.	M. Y. Ferris, R.
9.	C. E. Russell, D.	34.	N. M. Marshall, R.*
10.	J. F. Twomey, D.	35.	B. Z. Kasson, R.
11.	D. J. Carroll, D.*	36.	F.M. Davenport, R.
12.	J. J. Walker, D.*	37.	F. B. Pitcher, R.
13.	C. F. Boylan, D.*	38.	J. H. Walters, R.*
14.	B. Downing, R. & D.*	39.	A. P. Brown, R.*
15.	A. Kaplan, D.	40.	C. R. Lusk, R.
16.	J. A. Foley, D.*	41.	S. Lowman, R.
17.	S. M. Meyer, R.	42.	C. J. Hewitt, R.*
18.	S. A. Cotillo, D.*	43.	W. A. Carson, R.*
19.	E. J. Dowling, D.*	44.	John Knight, R. & D.*
20.	W. C. Dodge, D.	45.	J. L. Whitley, R.
21.	H. G. Shackno, D.	46.	J. B. Mullan, R.*
22.	P. A. Abeles, R. & D.	47.	G.P. Thompson, R.*
23.	J.J. Dunnigan, D.*	48.	Ross Graves, R.*
24.	J. A. Lynch, D.	49.	S.J. Ramsperger, D.*
25.	G. T. Burling, R.*	50.	L. W. H. Gibbs, R.*
		51.	J. S. Fowler, R.*

*Re-elected.

RECAPITULATION.

Republicans elected.....32
Democrats elected.....19

ASSEMBLYMEN ELECTED.

ALBANY.
1. C. F. Welsh, R.*
2. J. S. Malone, R.*
3. J. M. Gaffers, R.*

ALLEGANY.
W. Duke, Jr., R.*

BRONX.
1. Earl H. Miller, D.*
2. E. J. Flynn, D.*
3. R. T. Mullen, R. and D.
4. M. M. Fertig R. and D.
5. W. S. Evans, R. and D.
6. T. McDonald, D.*
7. J. V. McKee, D.*
8. J. F. McLaughlin D.*

BROOME.
1. E. B. Jenks, R.*
2. F. E. Whitcomb, R.
3. H. B. Crowley, R.*

CATTARAUGUS.
De H. H. Ames, R.*

CAYUGA.
L. P. Hager, R.*

CHAUTAUQUA.
1. H. L. Ames, R. and D.*
2. J. A. McGinnies, R.*

CHEMUNG.
J. J. Richford, R.*

CHENANGO.
Bert Lord, R.*

CLINTON.
W. E. Pierce, R. and D.*

COLUMBIA.
John W. Scott, R.

CORTLAND.
Irving F. Rice, R.

DELAWARE.
L. R. Long, R.

DUTCHESS.
1. J. G. Webb, R.
2. F. L. Gardner, R.*

ERIE.
1. G. E. D. Brady, R.
2. J. W. Slacer, R.*
3. N. J. Miller, R.*
4. A. T. Beasley, R. & D.*
5. A. A Patrzykowski, D.*
6. G. H. Rowe, R.*
7. H. A. Zimmerman, R.*
8. N. W. Cheney, R.*

ESSEX.
R. T. Kenyon, R. and D.*

FRANKLIN.
W. T. Thayer, R.*

FULTON-HAMILTON.
E. Hutchinson, R. and D.*

GENESEE.
C. P. Miller, R. and D.

GREENE.
H. Showers, R.*

HERKIMER.
E. O. Davies, R.*

JEFFERSON.
H. E. Machold, R.*

KINGS.
1. John J. Griffith, D.*
2. Thos. J. Cox, D.
3. F. J. Taylor, D.*
4. P. K. McArdle, D.*
5. J. H. Caulfield, Jr., R.*
6. M. Solomon, D.
7. J. J. Kelly, D.
8. E. J. Flanagan, D.
9. F. S. Burr, D.*
10. H. W. Smith, D.*
11. T. E. Brownlee, R.*
12. Albert Link, D.*
13. M. T. Donnelly, D.*
14. Joseph Lentol, D.
15. C.J. McWilliams, D.
16. D. Drechsler, D.
17. F. A. Wells, R.*
18. M. Snyder, R.*
19. A. C. Klingman, D.*
20. G. J. Braun, D.*
21. W. E. Youker, R.*
22. J. J. Morris, D.*
23. P. F. Rosenberg, D.

LEWIS.
A. A. Cepeley, R.*

LIVINGSTON.
G. F. Wheelock, R.*

MADISON.
M. [illegible]utt, R.*

MONROE.
1. J. [illegible]is, R.*
2. S. L. Adler, R.*
3. H. B. Crowley, R.*
4. Frank Dobson, R.*
5. W. W. Judson, R.*

MONTGOMERY.
A. A. Walrath, R.

NASSAU.
1. T.A. McWhinney, R.*
2. F. A. Coles, R.*

NEW YORK.
1. P. J. Hamill, D.*
2. C. B. F. Barra, D.*
3. P.P. McElligott, D.*
4. S. Dickstein, R. &D.
5. C. D. Donohue, D.*
6. Sol Illman, R.&D.
7. A. Ellenbogen, R.
8. H. Weiss, R. & D.
9. Martin Bourke, R.*
10. W. W. Pellet, R.
11. W. C. Amos, R.*
12. M. G. McCue, D.*
13. J. J. Crcnin, D.
14. M. Goldberg, D.*
15. J. Steinberg, R.
16. M. Block, D.*
18. O. M. Kleman, D.*
19. E. A. Johnson, R.*
20. C. A. Winter, D.*
21. J. C. Hawkins, R.
22. Earl A. Smith, R.*
23. George N. Jesse, R.

NIAGARA.
1. Wm. Bewley, R.*
2. N. V. V. Franchot, R.*

ONEIDA.
1. H. W. Booth, R.
2. L. M. Martin, R.*
3. G. T. Davis, R.*

ONONDAGA.
1. M. J. Soule, R.*
2. G.J. Chamberlin, R.
3. G. R. Fearon, R.*

ONTARIO.
G. M. Tyler, R.*

ORANGE.
1. W. F. Brush, R.*
2. C. L. Mead, R.*

ORLEANS.
F. H. Lattin, R.*

OSWEGO.
T. C. Sweet, R.*

OTSEGO.
A.J. Bloomfield, R.*

PUTNAM.
J. D. Donohue, R.*

QUEENS.
1. P. A. Leinjnger, D.*
2. R. Schwab, D.
3. J. Kennedy, D.*
4. J. H. Maloy Jr, D.
5. A. J. Brackley, D.*
6. W. H. O'Hare, D.*

RENSSELAER.
1. J. F. Shannon, D.*
2. Arthur Cowee, R.*

RESULTS IN UP-STATE CITIES

Whitman's Vote Falls Off in Rochester and Utica.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Governor Whitman carried the City of Rochester by about 16,000 plurality, while the vote in the towns of Monroe County will bring his plurality over Smith to more than 20,000. This is a distinct falling off of the vote expected, although it was openly predicted by knowing ones that the liquor vote in Rochester might be expected to cut a prominent figure in the results. The big residence wards of the city saved the city for Whitman.

Indications point to the re-election of all five Republican Assemblymen, both Republican candidates for the State Senate, and both Republican Congressmen.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Alfred E. Smith ran 1,129 votes ahead of Governor Whitman on complete returns for this city. His vote was 10,028 and the present incumbent's 8,899. Harry Walker, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, got 11,034 votes to Schoeneck's 7,902. An ideal day brought out a large number of voters, the total being only a few hundred less than the registration figures. It is estimated that the women's vote comprised two-fifths of the total cast.

Special to The New York Times.

MEDINA, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Senator George F. Thompson, from the Orleans-Niagara district, said to be slated for Republican leader and against whom the brewery interests of the Forty-seventh District cehtred a hard fight, was elected today by 5,200 majority, the largest he ever received. Orleans County gave him 2,100 majority. The Democratic organizations in both counties centred their fire on Thompson to the exclusion of Smith and the rest of the Democratic State ticket. Assemblyman Lattin is re-elected in Orleans County. Whitman leads by 2,200 in Orleans County.

FORD DEFEATED FOR SENATE SEAT

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

Republican; Frank D. Scott, Republican; W. Frank James, Republican; Charles A. Nichols, Republican.

McCORMICK DEFEATS LEWIS.

Republican Wins Illinois Senate Race by 50,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Medill McCormick, Republican, has been elected to the United States Senate from Illinois by an indicated plurality of more than 50,000 votes over Senator James Hamilton Lewis, the present incumbent.

SMITH AND WHITMAN BOTH CLAIM VICTORY

Both Admit the Result Will Be Close, and Neither Gives Definite Figures.

TAMMANY IS JUBILANT

Hylan Says He and Smith as Mayor and Governor Will Make Things Right for the People.

Both the Democratic and Republican leaders in this city said they had won the election for Governor this morning, but the candidates asserted that they would not give definite figures as to their pluralities until all the returns were in. Both sides admitted that the result was close and a recount was not unlikely. At the Republican State Committee rooms, State Chairman George Glynn said that late returns from up-State counties were surely overtopping the huge plurality piled up by Alfred E. Smith in New York City and that Governor Whitman's election was a certainty.

"I will not give out any figures until I hear from all the County Chairmen," said Chairman Glynn; "but we have passed the Smith vote and we win. On the ratio of the returns received Whitman has a good safe lead."

Alfred E. Smith remained at his headquarters until early this morning, and said that he had won by a safe plurality.

"The returns indicate that I have been elected by 35,000 plurality," he said. "I shall have nothing further to say until complete returns are tabulated."

At midnight Governor Whitman, seemingly most confident, said the indications were that his plurality was in the neighborhood of 30,000.

"Of course," he said, "no one is really sure at this time. Mr. Smith has good reason to feel proud at the great compliment paid him by this city."

At 1:10 o'clock the Governor retired, feeling assured that the final returns would show he had been re-elected.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, at 12:15 o'clock this morning refused to issue a statement, saying that the returns so far received were too uncertain and unsatisfactory to warrant comment. He said he did not expect to receive final returns for twenty-four hours.

1916 Scenes Repeated.

Scenes similar to those attending the 1916 election, when early returns indicated that Charles E. Hughes had defeated President Wilson, only to be changed when later figures had been received, were enacted last night at the headquarters of the various political parties in the city. Early in the evening, when Alfred E. Smith's unprecedented plurality in New York City indicated that he would be an easy victor over Governor Whitman, there was unrestrained jubilation at Mr. Smith's headquarters at the Biltmore and at Tammany Hall, where hundreds of "the faithful," all friends of the candidate, had assembled to hear the news.

At the Republican Club and at Republican State Headquarters there was great gloom early in the evening, which gave place later to confidence that the Governor's up-State plurality would overcome his opponent's lead in the city. As the evening wore on the returns fluctuated so that leaders of neither party would make a statement, although the Republicans conceded that the outlook was not altogether promising. At his Hotel Biltmore headquarters Mr. Smith, even when the returns looked most promising, would not comment upon the result.

"It is too early," he said at 8 o'clock, when special editions of the evening papers announced his election. "It's no use celebrating until all the returns are in."

At Republican State Headquarters, Chairman George Glynn said at 11 o'clock that he had not lost hope.

"While we have to travel quite a distance," he remarked, "we are traveling."

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, said at the headquarters of the committee, Fortieth Street and Fifth Avenue, at 10 o'clock that the reports were insufficient for him to make a definite statement in regard to the New York State situation. Late reports indicated, he said, that in Kansas the five Republican Congressmen had been elected. In Kentucky, he declared, it appeared that the Republicans had gained two Congressmen, Representative Shirley, the Democratic candidate for re-election, having been defeated. In Pennsylvania, he said, indications were that the Republicans had gained four Congressmen, as well as one or two in Colorado. The reports from Missouri, he said, were only meagre, but gratifying.

Joy at Smith Headquarters.

There was great joy at Mr. Smith's headquarters early in the evening. The candidate's entire family, wife, mother, and five children were present, as well as a number of Democratic politicans and their wives. The first word to arrive came from Syracuse by telephone to Mr. Smith. It said that Syracuse, with half of the precincts heard from, gave him a plurality of 3,000. That was the signal for enthusiasm, and the returns from the various boroughs in New York, showing a large plurality for the Democratic candidate, added to the general happiness.

The Citizens' Committee, which had charge of his campaign, gave Mr. Smith, his family, and a few friends a dinner at the Biltmore. He received the congratulations of his friends, but refused to make any statement until his election was assured. Mayor Hylan was not so reticent, however. The Mayor was much in evidence at the headquarters, and when the first returns were announced, declared that he wished to make a statement. This is what he said:

"With Smith as Governor and myself as Mayor, my labor as well as his labor will be in behalf of the great mass of the people of the State of New York. We can bring the Government of the State, as well as that of the city, back to the people."

Later, when the returns from up-State counties showed that Governor Whitman was cutting down the heavy Smith plurality in the city, the Mayor, with some friends, left headquarters. Among the first to congratulate Mr. Smith was Abram I. Elkus, his campaign manager. While favorable reports were still coming in, Mr. Smith quietly went downstairs to a little room on the second floor, where his wife, daughter, mother, and sister were seated with several women friends. "I'll bet there's a wild time down at Madison and Oliver streets, with all the papers saying I'm elected," said the candidate. "I wish I were down there with them."

"Why don't you slip down the back stairway, son," said the candidate's mother, "and get into an automobile, if you pull down the blinds no one will see you." Instead, Mr. Smith went back upstairs.

Inspiring First Figures.

The first returns received from Manhattan were chalked up on a blackboard at Mr. Smith's headquarters, and they furnished the inspiration for the evening. They said that five election districts in Manhattan gave Smith 777 and Whitman 233, indicating a plurality for Smith of 114,780. All the visitors at the headquarters accepted this as positive assurance that it was over and spent their time trying to get to the candidate to congratulate him.

There was a joyous celebration in the ballroom of Tammany Hill as the returns were announced. More than 1,500 were present, including a number of women and many soldiers and sailors. It was the first time in years that the ballroom had been thrown open to the public on election night. "Joe" Humphreys announced the returns as they were handed to him by Assistant Corporation Counsel William Hermon Black. At 9 o'clock the Wigwam was confident of victory, and there was loud cheering for Smith.

Downtown Charles F. Murphy and a number of Tammany leaders received returns over a special wire. Representative Thomas F. Smith, Secretary of Tammany Hall; Treasurer Philip Donohue, Judge John F. McIntyre, State Senator James F. Foley, "Big Tom" Foley, and about fifty others were present.

"I was certain that 'Al' would carry the Bronx and all below it with a plurality of 255,000," said Representative Smith.

Governor Whitman received returns at the Hotel St. Regis. When he entered the dining room shortly before 8 o'clock for dinner he expressed himself as satisfied with the returns. He said that information received from various centres up-State by telephone indicated that he would come down to the Bronx with from 350,000 to 400,000 plurality. On the other hand, the Governor admitted that the figures he had obtained locally indicated that his opponent would go up to the Bronx County border with from 185,000 to 230,000 plurality. In some districts up-State, the Governor said, his vote was double that of two years ago and he saw nothing to worry about.

Gloom Alternates With Joy.

At Republican State Headquarters the closeness of the contest kept the interest at fever heat all evening. A score of prominent Republicans assembled to get the returns and all predicted that the large up-State pluralities would overturn the city figures. There was alternate gloom and joy all evening as the results indicated Smith in the lead and then Whitman.

STREET CROWDS TAKE ELECTION NEWS SOBERLY

Throngs in Times Square Are Entertained by the Singing of Patriotic Songs.

The city took the election news soberly last night. Whether the darkened streets had a depressing effect upon the crowds or whether the war situation generally tended to reduce levity, the fact is that it was one of the quietest election nights on record, so far as Broadway is concerned. It was a new experience for the city to have its Great White Way turned into darkness and gloom on its most hilarious night, and the crowds that surged about the newspaper bulletin boards could not get any cheers out of the bulletins that were flashed on the big screens.

The biggest jam was at Times Square. The crowd was orderly, and the police had no trouble maintaining traffic rules and in keeping a way open for persons on foot. There was a solid mass of people along Seventh Avenue, Broadway, and in the triangle north of the Times Building, where the returns were flashed, but it was an unenthusiastic crowd. When the early returns indicated that Alfred E. Smith had been elected, there were spasmodic cheers, but mostly from small boys. The silence was not due to any lack of appreciation of the candidate, for returns showing Republican triumphs in Congressional and State elections were just as silently received.

The striking feature of the celebration, if it could be termed such, was the utter absence of jollification and the scarcity of noise. Half a dozen ambitious vendors of noise-producing instruments lonely honked their wares, but the people were not sympathetic. Nobody bought so much as a feather tickler. Horns were few and far between, while a cow bell was a curiosity. Sometimes a cheer would go up when returns from city districts showed that Smith was receiving a big plurality below the Bronx, and this would be offset by an occasional outburst of approval when the up-State figures showed that Governor Whitman was still very much in the race, but, on the whole, the crowd took the result silently and soberly and dispersed shortly after the theatres were closed.

Along Broadway from Herald to Times Square the crowds gathered soon after dark and the police, under the command of Inspector James Boland of the Third District, were kept busy maintaining a passageway for street cars and automobiles. They had little difficulty.

A big crowd gathered in Herald Square, from Thirty-third Street to The Herald Building, where the returns and pictures of candidates were flashed. A band played the National Anthem and the hymn was sung by thousands. The same scenes were repeated in Times Square, where the crowd was entertained by the singing of patriotic songs in the open air Liberty Hall on Seventh Avenue. Soldiers and sailors were numerous in the crowds, but were no more enthusiastic than the civilians.

In City Hall Park a large crowd early gathered to receive returns from the bulletin boards in front of the newspaper offices along Park Row. A platoon of patrolmen from Traffic Precinct A kept channels open through the crowds, and several parades of boys, led by fife and drum corps, were stopped because of the jostling they caused. The downtown crowd was as subdued and orderly as the multitude uptown, and it went home long before midnight. The crowd was slow in dispersing from Times Square, for as the evening wore on the tenor of the bulletins changed considerably, showing that Whitman's plurality up-State was increasing and that Smith's big lead in the city might be overcome. There was little excitement, but a large number lingered into early morning to get the final results.

In the Bronx the largest crowd gathered at what is known as "The Hub," at 149th Street and Third Avenue, to watch the only bulletin display in the borough. In the triangle at Willis and Third Avenues a crowd of several thousand braved the chilling winds to learn the result, but there was little enthusiasm, and the larger part soon left for their homes or nearby restaurants when the first returns showed that Smith was leading.

Wounded service men got places of vantage in the crowds before the bulletin board at 1,383 Broadway, where a service station for men in uniform was maintained by the Young Men's Democratic League. A special telegraph wire kept the crowd informed of the returns. When Smith's election was announced the crowd cheered several minutes. At the Waldorf-Astoria the dining rooms and the lobby were packed to capacity and bulletins were posted. It was the same in most of the other large hotels.

Restaurants and cabarets throughout the city enjoyed the first "wide open" election night in four years. Mayor Hylan reversed the stand of the late Mayor Mitchel, who had refused to relax the closing regulations on election night, and permitted the restaurants to remain open.

INTEREST IN ELECTION HIGH IN WASHINGTON

President Gets Returns Over Special Wire—New York War Workers Vote There.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Intense interest was manifested in Washington in the result of the elections. The Capital being not only the political heart of the nation, but crowded now with war workers from the furthest reaches of the country, multitudes of strangers here had some special interest in the election in particular localities. Added to that circumstance, the fact that the President had made a personal appeal for support by the voters of the country lent another keen interest.

While there is no right of suffrage in the District of Columbia, polls were open for New York State soldiers and sailors and uniformed war workers. The shops did not close and all Government departments remained at work—more busily than on other election days, for this was the first day of that character since this country entered the war. This was also the first election day under the prohibition régime in Washington.

President Wilson was unable to go to Princeton to vote today because of the state of international affairs. It was the first time he had not gone home to vote since he was elected President.

The President received the returns over a special telegraph wire at the White House and messages were also sent to the State Department at intervals. Secretary McAdoo was told that Alfred E. Smith had probably carried New York State and the Secretary telegraphed congratulations to the Democratic candidate.

Headquarters of both the Democratic and Republican parties were packed all night with politicians. Results began to trickle in about 7 P. M., but it was several hours later before definite returns were received. The Republicans were elated when they heard they had carried Kansas. There was great disappointment among the Democrats over the defeat of Swagar Sherley of Kentucky, Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations.

At the New York State polling place 822 voters cast ballots today. Added to the 422 who appeared yesterday, the total vote among these uniformed war workers was 1,294. Many more officers and enlisted men appeared today. Some twenty-five uniformed women, including Red Cross nurses, yeowomen, and so on, voted.

LOUISIANA DEFEATS SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT

Michigan, However, Appears to Have Indorsed It Despite Soldiers' Vote Against It.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 5.—The woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution of Louisiana has been defeated by a majority of about 15,000, according to early returns. The amendment received majorities in several of the northern and central sections of the State, but the southern parishes, including the city of New Orleans, went heavily against it.

Louisiana today voted on fourteen amendments to the State Constitution. Indications point to the ratification of all of them with the exception of the woman suffrage amendment.

DETROIT, Nov. 5.—Woman suffrage appears to have established a comfortable margin and probably will go through. First returns on the amendment proved discouraging to the adherents of the movement, the results of the voting by a Michigan regiment at Camp Custer causing a distinct shock. The vote was: "No, 552; yes, 336."

Additional returns began to swing the other way, however, and there appeared a decided trend in favor of the amendment. This was particularly noticeable in the larger cities, and late tonight conservative observers predict that woman suffrage will carry by a substantial majority.

In 89 precincts the vote stood 7,077 for suffrage and 5,421 against it.

WOMEN CAST VOTES AS READILY AS MEN

Little Confusion Attended Their Appearance at the Polls in This City.

EASY DAY FOR THE POLICE

Whitman and Smith Families Cast Ballots Early—Governor's Wife Keeps Hers Secret.

Yesterday's election was one of the quietest ever held in this city. The police found little disorder in any district, and not more than half a dozen arrests were made. The fact that women voted for the first time at a general election made things comparatively interesting at the polling booths, but there was no confusion, and the women as a rule voted with as little difficulty as the men. The extra hour of voting and the fact that women election inspectors were on duty made the counting of ballots slower than at other elections, but the general opinion was that the women were as efficient as the men.

This year the polls closed at 6 o'clock, instead of 5, and under a new provision of the law every person in the polling place at the time of closing was permitted to vote. In many cases this resulted in a jam about the polling places just at the closing hour, and in a slight delay until every vote was recorded. Another new feature of the law which worked satisfactorily according to all accounts was that a fresh set of officers to canvass the ballots went on duty just as the polls closed to relieve those who had worked during the day. A crippled telephone and telegraph service, due to the influenza epidemic and war conditions, was also responsible for slight delays in some sections of the city.

A feature of the voting was the fact that in some parts of the city the women went to the polls earlier than the men. In several instances there were voters in line, mostly women, when the polling booths opened, although it was still dark. The women did their heaviest voting, however, in the afternoon.

Damp, threatening weather kept a large number from voting early. On the lower East and West sides few people were astir when the polls were first opened, but a better showing was made in the residence and apartment house districts of upper Manhattan and in Brooklyn. Night workers returning to their homes, many from war industry work, constituted the major portion of early voters on the east side. Between 8 and 9 o'clock the volume of voting increased considerably and when the weather cleared later in the day the women came out in large numbers. During the morning hours the voting was light in Manhattan, but in sections of Brooklyn and Queens the heaviest vote was polled before the noon hour.

Governor Casts His Vote.

Both Governor Whitman and Alfred E. Smith voted before noon. A drizzling rain was falling when Governor and Mrs. Whitman left the Plaza Hotel for the voting place at 980 Sixth Avenue, which is a florist's store. It is in the Seventh Election District of the Fifteenth Assembly District and at least twenty-five men and women were in line when the Governor and his wife appeared. He was quickly recognized and a cheer went up.

"Go to the head of the line," several voters yelled.

"We prefer to take our regular places," said the Governor, but the crowd was insistent and Mr. and Mrs. Whitman stepped into the polling place. The Governor voted ballot 155 and Mrs. Whitman voted 156. Before voting Mrs. Whitman asked for a sample ballot which she inspected carefully. Before leaving the voting place the Governor and his wife posed for a photographer and when Mrs. Whitman was asked whom she had voted for, she replied: "I am not going to tell."

Alfred E. Smith, the Democratic candidate for Governor, went to the polling place in Public School 1, at Oliver and Henry Streets, shortly after 9 o'clock. His wife had voted more than two hours before. The candidate was the one hundred and twelfth voter to enter the polling place, but owing to a mistake on the part of the man who preceded him his ballot was No. 113. He said he was not at all superstitious. Photographers and moving-picture operators recorded just how Mr. Smith cast his ballot, and when he left the polling place he remarked:

"It's all over now. The fight is won. There's nothing to it but a Democratic victory."

When ex-United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew reached his polling place in Public School 65, at 125 West Fifty-fourth Street, there was a long line of men and women waiting to vote.

"I guess I'd better wait until the rush is over," he said. "I'll come back later."

Shortly after noon the Republican captain of the election district notified Mr. Depew at his home that the "coast was clear," and the venerable ex-Senator went to the polling place alone and cast ballot No. 195. He explained that Mrs. Depew did not vote, as she failed to register this year.

Mayor John F. Hylan, accompanied by his wife and their daughter Virginia voted at the polling place at 1,144 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, at 9:25 o'clock. All three then posed for a photographer.

Men in the service voted at special places. At 8 o'clock a polling place for soldiers, sailors and marines was opened in the 69th Regiment Armory, Twenty-sixth Street and Lexington Avenue. During the first fifteen minutes only three soldiers had cast their ballots, but later in the day a steady stream of men in the service appeared. Another booth was opened in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, 168th Street and Broadway, and here soldiers and sailors appeared in greater numbers. Two similar places were also opened in Brooklyn. There was no trouble at any of the voting places. At the headquarters of Alfred E. Smith it was stated that there had been a much larger soldier vote cast for Smith than for Whitman at Camp Mills.

Twins Insist on Voting.

Sadie and Sarah Pearsky, twins, 21 years old, living at 164 Broome Street, obtained a mandamus requiring the officials of the election board at 187 Broome Street to accept their votes. When the Pearsky sisters appeared at the polling place they were told by Samuel Golding, representing Horace London, the Socialist Party attorney, that they could not vote, as they had not been born in this country. They said they had been reared in the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, and when 8 years old went to Russia with their father, returning here seven years ago.

Because part of their home is in Kings County and part in Queens County, Oscar Aldeveen, his wife, Maria, and their daughter, Gertrude, of 1,701 Stanhope Street, Brooklyn, were not allowed to vote when they appeared at the polling place in their vicinity. They registered from 179 Irving Avenue, which is in Kings County, on the theory that two-thirds of their residence was in that county. Election Inspectors informed them that their names had been eliminated by the Board of Elections. Through Attorney A. I. Nova they obtained an order against the Board of Elections to show cause why a writ of mandamus should not be issued directing the board to allow them to vote in Kings County. When the case came before Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court during the afternoon Louis R. Beck, representing the Republican Campaign Committee, told the Justice that, although the Aldevens were Democrats, the committee would not oppose their desire to vote in Kings.

State Superintendent of Elections F. L. Marshall had 100 deputies covering the various election districts of the city. They visited each polling place and kept careful watch for mistakes and violations of the election laws. Although 3,000 subpoenas had been issued for use in case of trouble, no arrests for any serious violation of the law were made.

"As Natural As Breathing."

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt and Miss Mary Garrett Hay, the women suffrage leaders, voted at 507 Columbus Avenue shortly after 9 o'clock. It took Mrs. Catt two minutes to vote. She said she split her ticket.

"It seemed as natural as breathing, and I felt as though I had always voted," said Miss Hay.

Mrs. Charles D. Bavier, suffrage leader of the Ninth Assembly District, Manhattan, was one of the leaders who got an early start visiting the polling places in her district. At one place soon after the polls opened, she found the election board unable to do business because the electric lights were not in order. A solitary male voter was awaiting his ballot but was unable to mark it because of the darkness. Mrs. Bavier went out and bought a candle, and the voter cast his ballot by candle light.

Men and women went to the polls together in many instances. Baby carriages were noted in front of the polling places quite frequently, and obliging policemen and watchers kept an eye on the infant while the maternal vote was cast.

Just as She Expected.

The voting in Queens was lively throughout the entire day. In the morning the vote of the women was light, but from noon on there were women at every polling place in the borough until the polls closed. In only one district, the Glendale section, was there any trouble. Here a woman came to vote, and it was found that she had not registered. She became indignant and declared that she knew nothing about registering and that the men were trying to deprive her of her rights as a citizen. The situation was finally explained to her, but she said as she left the polls:

"Just as I expected. These men would put something in that law to prevent women from voting."

The vote of the women was heaviest in the Long Island City, Ridgewood, Flushing, and Jamaica sections. It was noticed that a large number of those who came to the polls carried with them sample ballots which had been marked for them.

In Brooklyn, women, eager to take advantage of their first opportunity to vote in a general election, flocked to the polls early, and a big vote was cast by them throughout the borough. At many of the polling places, in the forenoon, the women in line outnumbered the men. In some of the districts fully half of the registered vote was cast before noon. A few complaints of minor violations of the Election law were made, but no serious trouble was reported.

CASE OF MRS. STOKES PUT OFF TILL FRIDAY

Magistrate McGeehan Reduces Bail and Denounces Night Arrest.

Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes who was arrested on Monday night at her home, 88 Grove Street, charged with illegal registration, appeared before Magistrate McGeehan in Jefferson Market Court yesterday and her case was put over until Friday. Her bail was reduced from $3,000 to $1,500.

When Mrs. Stokes was arraigned her counsel, George M. Gilman obtained an hour's adjournment in which to produce precedents contrary to the opinions expressed by the State Attorney General and the Superintendent of Elections. Deputy Attorney General Alfred Becker who appeared against Mrs. Stokes in behalf of Deputy Inspector of Elections Robert J. Williamson, made a motion for a forty-eight-hour adjournment, but this was denied.

Mr. Gilman said that a person convicted in a Federal Court for an offense not recognized as a felony by the laws of New York State could not be debarred from voting. Mr. Becker, however, speedily found a statute covering the case. When the people's representative asked for the adjournment Magistrate McGeehan replied:

"The people should be prepared. I think it was absolutely wrong to arrest this woman late last night, on the eve of election, when the crime she is alleged to have committed took place on Oct. 12."

When the hearing of the case was resumed the prosecution, in addition to Mr. Becker, was represented by W. J. Driscoll and Robert M. Johnson of the District Attorney's office and by Dr. Frederick L. Marshall, State Superintendent of Elections. Soon after the resumption of the case Magistrate McGeehan announced the postponement. Both Driscoll and Johnson warned Mrs. Stokes against attempting to vote, saying that a criminal charge would be lodged against her if she did. Her attorney also said he understood clearly that while there was no criminal intent in Mrs. Stokes registering it might be a different matter if she tried to cast a ballot. The Magistrate also advised Mrs. Stokes to stay away from the polls. Mrs. Stokes did not attempt to vote.

ROOSEVELTS CAST VOTES.

Colonel and Wife Deposit Ballots in a Blacksmith's Shop.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Nov. 5.—Accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt voted in a blacksmith's shop early this afternoon. They were in a booth only a few seconds and as they left the Colonel said he hoped for a Republican victory. Mrs. Ethel Derby, the Colonel's youngest daughter, motored to New York City to cast her first vote.

Two women, in order to vote for the first time, had a court experience. They were Mrs. Ella Golden and her daughter, Mrs. Myra Flower. Both had registered, but when they appeared at the polls it was discovered that their names were on only one book, and the inspector refused to allow them to vote.

"We'll get a court order and swear it in," Mrs. Golden remarked, and she and her daughter jumped into their machine and motored to Mineola, where Supreme Court Justice Scudder, after hearing their story, gave them an order to vote. Armed with this order, the two women returned to the polling place and cast their ballots.

"Just think of those men trying to deprive us of our first vote," Mrs. Golden remarked as she went away.

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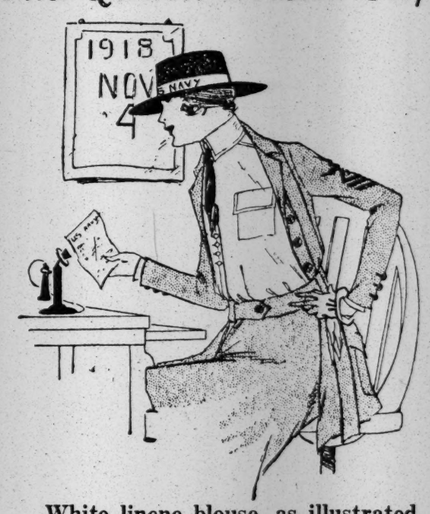

White linene blouse, as illustrated, made in accordance with Government specifications. Convertible collar, flap pocket, two-button cuff.

Marked close to cost $2.25

Other models, which may be preferred, include:—

Blouse of khaki color middy twill with regulation military pockets and convertible collar, $2.95

Striped madras blouses in the same model, $2.50

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Extra quality Japanese silk model; convertible collar; with or without pockets, $5.95

Washable satin blouses with convertible collar, $6.95

Radium silk blouses, finely tailored; convertible collar and linked cuffs, $7.95

GIMBELS Blouse Salon—Third Floor

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Are Now Featuring in the
MOTOR APPAREL SHOP
Chauffeur's Winter Overcoats
(AS ILLUSTRATED)
At 35.00

¶ The model has a contour which only very skillful tailoring could produce. Double-breasted, with large convertible storm collar and belted back.

¶ Tailored in All-Wool Overcoating of a quality that cannot be had in to-day's market at any price. Three-quarter lining of Suede Cloth insures warmth even in the severest weather.

None like them at $35

Ask the Man Who Bought One

After the THEATRE make him some very thin cheese sandwiches and run them under a hot flame, toasting the outsides only, so that the cheese melts down into the bread. But be sure the cheese is seasoned with a liberal dash of
A1 SAUCE

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YOUNG MEN'S OVERCOATS

It is essential in the designing and making of a really smart overcoat for a young man to use those distinctive and exclusive fabrics which are produced only in Great Britain.

From the best known mills of England, Ireland and Scotland we received, months ago, a sufficient quantity of high grade overcoatings for our productions for this season.

Overcoats—from English and Scotch woolens. Sizes 34 to 40. Prices from $35.

Furnishings: This is the only shop in America conducting a Furnishing Goods business exclusively for young men.

"Anniped" shoes.

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USUAL SCHEDULE OF BUSINESS HOURS NOW IN EFFECT

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Invite special attention to
Plain Tailored Suits at $75
Featuring several smart models at this price beginning today—of fine materials—in the new "straight line" models—
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Developed in fashionable materials and shades—embodying the fine points in workmanship.

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
French Striped Velvet Knitting or Shopping Bags
Large Size, $18.00—Small Size, $15.00
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

CALL ON GERMANS TO BEAR BURDENS

Berlin Cabinet Issues a Manifesto, Promising Liberty and Social Progress.

WANTS AN EARLY PEACE

Asserts That the Kaiser's Fundamental Rights Are Now Transferred to Nation.

MUTINEERS SHOT AT KIEL

Twenty-nine Killed in Conflict with the Military After a Socialist Meeting.

BASLE, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—The Berlin Government has issued a manifesto signed by the Imperial Chancellor, Prince Max; the Vice Chancellor, Friedrich, von Payer, and the Secretaries of State, appealing to the people to bear their hardships, and assuring them that resolute work is being done for the transformation of Germany into a popular State, which will be behind no State in the world in liberty and social progress.

"The Government and chiefs of the army and navy desire an early peace," continues the manifesto. "Until that is attained we must protect our frontiers from invasion.

"Men and women of Germany, the State and empire are our common future. Your confidence, which is indispensable to us in the hour of danger, is really but the confidence of the German people in itself, in its future—a future of safety for Germany. That aim we have before our eyes. We must already begin to work for happier times, to which the German nation has a right.

"The new Government is engaged in this work. Important work has already been done. Equal suffrage in Prussia is already assured. The new Government has been formed of representatives of the majority parties in the Reichstag.

"The Imperial Chancellor and his colleagues require for continuance in office the confidence of the Reichstag and of the nation. The fundamental rights have been transferred from the person of the Kaiser to the representatives of the nation. The declaration of war and the conclusion of peace require the sanction of the Reichstag."

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—Severe rioting occurred at Kiel on Sunday after a meeting of sailors and laborers which was addressed by an Independent Socialist speaker.

Mutinous sailors disarmed a military patrol and made their way to the military prison with the intention of liberating men confined there for insubordination. The military guards, who were pelted with stones, fired upon the mutineers, killing twenty-nine. The military commander was shot dead.

PRESS PREPARES WAY FOR GERMAN SURRENDER

Pan-German Papers Still Truculent, but Majority Are Believed to be Ready to Give Up.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 5.—The German majority press is preparing the people for a disagreeable surprise in the matter of the armistice terms, and Vorwärts has even dared suggest that a disarmed Germany at the peace table would still be an important factor. There is doubt that the majority party is ready to accept almost any terms, but for the moment the military clique still has the upper hand.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung asserts that there are limits to Germany's peace readiness "especially as we are not beaten and when our armies stand in the enemy's country." The paper says that Germany cannot suffer the humiliation of being disarmed and alludes to the proposed occupation of Germany territory as showing "the grossest desire for destruction by the enemy, who talks of a just peace for our army. Such a capitulation is impossible. * * * Our front is still unbroken and will remain so."

The Tageszeitung calls the retreat a "swinging back movement" and a big plan of the General Staff.

The Cologne Volkszeitung asks if Wilson will propose terms which "a people and army accustomed to victory—victory against a world of enemies—can accept without dishonorable capitulation." The Germany Army, it asserts, has shown that it can resist Foch's armies.

The nucleus of the whole question lies in the fact that both the military and unmilitary in Germany wish that the foreign soldier's foot may never press the precious fatherland's soil. Some German officers who were recently asked why they were fighting a defensive war on enemy soil replied:

"Because we don't want our country devastated. Attack is the best means of defense."

The Tageblatt has an editorial on what it calls the diplomatic battle with Wilson, in which it tries to discover weak spots in the Allies' political liaison and alleges that after four years they are not clear about peace terms.

JUNKERS EXPECTED TO BALK AT TERMS

American Crossing of the Meuse May Affect the German Action on Armistice.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—It is anticipated here that knowledge of the armistice conditions imposed on Austria will momentarily serve the ends of militarism and reaction in Germany. At the same time it is doubted if the ultimate military fate of the enemy can be long delayed by any rally, however important.

The American success in crossing the Meuse is regarded as one of the most potent of recent developments.

The dynastic question in Germany is difficult of solution. There is evidence pointing to the Kaiser's wish to abdicate at the moment of the dispatch of the first note to President Wilson, but the document was withheld by the militarists. Abdication means the appointment of a Regent, for the Crown Prince is more unpopular than the Kaiser, and his brothers rank no better.

It is considered that the Regency of Prince Henry would not improve matters. He is considered to be a brutal, material-minded reactionary.

The Kaiser's present hesitation to abdicate is largely due to these considerations. The weak Government of Prince Max seems incapable of stemming the tide. It is between the rocks of Ludendorff and Liebknecht.

PRO-WAR MEETING IN BERLIN.

Crowd Before Bismarck Monument Protests Humiliating Peace.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—A demonstration was held before the Bismarck monument in Berlin on Sunday in favor of continuing the war, and a resolution was passed protesting against the acceptance of a humiliating peace, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company quoting the Tageblatt of Berlin.

PREDICTS GERMAN YIELDING.

Defeats Leave Little Doubt of Action on Terms, Says Correspondent.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—In sending the news that the Allies have agreed on the armistice conditions for Germany, The Times Paris correspondent says that the allied successes on the French front leave little doubt of Germany's acceptance.

READY TO FIGHT ON, SAYS LLOYD GEORGE

Allies Wait "with Perfect Confidence" Germany's Reply on Armistice.

GREATER ATTACK PLANNED

Forces In East Free to Join—Foch Supreme on All Points—To Punish Cruelty.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—In announcing in the House of Commons today that the Allies had decided that Germany must apply to Marshal Foch for the armistice terms, Premier Lloyd George said that, whatever Germany's reply might be, the associated powers awaited the issue with perfect confidence.

The Premier said that he was unable to give the House detailed information concerning the "complete agreement" which the Allies had reached on the terms to be submitted to Germany. The terms agreed upon had been transmitted to President Wilson with a request that he inform the German Government that if it wished to know the conditions it should apply to Marshal Foch in the usual military form.

When application was made by Germany, it had been decided, the British naval representatives would be associated with Marshal Foch at the conference.

Great Converging Attack Planned.

The terms of the armistice with Austria were announced to the House by the Premier. Commenting on these terms, he said that the most important point was that they gave to the Allies the free use of Austro-Hungarian territory and communications for operations of war.

When it was considered that the events of the last few weeks had liberated all the allied forces operating against Turkey, Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary, and that these forces were to be used in a great converging final attack upon Germany, the full significance of the terms, the Premier said, would be apparent. He referred to the recent British successes on the western front, and assured the Czechoslovaks and the Jugoslavs that their Allies intended to come to their aid as fast as they could.

Mr. Lloyd George said that the Versailles conference had decided that Marshal Foch should be placed in supreme direction of the forces operating against Gremany on all fronts. He paid a tribute to the Italian army and to General Diaz, the Italian Commander in Chief, for the victory "which saw the final removal of a danger that had threatened Italian security and liberty for many centuries."

Punishment For Prison Cruelty.

The names of all enemy army corps commanders or other persons who are known to have been guilty of or have encouraged cruelty to war prisoners will be included in the list of persons whose trial and punishment will be demanded by the Allies, Sir George Cave, the British Home Secretary, announced. Persons who have acquiesced in actual cruelty by subordinates are likewise to be included. It was considered inadvisable at present to state the names of the persons in the list, Sir George said.

The French Government, the Home Secretary added, had been requested to cause all possible steps to be taken to bring to account the commander of the camp at Philippolis, Bulgaria, who was notorious for his ill treatment of British prisoners.

APPLAUD TERMS TO AUSTRIA.

Commons Also Cheer Announcement of Foch's Widened Powers.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—It is significant of the temper of the British nation as represented by Parliament that the two points in the announcements made by Premier Lloyd George in the House of Commons and Lord Curzon in the House of Lords today which aroused the greatest applause were the fourth military clause in the armistice with Austria giving the Allies the free use of Austro-Hungarian communications for continued prosecution of the war against Germany and the statement that Marshal Foch had been unanimously placed at the head of all the forces operating against Germany on all fronts.

Next to these, Lloyd George's description of how the Versailles conclusions regarding Germany's application for an armistice were transmitted to President Wilson with the request that he inform Germany that application as to terms should be made to Foch, aroused the most cheering.

In the lobbies of Parliament and outside the utmost satisfaction was felt at the terms of the armistice imposed upon Austria-Hungary and at the indications given of the character of the Versailles decisions. The general belief is that Foch's terms in conjunction with those of the British Admiralty for Germany, if the latter asks for them, will run on almost similar lines to those dictated to Austria, certain differences in the nature of the situation which would follow Germany's acceptance being taken into consideration.

PREMIERS LEAVE PARIS.

Nation of Czechoslovakia Now Represented at Allied Conference.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—The Interallied Conference having completed its labors at Versailles, Premier Lloyd George left last night for London and Premier Orlando for Rome. The conference reached a complete agreement on the question of terms of an armistice for Germany.

The Government of the new nation of Czechoslovakia is represented in the Interallied Conference. The representative is Mr. Cenes.

WINTERFELDT TRUCE ENVOY?

Selected as German Representative, Says Berlin Paper.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—Germania of Berlin says that General von Winterfeldt, former German Military Attaché at Paris, will conduct the armistice negotiations for Germany on the western front.

General von Winterfeldt held the rank of Major in 1912-1913, and in those years was with the German Embassy at Paris as Military Attaché. He went a great deal in society, but was not a favorite.

In September, 1913, he attended the manoeuvres of the French Army, held in Southwestern France, and there received an ugly fall from his horse which laid him up for several months. He was cared for at a hospital in Bordeaux, and the Government as well as private persons showered him with attention.

When he recovered, early in 1914, he returned to Berlin, where, in interviews and conversations, he showed his feeling toward his late hosts by mercilessly lampooning them.

WAR MAY CONTINUE, CLEMENCEAU WARNS

Victory Certain, but Peace May Not Be So Near as Some Think, He Declares.

GETS OVATION IN CHAMBER

Deputies Laugh at Reference to "Imperial and Democratic Government" in Berlin.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Premier Clemenceau received a wonderful ovation in the Chamber of Deputies today as he read to the Deputies the terms of the armistice with Austria-Hungary. He also announced that terms had been submitted to Germany.

"The terms to Germany," said the Premier, "are what President Wilson himself recommended to us for the security of our troops, the maintenance of our military superiority, and the disarmament of the enmy, in so far as that is necessary to prevent a resumption of hostilities."

M. Clemenceau declared that peace might not be so near as some might think, but that he could assure the Chamber that "the fate of the peoples henceforth was fixed." There was prolonged cheering when he announced that the Allies had obtained the use of all means of transport in Austria-Hungary.

The Premier was hailed as the "Father of Victory" as he mounted the tribune to announce the terms of the Austrian armistice. The Deputies all stood. The ovation lasted several minutes.

During his address following the reading of the armistice terms there was intermittent cheering, especially when the Premier spoke of the approach of full victory, the defeat of Austria-Hungary and the complete glory of France. The usual Socialist interruptions occurred, but the aged Premier remained unperturbed, smothering the taunts of the opposition. The Chamber passed a resolution providing that the speech of M. Clemenceau should be posted throughout France.

"What have I done?" said M. Clemenceau. "It is France that has done it. I have only made the best use I could of the instruments which France has given me. The superior council at Versailles has drawn up the terms of an armistice with Germany. These were sent yesterday to President Wilson, who, if he approves them, will make them known to the 'imperial and Democratic Government.'"

At this point the House burst into laughter.

"It will then be time enough for Germany to address herself to Foch," the Premier added.

The Premier declared that the terms to Germany were inspired, as were those imposed upon Austria, by the purpose to prevent a resumption of hostilities in case Germany should break her word.

When M. Clemenceau referred to himself as "the last signer of the Bordeaux protest against the dismemberment of Alsace-Lorraine," the House rose and cheered him. He paid a tribute to Gambetta and then dealt with conditions after the war, when "the poilu of peace" would have to show himself worthy of the poilu of war.

"Without allies in this war we should not have triumphed," said the Premier. "None of the Allies would have triumphed. Our ancestral enemies, the English, have become our indestructible friends."

Before the Premier read the armistice terms, Paul Deschanel, President of the Chamber, paid an eloquent tribute to the victorious allied armies.

"After Bulgaria, Turkey; after Turkey, Austria," said M. Deschanel. "The Franco-American armies are delivering the Argonne; Anglo-Belgian armies are delivering Flanders; the Italians are at Trent and Trieste.

The whole Chamber rose and turned toward the Italian Ambassador, sitting in the diplomatic gallery, and the Ambassador stood and bowed his acknowledgment. A similar scene was enacted when M. Deschanel referred to the Serblans.

M. Mayeras, Socialist, asked the Government to fix a date for an interpellation as to whether the Government was in accord with President Wilson's fourteen points for peace. Foreign Minister Pichon replied that such an interpellation would be inacceptable as contrary to national interest, being intended to create the belief that there was disagreement between President Wilson and the French Government. The question of the interpellation was voted down 430 to 57.

Pierre Renaudel, leader of the majority Socialists, said he desired to offer an interpellation that the Government should make a declaration on all negotiations, thus ending secret diplomacy. M. Pichon made the matter a question of confidence in the Government, and the House supported the Foreign Secretary by a vote of 410 to 62.

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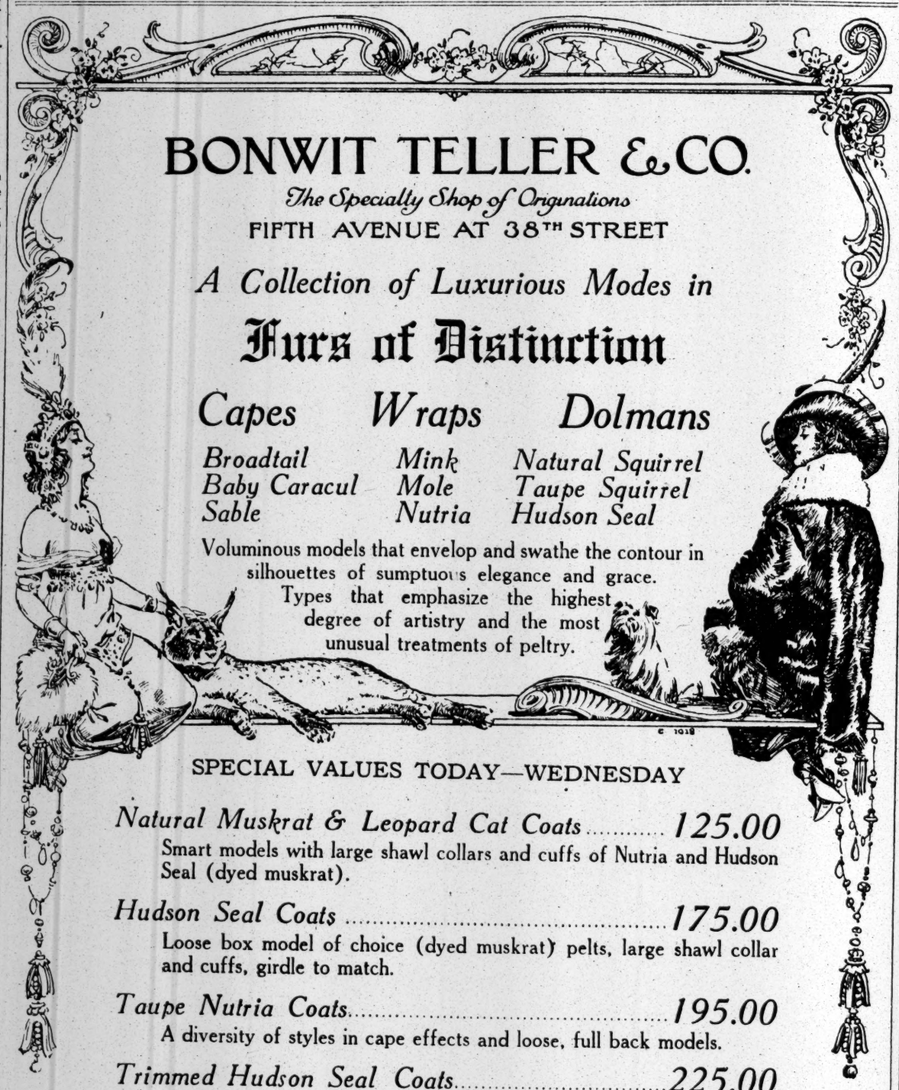

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Smart models with large shawl collars and cuffs of Nutria and Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat).

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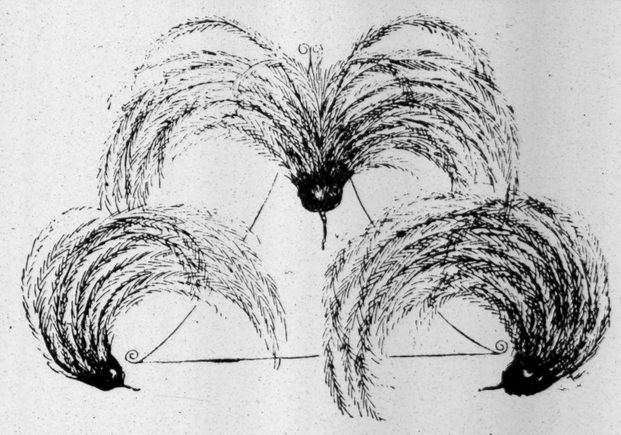

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Men's Bulletin
—TODAY—

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PERSHING REPORTS 1,215 MORE CASUALTIES, BRINGING THE TOTAL UP TO 68,306

184 Dead and 998 Wounded Named In the Latest Lists Given Out

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The War Department issued two lists of army casualties today, which contained 1,215 names, bringing the total for the army up to 64,315. No Marine Corps list was issued, but the total for that branch of the service previously stood at 3,991, making the total for both arms of the service 68,306.

The lists issued today contained the names of 85 killed in action, 31 died of wounds, 68 died of disease, 128 wounded severely, 343 wounded to a degree undetermined, 527 slightly wounded, and 33 missing in action.

SUMMARIES OF CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Reported Nov. 5.	Total.
Killed in action	10,921	85	11,006
Lost at sea	624		624
Died of wounds	4,189	31	4,220
Died of accident and other causes	1,288		1,288
Died of disease	3,817	68	3,885
Total	20,839	184	21,023
Wounded	36,042	908	37,040
Missing, including prisoners.	6,219	33	6,252
Total	63,100	1,215	64,315

CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED NOV. 5.

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident and other Causes.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WA) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Lt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer

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HAWKINS, R. L.; Miss L. Hawkins, Birmingham.(WL)
HATHCOX, WALLACE; M. P. Hathcox, Ragland.(WL)
HEARN, A. Y.; J. S. Hearn, West Butler.(WS)
HEFLIN, FRED; J. H. Heflin, Moulton.(WU)
HIRES, R. M.; Mrs. M. Hires, Little River.(WL)
HOMER, A. W.; J. A. Homer, Parrish.(WL)
HOLLAND, W. T.; Will Holland, Patsburg.(WU)
HOLLIS, KELCIE; R. R. Hollis, Brilliant.(WS)
HOPKINS, H.; Mrs. H. Hopkins, Bessemer—Sgt.(WU)
HUDSON, AUTREY; Mrs. R. S. Clark, Thomasville.(WL)
HUFFMAN, RALPH; Mrs. L. Huffman, Birmingham.(WU)
HUGHEN, W. T.; W. H. Hughen, Rockford.(WS)
HUGHES, A.; J. H. D. Hughes, Oxford.(WU)
HUTTO, GRADY; Mrs. L. Wood, Hartford.(WL)
JOHNSON, HUBERT; Mrs. W. Wilson, Eva.(WU)
KERNODLE, G. E.; J. M. Bates, Birmingham—Corp.(WU)
KIRBY, H. T.; Thomas W. Kirby, Scottsboro.(WU)
LAMAR, L.; Mrs. Eufaula, Eufaula.(WU)
LAMBERT, W. C.; Mrs. M. A. Hall, Jasper.(WL)
LEAGUE, WILL; C. League, Meridianville.(WU)
LEE, SAM; J. F. Lee, Essemer—Sgt.(WU)
LEE, J. J.; J. F. Bessemer—Corp.(WU)
LITTLE, L. D. J. D. Little, Montgomery.(WU)
LOGAN, BENJAMIN; Mrs. M. Logan, Buffalo.(WL)
McGREGOR, R.; Mrs. L. McGregor, Citronelle—Corp.(WL)
McINVALE, POLIE; J. H. McInvale, Hamilton.(WU)
McMURPHY, O. H.; Mrs. D. K. McMurphy, Vredenburg.(WL)
MANNING, BERTE; J. S. Morgan, Morris.(WL)
MATHEWS, H. E.; R. F. Mathews, Black.(WU)
MITCHELL, L. A.; J. Mitchell, Pell City.(WU)
MITCHELL, L.; Mrs. J. Mitchell, Robertsdale.(WU)
MOSELY, SAM; W. L. Mosely, Honoraville.(WU)
NEWELL, E. L.; A. W. Newell, Citronelle.(WU)
NIX, N. M.; Mrs. E. Turner, Saratoga.(MA)
OLOM, E. B.; M. Banon, Atmore.(WU)
OVERTON, H. B.; H. C. Overton, Huntsville.(WU)
OVERTON, V. D.; Mrs. D. Overton, Huntsville.(WU)
PARKER, E. L.; W. Parker, Huntsville.(WL)
PARTAIN, A. T. R. D. Riley, Birmingham—Corp.(WL)
PATTON, THOMAS; Mrs. M. Patton, Madison.(WU)
PEACOCK, C.; A. E. Cumbie, Dothan.(WU)
PEAGLER, JOHN; F. Peagler, Montezuma.(WU)
PETERS, H. P.; D. M. Peters, Ozark—Corp.(WU)
PRICE, J. W.; Mrs. D. Price, Huntsville.(WU)
SALTER, J. W.; W. B. Salter, Opelika.(WU)
SANDERS, FINUS; W. F. Sanders, Huntsville—Corp.(WU)
SANDERS, SAMUEL; B. Grimer, Monmville.(WU)
SHARPTON, L. C.; Mrs. M. C. Sharpton, Alabama City—Sgt.(WL)
SMART, R. W.; F. W. Smart, Oneonto.(WL)
SMITH, JOE; Mrs. A. Smith, Bessemer.(WS)
SPENCE, LEONARD; Mrs. N. Adams, Brewton.(WU)
TREUTEL, A. O.; Mrs. L. R. Treutel, Mobile.(WL)
WALLER, J. J.; C. B. Waller, Ramer—Cook.(WL)
WATFORD, A. B.; M. Watford, Harmonia.(WL)
WHATLEY, W. J.; M. A. Whatley, Birmingham.(WL)
WHITE, T. E.; H. H. White, Jacksonville.(WL)
WILLIAMS, GEORGE; Mrs. M. Williams, Wilsonville.(WL)

ARIZONA.

DE SPAIN, O. F.; Mrs. S. De Spain, Pima.(WL)
KINSMAN, W. A.; C. Kinsman, Verde.(KA)
MARLOW, J. W.; W. Marlow, Flagstaff.(WL)

ARKANSAS.

BLAKE, THEODORE; Mrs. M. Blake, Chidester.(WU)
COTTON, G. E.; G. H. Cotton, Harrison.(WS)
COTTON, LEWIS; E. Cotton, Fort Smith.(WL)
HARRIS, CLEVELAND; Miss M. Harris, Lonoke.(WU)
JONES, ELMER; Mrs. S. Jones, Hot Springs.(WU)
LESSING, W.; Mrs. H. Lessing, Little Rock.(WU)
SPRADLIN, W. B.; P. W. Spradlin, Waldo.(DD)
STONE, C. W.; Miss M. Carroll, Salem.(MA)

CALIFORNIA.

CHAPMAN, C.; C. Chapman, Clayton—Corp.(WL)
DAVIS, OLIVER; Mrs. E. Davis, Oakland.(WS)
FENTON, H. P.; R. Lucas, Los Angeles.(WU)
HUNTINGTON, W. A.; Mrs. M. Abbot, Los Angeles—Sgt.(WU)
JENKINS, C. C.; O. I. Abbott, Salinas—Lt.(DD)
LENCIONI, L. J.; H. Lencioni, Santa Rosa.(WL)
LOGAN, C. F. A. Logan, Thaxton.(WU)
MADZON, PETE; T. Fatrell, Redding.(WU)
NICHOLS, J. F.; Mrs. J. H. Nichols, Mendicino City.(KA)
O'DAY, WILLIAM; D. O'Day, San Francisco.(WU)
PIOU, ALFRED, J. Piou, Anaheim.(WU)
SACKETT, R. F.; Mrs. G. R. Sackett, Long Beach—Lt.(WL)

COLORADO.

CARLSON, FRED; Mrs. S. Carlson, Starkville.(WU)
CLARK, FRANK; Mrs. M. T. Clark, Denver.(WU)
HALL, R. L.; Mrs. A. I. Hall, Denver—Sgt.(DD)
HARROD, S. K.; S. L. Harrod, Denver—Lt.(WU)
HINE, J. M.; Mrs. E. Cowpersthwat, Coal Creek.(WL)
NACCARATO, JOHN; C. Naccarato, Starkville.(WU)
OSLAR, E. H.; E. J. Oslar, Denver.(WU)

CONNECTICUT.

DOOLEY, E. M.; Miss J. Dooley, Hartford—Wagn.(WL)
FREEDMAN, ARCHIBALD; C. Miller, New Canaan.(WL)
FROST, R. C.; Mrs. J. Frost, New Britain.(WU)
GARDNER, E. E.; E. L. Gardner, Wallingford—Sgt.(WL)
HANSOM, R. F.; C. R. Hansom, 355 Pequot Av., New London—Lt.(WS)
LANZONI, V.; Mrs. F. Varri, 49 College St., New Haven—Corp.(WL)
LEVY, LOUIS; J. J. Lemyer, Waterbury—Wagn.(WL)
LIEDBERG, E. T.; Mrs. A. Liedberg, Georgetown.(WL)
MONSEES, J. R.; Mrs. M. Monsees, Moosup.(WL)
MORRISON, W. E.; Mrs. J. E. Morrison, 214 Whaley Av., New Haven.(WU)
MORSE, L.; Mrs. M. Morse, Southington.(WU)
NOTARNICOLO, V. M.; G. Colapinto, Bristol.(WU)
OBERLIN, A. F.; Mrs. A. C. Oberlin, Hamden—Capt.(MA)
O'BRIEN, J. C.; Mrs. N. C. O'Brien, Hartford.(WL)
PARTRIDGE, J. P.; Mrs. M. O'Callahan, Wallingford.(WL)
ROBBINS, L. W.; E. F. Robbins, Hartford—Bgl.(WL)
SARNOZKY, J. W.; Sarnozky, 37 Lillster St., Bridgeport.(WU)
WOLFEIL, C.; J. M. L. Wolfel, Springdale—Sgt.(MA)
ZACCARO, JOHN; L. Zaccaro, Hartford—Corp.(WL)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

MAEDEL, W. A.; M. Wright, Washington—Corp.(WU)
MEEKS, D. L.; Mrs. W. L. Meeks, Washington.(WL)

FLORIDA.

CAMUS, J. M.; Miss M. Camus, Key West.(WL)
COOK, T. R.; W. A. Cook, Delray.(WU)
CROSBY, LATTRELL; M. B. Crosby, Contry.(WU)
DENNIS, D. R.; P. M. Dennis, Paxton.(WU)
JAMERSON, C. E.; Mrs. R. E. Jamerson, Bell.(DD)
WESTBROOK, J. W.; S. Westbrook, Palatka.(WS)

GEORGIA.

BRUNSON, H. S.; Mrs. B. J. Brunson, Savannah.(WU)
CHENAULT, CABE; Mrs. M. S. Chenault, Tignall.(DD)
COLLINS, PRESTON; P. G. Collins, Dublin—Sgt.(WL)
DREWERY, G. H.; L. N. Drewery, Griffin—Sgt.(WS)
GODBOLD, J. M.; Mrs. R. Godbold, Savannah.(WU)
HARBIN, D. H.; Mrs. E. Harbin, Atlanta.(WS)
HARPER, GRAFTER; Mrs. W. Harper, McDonough.(WU)
HAY, A. M.; Miss K. E. Hay, Stone Mountain.(WL)
HORTON, TOMMIE; Mrs. M. M. Horton, Sparta.(DD)
JONES, EDWARD; Miss S. Lang, Columbus.(WL)
JONES, SIDNEY; Mrs. M. P. Jones, Butts.(DD)
McQUAIG, NAPOLEAN; C. A. McQuaig, Baconton.(WL)
MURKERSON, G. F.; B. F. Murkerson, Enalhan.(WS)
TURNER, B. S.; L. C. Turner, Americus.(WL)
WEAVER, A. G.; Mrs. M. Weaver, Pelham.(WS)
WILSON, HENRY; Mrs. C. Wilson, Canton.(WU)
WOOTEN, JULIUS; M. Wooten, Trion.(DW)

IDAHO.

DASCH, C. W.; F. A. Dasch, Welser.(WS)
GELTZ, F. E.; C. H. Geltz, Genesee.(WL)
JOHNSON, P. G.; Mrs. T. Tompkins, Mountain Home—Corp.(KA)
MADSEN, CHRIS; L. L. Madsen, Shelley.(WU)

ILLINOIS.

ARONSON, JOSEPH; Mrs. I. Aronson, Chicago.(WL)
BECKER, T. G.; T. Becker, Forreston.(WU)
BERNARD, F. M.; E. E. Bernard, Serena.(WU)
BIGGS, I. N.; I. N. Bigga, Greenview.(WU)
BRADLEY, M. E.; Mrs. A. Bradley, Chicago—Corp.(WS)
BURNSTEIN, H. P.; Mrs. S. Burnstein, Chicago.(WU)
CONLEY, W. A.; Mrs. M. Jensen, Chicago—Sgt.(WU)
CULLENBINE, F. A.; Mrs. N. Cullenbine, Chicago.(WU)
DERENGOWSKI, P.; Mrs. R. Derengowski, Chicago.(WU)
DEVERICKS, L.; Mrs. M. Deverick, Charleston.(WU)
DISSETT, J. L.; Mrs. K. Dissett, East St. Louis.(WU)
DOLATOWSKI, W.; Mrs. N. Dulatowski, Chicago.(WU)
DUNCHEON, L. A.; J. Duncheon, Virginia.(WU)
ERDMANN, RUDOLPH; W. Erdmann, Chicago—Sgt.(KA)
FAYETTE, P. A.; T. D. Chamberlain, Berwyn.(WU)
FITZNER, PAUL; Mrs. B. Kaphammer, Chicago.(KA)
FOSNAUGH, CECIL; Mrs. H. R. Calen, Decatur.(KA)
FREEBORG, G. J.; Mrs. A. Freborg, Kankakee.(WU)
GOFF, F. E.; Mrs. C. E. Goff, Chicago.(WL)
GOLDSCHMIDT, W. F.; Mrs. H. A. Goldschmidt, Chicago—Lt.(WU)
GORDON, R. K.; Mrs. G. Shepolsky, Chicago.(WL)
GORMAN, J. J.; Mrs. J. Gorman, Chicago.(WL)
GOTTLIEB, D. R.; I. Gottlieb, Chicago.(WU)
GRAHLFS, C. V. H.; F. G. Grahlfs, Cicero.(WU)
GRAYSON, G. J.; Mrs. J. Moton, Chicago—Corp.(WL)
GREENWICH, ADOLPH; P. Greenwich, Joliet.(WU)
GUMBEL, C. H.; C. Gumbel, San Jose.(WU)
HEIDE, A. F.; F. Heide, Palatine.(WU)
HESS, C. C.; C. Hess, Poag.(WU)
HOMER, J. A.; J. A. Homer, Freeport—Sgt.(WU)
HULL, OWEN C.; Hull, Barry.(WU)
JACKSON, C. E.; J. A. Jackson, Indianola.(WU)
JAHNKE, WILLIAM; J. Jahnke, Barrington.(WU)
JENSEN, C. J.; Jensen, Lodi—Corp.(WU)
KALISZ, W. F.; Dr. W. F. Kallsz, Chicago.(WL)
KNYTYCH, JOHN; S. Knytych, Chicago—Bgl.(WL)
KREIWIS, G. M.; Mrs. A. Berwick, Chicago.(WL)
LOX, LUCIUS; Mrs. M. Cox, Gladstone.(WU)
MANN, W. H. G. Mann, Harvey—Corp.(WU)
MEYERS, G. A.; O. M. Meyers, Milledgeville.(WL)
MILLER, B. J.; P. Miller, Chicago—Corp.(WU)
MILLER, J. J.; J. Miller, Rockton.(WU)
NELSON, JOHN; E. Nordquist, Chicago.(WS)
NELSON, WILLIAM; Mrs. M. W. Nelson, Chicago.(WU)
O'NEIL, HARRY; P. O'Neil, Chicago.(WU)
PARICE, JOHN; V. Parice, Chicago.(WU)
PIGGOTT, P. J.; Mrs. Piggott, Chicago.(WU)
POOL, R. G.; Mrs. B. Pool, Bellmont.(WL)
POPE, HAROLD; Dr. E. I. Pope, Chicago.(WU)
POPE, W. H. Pope, Wadsworth—Lt.(WL)
RUBENSTEIN, H. B.; Rubenstein, Chicago.(WU)
SCHLESINGER, H. D. Schlesinger, Chicago—Sgt.(WU)
SCHLINSKI, JOSEPH; A. Schlinski, Chicago—Sgt.(KA)
SMITH, G. A.; Mrs. Myrtle Smith, Patoka.(WU)
SOKOLOWSKI, F.; Sokolowski, Schoolcraft.(WU)
STAVERS, H. E.; Mrs. E. J. Stavers, Chicago—Corp.(WU)
WAGNER, W. F.; Mrs. Essie Patton, Bloomington.(WL)
WARREN, J. T.; T. M. Warren, Chicago—Sgt.(WL)
WIRANS, G. L.; A. D. Wirans, Peoria—Corp.(WU)
WVIEDER, PETE; Walter Wvieder, Chicago.(WS)

INDIANA.

ANDERSON, F.; Mrs. M. E. Anderson, Shelbyville.(WL)
BALDWIN, E. L.; Mrs. R. Talcott, South Bend—Sg

PERSHING REPORTS MORE CASUALTIES

Continued from Page Six.

	Rep'ted. Now	Rep'ted. Prev'ly
HANNAH, A. W., Lucy, Tenn.	(WU)	(MA)
HARDIN, HUGH, Haynesville, Iowa	(RD)	(MA)
HARLOW, ODIES, De Quincey, Iowa	(WS)	(MA)
HASLAM, G. H., Carlisle, Penn.—Corp.	(P)	(MA)
HATCH, G. L., Shelby, Ohio	(WS)	(MA)
HENRY, A. L., Prescott, Mich.	(RD)	(MA)
HICKMAN, J. C., Owosso, Mich.	(In Hosp)	(DW)
HOCK, W. H., Chicago	(WS)	(MA)
HUFF, J. S., Confluence, Ky.	(KA)	(MA)
HUNT, J. S., Woodsville, N. H.	(DW)	(MA)
JONES, H. E., Cleveland—Corp.	(WU)	(KA)
JUSTIO, NICK, Chicago	(WL)	(MA)
KRASEVICH, MARTIN, Pueblo, Col.	(WL)	(MA)
LAWRENCE, PRIMO, Seattle, Wash.	(RD)	(MA)
LEBLANC, A. G., Chicago	(WL)	(MA)
LEONARD, W. H., Marshville, N. C.	(WS)	(MA)
LEWANDOWSKI, S., Chicago—Mch.	(In Hosp)	(MA)
LOCKWOOD, JOSEPH, Ft. Yates, N. D.	(WS)	(MA)
MAOLE, A. R., Hickory, Penn.—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
MARGRAVE, C. F., Olustee, Okla.	(WU)	(MA)
MARRONE, SAM, Mulberry, Kan.	(RD)	(MA)
MEDARIO, J. A., Louisiana, Mo.	(WL)	(MA)
MEYERS, D. R., Paulding, Ohio—Sgt.	(WS)	(MA)
MERINGALO, C., Worcester, Mass.	(DW)	(MA)
MILLAN, B. V., Menlo, Wash.	(WS)	(MA)
MOSKOWITZ, I. W., Shellville, Cal.	(WU)	(MA)
MOWERS, R. A., Seattle, Wash.	(KA)	(WS)
NICHOLS, LEE, San Francisco	(RD)	(MA)
PARKER, LEROY, Houston, Texas	(WS)	(MA)
PENZEL, F. O., Chicago	(RD)	(MA)
POWELL, G. O., Glendale, N. Y.—Mch.	(KA)	(MA)
PRINCE, OLIVER, Morton, Miss.	(WL)	(MA)
RESNICK, SAMUEL, Russia	(WS)	(KA)
RICHARDS, PHILLIP, Fitchburg, Mass.	(WS)	(MA)
RILEY, MICHAEL, Ireland	(KA)	(MA)
RIPPA, ANGELO, Old Forge, Penn.	(RD)	(MA)
ROEHRIG, RICHARD, St. Louis	(KA)	(MA)
ROSE, O. D., Fowlerville, Mich.	(RD)	(MA)
RUSSO, M. D., Boston	(In Hosp)	(MA)
RYAN, J. W., Providence, R. I.	(WU)	(MA)
SANDERS, J. W., Greensboro, Ga.	(RD)	(MA)
SANDS, C. B., Richmond, Va.—Lt.	(DW)	(MA)
SANDUSKY, JOSEPH, Stanwood, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
SCANLEN, H. B., 347 Gates Av., Brooklyn—Lt.	(WL)	(DW)
SCHMELL, L. E., Augusta, Ark.	(WS)	(MA)
SHANAHAN, J. J., Philadelphia—Sgt.	(RD)	(MA)
SHANNON, R. L., Lansford, Penn.	(RD)	(MA)
SIEVERS, H. N., Marquette, Mich.	(WS)	(MA)
SHULTZ, ARTHUR, Reeder, N. D.	(WL)	(MA)
SMARSH, PHILLIP, Austria	(WL)	(MA)
SPRINGFIELD, A., Bradley Beach, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
STAGG, H. E., Garland, La.	(RD)	(MA)
STEIFFER, F. W., Harrisburg, Penn.	(In Hosp)	(MA)
STEPHENS, J. R., Brunswick, Ga.	(In Hosp)	(MA)
STEPHAN, ADOLPH, Coal Ridge, Mon.	(WU)	(KA)
STOPKA, J. P., Chicago	(RD)	(MA)
THOMPSON, J. R., Augusta, Ga.	(WU)	(MA)
TITUS, R. E., Excelsior Springs, Mo.	(RD)	(MA)
TROUT, W. E., Blasdell, N. Y.	(RD)	(MA)
VAN DORN, RAY, Hoopeston, Ill.	(WS)	(MA)
VAUGHAN, E. J., Cambridge, Mass.	(RD)	(MA)
VAULK, JOHN, Cleveland	(RD)	(MA)
VORENHAUT, J. F., Hoboken, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
WELLENS, PAUL, Chaska, Minn.	(WS)	(MA)
WETHINGTON, CHARLES, Liberty, Ky.	(WS)	(MA)
WHITE, R. E., Saginaw, Mich.—Sgt.	(WU)	(KA)
WERNSMAN, A. L., Patoka, Ill.	(WL)	(MA)
WIENER, SAMUEL, Philadelphia	(RD)	(MA)
WILSON, W. L., Scottsville, Ark.	(WU)	(MA)
WOCIATZKE, E. W., Kendall, N. Y.	(KA)	(WS)
WRIGHT, G. W., Moores, Penn.—Corp.	(WS)	(MA)
WRIGHT, L. L., Marshall, Mich.	(WL)	(KA)
YOUNG, H. M., 254 W. 128th St., N. Y. C.	(WS)	(MA)
ZAIRD, J. T., McAlton, Penn.	(WU)	(MA)
ZEMAJTIS, G. V., Beloit, Wis.	(In Hosp)	(MA)

DECORATES SEVEN FOR GALLANTRY IN ACTION

Pershing Awards Distinguished Service Cross to Aviation Officers and an Infantry Private.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

Private Harold Batley, Co. C, 308th Infantry. "For extraordinary heroism in action near Badonvillers, France, June 24, 1918. Private Batley, after two patrols had failed, volunteered and went alone, to the grouped combat, through the barrage, and brought back information of the highest value." Home address: John A. Batley, father, Orchard Street, Rochester, N. Y.

Major Carl Spatz, Pilot, Air Service. "For extraordinary heroism in action during the St. Mihiel offensive, Sept. 26, 1918. Major Spatz, although he had received orders to go to the United States, begged for and received permission to serve with a pursuit squadron at the front. Subordinating himself to men of lower rank, he was attached to a squadron as a pilot, and saw conditions of orduous service through the offensive. As a result of his efficient work he was promoted to the position of Flight Commander. Knowing that another attack was to take place in the vicinity of Verdun, he remained on duty in order to take part. On the day of the attack west of the Meuse, while with his patrol over enemy lines, a number of enemy aircraft were encountered. In the combat that followed he succeeded in bringing down two enemy planes. In his ardor and enthusiasm he became separated from his patrol while following another enemy far beyond the lines. His gas giving out, he was forced to land and managed to land within friendly territory. Through these acts he became an inspiration and example to all men with whom he was associated."

First Lieut. Karl G. Payne, Air Service, 20th Aero Squadron. "For extraordinary heroism in action near Longuyon, France, Sept. 16, 1918. Starting on a very important daylight bombing mission with five other planes, Lieut. Payne, observer, went on alone when the other five planes were forced to turn back. On crossing the German lines, he was attacked by three enemy planes. Using his guns to keep the enemy at bay, he went on, reached his objective, and dropped his bombs on the railroad junction, cutting the line. On his way back four more planes joined in the attack, but keeping them at bay with the guns he reached the allied lines." Home address: Edward Payne, father, 10 Myrtle Street, Belmont, Mass.

First Lieut. Cecil G. Sellers, Air Service, 20th Aero Squadron. "For extraordinary heroism in action near Longuyon, France, Sept. 16, 1918. Starting on a very important bombing mission with five other planes, Lieutenant Sellers, pilot, went on alone when the other five machines were forced to turn back. On crossing the enemy lines, he was attacked by three enemy planes, but continued toward his objectives while his observer kept them at bay. In the face of this hostile opposition the objective was reached and their bombs dropped. On the way back four more planes joined in the attack, but fighting them off they reached our lines with valuable information, after a fight lasting thirty-eight minutes." Home address: Hamilton Sellers, brother, 350 Stonewall Place, Memphis, Tenn.

First Lieut. Bradley J. Gaylord, pilot, first day bombardment groups Air Service. "For extraordinary heroism in action between Chambley and Xannes, France, Sept. 13, 1918. Lieutenant Gaylord, while leading an important mission with two other planes, was attacked by fifteen enemy planes. Nevertheless, he and his observer carried out the mission, bombed the objective in a running fight, and shot down at least one enemy plane." Home address: Mrs. Harvey R. Gaylord, mother, 113 High Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

First Lieut. Charles B. Dolive, pilot, Air Service, 93 Aero Squadron. "For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Benoit, France, Sept. 12, 1918. Lieutenant Dolive, in conjunction with another American pilot, engaged and fought five enemy planes. Outnumbered and fighting against tremendous odds, Lieutenant Dolive shot down three enemy planes and outfought the entire enemy formation." Home address: Mrs. E. [illegible]n Dolive, 4,040 Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

First Lieut. J. Dickinson Este, 13th Aero Squadron, Air Service. "For extraordinary heroism in action near Chambley, France, Sept. 13, 1918. Lieutenant Este was leading an offensive patrol of five machines when a formation of seven enemy single-seaters approached the patrol from above. Although outnumbered and in a very disadvantageous position, he did not hesitate to lead his patrol to the attack. Through the combat which followed Lieutenant Este fought with the greatest bravery in spite of the fact that he was himself attacked by two enemy planes which fired at him point blank at range from the rear and above. By his skill and courage, he was able to keep his formation together, and they succeeded in shooting down three of the enemy planes, of which Lieutenant Este himself destroyed one and drove down another out of control."

PRAISES OUR ARMIES FOR GIGANTIC TASK

Military Expert Says They Face Half Enemy's Total Strength in Difficult Sector.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The following comes to me from a high military authority not connected with the American Army:

"In front of the American armies in the Argonne and on the Meuse is concentrated practically 50 per cent. of the total German strength. That estimate is arrived at by taking into consideration the fact that the German troops, of which the number is very large, include the pick of the German Army, considerably more than half the Germans' total artillery and considerably more than half their machine gun strength.

"Furthermore, the country is most difficult on the whole front. The Americans have got to fight for every inch and kill that fellow that is holding it. Machine guns are thick as rifles are on the ordinary front and are handled by the most experienced machine gunners in the world. When these conditions are considered, it is obvious what an important part the American Army is playing in the final assault on militarism.

"Pershing's conduct of this offensive and the fine staff work of the Americans swell the courage and all-round competency of the American soldiers, who have splendidly vindicated the military judgment in assigning this great final task to the American armies.

"Marshal Foch realizing that this was a most difficult and vital section of the front, the post of honor was given to the American. This sector heretofore was considered impracticable as a place where an offensive could be maintained. One of the greatest battles of the war—a European Battle of the Wilderness—is now being fought by Pershing. While entirely lacking in spectacular characteristics, the operation is proving successful, and it is a battle that will loom large when the history of the war is written."

Gorgas Gets Italian Decoration.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Major Gen. William C. Gorgas has been made a grand officer of the Order of the Crown of Italy in recognition of his services in military sanitation. The order was presented today by Major Gen. Emilio Guglielmotti, military attaché of the Italian Embassy.

There Are A Thousand Ways

to help the Government not only during the war but immediately after the war.

Household Economy Is One

Take the sugar subject for instance:

WASTE OF SUGAR

THE following bulletin was among the most forceful and effective bits of conservation propaganda at the New York Food Show last month. It was put out by the National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey:

"Save the waste!

"One hundred million cups coffee used daily in United States.

"Seventy million cups tea used daily in United States.

"One hundred and seventy million cups tea and coffee.

"If even an average of half a teaspoonful of sugar per cup is left undissolved at the bottom of cups of tea and coffee the waste would be 1,700,000 pounds of sugar daily.

"Stir your sugar until it dissolves. It's estimated that one-third to one-half of all sugars used in homes is used in tea and coffee. Think it over—how is it in your home? Isn't there a chance for saving?"

From New York Times Sunday, September 29, 1918.

For a table drink select the one requiring the least sugar

INSTANT POSTUM

Tastes like excellent coffee

Postum Needs Less Sugar

"There's a Reason"

Do Your Christmas Shopping Early

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Store Hours, until further notice, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Carry Home Small Packages

A Sale of French Lace Curtains

For Today and Thursday—A Limited Number

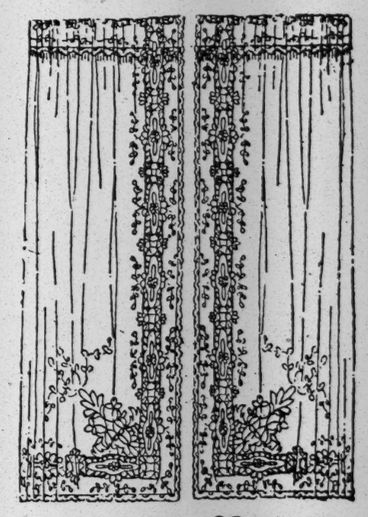
At the Very Special Price

$15.00 pair

The opportunity is an unusual one, and as the consignment is small, early selection is advisable.

The collection comprises hand-made Laced Arabe and Marie Antoinette Curtains

mounted on the finest quality French Cable Net, in elaborate and beautiful patterns for Dining Room, Living Room and Library Windows.



Marquisette and Filet Lace Curtains

$2.95, $3.35, $3.95 pair

Over 1,100 pairs of these very desirable Curtains purchased at great price concessions from one of the leading manufacturers and placed on Sale at prices that insure immediate disposal.

All are 2½ yards long; in white, ivory and ecru, finished with lace edges, or insertion and edges.

Filet Curtain Nets,* 45c *Yd.

38 inches wide, white, ivory or ecru; many attractive designs for living room or dining room curtains.

Scotch Curtain Muslins,* 40c *Yd.

45 inches wide, very fine quality sheer white, for bedroom windows; a very special offering.

Scrims and Marquisettes,* 28c *Yd.

Figured and plain, with woven border, white, ivory or ecru; a very serviceable quality.

Imported Grenadines,* 85c *Yd.

With colored designs, suitable for bedroom draperies; blue, yellow, rose, mauve and green motifs; very artistic and decorative.

Fifth Floor.

Just 110 of These Popular and Wanted No. XIA Victrolas at $115.00

SELECT your Victrola at once if you desire to be absolutely sure of getting one. There's a scarcity of these Victrolas—especially this size—and this scarcity will be more pronounced as the season advances.

Restricted manufacture precludes any dealer securing all the Victrolas—wanted—as many as could be sold.

Make arrangements for your Victrola now—you can enjoy musical evenings while completing payments—if you care to buy on

Terms that will place a Victrola in the reach of every one. **$6** down and **$6** a month

brings a Victrolas promptly to your home—an investment you will never regret.

No. XIA Victrola in mahogany—English brown mahogany—fumed oak—golden oak—and drift wood—a demonstration involves no obligation.

A complete line of Victrolas for immediate delivery—ranging in price—$22.50, $32.50, $50.00, $60.00, $90.00, $115.00, $175.00 and up to $500.00.

Seventh Floor.

Exceptional!

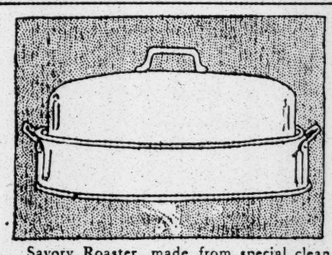
75 *Seamless Wilton Rugs* Size 9x12 feet **$67.50**

A remarkably low price for Rugs of this quality

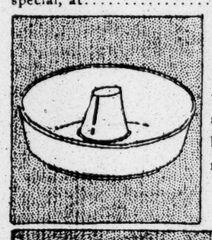
These Rugs are made of an extra fine grade of worsted yarn and are in an excellent assortment of the most desirable designs and colorings—Chinese and small, neat two-tone effects.

If you require a high grade Rug investigate this unusual offering

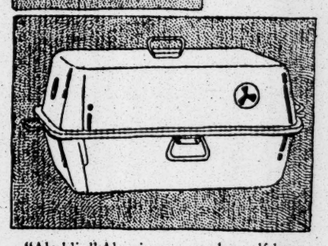
Fifth Floor.



Savory Roaster, made from special clean blued steel. Due to its design the Savory holds a large roast, and fits a small oven. Self basting and self browning, size 11x17, special, at.....$1.60



Parsons Nut Bowl, hardwood, finished in mahogany shade; anvil and hammer in brushed copper plate or bright nickel plate, at.....$2.85



"Aladdin" Aluminum seamless self-basting, double roasting pan. This same utensil makes a splendid bread or cake box, a fruit canner, and provides two excellent bake pans. It is truly an every-day utensil. Size 11x16, $5.45; size 12x17...$6.20

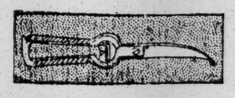
For the Thanksgiving Dinner

Roasting Pans, that will make the Turkey tender, succulent, deliciously brown.

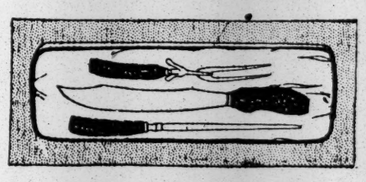
Poultry Shears and Carving Sets to serve it to perfection.

Percolators and Nut Bowls for the finishing delights of the feast.

All at prices that the housewife will appreciate for their economy.



Nickel plated poultry scissors at.....$3.25

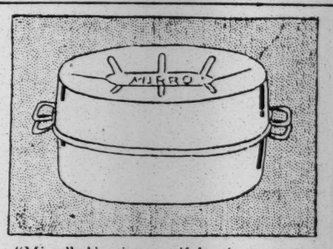


Carving Sets, 3-piece finest American steel; knife, 9-in. blade; fork, with guard, and 8-in. sharpening steel; stag handles, nickel silver ferules and cap, every set in fancy lined box at.....$3.35

Same as above with 8-in. knife.....$2.95

New Housefurnishing Department,

Seventh Floor.



"Mirro" Aluminum self basting seamless roasting pan, size 11x16, at.....$4.65

"Universal" Aluminum Stove Percolator made of pure highly polished aluminum, ebonized handles. "Universal" percolators effect four-fold economy in saving of coffee, time, labor and money. 6 cup size, $5.25

9 cup size.....$5.95

"Wear Ever" Aluminum Roaster. A whole meal may be prepared in this one utensil. All over one burner. A meal consisting of a roast, baked potatoes, macaronis, and even a dessert, such as baked apples or a pudding, may be prepared at one time. Size 10x14, at $4.85; 11x16, at.....$5.90

LIEUT. A. W. TALLEY KILLED IN ACTION

Gave Directions for Continuing Advance of His Platoon and Then Expired.

MAJOR PADDOCK WOUNDED

Nephew of Gen. Pershing on the Casualty List for the Second Time —Other New Yorkers Named.

Lieutenant Allen W. Talley, a son of Dr. W. Warren Talley of 286 West Eighty-ninth Street, was killed in action on Oct. 7. Word to this effect was received by Dr. Talley from Major Gen. Lejeune, who wrote that Lieutenant Talley, a member of Co. A of the Fifth Machine Gun Battalion, was killed by a high explosive shell while his company was advancing with the 3d Battalion of the 23d Infantry. He remained conscious about fifteen minutes after being wounded and gave directions concerning the advance of the platoon. He was buried by Captain Chester J. Hirschfelder a few hours after his death in the town of St. Etienne. Lieutenant Talley was 24 years of age. He was a graduate of Princeton, Class of 1916, editor of The Princetonian, and a member of the 'Varsity baseball team. He was also a member of the Princeton Club of New York. He attended the first Plattsburg camp, was assigned to Syracuse temporarily, and then went to France in September, 1917, with his regiment.

Lieutenant Alfred W. Gardner of Co. E, 305th Infantry, 77th Division, was killed in action on Oct. 4 in the Argonne Forest, according to information received by his mother, Mrs. Alfred W. Gardner of this city. Lieutenant Gardner was leading his men forward when he was struck by a machine gun bullet.

Lieutenant Ridgely Fernald Hanscom of New London, Conn., seriously wounded, was the son of the late Charles R. Hanscom of New London, who died at his home in New London last Thursday. The father built the ocean-going steamers Minnesota and Dakota, was a draftsman and naval expert for the Navy Department at Washington for ten years, and had been General Superintendent of the Bath Iron Works at Bath, Me., engaged in building Government and merchant vessels.

Lieutenant Herbert R. Vanderbilt of Brooklyn has been missing since Sept. 26. He went abroad last May with Co. B, 311th Infantry. When the United States entered the war he was among the first National Guardsmen to attend the Officers' Training Camp at Madison Barracks. Upon receiving his commission he went to Camp Dix.

Lieutenant Edward J. Bonney of 1,126 Fiftieth St., Brooklyn, is recovering from wounds he suffered on Sept. 2. He is a member of Co. M, 106th Infantry. While he was training at Camp Wadsworth, where he had been transferred from the 23d Regiment, in which he had originally enlisted, he was selected to attend the Officers' Training Camp. Bonney is 24 years of age and received his secondary training at the Bay Ridge High School.

Lieutenant John B. McVick of the Aviation Corps died in France on Sept. 26 of bronchial pneumonia, according to a letter from the War Department, received by his mother, Mrs. Mary L. McVick of Morristown, N. J. The Lieutenant enlisted in the Princeton Aviation Corps, was transferred to the Lake Charles, La., Aviation Field, where he qualified as pilot and went to France in September. He was taken ill on shipboard and died a few days after landing on French soil.

Lieutenant William Bradley of the Marine Corps, a former member of the business staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died of wounds received in action on Oct. 4. He was 22 years of age, and went to France in August of last year with the first of the Marine Corps fighting units. He was promoted to a Lieutenancy four months ago. Lieutenant Bradley joined the 22d Regiment of Engineers in February, 1916, and served with that command on the Mexican border. He became connected with THE TIMES in 1911, and remained in its employ up to the time Congress declared war. In the first month of the war he was transferred from the National Guard to the marines. He was a son of Mrs. Elizabeth Bradley of 250 Lenox Avenue.

Lieutenant Sheldon E. Hoadley of Battery D of the 305th Field Artillery of the 77th Division, was killed during the Argonne Forest operations on Oct. 15. He was a son of Russell H. Hoadley of 31 West Fifty-eighth Street, and a Yale graduate of the class of 1915. Lieutenant Hoadley was 25 years of age and received his preliminary training at the 1917 Plattsburg camp. A memorial service will be held for him in St. Bartholomew's Chapel at 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Major Richard Bolles Paddock, one of the first American field officers to be wounded after General Pershing's divisions went into action, has again been wounded. His wife lives at 46 Hamilton Place. Major Paddock is a West Pointer of the class of 1914, and is a nephew of General Pershing. In 1916, during the Mexican expedition, he was a member of his uncle's staff. Major Paddock's father was the late Captain R. B. Paddock of the Regular Army of the 6th Cavalry. Major Paddock was on duty in New York when Congress declared war. He was one of the first officers of the Signal Corps ordered overseas. He is 27 years of age and is one of the youngest Majors in the army.

Major Guy S. Brewer of the Rainbow Division has been wounded. He is a battalion commander of the 168th Infantry, which is the Iowa unit. His home is in Des Moines.

Lieut. H. A. Riedel of Co. I. of the 308th Infantry was wounded during the Argonne Forest battle. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Riedel of 149 President Street, Brooklyn, and a Princeton graduate of the class of 1916. Before the war he was in the export business at 90 Wall Street. He was trained at Plattsburg.

Sergeant Frank Goerse, dead of wounds, was in Company B of the 316th Machine Gun Battalion. His wife, Mrs. Helen Goerse, lives at 573 East 136th Street, the Bronx.

Arthur A. Jackman, killed on Sept. 27, was a member of Company F of the 105th Infantry of the New York Division. He was a son of William Jackman of 219 Saw Mill River Road, Yonkers.

William T. Hickman, killed, was a member of Company K of the 106th Infantry. He was a New York letter carrier when he enlisted in the first month after Congress declared war. His home was at 55 Stanhope Street, Brooklyn.

Corporal Benjamin Eddington, wounded, is a son of Mrs. M. Eddington of 156 Skillman Street, Brooklyn. He is in Company E of the 308th Infantry.

Corporal Peter McCoy, wounded on Oct. 10, went overseas with the 107th Infantry. He is married and has a home at 136 Sherman Avenue, Jersey City.

Curtis S. Webster, killed, was a member of the military police unit of the New York Division. He was the youngest son of Hosea Webster of Montclair.

Thomas F. Neary, dead of wounds, was a brother of Miss Delia Neary of 83 East Thirty-ninth Street. He was in the Seventy-seventh Division.

Corporal Joseph F. Overdunker, wounded, is in the 305th Machine Gun Battalion of the Upton Division. He is 26 years of age and a nephew of Mrs. Anna Miller of 72 Park Avenue, Brooklyn.

Corporal Robrt J. McCann, wounded, is a son of Daniel McCann of 409 Hudson Avenue, Brooklyn. He is a member of Company M of the 305th Infantry.

Vincent Dillon, killed, was a son of Mrs. Harriett Dillon of 4 Linnaeus Place, Flushing. He was formerly in the Tenth New York Infantry and went to France with the 107th Infantry of the New York Division.

Corporal Joseph Palmer, Jr., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Palmer of 138 New Locust Street, Flushing, has been killed. He was in the New York Division.

James Watts, wounded, is a nephew of Thomas Wiley of 196 Sanford Street, East Orange. He is in the 302d Engineers. In addition to other injuries he has lost his right eye.

John Holmes, killed, was in the New York Division. He is 21 years of age, and lived, when he enlisted, in Flushing.

Salvatore Buscemo, killed, was in Company M of the 105th Infantry. He was a son of Mrs. Rafaello Buscemo of 205 Avenue A.

Everett R. Ayers, dead of pneumonia, was in the 105th Machine Gun Battalion of the New York Division. His home was at 1,707 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn.

Corporal Vernon Baker, killed, was in Company E of the 114th Infantry. His home was in Asbury Park.

Corporal Philip E. Brouillet, wounded, is in Company K of the 307th Infantry. His wife, Mrs. Mabel Brouillet, lives at 322 Palmetto Street, Brooklyn.

Ernest A. Brodbeck, wounded, is in Company F of the 9th Infantry. His home is at 62 North Clinton Street, East Orange.

Corporal James S. Austin, wounded, is in the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division. His home is in Peekskill.

Sergeant Benjamin Chester, killed, was in the 106th Infantry. His home was at 141 Alabama Avenue, Brooklyn.

Corporal Nicholas Kelly, killed, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter J. Kelly of 242 Morris Avenue, Summit, N. J. He was a member of the 117th Machine Gun Battalion.

Corporal James O'Donnell, killed, was a member of Company D of the 106th Infantry. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick O'Donnell of 6,210 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

John J. Malloy, Jr., killed, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Malloy of 84 Elm Street, Summit, N. J. He was a member of the 117th Machine Gun Battalion.

IN GERMAN PRISON CAMPS.

Names of Additional Officers and Enlisted Men Announced.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Names of thirteen officers and fifty-three enlisted men in German prison camps were announced today by the War Department. The officers are:

At Camp Villingen.

EDENS, Lieutenant LOUIS M., Gabool, Mo.

Reported in Good Health—Camp Landshut.

KIDDER, Lieutenant WILLIAM S. G., Belmont, Mass.

At Camp Karlsruhe.

VANDERBILT, Lieutenant HERBERT R., Buffalo.
SUMMER, Lieutenant HARALAN R., Manhattan, Kan.

Reported in Good Health—Camp Karlsruhe.

RICHARDSON, Lieutenant GLEN C., Milwaukee.
OBERLIN, Captain ADAM FREDERICK, Whitneyville, Conn.
BURGIN, Lieutenant VAN HAMPTON, Atlanta, Ga.

Reserve Hospital—Saint Marien Hospital, Hagen.

TOUCHSTONE, Lieutenant GRADY R., Laurel, Miss.

In Good Health—Camp Unknown.

LEAK, Lieutenant JAMES V., Columbus, Miss.
MATTHEWS, Lieutenant ARTHUR P., Scranton, Penn.

Reported in Good Health—In Hospital

O'TOOLE, Lieutenant JAMES A., 625 Pavonia Av., Jersey City.

Reported Wounded—Camp Unknown.

McMANIGAL, Lieutenant JOHN W., Horton, Kan.
ROOT, Lieutenant RALPH R., Cleveland, Ohio.

The enlisted men are:

At Camp Rastatt.

KOSKI, MARTIN, Finland.
OENLERKING, WILLIAM, 480 St. Paul's Place, New York.
UHLANHOP, HENRY, R.F.D. 2, New York.
AUTREY, EVANS, Lamison, Ala.
PATTERSON, CHARLES, Waynesburg, Penn.

At Camp Gelssen.

LACY, OSWELL E., Bedford, Va.

At Camp Heilsberg.

DOWNES, FRANK, Willmar, Minn.

At Camp Unknown.

FASSO, JOHN, Chicago.
LORETI, VALENTINE, Ithaca, N. Y.
CONNORS, EDWARD J., 1,273 41st St., Brooklyn.
MORGAN, THOMAS PATRICK, Ireland.
BEDNER, MICHAEL C., Johnsonburg, Penn.
GHIDELLA, LOUIS, North Bergen, N. J.
CROSSER, ROY E., Pocasset, Okla.
GUSTIFF, JOE, Erie, Penn.
YODER, FRANK E., Hooversville, Penn.
VOUT, HENRY G., Waterford, Penn.
McFARLAND, ALVA, Cleo Springs, Okla.
VANCE, JOHN W., Carlisle, Penn.
LAMPHORN, LEONARD, Whitehall, N. Y.

Reported in Good Health—Camp Unknown.

KIES, FLOYD MORELAND, Erie, Penn.
BEESHOE, HENRY G., Jr., Baltimore, Md.
HERSHEY, WILLIAM ELMER, Carlisle, Penn.
BARNES, EDWIN, Erie, Penn.
CERZA, STANISLAW, Glencove, N. Y.
ROELING, FREDERICK, 97 Miller Av., Brooklyn.
SELLES, MANUEL R., 1,458 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.
ZEIDLER, HERMANN, 814 East 89th St., New York.
UTKOWITZ, FRANK, 84 Ludlow St., New York.
LEACH, WALTER, Niagara Falls, N. Y.
PFEIFFER, JAMES J., 1,081 Stebbins Av., New York.
SNYDER, LOUIS, Buffalo.
RECTOR, ALFRED, Pittsburgh.
HURD, RICHARD L., Chattanooga.
ASHMORE, PASCHEL, Atlanta.
McADOO, JOSEPH S., Reynoldsville, Penn.
BEECHER, JOHN R., Newville, Penn.
DEEL, BAILEY, Brill, Va.
McCUDLEY, EDWARD, 196 Meeker Av., Brooklyn.
ANGELOTTI, JOHN, 15 Mott St., New York.
BOWMAN, HENNING, Sweden.
COFFEY, MARTIN F., 94 Sumter St., Brooklyn.
KAUFMAN, WILFRED EDWARD, Massillon, Ohio.
MORRIS, JAMES, Patchogue, N. Y.
PRUNIERE, JULIUS FREDERIC, Middlebury, Vt.
McKULE, ANTHONY, Buffalo.
McSWAIN, MILTON S., Pell City, Ala.
FRANKLIN, AUGUSTA, Bartlesville, Okla.
CHRISTENSEN, CHRIST P., San Francisco.

Reported Wounded—Camp Unknown.

EAST, CLARENCE R., Erie, Penn.
DENT, FELIX H., Macon, Ga.

Previously Reported Prisoner of War at Camp Limberg, Germany; Now Reported to Have Died from Wounds in Germany.

PULUSIAK, STEVE, Chicago.

Previously Reported Killed in Action, Now Reported Prisoner of War in Germany, Camp Unknown—Good Health.

CUSTER, THOMAS, Westernport, Md.

Additional information concerning seven prisoners of war in Germany was received today by the War Department.

Lieutenant Charles Codman, Boston, is at Camp Rastatt, with a bullet wound in his left thigh; condition not serious.

Lieutenant Robert C. Millspaugh, Topeka, Kan., and Lieutenant Robert J. Bonner, Philadelphia, have recovered from wounds at Camp Schweidnitz.

Lieutenant Franklin Hobbs, Boston, at same camp, lost two fingers, but is improving.

Lieutenant Thomas J. D. Fuller, Cambridge, Mass., is in a fortress near Gerardo, having declined to give his parole.

Lieutenant George W. Puryear, Memphis, has escaped from Germany and is in Switzerland.

Private Clarence Perkins, Winchester, Mass., is at Rastatt, fully supplied with food.

EVIDENCE IN U-BOAT TRIALS.

London Paper Would Use Her Own Map to Convict Germany.

LONDON, Nov. 5, (via Montreal.)—Newspapers of London today reproduce a map of English and Irish territorial waters showing positions of hundreds upon hundreds of ships the enemy alleges he has sunk by submarines. The map was issued as pro-submarine propaganda in Germany.

The Daily Mail suggests that it be used as a basis for reparation for loss of the ships.

ALLIES WILL FEED DEFEATED NATIONS

Versailles Council Adopts Col. House's Plan for Bulgaria, Austria, and Turkey.

WORLD SURVEY BEING MADE

Hoover Is Working Out a Rationing System—America Must Contribute Large Share.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—America and the Allies are planning to co-operate in making available food and other supplies necessary for the lives of the demoralized civilian populations in once enemy countries.

This became known tonight through the publication of a message from Colonel E. M. House at Paris to President Wilson, saying the Supreme War Council at Versailles had adopted a resolution announcing its desire to co-operate with Austria, Bulgaria, and Turkey in furnishing the necessities of life for the suffering peoples of those nations. The message follows:

"At the conclusion of the meeting of the Supreme War Council yesterday I proposed a resolution in the following sense, and the same was adopted: 'The Supreme War Council in session at Versailles desires to co-operate with Austria, Turkey, and Bulgaria in the making available, as far as possible, food and other supplies necessary for the life of the civilian population of those countries.'"

This announcement is expected to have far-reaching effect in Germany, where, from all accounts, the food situation is only a little less serious than it is in the countries until recently allied with Germany. Conditions are represented as particularly serious in Austria-Hungary, where food riots have been frequent and where there has been intense suffering from the want of, not only food, but clothing and other necessities.

Food Administrator Hoover, it was said tonight, was working out new food conservation plans to assure supplies not only for the peoples of the nations that have been eliminated from the war but the liberated populations of Belgium and Northern France, and even Germany when that country has accepted armistice terms.

It is understood that the plan contemplated by Mr. Hoover, but which the President is now known to have approved, provides for a rationing system similar to that employed in Belgium by the Commission for Relief in Belgium, which was worked out by Mr. Hoover, Chairman of the Commission, and his assistants on the basis of the required number of calories necessary for each individual.

Supervision of this rationing, it was said, would be done by representatives of the Allies and American Governments. All available food supplies in the Central Powers would first be apportioned, including the reserves, if any, held for the armies, it was said.

A survey is now being made by the Food Administration to determine the world's food supply. Pending its completion the new food conservation plan for the American public is held up. The survey will include investigation of the interior food supply available in Austria-Hungary and the Balkans. Officials of the Food Administration are said to believe that investigation will disclose food supplies which have heretofore not been available owing to dissension among the Teutonic allies.

With Austria definitely out of the war the opening of the Mediterranean and the India route, as well as the so-called short Australian route, will release vast grain supplies and other foodstuffs in that part of the world. Austrian merchant ships, it was said, might be used to transport these supplies.

The food program worked out by the Interallied Food Council, of which Food Administrator Hoover is a member, calls upon America to ship to the Allies 17,500,000 tons of foodstuffs the coming year. With the necessity of assisting in feeding civilians in Middle Europe, it is roughly estimated that a minimum of 5,000,000 tons will have to be added to that figure, though the ending of the war necessarily will make possible increased production throughout Europe next year.

CHINA'S FAILURES CITED BY ALLIES

Wasted Energies and Boxer Indemnity in Civil War and Was Lax Toward Foes.

PEKING, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—The British Minister to China, with the concurrence of the other allied Legations, has handed informally to the Chinese Foreign Office a memorandum concerning matters in which China is regarded as having been remiss as an ally. Among the instances mentioned are the following:

The wasting in party quarrels of the Boxer indemnity, remitted for fostering industries to enable participation in the war.

Lack of results by the Chinese War Participation Bureau and the diversion of Chinese troops to civil warfare in the south.

The appointment of a Papal Minister without consultation, creating an impression of friendship with the enemy.

Failure to confiscate enemy property, to impose restrictions on enemy enterprises, and to impose penalties for trading with enemy subjects.

Refusal to retire the Governor General of Heino for supporting the enemy and the Bolsheviki in spite of the protests of the Allies.

Failure to imprison intriguing enemy subjects.

Failure to permit allied Consuls to witness the trials of arrested spies.

BUSINESS HOURS—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
These Paris Models Not on Sale Until Tomorrow (THURSDAY)

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

ORIGINAL PARIS MODELS

At Largest Price Reductions Ever Made

Women's Gowns, Costumes Suits, Coats *and* Wraps

Exquisite creations from the late Fall and Winter Paris Openings.

The sale prices for this extraordinary sale are

95.00 150.00 250.00

Actual Import Cost, $155.00 to $592.00

Original Paris Model Gowns

On Sale Women's Gown Shop, Third Floor

Paris Semi-Dress Gowns	Import Cost	Now	Paris Dinner Gowns	Import Cost	Now
One Paulette Model	295.00	95.00	One Aline Model	195.00	95.00
One Aline Model	175.00	95.00	One Aline Model	165.00	95.00
One Premet Model	195.00	95.00	One Aline Model	175.00	95.00
One Paquin Model	195.00	95.00	One Weeks Model	295.00	150.00
One Georgette Model	275.00	95.00	One Georgette Model	250.00	150.00
One Premet Model	250.00	95.00	One Brandt Model	285.00	150.00
One Drecoll Model	295.00	150.00	One Brandt Model	295.00	150.00
One Lanvin Model	295.00	150.00	One Doeuillet Model	384.00	250.00
One Cheruit Model	464.00	250.00	One Bernard Model	432.00	250.00
One Premet Model	400.00	250.00	One Jenny Model	400.00	250.00
One Callot Model	480.00	250.00	One Lanvin Model	405.00	250.00
One Callot Model	532.00	250.00	One Lanvin Model	450.00	250.00

and 13 other Paris Models at same reductions

Original Paris Model Coats and Wraps

On Sale Women's Coat Shop, Fourth Floor

Paris Model Coats	Import Cost	Now	Paris Model Wraps	Import Cost	Now
One Aline Model	224.00	95.00	One Lacroix Model	320.00	150.00
One Lacroix Model	202.00	95.00	One Brandt Model	390.00	150.00
One Premet Model	189.00	95.00	One Aline Model	395.00	150.00
One Premet Model	189.00	95.00	One Paquin Model	270.00	150.00
One Premet Model	216.00	95.00	One Lanvin Model	480.00	250.00
One Premet Model	232.00	95.00	One Lanvin Model	518.00	250.00
One Jenny Model	241.00	95.00	One Jenny Model	592.00	250.00
One Premet Model	255.00	150.00	One Paquin Model	465.00	250.00
One Bulloz Model	270.00	150.00	One Premet Model	672.00	250.00
One Bernard Model	432.00	150.00	One Cheruit Model	480.00	250.00
One Bernard Model	438.00	150.00	One Callot Model	475.00	250.00
One Martial-Armand Model	352.00	150.00			

Original Paris Model Suits

On Sale Women's Suit Shop, Balcony Floor

	Import Cost	Now		Import Cost	Now
One Bernard Model	262.00	95.00	One Premet Model	229.00	95.00
One Bernard Model	202.00	95.00	One Premet Model	202.00	95.00
One Bernard Model	256.00	95.00	One Lacroix Model	209.00	95.00
One Bernard Model	236.00	95.00	One Harris Model	155.00	95.00
One Callot Model	300.00	95.00	One Harris Model	148.00	95.00
One Bernard Model	243.00	95.00	One Brandt Model	322.00	150.00
One Bernard Model	216.00	95.00	One Martial Armand Model	307.00	150.00
One Premet Model	262.00	95.00	One Lanvin Model	360.00	150.00
One Premet Model	229.00	95.00	One Callot Model	376.00	150.00
			One Paquin Model	390.00	150.00

BUSINESS HOURS—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Fashion's Latest Decree!

FUR HATS

Also smart combinations with Fur

For Women and Misses

A STUNNING interpretation of this new mode is the Hat pictured of black panne velvet with upper brim of Hudson Seal Fur (*dyed muskrat*), ostrich plumes are a picturesque trimming.

Very exceptional at

42.00

Fur turbans, tams, rolling brimmed styles and large dressy hats of Hudson Seal, Squirrel, Beaver, Mole or Krimmer fur, also very effective in combination with velvet, duvetyn or rich brocades.

Ostrich, flowers, monkey fur or novelty ornaments are favored trimmings.

25.00 to 48.00

FRENCH MILLINERY SHOP—Fourth Floor

Saks & Company

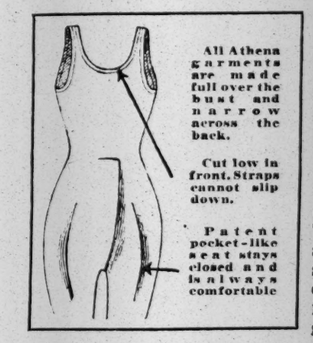
Broadway at 34th Street

Athena Underwear for Women and Children

For daintiness, comfort and wear, Athena Underwear is matchless

WOMEN find that it is made to fit them exactly without being stretched into shape and with no unnecessary and annoying fold of fabric at any point. The shoulder straps stay in place, there is just the right fullness over the bust and at the hips, and the perfect fit at the waist prevents wrinkling under the corset.

The patented seat and non-strain gusset provide ease and comfort to be found in no other undergarment.


All Athena garments are made full over the bust and narrow across the back.
Cut low in front. Straps cannot slip down.
Patent pocket-like seat stays closed and is always comfortable

Prices

Vests and Tights. Reg. Sizes..$1.00 to $3.00
Extra Sizes.....$1.15 to $3.25
Union Suits. Reg. Sizes...$1.75 to $6.00
Extra Sizes.....$2.00 to $6.75

For Boys and Girls

Separate Garments.....50c. to $1.50
Union Suits.....$1.00 to $2.75

Marshall Field & Co., Makers—Saks & Co., sole New York Distributors

TURKEY'S DEFEAT CREDITED TO INDIA

War Might Have Been Won in 1916 but for Porte's Participation, Maurice Says.

CAMPAIGNS THERE COSTLY

Threw Severe Strain on Britain's Financial Resources and Naval and Military Shipping.

By MAJOR GEN. SIR FREDERICK MAURICE.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The capitulation of Turkey had been regarded as certain ever since the downfall of Bulgaria cut her off from direct communication with Germany, yet it is impossible not to be thrilled even in these days of daily thrills by the prospect that the British fleet will anchor at the Golden Horn as soon as the Dardanelles has been swept clear of mines.

Though the German diplomats have been singularly clumsy throughout the war and have united the greater part of the civilized world against their country, they deserve credit for their skill and foresight in bringing first Turkey and then Bulgaria in on their side.

It has generally been supposed that the escape of the Goeben and Breslau from the Straits of Messina and their appearance off Constantinople on Aug. 10, 1914, turned the scale in Turkey in favor of Germany, but it is at least equally probable that Enver and the Young Turks, of whom many had been educated in Berlin, would without the help of the German warships have found sufficient support for their policy in the general belief, skillfully fostered by German propaganda, that the Central Powers were certain to win the war.

Britain, with her great Eastern empire, was more nearly affected than any of the Allies by the hostility of Turkey and by Germany's Eastern ambitions, for which that hostility opened the road. Her vital interests in the East had to be secured. She had at any cost to prevent the enemy from establishing his agents on the frontiers of India, which he attempted to do at an early stage of the war, and to safeguard both Egypt in general and the Suez Canal in particular.

Our neglect of preparation for the war told upon us as heavily in the east as in the west. We had not regarded war with Germany as a world war, and owing to lack of system and preparation we squandered our resources in defense of distant parts of our empire.

We have had to undertake against Turkey three great campaigns, which have thrown a severe strain upon our naval and military shipping and financial resources. There can, I think, be little doubt that if Turkey had been a benevolent neutral we might have won the war in the Autumn of 1916, so much does Germany owe to her Ottoman ally.

As is usual in our history, we have triumphed after many sad blunders and in the end we have defeated Turkey almost singlehanded, though our main forces have throughout the war been engaged with another foe. In fact, it is to India that our recent victory is due, and in remembering Allenby and Marshall we should not forget Sir Charles Munro, who first made possible the expansion of India's military power.

We know from statements of our own Ministers and from the declaration of Izzet Pasha that negotiations for an armistice with Turkey had been going on for nearly a fortnight, and therefore it is hardly probable that the results have been affected either by Allenby's occupation of Aleppo or by Marshall's final and complete success upon the Tigris. Yet it is most satisfactory that operations on both our Asiatic fronts should have concluded so brilliantly, for in the East practical demonstration of power on the spot has more effect even than the most favorable treaty concluded at a distance.

We have still to reckon with the possibility that Germany may refuse our terms of armistice and decide to fight it out, so that it is worth while considering calmly what the effect of the elimination of Turkey from the struggle will be upon our chief enemy. It has, of course, shut her off, we may hope for all time, from the road to the east, which she had prepared with such care and labor, but it will not have any immediate effect upon her military position.

In fact the first advantages which we shall gain will be political rather than military. As soon as our fleet is able to enter the Black Sea and to capture or destroy the Russian men of war now in German hands we can get into direct touch with Rumania. But with Austria's collapse this ceases to have the military importance which it would have had if it had been a question of combining Rumania with our forces in the Balkans for the final overthrow of Austria.

By this same step we open an easier and more direct road to Russia, but it will be long before any action on our part in that country can affect the situation in the main theatre of war. Just as the main burden of the defeat of Turkey has fallen upon us, so with us must rest the foremost part of the task of seeing to the execution of the terms of the armistice.

The distances to be covered are immense, while the world shortage of shipping makes it impossible for us to take full advantage of our control of the sea.

The disbandment of the Turkish armies may very possibly be accompanied by disturbances, and both the prevention of massacres in Armenia and the safeguarding of our important interests in the Caucasian oil fields may entail a considerable burden upon us.

Even if all goes smoothly, it must be a considerable time before we can bring against Germany such of our forces as are no longer required in Syria and Mesopotamia. The navy will probably find relief in the disappearance of Germany's allies from the war sooner than the army, for it should not take our fleet long to establish their mastery of the Black Sea, and with the coasts of Turkey no longer available to the enemy as submarine bases and the Austrian submarines surrendered, the policing of Mediterranean waters will be a comparatively light task. Therefore, if Germany does attempt another submarine campaign, our means of meeting it will be materially increased.

Until we know the terms of peace which will be imposed upon Turkey no good purpose can be served by speculating upon the effect of her defeat upon our position in the world, but it takes little imagination to see that the prospects of civilization and progress in the East will be infinitely brighter for the curtailment of her corrupt and reactionary rule.

HUNGARY TO SEEK A SEPARATE PEACE

Karolyi and Other Delegates to Deal with Italy at Padua, It Is Said.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—Count Michael Karolyi, with several members of the National Council and the Workmen's and Soldiers' Councils, will leave shortly for Padua for the purpose of opening peace negotiations with General Diaz, the Italian Commander in Chief.

This announcement is made in a Budapest dispatch received here.

AUSTRIA TO PROTEST ONE ARMISTICE POINT

Would Object to Attack by Allied Armies on Germany Through Austrian Territory.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—Austria will protest against the interpretation of any clause in the armistice as meaning that enemy armies are entitled to attack Germany through Austria, according to advices from Vienna.

FRENCH LOAN BIG SUCCESS.

Exceeds Most Optimistic Expectations Based on Victory.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The popular subscriptions to the new French war loan exceed even the expectations based on the result of a sale in a period of victory. The only limit is the lack of bonds available in the outlying districts to sell and the insistence of buyers that the bonds be delivered immediately on purchase.

Especially from the towns and villages along the River Marne come hurry calls to rush more bonds to meet the demand.

RATIFY PRISONER COMPACT.

Britain and Germany Accept It, but Foe Protests on U-Boat Men.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—While Germany has ratified with Great Britain the agreement in regard to prisoners, she announces that she is unable to agree to the proposal of the British that non-commissioned officers and men of U-boats interned in Holland and Switzerland should not be included.

PERU CELEBRATES VICTORY.

Chamber Congratulates Belgium, Italy, France, and Serbia.

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 5.—The Peruvian Chamber of Deputies today approved a resolution addressed to the Belgian, Italian, French, and Serbian Parliaments, expressing admiration for the valiant armies in liberating their territories, thereby preparing for a reign of international right and justice.

Great public demonstrations were held yesterday in celebration of the Italian victory.

SERBS ENTER BOSNIA.

Retreating Austrian Soldiery Pillage as They Return Home.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Operations in the eastern theatre on Nov. 4 are described in the official communication tonight as follows:

On the Save the Austrians have crossed the frontier. The town of Clabatz was occupied. On the Danube our artillery fire brought an enemy monitor to a stop before Belgrade. Serbian cavalry penetrated Bosnia, where they occupied Vardiste. In the direction of Visegrad the Austrians were driven back in disorder. The soldiers are returning to their homes engaged in pillage along the whole way.

INSPECT B.R.T. WRECK CURVE

Engineers Take Notes on Construction at Malbone Street.

The investigation into the causes of the disaster in the Malbone Street tunnel of the Brighton Beach line of the B. R. T. last Friday night, which caused more than ninety deaths, has taken the direction of an expert examination of the curve at which the train which was wrecked left the track.

There is a suggestion in the charges under which Mayor Hylan is conducting John Doe proceedings to fix blame for the accident that faulty construction was a contributing factor, and it is understood that the best available expert testimony will be brought to bear upon this point. Engineers for the Public Service Commission have surveyed the track and tunnel minutely, and District Attorney Lewis of Kings County is understood to have caused an independent examination by other engineers.

The wreck death list increased to ninety-two yesterday when Miss Rose Calibria, 19, of 1,935 East Ninth Street, Brooklyn, died in the Kings County Hospital. The body of Joseph A. Vincenzo of 845 Gravesend Avenue, Brooklyn, was found in a vault in the county Morgue whither it had been conveyed at the time of the accident along with others. Relatives had been searching for Vincenzo.

75,000 MAY STRIKE.

Clothing Workers Broaden Demands to Include Men's Industry.

The demands of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America for the establishment of an eight-hour day in the children's clothing industry, in which 15,000 birls and men are on strike, were broadened yesterday to include workers in the men's clothing industry, involving altogether 75,000 men and women in this city.

The extension of the demands was made public in a letter from President Sidney Hillman, of the union, to Dr. William Z. Ripley, Administrator of Labor Standards for Army Clothing, who is endeavoring to bring about an end of the strike. The campaign for the eight-hour day, said President Hillman, would be extended to Rochester, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago, Cleveland, and other strongholds of the union, as soon as the New York controversy is disposed of.

Major Walker Goes to Camp Meade.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., Nov. 5.—Major Harris H. Walker, who has been Provost Marshal of this camp since the departure of the Seventy-seventh Division last March, has been transferred to Camp Meade for assignment to the division now training there. He was a member of the business department of THE NEW YORK TIMES when he entered the first Plattsburg camp. He commanded the Second Company of the Depot Brigade.

GERMANY NOW CUT OFF FROM ALL OIL SUPPLIES

And Can Get No Food from Galicia and Rumania as Result of Austria's Surrender.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Germany will be cut off from all food and fuel supply from Galicia and Rumania as a result of the armistice with Austria. The Dual Monarchy will cease all shipments of supplies from now on. Germany will be deprived of fuel oil and gasoline, which she has been getting from Galicia and Rumania throughout the war. The Food Administration indicates, in an official announcement today, what a serious deprivation this shutdown of supplies will mean to Germany. It says:

"Germany has been obtaining fuel oil and gasoline from Galicia and Rumania and was planning to import extensively from the oil fields of the Caucasus. She has no supplies of fuel oil within her own borders and has been using for lubricating oil a derivative of coal tar—benzol. This latter source, however, does not supply her wants.

"Italy, which is entirely dependent upon outside sources for its coal supply, will not be able to get coal from Austria, which has hardly enough for its own use. Germany has in the past occasionally supplied Austria with coal. The Austrian coal mines when worked to full capacity furnish sufficient coal for that country's needs. During recent months, however, because of the enfeebled condition of the Austrian miners—due to lack of food—the coal mines have yielded only from 50 to 60 per cent. of their full capacity. The miners have been forced to spend about three days of the week gathering sucih meagre supplies of food as they could lay their hands on.

"The demobilization of the army will permit the return to the mines of miners in good physical trim and there may be no great suffering in Austria because of lack of coal this Winter.

"The armistice also, it was pointed out, will relieve the food situation in Austria. In the army the soldiers have been getting much better food than they were accustomed to in civil life. Austrian coal miners, for instance, before the war ate meat only a few times a year, whereas they have been obtaining it daily in the army."

LIBERIA WANTS PEACE VOICE

Stands for Self-Determination in Africa, Says Bishop Camphor.

Liberia expects a voice in the peace conference at the conclusion of the war and will stand for the right of self-determination for Africa. This is asserted by Bishop Alexander P. Camphor, head of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Liberia.

"We believe that the disposal of the African colonies should be decided by the natives themselves," said Bishop Camphor. "Liberian statesmen will probably ask that this principle be applied not only to former German colonies, but also to parts of Liberia which were absorbed by England and France. The sentiment toward these two countries, though not very cordial for a time, has decidedly improved since Liberia followed the United States into the war. It was a desire to stand by America in all things that prompted the declaration of war against Germany.

"Liberia has done her bit by sending hundreds of laborers into France. Since the republic has compulsory military training, these men are able to fight as well as work. The Government also took over the German cable and wireless system and sent 200 German citizens to France for internment. These Germans formerly controlled 75 per cent. of Liberia's commercial enterprises. Their holdings were sold at public auction."

One colored republic had a glimpse of real war last April when a German submarine sank the one vessel which constituted Liberia's navy and shelled Monrovia, the capital. The shelling, which followed a refusal on the part of the President to destroy the French cables and wireless apparatus, resulted in the killing of ten persons. The submarine was later reported to have been sunk by a British cruiser.

KEEP ARMY IN IGNORANCE.

German Fighters Know Nothing of Events Abroad or at Home.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE BELGIAN FRONTIER, via The Hague, Nov. 5.—The morale of the German troops is not improving. The soldiers along the frontier all say they will be obliged to cross the frontier as soon as Ghent falls. They are kept in complete ignorance of events at home and abroad, but are all convinced that peace is very near.

According to reliable reports the German marines who have been on a quiet section of the coast look well, but the prisoners taken on the Lys and Scheldt are miserable, underfed, and badly equipped.

The Germans are making a last desperate attempt to sow dissension between the Walloons and Flemings in the Belgian Army by dropping clumsy propaganda from airplanes, a copy of which THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent picked up on Dutch territory. This is an alleged letter from a Fleming prisoner in a German camp copied in fac-simile handwriting and telling how happy he is as a prisoner and what a wonderful time he is having. According to the letter the Flemish prisoners go to the theatre and are even allowed to dance with girls. The letter urges all Flemings to give themselves up, as the Belgian Government treats them like dogs.

Judging by the spirit of the Belgian soldiers with whom THE TIMES correspondent talked, the letters will merely be kept as war souvenirs.

New York Flier Wins Fight.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 2, (Associated Press.)—An American aerial patrol yesterday encountered seven German machines in the region northwest of Verdun. Lieutenants Howard Smith of Hudson Falls, N. Y., and Richard Aldworth of San Antonio, Texas, each brought down an airplane. The other German machines escaped.

NEW POLISH GOVERNMENT.

Decree Says Working Classes Will Have Majority Representation.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—All the members of the Polish Cabinet have signed a manifesto, according to a dispatch from Warsaw, declaring that a national Government is to be formed, its majority consisting of representatives of the working classes.

The national Government will take over undivided authority until the convocation of a legislative body.

KAISER'S PALACES FOR SICK

Sixty of Them to be Turned Into Hospitals and Homes for Invalids.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—Emperor William has ordered that sixty imperial palaces, including the famous Palace of Sans Souci, be converted into hospitals and recreation homes for invalids, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The Palace of Sans Souci stands in the Park of Sans Souci at Potsdam. It was erected in 1745-47 for Frederick the Great.

Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Present the Very Finest, Reversible

Leather Coat for Motoring

and All Outdoors

as pictured

at $85

Designed to be worn with equal appropriateness in the car or walking.

Cut along lines closely resembling those of the American Aviator's coat, with large muff and patch pockets.

One side is of soft, pliable Tan Leather for Motoring. The other is of fine Gabardine for street and general wear.

For all outdoors—nothing more individual anywhere!

Sixth Floor

To-Day Wednesday Only—

Exact Reproductions of Antique

Dutch Silver Frame Bags at $12.50

These beautiful bags were previously made *only* in Holland, and were only offered at almost prohibitive prices.

These reproductions so closely resemble their originals that only an expert can tell them apart.

On the frames, quaint Dutch scenes are stamped in relief. The bag itself is of fine quality Chiffon Velvet.

Illustrated

PECK & PECK

Men's Wool Socks

Our standard quality silk-and-wool socks—black shot with gray, red, green, blue and cordovan—especially suitable to wear with low-cut shoes—

$1.50 a pair

Others at $1.75 and $2 in unequalled variety.

Plain black soft cashmere socks, six pairs for $5—*Special value.*

Desirable and Useful Gifts

in Men's Neckwear, Hosiery and India Cashmere Wool Mufflers—all of finest quality procurable.

FINE HOSE

Peckoffed

STOCKING SHOPS

586 Fifth Avenue at 48th Street

501 Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

Also at CHICAGO, PALM BEACH and NEWPORT

Pa's got over eating white bread mornings since we've had

POST TOASTIES

—says Bobby

PTs are helping win the war

The greatest novel of the war.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

By VICENTE BLASCO IBANEZ

FOR SALE AT ALL BOOKSTORES.

McGibbon & Co.

Conforming with request of Our Government

AIDING EARLY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

We Announce BEGINNING NOVEMBER 6th, and having at this time an unusually Large and Full Stock, we make a GRAND OFFERING of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs for Special Christmas Giving.

These Handkerchiefs Are All Pure Linen and include "Real" and "Natty" French manufacture.

PRICES LOW AND EQUAL TO A YEAR AGO.

Madeira Embroidered Luncheon Sets and Napkins — Prices Very Attractive — and Make Seasonable and Unique Presents.

3 West 37th St. Just off Fifth Ave.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

A Remarkable Sale of

Women's Winter Coats

at the unprecedentedly low price of

$47.50

will take place to-day (Wednesday)

in the Department on the Third Floor.

Fashionable Gowns

of

All-silk Black Chiffon Velvet

(fine quality)

Made to order . $100.00

(This being about one-half the usual price)

Department for Imported and Special Costumes

(Third Floor)

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Picking Winners

Picking Winners becomes a simple matter indeed if you do your picking in a Brill Store. Ten Thousand Winter Overcoats for Men and Young Men and every one a Winner—a winner from every standpoint—Style, Quality, Service and Value. Most of them, of course, are

Kuppenheimer Overcoats $30 TO $80

Brill Overcoats $20 to $35 —— Suits $20 to $60

Brill Brothers

The Kuppenheimer House in New York

44 East 14th St. 279 Broadway | Broadway, at 49th Street 1456 Broadway, at 42d St. | 47 Cortlandt Street 125th St., at 3d Ave. | 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn

BIG ALLIED GAINS ON WIDE FRONT

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

lied pursuit has lost touch with the enemy's main body.

French troops have crossed the Ardennes Canal on both sides of Le Chesne and have advanced for a distance of about a mile.

The Americans have forced the bridgehead south of Dun, on the River Meuse, but have not yet occupied Dun.

Ramparts of Le Quesnoy Stormed.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Nov. 5, (Reuter.)—The Third and Fourth British Armies and the First French Army maintain their heavy pressure against the crumbling enemy defenses. The British this morning were nearly two-thirds of the way through the Forest of Mormal, the infantry being east of a line through Locquignol and Les Grandes Pâtures.

This advance meant that the British had got through the very formidable fringe of defenses along the western side of the forest. Before them they now have only hurriedly improvised machine-gun posts.

A great feat of the battle was the taking of Le Quesnoy by the New Zealanders. This town had immensely strong ramparts, with deep moats. The New Zealanders surrounded the fortifications, while the airmen joined in the attack, wheeling over the town and attacking the garrison with their machine guns.

Under cover of a smoke screen, the New Zealanders crept up to the gateway which the Germans were keeping open as a line of retreat. Then followed confusion and desperate fighting, and the entrance was secured. More than a thousand prisoners were taken.

Meanwhile the British advanced to a line three miles east of the town. A remarkable sight was the spectacle of several German field batteries, with teams harnessed, their drivers and gunners all mounted and sitting smartly at attention, making their way back to the prison cages.

The great capture in guns was due to the rapid advance over at least two points where enemy artillery had been concentrated.

ALLIED REPORTS OF VICTORY.

War Offices Publish Long Lists of Towns Redeemed.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The retreat of the Germans between the Sambre Canal and the Argonne gained impetus today, according to the War Office announcement tonight. The French troops cleared the enemy out of large sections of territory, making an advance which at certain points reached a depth of more than six miles.

Among the enemy towns taken by the French are Guise and Marle.

Four thousand Germans surrendered and sixty cannon were captured.

The text of the night bulletin follows:

Along the whole French front, from the Sambre Canal to the Argonne, the retreat of the enemy continued during the day, reaching at certain points a depth of ten kilometers.

Because of the advantages gained by the difficult battle fought Sunday for the crossing of the Sambre Canal, the First Army completely defeated six German divisions which opposed it and took 4,000 prisoners and sixty guns. In the first hour Guise was occupied, and the advance continued without respite.

At the end of today we had reached the outskirts of Barzy, Esquehéries, Lavaqueresse, Crupilly, Maizy, Romery, Wiege-Faty and Colonfay, Sains-Richaumont and Housset, freeing in the reoccupied villages numerous civilians.

Further to the right we hold Neuville-Housset, Marle and the Marle-Montcornet Road as far east as Neuville-Bosmont, Ebouleau, Bussy-les-Pierrepont, and Dizy-le-Gros.

In the region to the northwest of Château-Porcien the severe fighting in the last few days has likewise terminated in a general driving back of the Germans. Our line runs to the north of Waleppe and Hannogne and west of Chaudion and St. Fergeux.

Herpy, Condé-les-Herpy, and Château-Porcien are in our hands.

We have gained a footing on the heights west of the road between Seraincourt and Ecly. Some of our elements succeeded in crossing the Aisne near Nanteuil.

In the Argonne our troops have brilliantly carried out a surprise crossing of the Ardennes Canal and the Aisne near Montgon and Le Chesne. These two places have been passed considerably, and we have reached the villages of Louvergny and Sauville, as well as the outskirts of Mont Dieu Wood.

LONDON, Nov. 5. — The British armies in the sector between the Sambre and the Scheldt have defeated in the battle which began Monday twenty-five German divisions, Field Marshal Haig reports from headquarters tonight. In addition to capturing many more villages today, the British have passed through the great Mormal Forest.

The night statement says:

In the great battle opened by us yesterday between the Sambre and the Scheldt the troops of the Fourth, Third and First British Armies, composed chiefly of men from English towns and counties, engaged heavily and defeated with severe loss in killed, wounded, prisoners, guns, and material, no less than twenty-five German divisions.

The German defence was thus broken on a front of thirty miles. Owing to this brilliant success the enemy today is in retreat on the whole battlefront.

In the haste of his enforced withdrawal yesterday and today the enemy has abandoned complete batteries and large quantities of material of every description.

In spite of a heavy and continuous rain our troops have pressed the retiring enemy forces closely throughout the day, driving the rearguards wherever they have sought to oppose our advance and taking a number of prisoners.

Our troops h ave passed through Mormal Forest and have reached the general line of Barzy, Grand Fayt, Berlaimont, west of Bavay, Roisin and Fresnes.

In his day report of the British advance on the front south of the Scheldt, Field Marshal Haig says:

The walled town of Le Quesnoy, being completely surrounded, fell into our hands yesterday afternoon with the entire garrison of over 1,00 men.

In the sector south and north of Le Quesnoy the Thirty-seventh and Sixty-seventh Divisions in hard fighting yesterday took many prisoners. Overcoming strong resistance about Louvignies and Orsinval at the outset of their attack, these divisions pushed rapidly on the flanks of the New Zealanders east of Le Quesnoy, advancing with them to a depth of between three and four miles and capturing the villages of Jolimetz, Le Rond Quesne, Frasnoy and Le Petit Marais.

Yesterday evening we progressed further in the Mormal Forest, and east of Valenciennes we captured the village of Eth.

The day official statement from Paris reads:

The repeated success of the French troops has compelled the enemy to carry out new withdrawals at several points along the front. Pursuing without respite the rear guards left behind to protect the retreat of the enemy and to delay our advance, the French troops with untiring ardor maintain close contact.

In the region northeast of Guise the French have captured Bergues-sur-Sambre, where 200 civilians were liberated. On the whole front of the First Army the French resumed the attack this morning and are advancing. Between the Peron and Serre Rivers the French have taken Bois-les-Pargny. In the region north of Sissonne the French have reached a line passing through the sugar refinery of Froidmont, west of Autremencourt, Culrieux, Gondelancourt and Machecourt. Our advance guards are progressing, supported by the artillery.

Between Sissonne and Château-Porcien the French have penetrated in all its parts the Hunding position, which the enemy attempted to hold, but the French forced his detachments to withdraw. A general advance is in progress from east of St. Quentin-le-Petit to the outskirts of Herpy.

HAVRE, Nov. 5.—The official report from headquarters tonight says:

Belgian Front—Apart from our occupation of the west bank of the Ghent-Terneuzen Canal and the heights of Dihrige, the situation has not changed since yesterday. German artillery and machine guns were active today, principally in the southern outskirts of Ghent.

BERLIN ADMITS RETREAT.

But Insists That the Franco-British Attack Did Not "Break Through."

BERLIN, Nov. 5, (via London.)—"On yesterday's battlefront between the Scheldt and the Oise," says the communication from headquarters this evening, "we have withdrawn from the enemy. Our movement took place according to plan.

"There were only isolated engagements in this sector today."

Formidable attacks, which the French and British used enormous forces, artillery, and tanks, were made Monday against the German lines on a front of more than forty miles between the Scheldt and the Oise, the early official statement from German Headquarters says. In a hard struggle the Germans, it is asserted, prevented a break through.

In the Dieulet Forest, west of the Meuse, the statement continues, "we avoided strong attacks by withdrawing in accordance with orders to the east bank of the Meuse, north of Stenay."

The town of Le Quesnoy, it is added, was evacuated when it was threatened with encirclement. South of Catillon, allied troops advanced across the Sambre-Oise Canal about one mile. Elsewhere on the front south of the Mormal Forest allied attacks were repulsed.

The text of the statement reads:

Between the Scheldt and the Oise the Franco-British resumed their great attacks. By bringing into action enormous forces, artillery and tanks they endeavored to effect a break through on a front of more than sixty kilometers. In a hard struggle, which lasted until nightfall, our troops, which were greatly inferior to the enemy numbers, stemmed the enemy attack and prevented a break through. South of the road leading to the northeast from Valenciennes we repulsed the enemy.

Attacks launched against our new front between Sebourg and Wargnies-le-Grand were frustrated by counter-attacks from the heights east of those places. Wargnies-le-Petit, which fell into the hands of the enemy temporarily, was recaptured by us. We brought the attack launched on both sides of Le Quesnoy to a standstill south of Wargnies-le-Petit and near Jolimetz. Le Quesnoy, which was threatened with encirclement on both sides, was evacuated in accordance with orders.

The enemy assault against the Mormal Forest was brought to a standstill on the western fringe of the forest. South of the forest the enemy was repulsed in the forenoon immediately behind our foremost lines on the heights west of the Sambre-Oise Canal. In the afternoon the enemy continued his attacks. The centres of fighting lay north and south of the forest. North of the forest we stemmed the thrust east of Jolimetz, and south of the forest we stemmed it on the Sambre-Oise Canal. The canal sector east of Ors and Catillon was held.

South of Catillon the enemy advanced across the canal to a depth of from one to two kilometers. He was brought to a standstill on the La Groise-Olsy road. All enemy attacks before the canal on the front between Fesmy and northeast of Etreux broke down. Between Etreux and the Oise he reached the east bank at isolated points, but did not succeed in penetrating beyond our foremost positions. He was repulsed at some points by counterattacks.

There was no fighting on the Aisne front.

Between Le Chesne and Sommauthe partial enemy thrusts broke down. On the heights south of Beaumont we repulsed violent attacks by the Americans. In the Dieulet Forest we avoided strong attacks by withdrawing in accordance with orders to the east bank of the Meuse north of Stenay.

South of Dun-sur-Meuse enemy detachments which advanced across the Meuse were thrown back to the river. On the heights east of the Meuse strong American attacks broke down and west of the Moselle partial thrusts by the Americans also failed.

PERSHING STARTS NEW LINE.

Developing Position on the East Bank of the Meuse.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Troops of the American First Army, which today forced a crossing to the east bank of the Meuse at Bricuilles and Clery le Petit, are developing a new line on the heights between those places, General Pershing reports in his communiqué for this morning. The west bank of the river as far north as Pouilly is now in American hands.

Victorious attacks by the First Army on its entire front were reported by General Pershing in his evening communiqué for Monday, which follows:

"Headquarters American Expeditionary Forces, Nov. 4, (evening.)

"On the entire front from the Meuse to the Bar the First Army continues its advance. On the extreme right, breaking down the last efforts of the enemy to hold the high ground, our troops drove him into the valley of the Meuse and, forcing their way through the forest of Dieulet, occupied Laneuville, opposite the important crossing of the Meuse at Stenay. The Beaumont-Stenay road is in our possession and our troops are on the heights overlooking Beaumont.

"On the left our line has advanced, in spite of heavy machine gun and artillery opposition, to Grandes Armoises. The enemy again today threw in fresh troops in an effort to arrest the penetration of his lines by our victorious attack.

"Our vigorous advance compelled the enemy to abandon large stores of undamaged munitions, food, and engineer material.

"In the course of the day improving weather conditions permitted our planes to carry out very successfully their missions of reconnoissance and infantry liaison. A raid with a force consisting of 45 day bombardment and 100 pursuit planes was made against Montmedy and obtained excellent results on the crowded enemy traffic at that place. Over five tons of bombs were dropped.

"Determined attacks by enemy pursuit planes gave us added opportunities to destroy his airplanes. During the day's fighting thirty enemy planes were destroyed or driven down out of control and three balloons were burned. Seven of our planes are missing."

AMERICANS DOWN 14 FOKKERS

120 Planes in Bombing Raid on Mouzon and Raucourt.

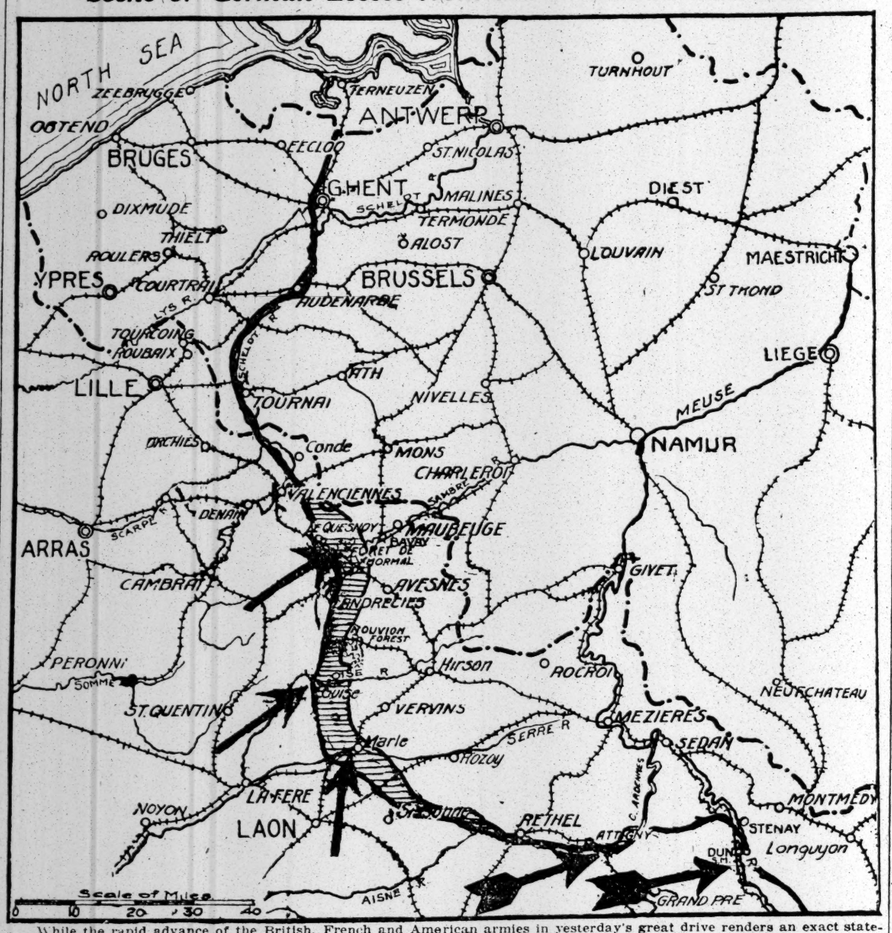
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—More than three tons of bombs were dropped today on Mouzon and Raucourt, as enemy troops passed through the villages bound north. More than 120 bombing and pursuit planes participated in the attack.

Fokkers attacked the Americans in groups of fifteen to twenty. Fourteen Fokkers were brought down and three American flyers are missing. The bombs caused fires in warehouses and barracks and consternation among the retreating Germans.

Aerial photographs show thirty-six shell and bomb holes in the railway yards at Conflans. The main line through Conflans was put out of commission, at least temporarily, while all the tracks were damaged.

The Conflans Railroad has been a regular target for American bombers and big guns recently, as the Germans were using this line to bring up troops which had been in the quiet sectors around Metz and in Lorraine. One photograph shows a line of freight cars on a siding, but no activity. A week ago photographs of the same yards depicted them as humming with action, with trains coming and going.

Scene of German Losses from the Scheldt to the Meuse



While the rapid advance of the British, French and American armies in yesterday's great drive renders an exact statement of the allied gains impracticable, the battlefront, according to the latest reports available, is approximated in the accompanying map.

Apparently the most important gains (at some points exceeding six miles) were made in the regions marked by arrows—the British capturing Le Quesnoy, completing the occupation of Mormal Wood and pushing eastward to the neighborhood of Baval; the French capturing Guise, Marle, and many other villages to and including Château-Porcien, on the Aisne, while the Americans cleared the west bank of the Meuse up to Pouilly and, crossing the river near Clery, drove back the enemy on the east bank.

The area gained by the Allies in yesterday's fighting is roughly indicated by the shading.

Foch Sends Gen. Pershing "Warmest Congratulations"

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—Marshal Foch has sent the following telegram to General Pershing:

"The operations begun on the 1st of November by the First American Army already have assured, thanks to the valor of the high command and to the energy and bravery of the troops, results of the greatest importance.

"I am happy to send you my warmest congratulations on the success of these operations."

13,200 WAR CAPTIVES BREAK AUSTRIAN CAMP

Italians Overpower Their Guard in Prison Pen Near Vienna and March Away.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—Twelve hundred Italian officers and 12,000 men, having overpowered their guard in the prisoners' camp, three miles from Vienna, have left the camp and are marching in the direction of Horn, forty-six miles northwest of the capital, according to a dispatch from Vienna to the Düsseldorf Nachrichten.

According to the information received by the Vossische Zeitung panic prevailed in Vienna as a result of a report that the Italian war prisoners had revolted and were marching on the capital.

RORISON WINS THRICE IN AIR.

His Plane Shot 47 Times, American Aviator Escapes.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—In a series of aerial combats with Fokkers on Monday, Lieutenant Harmon Rorison of Wilmington, N. C., brought down three enemy planes. His machine was struck by forty-seven bullets, but he managed to land within his own lines.

Lieutenant Rorison accompanied an American bombing expedition south of Montmedy, but was unable to reach his objective because of an attack by German planes. In the combat one bullet pierced a bomb which Rorison carried, but the bomb failed to explode.

After the first engagement Rorison was separated from his formation and was attacked by two Fokkers, but he sent one to the ground, and then the other. His emergency gasoline tank was pierced, but he fought the other enemy machines despite the gasoline spray, and succeeded in disposing of the third.

Headed for its own lines, the American plane began to weaken, and as Rorison neared the ground he became a target for enemy infantrymen. But he evaded their bullets and just managed to get within the home lines.

CAPTURED "DONKEY'S HEAD."

Americans Took Nearly Invulnerable Height in Argonne.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—Hidden away in almost the exact geometrical centre of the Argonne Forest, far behind the present American lines, is a position—called by the French at the outset of the war "Donkey's Head"—which, because of the magnitude of the operations along the wide front, has thus far escaped especial mention.

According to unofficial dispatches late in 1914, it took the Germans months to capture this veritable fortress from the French. It is one of the glorious, though heretofore unwritten chapters in American military history that the doughboys swept over and past this place in a few days, and wrested from the enemy without great difficulty a position that might well be considered invulnerable.

It was on Thanksgiving Day, in 1915, more than a year before America entered the war, that the writer, who was then assigned to the German armies, made his first trip to the Argonne. The Germans selected the "Donkey's Head" position to exhibit as the most brilliant example of their military prowess. Now, nearly three years later, the same correspondent has traversed the same terrain and has marveled again, but this time at the military efficiency which had enabled the American attacking forces to tear the seemingly impregnable position from the hands of the Germans.

"Donkey's Head" itself is a formidable height which once was wooded, but which in the early days of the war was so deluged with artillery fire that it was denuded of all but the stumps of trees. Along its crest the French had originally constructed a trench which was dug into the solid rock, so that it would be more a tunnel than a trench in the ordinary conception of the term. This tunnel-trench ran along the top of the hill, then descended sharply into the valley, where it doubled and ran back along the east side of the hill, parallel to the original cut.

The trench-tunnel itself was about a mile long, and its position so commanding that it virtually dominated that part of the Argonne Forest.

GERMANS CLING TO MEUSE.

Determined to Defend It as Their Main Reliance for Retreat.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—The Franco-American operations west of the Meuse since Nov. 1 have shaken the pivot upon which the entire German retreat turns. The Germans are still making a stout resistance, without modifying the salient feature of the situation, which is that their armies west of the Meuse are practically cut off from direct communication with Metz.

The main reliance of the Germans now is on the line of the Meuse, which they appear determined to defend, while west of the river their principal resistance is along the Ardennes Canal. French troops have reached this obstacle from Rilly-aux-Oies, at the bend of the Aisne, to the River Bar. Here they have encountered sustained artillery, machine gun and rifle fire.

The Germans are still holding along the Aisne between Rethel and Château-Porcien, while further west indications of a retreat were noticed last evening. The French in pursuit maintained contact with the enemy's rearguards, and this morning reached Herpy and the region east of Recouvrance and Banogne, as well as Height 98, southeast of Montigny-le-Court.

East of the Oise River French troops, on the heels of the retreating enemy, have reached Audigny and La Herle-La Vieville.

SPANDAU WORKS BLOWN UP.

Great German Gun Plant Destroyed by Explosion and Fire.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—The destruction of the great Spandau artillery works by an explosion and fire is reported by the Weser Zeitung.

No lives were lost.

240 Rhodes Scholars Fighting.

LONDON, Nov. 4, (Canadian Press.)—Up to the present time, 240 Rhodes Scholars from the Dominions and British Colonies have taken part in the war. Of this number eighty-three gained honors and distinctions and forty-six died in action.

POLES SEIZE CRACOW AND ASSUME CONTROL

Imprison Austrian Officers and Draft Poles in Enemy Army for National Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The Polish authorities have taken possession of affairs in Galicia amid wild acclaim of the population, the Swiss Embassy was informed today. The dispatch goes on to say:

"At Cracow the Austrian emblem was said to have been removed from all the buildings and the Austrian officers imprisoned. Polish soldiers serving as officers in the Austrian Army also have been arrested. Polish soldiers serving as troops in the Austrian Army have been taken over to be incorporated in Polish units."

Warsaw newspapers quoted in an Amsterdam dispatch yesterday said that hostilities had broken out in Galicia between Polish and Ruthenian and Ukrainian troops, and that the latter, aided by Teuton regiments, had captured Lemberg, while Przemysl had fallen to the Ruthenians.

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FRENCH DRIVE FOE IN FULL RETREAT

Germans on Sixty-Mile Front Race for Safety Behind the Meuse.

BIGGEST GAIN OF OFFENSIVE

Enemy Makes Effective Resistance Only in the Rethel Region of the Aisne.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Nov. 5.—The Germans are in full retreat along the whole French battle-front, with the exception of the region of Rethel, where a strong rear-guard is covering the railway that is one of the most vital enemy arteries until the last possible moment.

On a front of more than sixty miles the French have thrown the Germans back an average of six miles, and on their right and left the Americans and British are advancing victoriously.

Unless all signs fail it is the final great retreat that has begun.

The question now remains whether the enemy will be able to reach the Meuse and make a stand without disaster.

Already the number of guns and prisoners taken by Debeney's army—to say nothing of the British and American captures on a greater scale—proves that the German operation is not being carried out entirely "according to plan."

The next two days will show if it be a retirement or a rout.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 5. (Associated Press.)—After yesterday's defeat in the region of the Oise, the Germans began a general retreat over the entire front of the First Army this morning.

General Debeney's men entered Guise at 6:30 o'clock and pushed on six miles further east in close pursuit of the enemy's rearguards.

In spite of the bad weather the French troops are forging ahead without rest, delivering a considerable number of civilians in villages that are being reconquered.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon they had reached the line of Barzy, La Croise Cauchy, La Voirif, Esqueherirs, La Vaqueresse, Crupilly, Malzy, Romery, Wirge-Faty, Colonfay, Sains-Richaumont, and Housset, realizing the most important advance since the allied offensive began.

The French Army, operating on the right, also advanced rapidly, reaching La Neuville-Housset, Marle, La Neuville, Ebouleau, Bucy, and Dizy-le-Gros, and also liberating a considerable number of civilians.

General Gourand's Army on the right wing, overcoming stout resistance, succeeded in forcing the Ardennes Canal at Le Chesne and Montgon and pushed on three miles north to the villages of Sauville and Louvergny.

The troops on General Gourand's left also made important gains during the day, hustling the enemy rearguards beyond Herpy and Château-Porcien and occupying the heights just west of the road from Ecly to Seraincourt, where they encountered a certain amount of resistance.

The German artillery began a strong reaction here at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and tonight it continued very active along the Aisne between Bethel and Attigny.

The progress of Marshal Foch's wide movement of envelopment of the pocket which the Germans are still holding on French territory has opened up a prospect of most important consequences. The German positions in the Department of the Ardennes, the integrity of which is essential to an orderly retirement from the regions to the west, have been seriously compromised, in spite of desperate resistance.

The French troops continue to press the enemy so rapidly in the steady downpour of rain that he has been unable to destroy all the bridges behind him. At one point the flight of the Germans was so precipitate that they left the wagon trains of several regiments behind them.

HAILED AMERICANS' ENTRY.

Thiaucourt, in Bondage Four Years, Wept at Deliverance.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN FRANCE, Oct. 30 (Associated Press.)—It was three American privates who gave the French civilians of the German occupied village of Thiaucourt the greatest thrill of their lives. For four years they had been waiting—and then the Americans came.

When the three privates—an advance guard of swarms of other Americans in their wake—swung into the war-torn village of Thiaucourt not a soul was in the streets. But within a few minutes news spread among the seven hundred civilians that the Americans were there, and men and women and children came in droves from cellars, where they had been hiding in terror for two days and nights. And from other cellars and dugouts there came six hundred German soldiers who were delighted with the idea of giving up.

The offensive of the First American Army, which wiped out the St. Mihiel salient, began on a Thursday morning, and it was Saturday afternoon when the weary Americans reached Thiaucourt, hungry and fatigued from fast walking in their eagerness to keep pace with the fleeing Germans.

As the Americans poured into the village and the French realized more and more that again Thiaucourt had come into her own, men stood in the streets and cried openly, and women sat about on doorsteps and bits of wreckage caused by shells and wept until near exhaustion. And in the confusion the children cheered, but even some of them, the older ones, realizing what it all meant, cried, too, and kissed the hands of the officers and men.

What food they had on hand the French turned over to the Americans, the villagers insisting upon the Americans taking all they wanted. So in the streets and in the houses, some of them occupied only a few hours previously by German officers and men, the Americans made themselves at home for a short breathing spell, and the French population of the village endeavored to satisfy the appetites of the deliverers.

From the time the Germans reached Thiaucourt in September, 1914, until a few days after the village had been retaken by American troops, the civilians were entirely without fresh meat of any kind except now and then a chicken or a rabbit raised in cellars without the knowledge of the Germans. All the cattle in the region of Thiaucourt were taken by the Germans, but two cows being left to furnish milk for babies.

Until the United States entered the war food was sent to Thiaucourt by way of the Netherlands by the American relief committee, and later by a Spanish relief committee. This consisted principally of bacon, flour, sugar, rice, beans, peas and some cocoa. Two boxes of condensed milk were received in Thiaucourt each month, and now and then a shipment of salt meat. Twice several boxes of American shoes arrived for the inhabitants, and at long intervals there were small shipments of clothing.

During the four years' occupation by the Germans none of the civilians was allowed to leave the town. However, on one or two occasions individuals were permitted to visit a nearby village to attend the funerals of relatives, accompanied by a soldier guard.

AMERICANS FORCE MEUSE CROSSING

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

tanne, reaching the west bank across from Martincourt, Inor, and Pouilly.

General Liggett's men late today were fighting on the outskirts of Stenay, less than one kilometer distant from the main part of the town.

Break New German Line.

In the centre we broke the new German line of resistance running from Stenay to Omont when we pushed beyond Beaumont on the north of the Beaumont-Stonne highway, cleaning out the Bois de St. Pierremont.

Our attack on the left carried out the line to Tannay and on beyond into the Bois du Mont-Dieu, and the lower end of the forest of Mazarin.

Our troops in the region of Stenay are four miles from the main Longuyon-Metz-Sedan Railroad line, and twelve miles from the Belgian border. In the region of Stonne our front line is some eleven miles from Sedan, historic interest in which is peculiarly keen as applied to the present situation.

Tonight Dun was reported to have been evacuated by the enemy. At last reports some Germans were still in Stenay, but in a perilous situation because of our advance. For weeks the German command has been issuing orders that Americans are not on any account to be allowed to cross the Meuse.

It appears to have been then the plan to withdraw on our left while holding our right on the Meuse. Our sudden and successful attack today has smashed this defense line at a vital point, for a considerable advance in the region of Stenay would give an opportunity for squeezing the enemy out of the strong hills northeast of Verdun.

Up to today the Germans who hold the east bank of the Meuse more or less imperiled our rapid advance on the other side of the river.

Bravery in River Crossing.

There is a story of staying qualities and bravery of both doughboys and engineers in the crossing of the Meuse. Yesterday we forced the river and got small detachments across which the Germans drove back. Twice yesterday we got a bridge over only to have it destroyed. Under cover of intense darkness last night we got a large number of pontoons along the west bank and, starting soon after midnight, our engineers threw three bridges across near Brieulles, many of them working in cold water up to their armpits.

Hearing a noise, the Germans started machine-gun and artillery fire going. We rushed patrols across, which met the German patrols and beat them back. The German counterattack after the crossing also was stopped.

By this time enemy shells had wrecked one of the bridges, so the engineers put across a fourth to give the requisite three. By the time it was daylight our men were marching across in force. I am not permitted to tell how many thousand we had got over at noon.

To the north, near Clery-le-Petit, we effected another crossing, and still one more was made. Despite continuous shelling all day we used the crossings with little interruption of serious consequence. Our troops which crossed met heavy fighting all afternoon as they pushed the Germans back over the canal, where hundreds of the enemy were drowned.

Reports were received late in the day that the Germans were hurriedly pulling back their light artillery from heights just ahead of our forces in the defenses northeast of Verdun at the Forest of Woevre, which resist attacks from the south and west. Our successful crossing of the river of course makes a menace from the north and west.

Incidentally the pontoons used in the crossing were those captured on the Marne in July. When the 3d and 28th Division on July 15 met the last great German drive and hurled it back, the enemy left in our possession hundreds of sheet steel boats, which made the bridges on which they had crossed.

After we captured Lane Oville yesterday, the Germans blew up the bridge over the river at Stenay.

By special contrivances they attempted to dam the river by filling arches of the bridge, but met with only partial success, our bridges holding over the widening stream. This flooding also added to the difficulties of bridging the canal east of the river, which was finally accomplished at a number of strategic points, enabling the Americans to cross over and pursue the Germans to the hills.

Aviators' report heavy movements behind the German lines east of the Meuse, indicating that reinforcements have been shifted to a new attack front.

The German retreat is leaving an immense amount of material in our hands, of which a survey cannot yet be made. Thousands and thousands of shells have been captured, with nearly 200 guns and several thousand machine guns.

The Germans are leaving the country desolated, civilians having been moved north weeks ago. We have not learned definitely whether there are civilians in Stenay, but believe there are not. The Hun has despoiled all villages, taking away or destroying everything of value, leaving a dreary waste behind him, and daily adding to the size of his job when on the day of reckoning he sets about repairing the damage he has done in France.

Air Raids on Montmedy.

A few hours' good weather yesterday and today gave our airplanes an awaited opportunity. We bagged thirty planes yesterday and twenty-seven today. Sixty bombers, protected by 100 pursuit planes, bombed Montmedy yesterday, and this afternoon forty bombers, protected by about seventy-five planes, repeated this mission.

Reconnoissance planes did good work all day, and German reinforcements coming up east of the Meuse were continually harassed by our aerial machine gunners.

We know that German reinforcements are coming up, but have no good reason to believe they will be any more successful than the reinforcements rushed up yesterday and the day before west of the Meuse. Tonight hundreds of our big guns are raking highways and railroads over which these Germans must approach the battle line. It is a safe bet that they know the war is not over yet. On account of being forced to move quickly to new positions, the German artillery fire is unusually erratic.

ADVANCE EAST OF MEUSE.

Pershing's Men Cross River and Drive Germans North.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—The American army has thrown a formidable force across the Meuse to the east bank. The enemy resistance here has been broken to the point of demoralization and the Americans are pushing northward toward Stenay.

By this afternoon the enemy was in full retreat northward. He was offering little opposition and the roads toward the north were seen to be full of the fleeing Germans.

The Americans pressed close upon the heels of the Germans and made their retirement as difficult as possible.

The American forces have captured Liny-devant-Dun and Milly-devant-Dun, east of the Meuse. They are also occupying the hills on the east bank of the river, despite a stiff machine gun resistance by the Germans. West of the Meuse the Americans have occupied Letanne, Stonne, La Besace, and Yoncq, and are pushing their line well beyond Raucourt Forest, north of Stonne. In Beaumont 500 French civilians were freed after four years' German occupation of their town.

In their advance today the Americans reached points within five miles of one of Germany's main lines of communication between Metz, Mézières, Hirson, and the north.

The American casualties were very light, despite the opposition to the crossing of the river.

It was due to the smashing of the enemy's line at the pivotal point of the main attack that his complete retirement was brought about. The chief efforts on both sides were centred all day upon the river sector. The fighting in the other sectors was less active, although the American left reported the scoring of some advances.

The town of Pouilly, in the bend of the Meuse northwest of Stenay, was captured by the Americans operating west of the Meuse. The west bank of the river is now held in its entirety as far north as Pouilly.

The village of Beaumont, directly west of Pouilly, has been taken by the forces which advanced from the heights which they held below the town. Stenay is now half surrounded.

The Americans early today began clearing out Baulnay Wood, in the bend of the Meuse, southeast of Pouilly, and this afternoon the wood was in their possession.

TANK TRAPS IN OUR PATH.

Germans Leave Hidden Pits to Strengthen Meuse Line.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—German forces are strengthening the Meuse line north of the American front.

There are indications that this work was resumed in the last few days and that soldiers are laboring on it day and night. Reports agree that this strengthening operation extends along the line running from Mézières to Montmedy, Longuyon, and Diedenhofen.

In various places in front of this line, where the Germans have expected to make a last stand in France, tank traps are already completed. These traps are 100 yards long, 10 yards wide, and 10 yards deep. They are covered with boards hidden by earth and sod.

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If you want to magnetise and kindle that dinner party; to enjoy it yourself and make others enjoy it; to talk easily on all the most discussed happenings of the social, artistic, and intellectual world, go to a newsstand and buy a copy of the,

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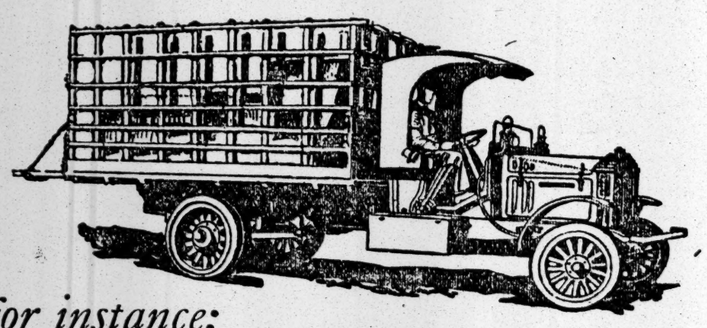

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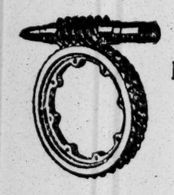
The Pierce-Arrow is the only truck that is operated on a big scale by owners who derive their livelihood solely from the renting of motor trucks.

This is emphasized by the fact that there are over 150 such owners of Pierce-Arrow trucks within 40 miles of New York City, who, between them, have over 650 Pierce-Arrow trucks for public hauling.



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Consolidated Gasoline Engine Co., 202 Fulton Street, New York City.

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If you wish to make sure that your plans for disposing of your property will be carried out after your death, appoint us trustees of your estate now.

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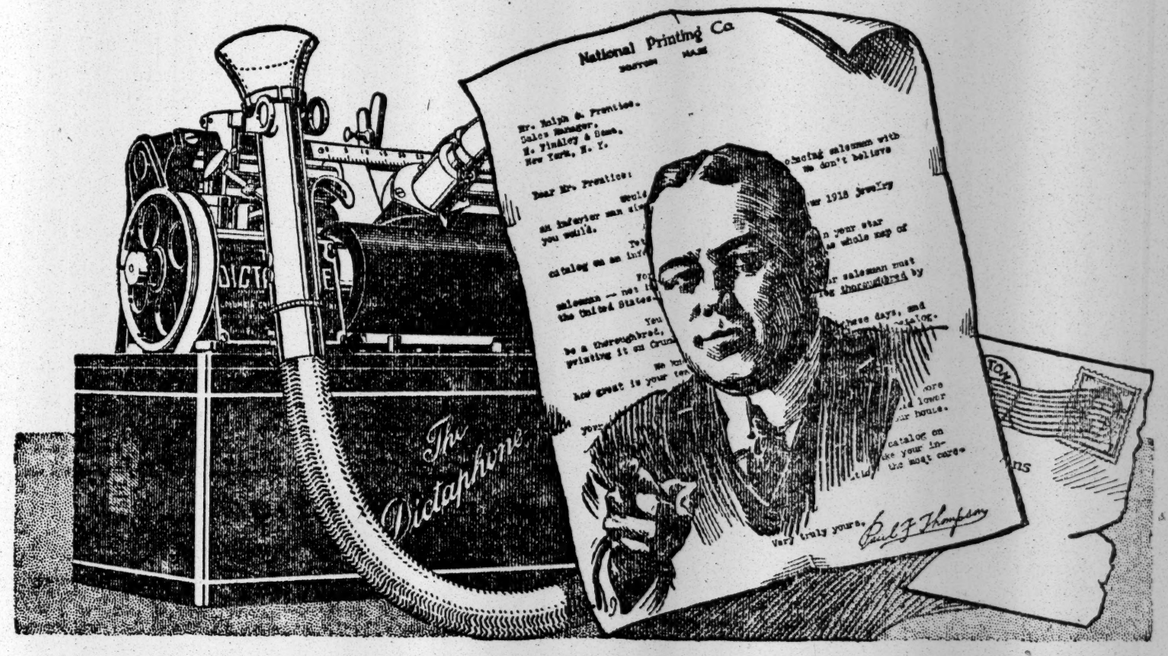
All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6B, Boston."



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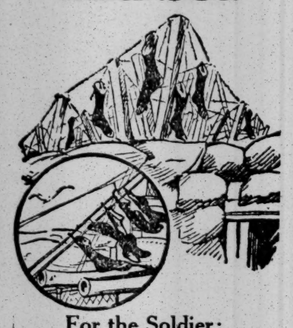

For the Soldier:
3 by 4 by 9 inches;
Weight, 3 Pounds.

For the Sailor:
12 by 12 by 24 inches;
Weight, 20 pounds.

It looks like a slender Christmas overseas—to the folk at home.

It isn't what the boys deserve—but it's all the ships can carry.

And only *one box for each man*, or else the serious transport business of the war would have to stop.

What can you get in a package the size of a biscuit box that would be worth while to a soldier in France?

Or in such a small sized wooden box for a sailor?

The Abercrombie & Fitch experts have studied it out—mathematically and sentimentally.

They have provided a host of *small things*—a gift from each member of the family—each gift one that the boy over there *wants*.

It has been only another problem in compactness, solved by men who know the soldier in camp and the sailor on the sea.

Remember—every Christmas box for overseas must be taken to the Red Cross by November 20th!

Come in at once, while you are waiting the arrival of the "official label," and let us show you what will go in the box.

Selected Articles for Soldier's Overseas Box

You will be surprised how many of these articles will fit in where every inch is precious—and come within weight limit.

Knife and Spoon
Cigarette Case—Filled with Cigarettes
Checkers—Chess
Wrist Watch
Compass—Knife
Soldier's Metal Mirror
Pipe—Gloves
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Aluminum Boot Hooks
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Parcheesi—Dominoes
Wristlets—Collars
Safety Razor Blades
Tobacco Pouch
Silk Handkerchiefs

In addition to hat cords, insignia, overseas caps, purses, diaries—with khaki handkerchiefs used for packing!

Suggestions for the Sailor's Oversea Box

An opportunity for lavish selections, as we have figured it out!

Socks and Sweaters,
Flannel Pajamas,
Lamb-lined Waistcoats,
Moccasins,
Cameras—Portfolios,
Flashlights,
Toilet Rolls,
and a hundred other useful articles, aside from those listed for the soldier's box.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
Madison Avenue and 45th St.
New York.
"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

ALLIES INSIST ON DAMAGES

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

due argument by the vanquished is provided in the armistice terms.

To Establish Military Defeat.

In placing the matter of an armistice in Marshal Foch's hands and at the same time informing the Germans through President Wilson, the associated nations have strictly observed the diplomatic amenities, while maintaining the purpose to make the armistice a purely military measure which should afford no possibility of a misunderstanding of the fact that it is offered to a defeated army.

All along there has been a belief that the German high command has been desperately anxious to avoid admission of the complete defeat of the German arms, hoping instead to make it appear when the inevitable collapse came that the army was still in being, formidable and able to fight on indefinitely, and that it ceased the struggle, not at the demand of its enemies on the front, but solely because of orders to do so from the civil Government, now at least nominally in control.

For this reason the Americans and allied leaders determined that, to convince the German people themselves that their idolized and feared military machine had been crushed, the military leaders must be forced to capitulate on the field of battle.

Blocks German Sea Aims.

The important reservation by the Allies as to freedom of the seas is said here to be due largely to a desire to avoid a later protest of deception, since it is known that the German idea of freedom of the seas is very different from that held either in Washington or the allied capitals. President Wilson's own statement on this subject, which has been accepted by the Germans, was contained in the fourteen principles enunciated in his address to Congress of last Jan. 8. The second clause said:

"Absolute freedom of navigation upon the seas, outside territorial waters, alike in peace and in war, except as the seas may be closed, in whole or in part, by international action for the enforcement of international covenants."

Very soon after the address was delivered anxiety developed in Europe, and particularly in England, as to just what was meant by Clause 2. Apprehension was openly expressed in the English press that this involved an abandonment of the right of blockade and of the right to capture enemy property on the high seas, and perhaps even a curtailment of the right to maintain fortified naval bases, which might not only render the British Navy largely valueless as an offensive agency, but limit its usefulness in protecting the empire.

Later it appeared that these were precisely the objects sought by Grmany, whose war lords hoped to neutralize the predominance of British naval force while maintaining in full efficiency their own land armies.

Alsace-Lorraine is not mentioned in the allied memorandum. The Entente Governments know, however, and it is assumed that the Germans understand, that by "righting the wrong" done to France, President Wilson meant in the terms accepted by Germany the return of the lost provinces to France.

PREPARED TO ENFORCE TERMS

Washington Believes Germany Cannot Hold Out Beyond Spring.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The impression in officialdom here today is that, while Germany may be reluctant to accept the terms dictated by the Allies at the moment, she will be unable to continue the war much longer. Germany is regarded as tottering, and upon the verge of being out of the war. Famine is believed here to threaten her, and it is known that the morale of her army is badly shaken. As all of her allies have deserted her, it is inconceivable to officials that she can much longer maintain herself as a belligerent.

All the private advices received in Washington indicate that Germany cannot hold out for very many weeks. The official impression is that she may be able to prolong the fight during the Winter, provided there is no internal economic upheaval, but that beyond Spring she is bound to yield.

So far has the conviction become settled in Washington that the war is on the verge of breaking up that already the question of the seat of the peace conference is being discussed. It is generally believed that the conference will be held at The Hague, although there is a strong disposition, according to word in Washington, to hold it at Versailles. The French Government is said to lean toward Versailles from the sentimental viewpoint, because it was in Versailles that Prussia dictated the humiliating peace to France after the Franco-Prussian war.

Great Britain favors The Hague. Italy wants the conference at Geneva. All the Governments associated with the United States in the war incline toward Washington as an alternative choice, although it is not believed that the conference will be brought here.

Wilson's Diplomatic Methods.

President Wilson has avoided the use of the term "unconditional surrender" in his notes to Germany, although he has exacted that as the basic condition for an armistice. The President, according to the view here, has used mild diplomatic phrasing in dealing with Germany. In doing this, it is believed, he has been actuated by a desire not to put in writing terms that would seem too humiliating.

The Allies, it is known, have been in complete accord in all of the peace negotiations undertaken by President Wilson. Instead of taking from one to two years to conclude the work of thrashing out the basic problems upon which a peace agreement will depend, there has been such an understanding that it will be a task of only a few months, once the negotiators enter upon their work. The impression in Washington is that the peace conference will have disposed of the intricate problems before it within six months at the most.

The representatives of the allied Governments will go to the conference, it is said here, with explicit understanding as to the various questions that will come up. There will be difficulty in adjusting some of the territorial problems, along with the disposition of colonies, and also in the matter of indemnities, but the fundamental principles upon which peace must be negotiated are fairly well determined now by the Allies.

The question of the restoration for which Germany must pay will be one of the important features of the peace conference. There is a disposition in some quarters to wrest from her such an amount as will make it impossible for her soon again to enter upon a world war. This feeling has been expressed, it is known here, by officials of allied Governments.

While there is now entire unity among the Allies in every move that is being made, this same unity did not exist in the early days of America's entry into the war. As a diplomat expressed it today:

"Since the United States has been in the war the dominant issue has been the aim to free the world from oppression of the weaker nations. The United States made the issue a fight for democracy. All the Allies have recognized that this, after all, is the issue involved, and they have been in hearty accord with the attitude of America as expressed by her President. This war has been fought out upon a basis of a reconstruction of Europe in the democratic sense, and America, with England and France, has adhered to that policy."

This attitude of the United States and her allies has vividly impressed Germany—so much so that it has had much to do in bringing about the situation of today.

All of Europe, according to intimate advices here, is sick of the war. The German people are tired of the conflict, and they are ready to accept a cessation of hostilities.

Want to Punish Germany.

Talk is in the air as to the punishment which Germany will have to suffer for the crimes she has committed during the war. In some official quarters there is a strong feeling that Germany should answer before a high court of justice for acts of inhumanity. The British Attorney General has urged an international tribunal to try individuals guilty of crimes against humanity during the war.

Under the terms of the armistice concluded between Austria-Hungary and the Allies all the nationalities of the Dual Monarchy, as well as Italy and Serbia, will have their interests protected.

In regard to Jugoslavia, it was learned today that the allied Governments had taken cognizance of the fact that the Croats, Slovenes, and Serbs of Austria-Hungary had not yet had an opportunity of declaring their wishes in respect to the proposed union of those peoples with Serbia, under the plan of Corfu, and there is a suggestion in Entente quarters here that the Croatian Diet correctly represented the will of the Croatian people when it voted to remain in Austria.

The aspirations of South Slavs for independence have obtained declarations of sympathy from America and the allied nations, but as there has been doubt concerning the correctness of the representations made by the professed spokesmen of the Croats, Slovenes, and Austrian Serbs in the allied countries, the principle of self-determination has been held to be sufficient to determine the wishes of the various Jugoslav populations, and their chief organization, known as the Jugoslav Committee in London, has not secured the political recognition of the allies and America such as has been accorded to the Czechoslovak and Polish organizations.

It was indicated in an authoritative quarter today that plebiscites probably would be required in both Croatia and Slovenia to establish the will of those peoples, but that in the case of Bosnia-Herzegovina, no plebiscite would be held, as these provinces stand upon a practical parity with Italia Irredenta and Alsace-Lorraine, and would be awarded to Serbia without discussion.

Croatians in the United States have held aloof from the Jugoslav propaganda, but there is a difference in one particular, for while the Diet declared for union with Austria, the Croatians here have aspired to complete independence for their country.

SENDS OUT VICTORY APPEAL

Stone Issues Message to "Unconditional Surrender Club."

Special to The New York Times.

FLINT, Mich., Nov. 5.—This appeal, has bene authorized by Dwight T. Stone to 2,000,000 members of the "Unconditional Surrender Club" and has been telegraphed to all Unit Secretaries by Myles F. Bradley, National Secretary:

"Germany, though deserted by her allies and her chance of victory lost, still stands out in her refusal to surrender unconditionally. While we are hoping for her early capitulation, we must not forget that the Confederacy fought valiantly two whole years after the South was beaten, disorganized, bankrupt, without co-ordinate leadership, and the people starving.

"The patriots of America must not relax their efforts for an instant until the Hun has been brought to his knees, shorn like Goliath of the power that might make him a menace to humanity in the future. But if peace should come tomorrow your work is only just begun; you are the nucleus of the only nonpartisan, nonsectarian, nonracial 100 per cent. American patriotic organization that can seek to cope with the problems of reconstruction days.

"In your hands is the task of holding the one hundred million people intact, thinking and acting in unison for the good of all and fighting all attempts to divide us, and thus nullify the power and influence we have sacrificed so much to attain as a nation. The din of kamerads should not be permitted to shut out from our ears the message that comes to us from the dead who lie in Flanders field. We must then surrender ourselves unconditionally to our task."

ILL-TREATED AN AMERICAN.

Bulgars Cruel to Physician Who Aided Their Wounded.

SALONIKI, Nov. 4.—Dr. Angelo Romeo, an American citizen, who was kept by force in Gabrovo, Bulgaria, by the Bulgarian authorities for more than a year, has arrived in Saloniki. He left Gabrovo with his family on Oct. 15.

Dr. Romeo, who formerly was attached to the staff of the American Consulate General at Smyrna, offered his services to the Serbian Government at the outbreak of the war. He was at Uskub when the Bulgarians captured the city and during the fighting there cared for wounded Serbians and Bulgarians at the risk of his life. He was thanked by the Bulgarian authorities for his services, but a short time later, despite his protests that his wife was ill, the doctor, his wife and their child were sent to Bulgaria. He protested that the United States was not at war with Bulgaria, but General Toseff, the Military Governor of the district, said that America really was at war with Bulgaria because she was fighting Germany.

Mrs. Romeo, although gravely ill, was forced by the Bulgarians to travel over the rough country to Sofia in an ambulance. Both the doctor and German officers protested but to no avail. While passing through Sofia Dr. Romeo advised the American Consul General of his position and the Consul General took the matter up with the Bulgarian Foreign Minister, who gave formal assurances that Romeo would not be deported.

In spite of this, Bulgarian gendarmes came to the hotel at daybreak the next day and forced the Romeo family to leave for Gabrovo. Attempts of the doctor to communicate with the American Consul General failed, his letters not being delivered. Dr. Romeo was compelled to remain in Gabrovo until the surrender of Bulgaria brought about his release.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The heavy blows of the last week apparently have done more harm to the declining German power than any that have fallen during the last month. Although not officially reported, it is certain that a wide retreat has been forced from the Dutch border to the Serre. This is directly due to three influences—the British attack of Monday, the French attacks in the Oise-Serre angle, which have been unceasing, and the continual fighting of the Americans north of the Argonne Forest.

There has been a general plan behind all this which was certain to succeed if it could be maintained long enough. The American forces, concentrated in the early stages of the fighting on a line directly opposite the main German life line, were given this post of honor to apply the last stroke which would drive Germany out of France, perhaps with the loss of hundreds of thousands of men and the major part of the artillery.

The plan as it appears at this time seems to be this: On the Belgian flank there was a concentration similar to the American concentration north of Verdun; between these two flanks there was to be applied continuous pressure in the form of unceasing attacks, so as to pin the Germans down and make them fight. There was no intention to force a retreat, except in so far as such retreat might cripple the German operation. But a retreat for the sake of recovering territory was not contemplated.

In the meantime the forces on either flank were to wait their opportunity and when it appeared that the offensives in the centre had reached the point where the Germans were forced to deplete their strength on the flanks these two bodies of the Allies were to go into action. In a sense both were holding forces only until this time came. When it did come they were to attack.

The time apparently came for both forces, and the fighting began with great success, particularly on the Belgian flank, where the Germans gave way rapidly. The American forces were having a much harder time. The country was more difficult, the attack more or less expected, so that it was robbed of the element of surprise. But the steady wearing down of the Germans told its own tale. The end was greatly accelerated by the Austrian defection, which resulted in the withdrawal of a number of Austrian divisions from that particular section of the front, forcing the Germans to extend their own front to cover the gap. Immediately the pressure exerted by our troops broke down the resistance, cracked badly if it did not break the German lines, and enabled us to get within easy artillery range of the important highway which runs through the Stenay gap and passes from Metz to Lille by way of Sedan and Valenciennes.

Almost at the moment when the height of our success was reached and before Germany had time to correct the situation the British launched their terrific attack of Monday. This appears to have been the culmination of the break on the Argonne front and to have brought about a situation the only escape from which now is to retreat and to retreat quickly.

Although Germany's lines are shorter now than they have been since 1914, they are not short enough. The life line of the Germans, where they are at present, has been effectively reached and the entire situation is fraught with the greatest danger. It is not too much to say that the present indication is that Germany is now fighting the decisive battle of the war, and it is entirely possible that from it a disaster will come which will measure up with the disaster which overtook the Austrian Army as the result of the latest Italian offensive.

B. Altman & Co.

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Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

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now being shown in the Men's Clothing Department, on the Sixth Floor,

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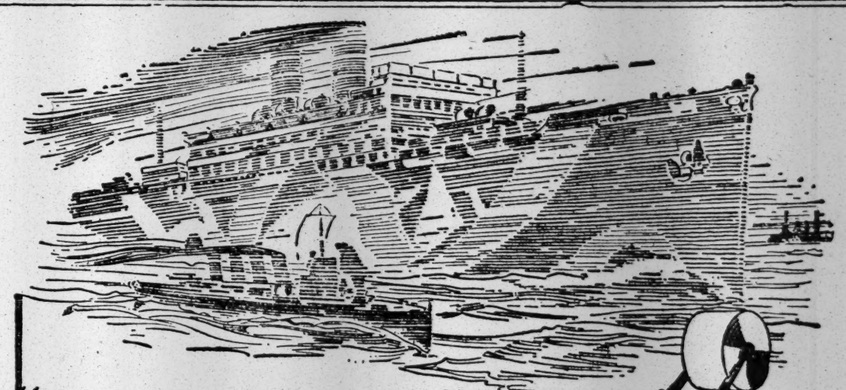

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And consider this—a simple, compact, scientifically arranged key-board, easily covered by one hand. At the start your newest office girl will take the figures from the ledger or sheets and then turn her eyes to the machine. Shortly, she gets away from this—operating entirely by touch—attaining a speed and accuracy unequalled on other machines.

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Let us demonstrate these *three* points, all practical time and labor saving facts—and then we'll show you that the DALTON is more—a versatile calculating machine as well. An all-around office figuring machine that *adds, subtracts, multiplies, divides,* figures interest and chain discounts, adds two totals at once, makes out statements, tabulates, etc. Phone or write today.

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Do You Own 4% Liberty Bonds?

If so, you can convert them into Liberty Bonds bearing 4¼% interest

provided you act before November 9, 1918

After November 9 all conversion privileges lapse on bonds of the Second Liberty Loan and on bonds of the First Liberty Loan that have already been converted to 4% bonds.

If you convert these bonds now, you get ¼% more interest each year. The interest dates of the converted bonds and the date when they will be paid off remain unchanged and the tax exemption features are the same.

There is no advantage, therefore, in keeping your bonds in their present form, while if you convert them there is the advantage of the additional interest plus the further advantage that they will be accepted in payment of Federal inheritance taxes.

Any bank will arrange without charge to convert your 4% Liberty Bonds into 4¼% Liberty Bonds—

but your bonds must be in the hands of the Federal Reserve Bank on or before November 9

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DR. FINLEY FLEW TO NEAR JERUSALEM

Made 130-Mile Trip in British Army Airplane While with Allenby's Forces.

DIRECTED RED CROSS THERE

He Returns Home Enthusiastic Over the Work of the British in Palestine.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Nov. 5.—Among the passengers who arrived today from England on a British liner was Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education, who has the rank of Colonel in the American Red Cross and has been with General Allenby and the British forces in their triumphal march through Palestine and Syria. He was in uniform and carried in his hand the khaki-colored helmet that he wore riding across the dedsert.

In September Dr. Finley made a flight in a British military airplane across the desert from El Kantara, on the Suez Canal, to Ramleh, south of Jerusalem, a distance of about 130 miles.

He made a record with the natives and also with the British officers by walking from Jaffa to Jericho, sixty-five miles, in eighteen hours, starting at 4 P. M. on a Sunday and reaching Jerusalem at 5 o'clock the next morning, where he had breakfast, and arrived at Jericho at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. He also walked from Dan to Beersheba.

In speaking of his experiences, Dr. Finley said that he left Jerusalem three weeks ago by rail to Port Said, Egypt, where he took a steamship which landed him at Taranto, Italy. This has been made by the British during the war into the finest port in the Mediterranean. Before 1914 it was scarcely used by the Italians, who appeared to prefer Brindisi.

The health of the British troops in Palestine is generally good ,according to Dr. Finley. There had been an outbreak of cholera at Tiberias, on the Sea of Galilee, and a section of the American Red Cross has been detailed to assist in nursing the sick.

"We have one unit in Palestine," Dr. Finley said, "and we need two more. The British have done fine work all through the Holy Land and Syria, and the people are happy and earning a good living. There is work for all and no more oppression or grafting. I was with General Allenby on the fourth of July in Jerusalem, and it was a great day for the natives, who had flags waving from the flat roofs of their houses and their windows garlanded with Jericho roses. The Turks did not ill-treat the Jews in Palestine except to take away all their animals and conscript the labor. We sent 5,000 Turkish wounded away to Egypt, where the Government had hospitals to take care of them.

"All the hotels in and around Jerusalem have been taken over by the British officials for hospitals, canteens, stores, &c. They are getting more food into Palestine by rail from Egypt, but it costs more than the people have been accustomed to paying for it. Labor is higher, of course, and the laborer really gets the money he earns instead of merely a promise, as was the custom under the Turkish régime. There is a new world opening for the people of Palestine, and it will develop into a fine country.

"We had lovely, bright weather all Summer, and the rains were just beginning when I left. The troops are mostly Australians and Hindus, and they have become very popular. The trains are running well under military rule, and the British were just starting to operate the railroad from Haifa to Damascus via Mount Carmel, Nazareth, and the Sea of Galilee.

Major Solomon Lowenstein, Superintendent of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum in New York, who returned with Dr. Finlay from Palestine, said that he had visited the Jewish colonies in Judea and found the people all well and flourishing. They had suffered a little from lack of labor and animals for plowing, but were quite contented at the prospect before them.

The Egyptian currency based on the piastre (5 cents) is being used throughout the Holy Land.

"You cannot say too much for what the British have done in Palestine for the people in feeding and housing them and caring for the sick," said Mayor Lowenstein, "besides driving out their oppressors, the Turks. There are about 100,000 Jews in the country, of whom 60,000 live in Jerusalem.

"The Turks did not destroy any of the holy places when they retreated or burn down any of the houses. When the British marched in they found the Holy City practically intact.

"There is a great future for Palestine if Mr. Balfour carries out what he stated was to be done with the country in his declaration."

Colonel Arthur Woods, former Police Commissioner of New York, now in the United States Aviation Corps, returned from France and said that the condition of the American aviators was like that of the rest of the army in France—"bully."

Four Killed by Powder Explosion.

BOUND BROOK, N. J., Nov. 5.—Four men were killed here today in an explosion of aluminium powder in the plant of the Metals Disintegrating Company. Four small buildings, comprising one branch of the plant, were demolished, and windows in near-by factories and in residences in the village were shattered. The cause of the explosion is not known. Explosives in several vats in the buildings were to have been used for star bombs for the army in night fighting in France. The men killed were Raymond Jones, Edward Hill, Samuel Wahl, and Henry Eurer. Two other workmen escaped without injuries.

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5:30 to 9 P. M. $1.50 Per Cover
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A la Carte All Hours—After-Theatre Specialties.
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NOVEMBER 11TH TO 18TH — NOVEMBER 11TH TO 18TH

WHAT THE UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN IS

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

"My Dear Mr. Fosdick:

"May I convey through you as Chairman of the Commission on Training Camp Activities, a very warm expression of the Government's appreciation of the splendid services rendered by the seven officially recognized volunteer organizations which are ministering to the troops at home and overseas? The agencies to which I refer are YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION; YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION; NATIONAL CATHOLIC WAR COUNCIL; JEWISH WELFARE BOARD; AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION; WAR CAMP COMMUNITY SERVICE, and the SALVATION ARMY. Our Soldiers overseas are fighting the battle for democracy with a spirit and a morale unexcelled in any other army. That spirit and that morale will win the war. Through the work which these seven organizations are jointly conducting America is expressing her wholehearted support of our troops in camp and in the lines, and her anxious desire that the fine edge of their training as fighting men should be maintained. The activity of these organizations, therefore, in mobilizing the home, the club, and the church behind the army is of vital military value and will be of the most essential value in effecting the result.

"The united war work campaign of these societies is merely another indication of that unity of spirit as a nation that is making it possible for us to win the war. That spirit and the place which the work of these agencies has made for itself in the hearts of all of us gives me confidence to believe that the united campaign will be crowned with abundant success."

Cordially and sincerely yours,
WOODROW WILSON.

The President has expressed what is in every American heart. As a nation we are united in the winning of this war. As a nation we stand behind our fighters eager and prepared to do for them whatever will hasten victory and make the fighter's task a little lighter.

As individuals there is little we can do. As a nation we can work wonders through the seven organizations authorized and recognized by the Government.

They come to you not as Catholics, nor as Jews, nor as Protestants, not as the representatives of any creed or enterprise, but as Americans to ask that you join in this great united undertaking for God and country and our fighters.

The President has voiced his belief that this spirit of unity will be "crowned with abundant success" This success should be even greater if peace is upon us than if we were to face another year of war.

With the cessation of hostilities, it will become more than ever necessary for us to stand by the boys over there. Surely, after they have done their part in winning the victory, we cannot for one moment allow them to feel that they are neglected and forgotten.

It rests with you. Think of this campaign as your sole responsibility. What you give will mean its success. You cannot leave this undertaking to others. It is YOUR campaign. In France, Americans are fighting this war as if the result depended on the way each individual fights. At home, this campaign rests with you. What will you give—decide to-day—and make your share the biggest thing you ever did!

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has fixed this sum at $170,500,000.

By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved.

Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their

3600 Recreation Buildings	2500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
1000 Miles of Movie Film	85 Hostess Houses
100 Leading Stage Stars	15000 Big-brother "secretaries"
2000 Athletic Directors	Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul.

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs. Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

This space contributed by a friend.

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

Y.M.C.A. — National Catholic War Council — J.W.B. — The Salvation Army — A.L.A. — Y.W.C.A.

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NAVAL TEAM FAILS TO CHECK RUTGERS

Brickley's Eleven Swept Aside by Powerful Attack of Scarlet Warriors.

NEW FORWARD PASS TRIED

Sanford's Players Uncover Novel Ground Gainer While Winning Contest by 40 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Nov. 5.—The big Scarlet football eleven which Foster Sanford has developed at Rutgers swept Nielson Field this afternoon with Charley Brickley's Navy Transport eleven and ran up a score of 40 to 0 with just as much ease as if it had been having an afternoon's practice with the scrub. Brickley's team is made up of former college players, and he has trained them under the Harvard system. The famous Haughton shift, which the Transport eleven used, just folded up and dropped in its tracks when it smashed against the Rutgers line.

Rutgers swept down the field unhampered. Gardner, Kull, French, and Summerhill peeling off anywhere from 10 to 25 yards at a clip. Kull was substituted for Kelly, who is laid up, and this young half back went through the heavy Transport line very much like a swiftly pegged stone goes through a window on Hallowe'en. When Kull hit the line head first the Navy players were knocked sprawling in all directions. It was much the same when Turk Gardner turned himself loose.

Gardner scored three of Rutgers' touchdowns and he sailed through the Transport players with such terrific speed that the tacklers were shaken off easily. Gardner, Kull, and French were all favored with a compact interference which had every move of the opposition blocked. The Rutgers eleven as it stands today is a powerful fast team which ranks favorably with the best scoring machines of the football past. It is splendidly schooled in both defensive and offensive football, and its unified power is something which any eleven would find embarrassing.

Sanford showed a brand-new play yesterday in the form of a double pass. He sent in the regular quarter back, Baker, for this one play, just to try it out. Baker fell far back of the line to take a long direct pass from the centre. In the meantime, Paul Robeson, the giant end, raced over behind Baker and received a backward pass from Baker. Standing deep in the back field, with no one near him, Robeson hurled the ball on a 40-yard forward pass through the air to Captain Feitner, who was down in the Transport territory waiting for it. The play is spectacular and worked perfectly.

The Navy lads had the ball only a few times during the game. Brickley once made five yards on a plunge through the lines, but he was so badly shaken up when big Robeson stopped the play that Charley tarried in the background after that. The Harvard shift was smothered before it got started and the few attempts to gain resulted in O'Boyle punting the ball out of danger. Brickley never had a single chance to try a field goal; he never got close enough to Rutgers' final line to see what the goal posts looked like.

When the game started, Kull caught the ball on the kick-off on his own 6-yard line. In seven plays Rutgers rushed the ball all the way down the field, 95 yards, for a touchdown, Gardner carrying the ball over. After the next kick-off Rutgers carried the ball 70 yards for another score. The plays were run off with clock-like precision. There was no hesitation, no faltering, and there were no fumbles. The tremendous drive behind the Rutgers attack left the Navy players flattened on the soft turf.

In the second period the Rutgers back field traveled 55 yards without a stop for another score, and the count stood 20 to 0 at half time. Just before time was called, Kull the new Rutgers back, peeled off 35 yards in three rushes.

In the third period, Gardner, Kull, and Summerhill ripped off 75 yards in six plays for another touchdown, Summerhill going over with the pigskin, and another score was made when Robeson partially blocked O'Boyle's punt and recovered the ball for Rutgers on the 28-yard line. Two great rushes by Gardner carried the ball over. Late in the game Feitner tried a multiple kick, but it went wide of the goal posts.

The lineup:

Rutgers, (40.)	Position.	Navy Transpt (0.)
Robeson	L.E.	Shonbey
Feitner	L.T.	Polke
Neuschafer	L.G.	Brannigan
Dunham	C.	Carty
Rollins	R.G.	McArdle
Mount	R.T.	Clarke
Breckley	R.E.	Leonard
French	Q.B.	C. Brickley
Kull	L.H.B.	G. Brickley
Gardner	R.H.B.	Flannery
Summerhill	F.B.	O'Boyle

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Rutgers	14	6	7	13	—40
Navy Transport	0	0	0	0	— 0

Touchdowns—Gardner, (3.) Kull, French, Summerhill. Goals from touchdowns—Gardner, 4. Substitutions: Rutgers—Kugler for Mount, Duffy for Kull, Mount for Kugler, Baker for French, French for Baker. Navy Transport—Colletti for Clarke, Clarke for Carty. Referee—A. M. Farrier, Dartmouth. Umpire—Tom Thorp, Columbia. Linesman—Carl A. Reed, Springfield College. Time of periods—Ten minutes each.

ERASMUS ELEVEN VICTOR.

Defeats Manual 12 to 0 In Football Game at Brooklyn.

Erasmus Hall High School's football eleven defeated Manual Training H. S. in the principal game of a double-header yesterday at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, by a count of 12 to 0. Manual was slightly heavier than its rival, but this advantage was more than offset by the concentrated playing of the Erasmian backfield. Meistrell gave Erasmus its first touchdown in the opening quarter on a ten-yard run around right end. In the second quarter the other touchdown was contributed by Mahr on a brilliant race down the field after intercepting a forward pass.

The other game resulted in a victory for Commercial High School over Boys' High School by 7 to 0. This result was a surprise, inasmuch as it was the first time in five games this season that the Boys' goal line had been crossed. Downing accounted for Commercial's score in the third quarter, when, on a forward pass, Coburn to Downing, the Commercial end raced 25 yards for a touchdown. Downing also kicked goal.

The lineup:

Eras. Hall, (2.)	Position.	Man. Train., (0.)
Washington	L.E.	McLeod
Van Trunk	L.T.	Warren
Wardell	L.G.	Plumridge
Haasnoot	C.	Snyder
Wilkinson	R.G.	Scofield
Hay	R.T.	Paisley
Barnes	R.E.	Sparks
Meistrell	Q.B.	Kamion
Daniels	L.H.B.	Lange
Franken	R.H.B.	Table
Mahr	F.B.	Moszczeski

Touchdowns—Meistrell, Mahr. Referee—R. J. Shearer, Dickinson. Umpire—R. R. Crowley, Bowdoin. Head linesman—H. C. Curtis, Oberlin. Time of periods—Eleven minutes each.

Commercial, (7.)	Position.	Boys', (0.)
Bernstein	L.E.	Bunn
Talmadge	L.T.	Ruch
Mulhane	L.G.	Lapsley
Greve	C.	Well
Fuller	R.G.	Kaplan
Soutar	R.T.	Balish
Downing	R.E.	Stevens
Kuhn	Q.B.	Markus
Hessel	L.H.B.	Weiner
Coburn	R.H.B.	Praeger
Halpurn	F.B.	Penn

Touchdown—Downing. Goal from touchdown—Downing. Referee—Mr. Hastings, Cornell. Umpire—R. R. Crowley, Bowdoin. Head linesman—H. C. Curtis, Oberlin. Time of periods—Two of twelve and two of ten minutes each.

BOYS IN SOCCER BATTLES.

Commerce Players Win Sixth Victory in P. S. A. L. Series.

Commerce soccer players won their sixth successive game in the annual P. S. A. L. competition, yesterday, by defeating the Commercial team of Brooklyn, by 2 goals to 0 at Prospect Park. Kulick, centre forward, shot the first, netting the ball from twenty yards out. The second point came when Bumora headed the ball into the net off a pass from the right wing.

Bushwick High obtained the verdict in a game with Erasmus by 3 goals to 2. At half time, Bushwick led by 2 to 0. Adams was the first to score for Bushwick from a corner, and the same player put Bushwick two up with a fine shot off a pass from the left wing. Linoki scored for Erasmus soon after ends had been changed and then Keegan tallied for Bushwick. Everett notched the last point for Erasmus shortly before time.

Playing their best game of the season so far, the soccer team representing the Brooklyn Boys' High School took into camp the eleven from De Witt Clinton by 2 goals to 1. Twenty minutes after the restart Davis took a running pass from Colgan on the left wing and headed the ball neatly into Clinton's net. In another five minutes Davis had scored again, this time off a pass by Rivlin at inside right.

Townsend Harris Hall and Stuyvesant High had a battle royal at Crotona Park yesterday, the game ending in a tie, without either side being able to score. Both teams therefore scored one point in the championship table.

GOLF ON NEARBY LINKS.

Howland and Dent Divide Laurels at Apawamis.

S. W. Howland and T. A. Dent were leading golfers yesterday in the holiday tournament play held over the links of the Apawamis Club. Howland showed the way to golfers handicapped under nine strokes in the morning eighteen holes medal play competition with a card of 87, 6—81. This card gave him premier position in a sweepstakes event also. Dent returned a card of 92, 15—77 for golfers handicapped over ten strokes, and this card gave him the leadership in the afternoon sweepstakes. A special handicap competition resulted in a victory for R. H. Higgins with 102, 20—82.

E. E. Buckner won a Thrift Stamps handicap tournament at the Siwanoy Country Club, with a card of 89, 14—75. D. G. Scott was second with 96, 20—76.

An eighteen-hole sweepstakes in two classes was the attraction at the Essex Fells Country Club. Class A laurels were captured by C. H. Chedester with 91, 17—74, while in Class B the card returned by J. A. Campbell, Jr., 107, 33—74, was best.

Golfers on the links of the Glen Ridge Country Club played in a thirty-six-holes handicap tournament in twoo classes. A card of 169, 14—155 gave C. W. Schwinn Class A prize, while C. H. Lindsay, with 206, 50—156, led in Class B.

A four-ball medal play handicap at the Englewood Country Club resulted in a victory for Norman Peters and Morgan Howard. This combination returned a card of 81, 6—75.

FOOTBALL REVENGE WON BY COMMERCE

High School Eleven Turns the Tables on Bronx Rivals by Score of 12 to 0.

High School of Commerce's football eleven triumphed yesterday over the Morris High School team in their annual clash at the Polo Grounds. Commerce hammered effectively at the Morris line, employed a varied and consistent line of attack, and punted with such accuracy that Morris was snowed under by a 12 to 0 defeat. Yesterday's victory squares accounts with the Bronx Redmen for the crushing 40 to 0 defeat handed Commerce last year.

From the kick-off, when Captain Danny Krassner fumbled, giving Commerce the ball, the Blue and Orange athletes kept the play almost continually in Morris territory. Morris was sorely tried to forestall a score in the first two periods, but, despite the fact that twice in the first half the Commerce lads rushed the ball to within one yard of a touchdown, the Morris line held. This battering had its effect in the second half of the game, when Commerce marched to its victory.

Full back Sampson and George Mitchell half back, reaped the bulk of the glory in the Commerce success. These two players were capably aided by their team-mates, but they showed the way in most of the offensive plays and between them gained the major portion of ground for both touchdowns.

A brilliant run of 33 yards on an intercepted forward pass by Mitchell gave the Commerce team the final touchdown in the last quarter. Morris was in possession of the ball on its own 46-yard line, and a kick by Cohen sent the ball to the 50-yard line. Mitchell ran around end for about 10 yards, and subsequently Burger and Sampson picked up slight gains on line plunges. A forward pass failed, and Commerce lost the ball on downs. Moe Cohen then attempted a forward pass, but Mitchell swooped in the ball and raced to the Red goal line. Sampson missed the goal.

In the third quarter Commerce scored its first touchdown. The tally drew loud protests from the Morris clan. A bad Morris punt, a 30-yard forward pass, Sampson to Margolies, and a plunge by Sampson brought the ball to Morris's 10-yard line in Commerce's possession. Burger tore through the Red line for about 5 yards, and then a bye.

A 2½-yard penalty for offside was inflicted on Morris. On three plunges the Morris line held, but on the last down Burger tore through a struggling mass of humanity and scored a touchdown. Morris protested the score, claiming that Burger was prevented from crossing the line, but referee N. Dickler of Columbia allowed the touchdown. Sampson missed the goal when the pigskin hit one of the uprights.

The line-up:

Commerce, (12.)	Position.	Morris, (0.)
Margolies	L.E.	Oschinsky
Davis	L.T.	Greenblatt
Weintraub	L.G.	Waldeb
McKnight	C.	Redgeld
Whitman	R.G.	Gibbs
Schneiderman	R.T.	Deichman
Kasselbart	R.E.	Newman
Gerbrick	Q.B.	Krassner
Burger	L.H.B.	Korn
Mitchell	R.H.B.	Neufeld
Sampson	F.B.	Cohen

Touchdowns—Burger, Mitchell. Substitutions — For Commerce: Abramowitz for Mitchell. For Morris: Smith for Greenblatt, Peristein for Gibbs. Referee—N. Dickler, Columbia. Umpire—A. Mason, Springfield College. Head linesman—Dr. H. C. Newton, C. C. N. Y. Time of quarters—Twelve minutes.

KOSTICH BEATS MORRISON.

Serbian Chess Master Likely to be Second in Tourney.

When an adjournment was taken, after four hours of play, in the eleventh round of the masters' tournament at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday afternoon, not one of the three games was concluded. Shortly after the resumption of play in the evening the Serbian master, Kostich, beat Morrison, after sixty moves. This victory makes Kostich almost sure of second prize.

Janowski relied the queen's pawn opening against Marshall. When an adjournment was taken, after thirty-one moves, the position was very complicated, and it was difficult to foretell whether Janowski could win, in spite of the gained material.

Chajes and Capablanca entertained each other in a four knights' game. On the twentieth move queens were exchanged, and later on Chajes had an isolated queen's pawn. The position was even, although Capablanca had a knight against the bishop of his adversary. This game was adjourned after forty-two moves.

The score to date:

	Won.	Lost.		Won.	Lost.
Capablanca	8	1	Janowski	3½	4½
Kostich	6½	2½	Black	2½	6½
Marshall	4½	3½	Morrison	1½	8½
Chajes	4½	4½			

The twelfth round will be played in the following order this afternoon: Morrison vs. Chajes, Black vs. Janowski, Marshall vs. Kostich, Capablanca a bye.

BET LEADS JUMPERS IN MANLY MEMORIAL

The Brook Fails by a Head to Take Rich Steeplechase Stake at Pimlico.

PIMLICO, Md., Nov. 5.—W. R. Coe's Bet won the $10,000 Manly Memorial Steeplechase here this afternoon in one of the best cross-country races ever seen in this country. It was a signal triumph for the erratic mare, as the event is the richest decided through the the best jumpers that have competed this season.

Bet was fairly well weighted with 146 pounds, but though she captured the long end of the big prize, the real honors belonged to J. E. Griffith's The Brook, which shouldered the crushing impost of 165 pounds and ran a game and clever race, to be beaten only a head. Bet was driven out at the finish by W. Keating in a successful effort to maintain her speed until the line was crossed.

Going around the last turn The Brook made his bid for victory, but in a duel over the last few obstacles, and in the run-in on the flat he was unable to shake off Mr. Coe's mare, which, though despised in the betting, was in one of her rare good humors. The Brook weakened under the weight just at the finish, and though Crawford did his best he was not able to withstand the final challenge of the mare. Bet's time was 4:49, clipping more than two seconds from the track record of 4:51 3-5.

Billy Kelly had his first outing since his defeat by Eternal, and, with 130 pounds on his back, was called on to concede a lot of weight to many smart youngsters. Sande was in no hurry to go to the front with Commander Ross's gelding, and waited patiently while Mad Hatter and Over There set a hot pace. When let down in the stretch Billy deftly ran over this pair and galloped in an easy winner by a length and a half.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Thunderstorm, 117 pounds, (L. Ensor,) $10.60, $5.80, and $4.60, won; Phantom Maid, 109, (A. Shuttinger,) $12.90 and $10.10, second; Miss Voski, 109, (C. Kummer,) $11.20, third. Time—1:07 3-5. The Dauphin, Ormonda, Lillian Shaw, Veto, Translate, Belario, Viva McGee, Drummond, and Mormon also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling handicap; six furlongs. Currency, 108 pounds, (R. Ball,) $58.90, $14.30, and $7.10, won; Subahdar, 113, (C. Kummer,) $3.60 and $2, second; Milkman, 107, (A. Shuttinger,) $2.90, third. Time—1:13 2-5. The Denslon, Blazeaway, Langden, Irene, Kilmer, Amackassin, and Peep Again also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Manly Memorial Steeplechase; handicap; for four-year-olds and upward; $10,000 added; two miles and a half. Bet, 146 pounds, (W. Keating,) $58.30, $20, and $11.70, won; The Brook, 165, (H. Crawford,) $6.30 and $4, second; Duettiste, 138, (D. Byers,) $4.30, third. Time—4:49. Brooks, Hibler, Trumpator, Pebeto, Kingstown Pier, Nutmeg, New Haven, W. F. Knebelkamp, Gold Bond, Smithfield, and Reliance also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Forest Park Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Corn Tassel, 107 pounds, (L. Ensor,) $8.80, $4.90, and $2.90, won; Valor, 100, (H. Thurber,) $17.10 and $7.30, second; Leochares, 127, (H. Lunsford,) $3.80, third. Time—1:39 2-5. Hollister, Regal Lodge, and L'Errant also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Deckmate, 108 pounds, (W. Kelsay,) $12, $4.90 and $3.30, won; Douglass S., 116, (L. Ensor,) $3.30 and $2.80, second; Whimsy, 113, (T. Pennington,) $4.80, third. Time—1:47 2-5. Game Cock, John A. Day and Yodeling also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Juvenile Handicap for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Billy Kelly, 130 pounds, (E. Sande,) $2.50, $2.70 and $2.10, won; Mad Hatter, 104, (L. Lyke,) $7.80 and $3.70, second; Over There, 108, (L. McAtee,) $2.60, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Passing Shower, Ophelia and Highland Light also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a half. Sky Pilot, 117 pounds, (A. Shuttinger,) $10.70, $3.70 and $2.30, won; Woodthrush, 106, (L. Ensor,) $2.70 and $2.20, second; Lytle, 112, (L. Preece,) $2.70, third. Time—2:35 3-5. Irregular and Man o' the Hour also ran.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

NOVEL NET TOURNEY HELD.

Miss Della Torre Leader in West Side Event.

In an Election Day mixed doubles tennis tournament, at the West Side Tennis Club of Forest Hills yesterday, Miss Gertrude Della Torre was the leader among the women with 42 games to her credit and Hugh L. Nehring led the men with 62 games won. The competition was on a time limit basis, in which partners shifted at stated intervals, and each one of the 62 contestants played with every other one. The games won at the call of time were credited to each contestant.

Concordia Wins on Gridiron.

Concordia Preparatory School's gridiron team trounced the Mount Vernon High School representatives by a score of 25 to 0 in a one-sided game played yesterday on the Concordia gridiron at Bronxville. The victorious school registered touchdowns in all four quarters.

STEIN TOP GUNNER AT N. Y. A. C. TRAPS

Breaks 96 Out of 100 Blue Rocks in Special Holiday Shoot of Club.

Holiday shooting at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday consisted of a special event at 100 targets and another special cup at fifty targets. In the former event C. Stein won the first high scratch trophy with 96 out of 100 targets. T. H. Lawrence took second prize with 94 and the third cup went to Z. Rogers with the same total.

R. R. Debscher won the high handicap prize. He took it on a shoot-off from A. P. Bennett and D. S. McCutcheon. All had full scores of 100 targets in the original shoot. The fifty target special shoot also was taken by T. H. Lawrence.

The scores:

C. Stein, 94, 12—100; Z. Rogers, 94, 6—100; R. R. Debscher, 82, 25—100; A. P. Bennett, 90, 12—100; D. S. McCutcheon, 85, 18—100; M. Murphy, 86, 10—99; D. J. Bradley, 93, 6—99; G. H. Martin, 92, 6—98; S. W. Dyrick, 83, 15—98; F. B. Stephenson, 92, 6—98; J. H. Vandervoer, 87, 10—97; F. S. Parker, 89, 8—97; Dr. Taylor, 97, 20—97; C. C. Grimell, 85, 12—97; W. B. Ogden, 87, 10—97; E. B. Anderson, 85, 12—97; J. P. Donovan, 80, 6—85; H. J. Thielman, 85, 10 95; F. Ham, Jr., 78, 15—93; W. R. Delahanty, 78, 15—93; F. E. Williamson, 72, 20—92; G. J. Corbett, 886, 6—92; G. W. Thomson, 81, 10—91; H. Keller, 86, 0—86; W. Bauer, 72, 12—84; H. W. Wilson, 45, 25—70.

SNOW LEADS HARRIERS.

Carries Hill-and-Dale Pack to Victory for Erasmus.

T. Snow of Erasmus led his school's cross-country team to a victory over St. Benedict Prep. in a chase over the Prospect Park, Brooklyn, course, of about three and one-half miles yesterday. The Erasmus Hall team scored the winning total of twenty points.

The order of finish follows:

T. Snow, Erasmus Hall, 19:55; M. Rich, Erasmus Hall, 19:57; J. Smith, St. Benedict's, 20:00; H. Arit, Erasmus Hall, 20:04; W. McDonough, St. Benedict's, 20:10; J. Marr, Erasmus Hall, 20:16; G. Meleny, Erasmus Hall, 20:18; R. McGuinness, St. Benedict's, 20:24; J. Nulty, St. Benedict's, 20:27; T. Kelly, St. Benedict's, 21:00;

Buy W. S. S.

No Lost Energy

When you are walking on uncertain ground your muscles unconsciously contract—there is a strain on the ligaments—you require increased effort to accomplish the same distance.

When Dr. A Reed Cushion Shoes are worn there is no uncertain ground—for they cushion the feet against uneven surfaces and absorb disagreeable shocks.

Thus muscles swing their burden with ease—and return from a long walk fresh and capable as ever.

Sold Only at

1372 Broadway, at 37th St.
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

Send for Booklet, "An Idea from Nature."

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

For Women Made by JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

SMALL FARM TRACTORS, $285

The "DO IT ALL" small tractor has revolutionized the small farm. It makes it possible to do away with a horse. It plows, harrows, and cultivates better than can be done by hand or horse power and with less manual labor. It is not only a money saver, but it is a labor saver. Owing to the immense demand, quick action is necessary for the man who wants one for 1919. Our advice is—BUY NOW. Tractor connected up to various implements can be seen at our address. Ask for Catalogue T.

Consolidated Gasoline Engine Co.
Gasoline Engines of Every Kind,
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Established 1827
R. SIMPSON & CO., Inc.
143 West 42d St., ADJOINING BROADWAY.
B'way, cor. 67th St., Manhattan.
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Loans of Any Amount on Pledges of Personal Property.
We have a large assortment of Diamond Rings, Diamond Pins, etc. at prices which will satisfy careful purchasers.

PREVENT THAT COLD
IT MAY DEVELOP SERIOUSLY
HUBBARD'S CAMPHOR PILLS
TAKE ONE AT ONCE
If you sneeze, snuffle, or feel a chill coming on. Carry the small bottle at all times.
Price 25 cents.

The New York Times Index contains a chronological summary of these news columns for reference at any time. Published quarterly. $8.00 per year.—Advt.

Ulsters, Greatcoats and Storm Coats

BIG, warm-hearted, hospitable coats—enveloping one completely.

★ ★

Showing smartness at every point—with nonchalant disregard for weather.

★ ★

Largest assortments we have ever shown, in domestic and foreign fabrics—tailored in U. S. A.

★ ★

Many with half-satin back, and pure worsted lining to the bottom.

Wide selections in Imported English Burberrys — the fluffiest and fleeciest of great-coats.

Soft Hats and Blighty Caps to Wear with Ulsters and Storm Coats

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores
241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 30 Broad, 42nd and Fifth Ave.

Henry Clay

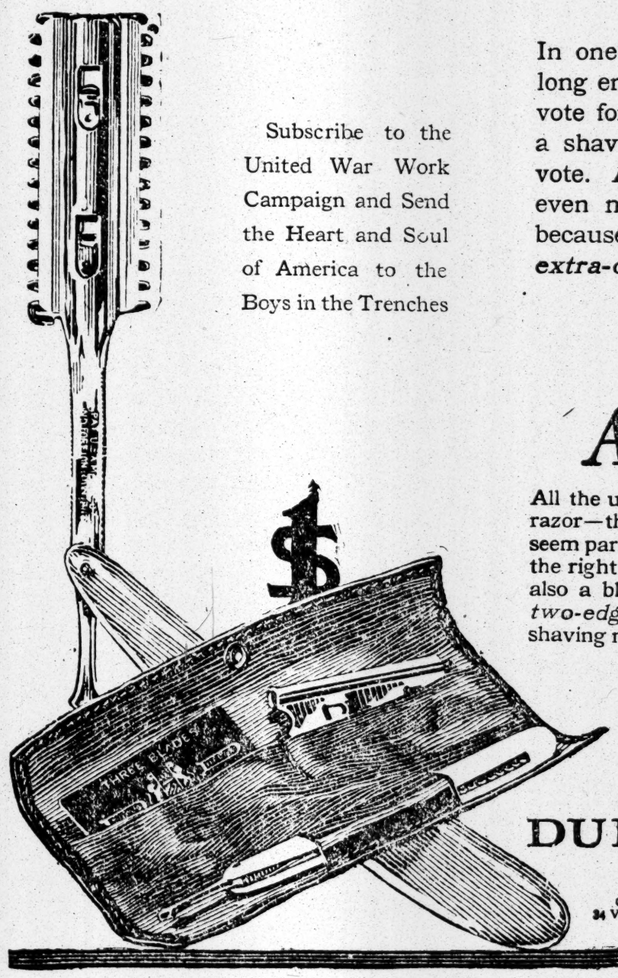
Thought more of a Shave than a Vote

THE unswerving self-respect that made Henry Clay say he would rather be right than be President, was reflected in his insistence on a cleanly shaven face.

In one hard fought campaign when political differences were making life-long enemies, Clay's barber, Jerry Murphy of Lexington, stoutly refused to vote for him, yet Clay would not withdraw his patronage, rightly deeming a shave under Jerry's well-balanced blade worth something more than a vote. And this fine, old-time razor which Clay would not give up is today even more completely the choice of the man who wants a *real shave*—because to its time-proven perfections have been *added* the *safety*, the *extra-convenience* of the guarded and double-edged

DURHAM-DUPLEX

A Real Razor—made Safe



Subscribe to the United War Work Campaign and Send the Heart and Soul of America to the Boys in the Trenches

All the unbeatable virtues of the old-time razor—the perfect balance that makes it seem part of your own hand, the long blade, the right shaving angle on the cheek—but also a blade that *can't cut your face*—a *two-edged* blade that exactly doubles your shaving mileage—a *detachable* blade that gives you the luxury of a fresh edge at a moment's notice—the longest, strongest, keenest, *best-tempered* blade on earth—a blade that you can strop and hone and so conserve steel. Seven million shavers use this *real razor made safe*. Make *your* change to the Durham-Duplex *today*.

ONE DOLLAR COMPLETE
The Greatest Shaving Mileage At Any Price
This set contains a Durham-Duplex Razor with an attractive white handle, safety guard, stropping attachment and package of 3 Durham-Duplex double-edged blades (6 shaving edges) all in a handsome leather kit. Get it from your dealer or from us direct.
Additional package of 5 blades at 50 cents

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Unless branded on sole, it is not an Educator

Yes, Educators *Will* Free Your Feet

EDUCATOR SHOES will free your feet from the unrelenting pressure of narrow, pointed shoes—the shoes that are the cause of painful corns, callouses, bunions, ingrown nails and fallen arches. Educators "let the feet grow as they should."

Get the whole family into them, and walk with ease and grace.

MADE FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Remember, there is no protection stronger than the EDUCATOR trademark, for it means that behind every part of the shoe stands a responsible manufacturer—Rice & Hutchins, Inc., Boston.

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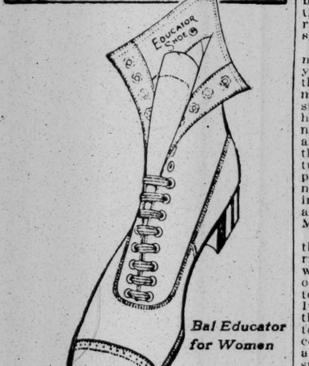

Bal Educator for Women

TRICK MELODRAMA IN 'THE LONG DASH'

A Model "Liberty Gun" Shoots Up a German Secret Gang by Wireless.

EDESON IN A DUAL ROLE

Henry E. Dixey in Spy Disguises—Able Actors Very Strangely Miss Fire.

THE LONG DASH, a melodrama in three acts by Robert Mears Mackay and Victor Mapes. At the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

Alma	Millicent Evans
Arline	Violet Kemble Cooper
Borrows	Harry T. Leland
Paul Hazelton	Robert Edeson
Maranelli	Burton Churchill
John Hazleton	Robert Edeson
William Tinberly	Byron Beasley
Holmes Winter	Malcolm Duncan
Ealnbridge Weston	John Terry
Sartori	Henry E. Dixey
Marie	Georgia Lee
Dr. Bruce	Frank Decamp
Miss Warrington	Helen Hilton
Senator Weston	Burton Churchill
Singly	Harry English
Whitehouse	Walter Colligan
Derkin	J. C. Tremayne

All would be well with "The Long Dash" if the very able actors in the supporting cast could somehow be made to hit the bullseye as inerrantly as the inventor's model of a big gun, which was the star of the occasion.

It was really a wonderful mechanism—a "Liberty Gun" as securely guaranteed to win the war as if it were bread or bonds. No artilleryman need risk his life in aiming or serving it. By a wireless device, (which seemed extraordinarily simple,) it could be repeatedly loaded, accurately aimed, and fired from any distance. One saw it all done in a demonstration.

Naturally the German Government wished to acquire it. Former Ambassador von Bernstorff, (only slightly disguised as Henry E. Dixey,) offered $10,000,000, and, when that plan seemed to be failing, he appeared on the spot at midnight with a secret service gang to abduct the model. But the patriotic hero was also there; and, though securely handcuffed, he managed to set the wireless code working—even to the "long dash" which released the firing pin. The model gun turned loose and shot up the boches, one after another—omitting von Bernstorff only in order that our own secret service could rush in and make a final star exit for Mr. Dixey. The gun, in short, acted perfectly, even for a model gun—and was also a model of retiring modesty, as is not always the way with histrionic genius.

Yet at the final curtain it went into what threatened to be a fit of really murderous stellar tantrums. The fact is that, at the most impressive moments of its performance, there had been laughter among the assembled first nighters. When the boche was dead or accounted for, the Liberty Gun swung slowly but inerrantly upon the audience and paused only when it covered, point blank, the principal offender. But at that moment, fortunately, the curtain rang down, and the critic's life was spared.

The ultimate fate of the play is not necessarily indicated by its reception yesterday afternoon. To begin with, the performance was far too slow. No melodrama can survive a summons to stop, look, and listen. The audience has to be swept off its feet right beneath the crashing cowcatcher. With a little more speed, it is quite possible that the play may thrill those multitudes that used to foregather from all parts of the metropolis to acclaim the melodrama of Third Avenue. All the ingredients are there, thanks to the accomplished playsmithing of R. M. Mackay and Victor Mapes.

Mr. Dixey's performance, like that of the star, excited at times certain critical risibilities. It was when von Bernstorff was disguised as an Italian wireless operator, and the exciting cause seemed to be the voluminous cut of his trousers. It is possible, also, that the *geste* (as the French say) of his legs was a trifle too ample. But at worst that was a corrigible detail in a very able performance. The two impersonations were strikingly contrasted, genuinely psychologized, and were sustained in a manner very rare on any stage.

Robert Edeson was equally distinguished in the dual rôle of two brothers, a villainous profiteer and an amiable patriot. The mechanism by which he passed from one character into the other was skillful in the extreme, and the illusion complete. Far better than that, his performance throughout was sound, vigorous, and sympathetic. Violet Kemble Cooper sustained the feminine interest very ably, and Burton Churchill did an admirable bit as the inventor of the marvelous gun.

It would not be at all surprising if "The Long Dash" found a very considerable public among those who thrill to trick melodrama even though in moments they feel inclined to guy the show.

Florence Otis Is Picturesque.

Give us this day our Star-Spangled Banner! That should be our daily prayer, and Florence Otis agrees with us, for yesterday afternoon at Aeolian Hall she delivered the stirring measures of the national anthem with fervor, aided by a thoroughly patriotic audience. It was the best number of the afternoon, for in it Miss Otis had no opportunity for coloratura singing—what shall it profit a handsome girl if she looks picturesque but loseth her absolute pitch? The program would have been a large order even for Mabel Garrison, ranging as it did from a group of old composers, Stradella, Montaverde, Routarie, then Donizetti to Debussy.

The concert-giver was attired in black velvet and the note of blue was not absent in her decorative scheme—blue, the color of hope, a vocal hope that was hardly realized. We dwell on the personal pulchritude of the young lady, because you could look at her when you didn't wish to hear her. She has excellent material, but she was too nervous to do herself the injustice of singing occasionally in tune. She evidently did not disappoint her friends, as the applause was frequent and spontaneous.

Harry M. Gilbert accompanied at the piano and sawed wood and no doubt bore the blame for numerous slips. To be fair, Miss Otis was at her best in several songs in English. There were the usual ironic floral offerings.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Victor Herbert and Isadora Duncan are lending their services at rehearsals of "Good Luck, Sam," the Camp Merritt soldier show to be seen at the Lexington.

Jessie Reed, well-known in musical comedy, has been engaged for the next Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic.

The performance of "Listen, Lester," a musical revue, which John Cort is producing, will take place tomorrow night in Johnstown, Penn.

MUSIC NOTES.

Five hundred persons attended the first of a private series of morning musicales in the Hotel Plaza ballroom yesterday. The artists were Cecil Arden, a young contralto of the Metropolitan; Mayo Wadler, violin, and Victor Wittgenstein, piano.

Mischa Elman will play at the first of the Hotel Biltmore morning musicales on Friday. Anna Case will sing Edward Horsman's "Dreams," an Italian folksong arranged by Sgamboti, and a Lithuanian song by Chopin. Louis Graveure will sing an air from Massenet's "Herodiade."

Sophie Brasiau, the Metropolitan contralto, gave a special recital for the Humanitarian Society last evening in Carnegie Hall, including in her program the air from Gluck's "Orpheus," Rachmaninoff's "Billowy Harvest Field," Deckel's "Moscow," and Schalitt's "Elli, Elli."

Soldiers Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A prominent British Government officer while talking about the war to a large body of business men in N.Y. City recently said, "After the tired soldier has returned from a 12 mile tramp, with swollen and aching feet, is there a mother, who, if she knew, would not go out and get some Foot-Ease to send to her boy?"

People everywhere should realize the comfort derived from Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes. It takes the friction from the shoe and gives instant relief to tired, aching, swollen, tender feet, corns, bunions, blisters and callouses.

The Plattsburg Camp Manual advises all men in training to shake Foot-Ease in their Shoes each morning. No soldier or sailor should be without it. Try it yourself and if you have a son-brother or friend in the army or navy, why not mail him a package now. Sold by drug and dep't stores everywhere.

BOOKS

Early Christmas Shopprng is urged by the Government, and to accord with this suggestion we are now offering an unusually attractive assortment of Xmas Gift Books, Xmas Magazines, Xmas Cards, Novelties, etc., etc.

Inspection welcomed.

BRENTANO'S

Booksellers to the World.

5th Ave. & 27th St., New York

ACTORS UPHOLD CONTRACT.

Equity Body to Protest Against Alleged Violations by Managers.

A meeting of the Actors' Equity Association will be held at the Hotel Astor next Monday afternoon to consider alleged violations of the standard theatrical contract on the part of managers, and to bind the members of the organization to an insistence upon the carrying out of the contract in every particular. The protest is the second to be made by the actors in the year or more that the contract has been in force, an appeal having been made to President Wilson several months ago.

The particular point which will be insisted upon by the association at the Monday meeting is that all contracts given players shall be for the season or "the run of the play," and that contracts shall be exchanged no later than at the end of the first week of rehearsal. More than 1,200 actors, it is announced, have already pledged themselves to insist upon the incorporation of these points in their contracts. All actors, whether or not they are members of the association, are invited to the meeting. Francis Wilson and Wilton Lackaye will be the speakers.

MEET AND WED IN 4 HOURS.

Lieut. B. F. Higgenbotham Marries Laura Hamilton of Century Revue.

The marriage of Bruce Field Higgenbotham of Detroit, a Lieutenant in the 36th Infantry, to Laura Hamilton, of the Century Grove Midnight Revue, took place in Hoboken early last Friday morning following an acquaintance of four hours. The couple met on the Century Roof at 1:30 o'clock in the morning, and were married at 5:30 by an army chaplain. They are now at the Hotel Biltmore.

R. G. Knowles Back from Engand.

R. G. Knowles, American vaudeville performer and lecturer, who has been starred in England for thirty years, returned to New York yesterday, and will spend his time entirely in America. He said that the theatrical and vaudeville business in England was good and there were a number of American plays and sketches being performed there with success.

APPEAL FOR FRUIT SHIPS.

Jamaica Growers Want More Vessels for Export to America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 5.—A representative deputation of growers and business men has asked the Governor to appeal to the American Government through the British Ambassador at Washington to induce the War Trade Board to allow ships of the Leyland Line and other available tonnage to carry fruit to America.

Only the United States and the Atlantic companies' fruit ships are now permitted to engage in this trade, and the growers fear a shortage of shipping next Spring. They complain of present prices owing to lack of competition.

Cotton Goods Contracts for Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Rumors that extensive cancellation of contracts for cotton goods for the use of the army is being made were declared to be unfounded today by the Committee on Cotton Distribution. "Only such cancellations have been made," the committee announced, "as have taken place normally from time to time during the progress of the war by mutual consent by reason of necessary changes in fabrics needed, replacements, variation in quality, or other desired changes."

$100,000 Bequest to Harvard.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Bequests of $100,000 each to Harvard College and to the Boston Museum of Fine Arts are provided for in the will of Hervey E. Wetzel of this city, who died in Red Cross service in France. In each instance the money is to be used for the purchase of a few important works of art under the direction of men named by Mr. Wetzel.

Harvard Scientist Held.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Professor Camillo Schneider, employed by Harvard University in scientific research at the Arnold Arboreum, was held by the Federal Commissioner here today for a hearing under the Trading with the Enemy act. It is alleged he has been sending large sums of money to Austria. He is registered as a German alien.

SIEGE OF GHENT MADE A BELGIAN HOLIDAY

Queen Elizabeth and Hundreds of Civilians Watched Allied Troops Closing In.

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Monday, Nov. 4, (Associated Press.)—Allied troops today began the siege of the City of Ghent, already surrounded virtually on three sides. The assault on the city was witnessed by Queen Elizabeth of Belgium and hundreds of her noncombatant subjects.

Belgian, French, and American soldiers this afternoon had pushed up to the eastern outskirts of the beleaguered city with comparatively light resistance from the enemy, who apparently has evacuated the place.

As the allied troops advanced on the city, the setting was a most dramatic one. Civilians mingled with the soldiers at many points, and as the infantry moved forward pleasure boats moved hither and thither along the winding canals on the western edge, carrying civilians who had collected to see the restoration of their beloved city. In the little white cottages along the banks of the canal were German machine gunners whose weapons dominated the waterways and the roads.

For some reason most of the guns were silent. Overhead Belgian airplanes swirled and darted like great birds, but there was no challenge from the German anti-aircraft guns. Into this scene of mimic warfare came the Queen of the Belgians, who motored to within two and one-half miles of the city. She looked across the battleline at the towering spires and red-roofed buildings which stood out like a painting in the bright November sun. Even the United States was represented among the spectators of this extraordinary scene, for four officials stationed in Holland, who had happened to be in Bruges on business, came on to Ghent, as it had been wrongly reported that the city had been captured from the Germans. The American quartet was composed of G. H. Krough, Ralph Runyon, Vice Consul at Rotterdam, and A. W. Bankert and Ensign Charles Moore, attached to the Legation at The Hague.

During the day the advance guards of the allied forces pushed forward still closer about Ghent. As they drove in, the civilians, who had flocked to the scene, joined the troops at many places. Automobiles approached within a mile of Ghent in perfect safety.

War has little damaged the countryside about Ghent. Yesterday the German guns threw shells into hamlets near the front, but this section of Belgium shows few signs of devastation.

Whether the Germans actually have withdrawn from Ghent or intend to hold on a little longer was not clearly apparent today. However, it seemed only a matter of time before Belgian troops would be marching through the city, whose streets have rung to the tramp of German soldiery for four years.

FEARS CHAOS IN TURKEY.

Morgenthau Thinks Allies Should Send an Army of Occupation.

Turkey must be occupied for several years by troops of the allied nations in order to prevent its falling into a state of chaos such as exists in Mexico, Ambassador Henry Morgenthau said last night at a dinner given in his honor at the St. Regis Hotel by Armenians of New York.

"The greatest cruelty that we could work for the Armenians would be to say, 'Take your new-found liberty and do what you will.' As a warm friend of the Armenians, let me remind you that nations are not created in a day, but must be built up gradually. The best thing that could happen to Turkey would be to be under military occupation of some allied countries for some years. If this is not done we will see existing there such conditions as now prevail in Mexico."

Mr. Morgenthau suggested that Turkey be placed uner a protectorate of the Allies or of America until the country reaches a self-governing status, at which time it would be safe to give the Armenians their independence. He paid a tribute to the democracy of President Wilson and said that America must support him in order that his democracy should not be overcome at the peace table by reactionary powers.

Sick Room Disinfection in Spanish Influenza

Spanish Influenza runs riot when the sick-room is not thoroughly disinfected.

Sick-room Disinfection also protects the patient. It reduces the danger of a "relapse" which is often reinfection by the germs that breed in the sick person's own body.

Pin your faith to

Lysol Disinfectant

It annihilates all germ life at the instant of contact. Keep Lysol solution always in the bedpan. Boil all eating utensils, towels, clothing and bed clothing used by the patient, in water which contains Lysol.

Wipe daily all woodwork in the sick-room—floor, window frames, doors, etc. in water to which a few drops of Lysol have been added.

Also use Lysol solution in toilets, garbage cans, sinks and drains. Put a few drops of Lysol in all scrubbing water.

A 50c bottle makes 5 gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes 2 gallons. Accept only true Lysol—made, bottled, signed and sealed by Lehn & Fink.

To Disinfect Offices, Buildings and Factories

Lysol F. & F. (Farm & Factory) is unrefined Lysol Disinfectant and contains all its power. It is used to disinfect big buildings, institutions and factories. Sold in 5 gallon cans and 50 gallon barrels.

Pledge to Buy W. S. S. Regularly

· OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND ·

Lehn & Fink New York Inc

FONCK'S 75TH VICTORY.

French Premier Ace Has Downed 6 Enemy Planes Since Nov. 2.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—The official communication on aerial operations issued tonight says:

During the day of Nov. 4 bombing machines dropped more than thirty-eight tons of projectiles and fired 10,000 cartridges on convoys and troop concentrations in the region of Vendresse and Daucourt, and 10,250 kilos of projectiles were dropped on the railway stations at Mezières, Mohon, Lumes, Triage, Sedan, Poix-Terron, and Vendresse.

Since Nov. 2 Lieutenant Fonck (the premier French ace) has downed six enemy machines, which brought the number of victories for this pilot up to seventy-five.

Find Parts of Man's Body in River.

Detectives of the Unidentified Dead Bureau at Police Headquarters were called yesterday to Ward's shipyards at the foot of Fulton Street in Astoria, L. I., to aid in investigating a suspected murder, after parts of the body of a man had been found in the river by Michael Barry, a watchman at the shipyards. The body had been dismembered, and the police said there were indications that the man had been murdered. No papers were found in the clothing to establish identity.

Clerk Killed by Street Fighters.

Herman Strubbe, a postal clerk of 144 West 117th Street, was killed by a bullet fired by an Italian who was fighting several companions in First Avenue, near 113th Street, in the Italian section of Harlem, last night. After they had cast their votes Strubbe and his wife walked along First Avenue to do some shopping. When they approached 113th Street they saw several Italians run from a tenement and begin shooting at each other. A bullet struck Strubbe in the heart while he was trying to pull his wife to shelter. Policemen were unable to find the Italians.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT. NOTE DIFFERENT OPENING TIME OF EACH THEATRE TO AVOID TRAFFIC CONGESTION.

Unconditional Surrender!

BY

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC

TO

TWO TREMENDOUS HITS

PRODUCED BY

The Messrs. LEE and J. J. SHUBERT

ASTOR THEATRE

Another French Victory.—*Herald.*

LITTLE SIMPLICITY

Romantic musical play. Excellent entertainment. —*Eve. Telegram.*

Sang and smiled her way into the hearts of everyone.

Matinee Today at 2:15

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THE LONG DASH

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ROBERT EDESON AND HENRY E. DIXEY ACHIEVE THE GREATEST SUCCESS IN THEIR CAREERS.

Matinee Today at 2:30

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evs. at 8:15. LAST WEEK—MAT. TOMORROW AT 2. MOST GIGANTIC SHOW IN NEW YORK PASSING SHOW OF 1918. 150 PEOPLE | 30 SCENES | 500 COSTUMES. Next Mon. AL JOLSON in SINBAD Moves Here from the Casino

CENTRAL Thea., B'way & 47th. Bryant 17. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. ALICE BRADY. Returned to the Spoken Stage in FOREVER AFTER

KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN says: MARCIA van DRESSER is Half goddess; half woman. Her lovely voice falls like music on the dullest ear and adds new delight to an uplifting and memorable performance of FREEDOM. 800 Seats at 50c; 250 at 75c; 600 at $1; 400 at $1.50. Popular Price Mat. Today. CENTURY 62d St. nr. B'way. Mat. Today Evgs. 8:15

ROOF CENTURY THEATRE AT 11:30. CENTURY GROVE MIDNIGHT REVUE. BEAUTIFUL GIRLS 'N' EVERYTHING. Smile with Lovely MOLLIE KING.

JOHN BARRYMORE in TOLSTOI'S "REDEMPTION". PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Bry. 40. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.

CASINO BROADWAY & 39TH STREET. Evenings 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Today 2:15. 31ST WEEK IN NEW YORK. Last Week at this Theatre. Moves to Winter Garden Next Monday. AL JOLSON. And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD. Next Mon. SOME TIME with ED. WYNN moves Here from Shubert Thea.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 9:00. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Refreshingly new: it Sparkles. TEA FOR 3. If you buy in advance choice seats for all performances may be had at the box office. POPULAR PRICE MAT. TODAY 2:30.

FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. (Pop.), 2:30. A STITCH IN TIME. Happy Play —with— IRENE FENWICK

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evenings at 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30. WM. COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES"

SELWYN WEST 42d ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. JANE COWL in "Information Please." "The Theatre De Luxe."—*N. Y. Sun.*

PLAYHOUSE, Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. PETER'S MOTHER

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. Best Seats 50c. Highest Price Orch. Seats, $1. Evgs. Parlor, Bedroom & Bath with Florence Moore.

44TH ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. ROBERT B. MANTELL IN RICHELIEU. Prices 25c, 50c, $1.00, $1.50. Boxes $2.00.

BOOTH Thea., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. CLARE KUMMER'S NEW COMEDY. BE CALM CAMILLA. "Is the Best Performance and Brightest Play in Town."—*Tribune.* "Delighted the Audience."—*Eve. Sun.* "A Triumph of the Theatre that Nowa-Days Are Few and Far Between."—*World.*

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. The BIG CHANCE. With MARY NASH

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30. Marjorie Rambeau in "WHERE POPPIES BLOOM."

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:30. UNDER ORDERS

HUDSON West 44th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD IN FRIENDLY ENEMIES

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat. at 2:30. BERTHA in KALICH. "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN"

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. Pop. Mat. Today, 50c to $1.50. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. The UNKNOWN PURPLE. With RICHARD BENNETT.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 9:00. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents "COMPLETE SUCCESS"—*World.* H. B. Warner in Sleeping Partners with Irene Bordoni

BROADHURST 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. NORA BAYES. In a New Musical Play. LADIES FIRST

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents Oscar Wilde's Greatest Comedy AN IDEAL HUSBAND. Norman Trevor—Wilton Lackaye. Cyril Harcourt—Beatrice Beckley

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. MOVES TO THE CASINO NEXT MONDAY. SOME TIME with ED. WYNN. MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE

Loew's 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tom'w, 25c & 50c. Charlotte Walker in "Nancy Lee"

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EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome

"EVERY DAY IS A HOLIDAY AT THE HIP" *says the Sun.* Mat. Today, 2:15 $1 BEST SEATS (except Boxes) EVES. AT 8:15.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Popular Matinee Today BEST SEATS $1.00. DAVID WARFIELD in "THE AUCTIONEER".

Prices 25c to $1.50. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47 St. Mat. Daily, 25c-$1. BESSIE CLAYTON & The Canines. BLOSSOM SEELEY. "FRISCO," Stan Stanley. Elinore & Williams and CHIC SALE.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way and 96th St. BELLE BAKER. MURIEL WORTH. FRANK DOBSON & CO. Mehlinger & Meyer. ots.

PARK Theatre, Columbus Circle & 59th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Sat., 2:15. Society of American Singers. OPERA COMIQUE. Gilbert & Sullivan's Comic Opera Masterpieces. TO-NIGHT, Fri. & Sat. Nights MIKADO. Thurs. Eve. & Sat. Mat. PIRATES OF PENZANCE

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Sat. 2:15. This Week "Georgette Lemeunier" Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Popular Prices.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15. MORTON & RUSSELL, Friend & Ali. Seats Downing, O'Brien, Havel & Co. Reserved. "Private Peat" with Pvt. H. Peat. 25, 35, 50

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COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15. | Popular Prices. BEST SHOW IN TOWN, with Frankie Hunter.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. MATINEE TODAY 2:15. "THE BEST MUSICAL COMEDY OF THE SEASON!" KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF JOYOUSNESS AND MELODY. THE GIRL BEHIND the GUN. ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC. OPEN ALL YEAR. PHONE BRYANT 340.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. CYRIL MAUDE in C. Haddon Chambers' Comedy Masterpiece. THE SAVING GRACE

GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evenings at 8:20. MAT. TODAY 2:15. (Pop. Prices) JULIA SANDERSON—JOSEPH CAWTHORN. SAM HARDY and DOYLE & DIXON. in "THE CANARY."

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. 3 WISE FOOLS

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:15. The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies. GLORIANNA with ELEANOR PAINTER. "The sort of play Broadway revels in."—Globe.

Henry Miller's Thea., W. 43d. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. HENRY MILLER. RUTH CHATTERTON in a comedy by Douglas Murray, "Perkins"

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents DADDIES

VANDERBILT West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Mr. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE MATINEE HERO."

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Bryant 392. Pop. Mat. TODAY. MITZI in "HEAD OVER HEELS"

"One of those musical comedies folks can't help liking."—Journal.

LIGHTNIN'. GAIETY. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Today 2:20. POP. 50c TO $1.50 MAT. TODAY. Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written. 3 FACES EAST. Hundreds Turned Away At Every Performance.

GREENWICH 7th Av. & 4th St. Evs. 8:30. Village Theatre Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. The Better 'Ole

CORT THEATRE, W. 48th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees TODAY & Sat., 2:15. John Cort's Musical Comedy Triumph. FIDDLERS THREE

BELASCO West 44 St. Tues., Nov. 12 SEATS NOW. FRANCES STARR IN "TIGER! TIGER!"

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow, 25-50c. POLLY WITH A PAST with INA CLAIRE

FIRST BILTMORE. FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE. Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Nov. 8, at 11. ANNA CASE. MISCHA ELMAN. LOUIS GRAVEURE.

Reserved Seats $3. Now on sale at Biltmore Box Office from 9 to 6 (Balcony floor). Artists engaged for future musicales:

Frances Alda	John O'Sullivan
Enrico Caruso	Arthur Rubinstein
Guido Ciccolini	Andres de Segurola
Anna Fitzin	Toscha Seidel
Amelita Galli-Curci	Jacques Thibaud
Leopold Godowsky	Cyrena Van Gordon
Rudolph Ganz	Carolina White
John McCormack	Ganna Walska
Giovanni Martinelli	Mayo Wadler
Marguerite Namara	Winston Wilkinson
Eugene Ysaye	

Subscription Prices: Reserved Seats, $20; Boxes $25 for the eight Concerts plus 10% War Tax. On sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 Broadway. Knabe Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, 57 St. NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS. COLORED VIEWS MOTION PICTURES. 5 SUNDAY EVES. AT 8:30. MONDAY MATS. AT 3:00. PARIS, 1918 ..... NOV. 17-18. WARTIME FRANCE ..... NOV. 24-25. WARTIME ITALY ..... DEC. 1-2. LONDON, 1918 ..... DEC. 8-9. WARTIME ENGLAND ..... DEC. 15-16. Course Sale Now, $5, $4, $3, $2.50

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. CARNEGIE HALL, Saturday Eve., Nov. 9. AEOLIAN HALL, Sunday Aft., November 10. Soloist MISCHA LEVITZKI. Borodine, Saint-Saens, Vidal, Moussorgsky. Seats at Box Offices, George Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Nov. 10, at 3. AMERICAN DEBUT—RAOUL VIDAS. FRENCH VIOLINIST. (Steinway Piano.) Seats $2.00 to 75c. Mgt. Music League.

AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Aft., Nov. 11, at 3. Recital by Alfred CORTOT. FAMOUS FRENCH PIANIST. Tkts. $2.50, $2, $1.50, $1, 50c. Steinway Piano.

Dancing Carnival. St. Nicholas Rink, 66th Str., Near B'way. 2 P. M. to Midnight.

BROOKLYN. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Boston Symphony Orchestra. Henri Rabaud, Conductor. First Concert Fri., Nov. 8, 8:15 P. M. Soloist, FLORENCE EASTON, Soprano. PIERRE MONTEUX, Con. at this Concert. Tickets now at Brooklyn Institute Box Office.

MOTION PICTURES. RIVOLI B'way and 49th St. 20-30-50c. Loges $1. J. Stuart Blackton's "Safe for Democracy," with Mitchell Lewis. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA. RIALTO Times Square 20-30-50c. MAE MARSH in "Hidden Fires." Comedy. Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

SENSATIONAL DOUBLE BILL. CATHERINE CALVERT in "MARRIAGE." BROADWAY Theatre, B'way at 41st St. CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "SHOULDER ARMS" Cont. Noon to 11 P. M.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. "LAFAYETTE, WE COME." Soloist, War Review and STRAND ORCHESTRA.

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. FLORENCE REED "Wives of Men."

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 20, 30. Cont's 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. WM. FARNUM in "THE RAINBOW TRAIL."

81st St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980. Douglas FAIRBANKS in "He Comes Up Smiling" Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT announces an OFFICIAL EXHIBITION of COLORED NAVAL PHOTOGRAPHS depicting episodes and incidents associated with every phase of Naval Warfare, which will be held at the Anderson Galleries Park Ave. and 59th St. beginning TONIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK and continuing until Nov. 16, 1918. Open daily, 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

This exhibition comes direct from the Prince's Galleries, London, where the attendance was over a quarter of a million people in a few weeks.

Lieutenant J. C. Percy, R. N. V. R., Illustrated Talk on the Work of the Navy, Every Evening at 9.

Net Proceeds for NAVY AUXILIARY No. 205, American Red Cross.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE. OPENING NIGHT SAMSON et DALILA. Mon., Nov. 11, at 8. Homer; Caruso, Coulnou (new), Rothier, Reiss, Ananian. Cond. Monteux.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 8 ..... AIDA. Muzio, Homer; Crimi (new), Montesanto (new), Didur, Ananian. Cond. Moranzoni.

THURS. EVE., 8:15 DAUGHTER of the REGIMENT. Hempel, Howard; Carpi, Scotti. Cond. Papi.

FRIDAY EVE. at 8 FORZA DEL DESTINO. Ponselle (new), Gentle (new); Caruso, De Luca, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond. Papi.

SATURDAY MATINEE at 2 ..... THAIS. Farrar, Braslau, Sparkes, Ebner; Diaz, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond. Moranzoni.

SAT. EVE. at 8 CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Fas- (75c to $3) ton Peirl; Althouse, Chalmers. DOUBLE BILL PAGLIACCI. Muzio; Kingston, Scotti; Bada. Cond. Moranzoni.

SEAT SALE BEGINS TOMORROW, at 9 A.M. BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. TUES., NOV. 12, at 8. BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Althouse, De Luca, Bada. Cond. Moranzoni. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

304th, 305th, 306th Field Artil'y 302d Ammunition Train. Christmas Auxiliary Benefit Concert. HIPPODROME. Sun. Aft., Nov. 10th, 2:45 o'clock. Tickets Now ON SALE, Box Office.

HORSE SHOW. Box Office at MADISON SQUARE GARDEN NOW open. 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., for sale of seats for entire week of Show (Nov. 11 to 15) and for Arena Boxes and Res. Seats.

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 6, 1918.

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A CLOSE CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

The wranglings and contentions of the political leaders during the last three weeks have had very little effect upon the country. The people have not shared in their excitements, they have exhibited more than usual calmness; or if they have been stirred, the impulses to change one way or the other seem to have offset each other, leaving the balance of political power very much where it was before. The Republicans have gained a Senator in Illinois, where Mr. McCORMICK has beaten JAMES HAMILTON LEWIS. They have gained in Kansas five representatives in Congress, they have gained one in Kentucky where SWAGAR SHERLEY, Democratic Chairman of the Committee on Appropriation, has been defeated in the Fifth District. The present House stands 215 Democrats and 209 Republicans. It is possible, but not certain at this hour, that complete returns from all the States will show a Republican majority in the House, with less probability that the Senate will pass into the control of that party. The present Senate has fifty-two Democrats and forty-four Republicans, making it necessary for the Republicans to gain five Senators in order to have a majority.

If the Republicans control the next House, their majority will be small, not sufficient to give them the power to undertake successfully any general reversal of policies to which the present House has been committed.

WOODROW WILSON remains President of the United States, and the people, though much besought by opposition leaders, have not been moved to express their disapproval of his Administration.

THE FOURTH LIBERTIES.

The first sales of the Fourth Liberty Loan were at prices better than the judges of the money market expected. They are also better than they appear, in that they indicate a higher value for the bonds remaining in the hands of the original subscribers. The discount from par causes neither surprise nor regret, everybody being educated to the fact that quotations just at par are not to be expected for more than moments at a time and that quotations above par would indicate excess of liberality in interest rates or tax exemptions. Our Federal bonds now sell above other public bonds, including bonds of foreign Governments. The difference does not indicate difference in moral risk, for it may be said that there is none in this class of public bonds. But there are differences in tax privileges, and questions of foreign exchange which reflect a trade outlook now necessarily obscure. The range in this premier class of credit has been as wide as is usual in such securities, with corresponding opportunities for profit to those of good judgment, and, as now seems, with only the appearance of risk even when clouds were darkest.

It may be supposed that the general bond market has now touched its lowest point, and can only move upward in general and within a narrower range of fluctuation. Probably few can expect continuance of the unusual and almost superhuman activity of trade which has attracted funds into itself, especially tax funds. As this supporting factor is withdrawn there will be a reduction of the demand for goods and services and a corresponding demand for security of income independent of the chances of trade. This ground swell is not a market movement which attracts attention, but it is of imposing proportions. For example, the decrease in the demand for bonds is shown by the record of sales last month of less than $9,000,000, against over $22,000,000 last year, and of $218,000,000 for the year to date, against $389,000,000 last year. But in October the sales of existing issues on the Stock Exchange jumped from $118,000,000 last year to $233,000,000 this year, including the largest total of corporation bonds since January, 1917.

Just as the Liberty bond business pointed to patriotism, so the corporate bond business pointed to improvement in the general investment demand, which was experienced in much less degree in the share market. Indeed, for the year the Stock Exchange business shows an actual decrease of forty million shares, with but an increase of three millions for October. This was the record when peace was still far in the offing, but it is a repetition of experience that cessation of war activities finds first reflection in the bond rather than in the share market.

A DEMOCRATIC GOVERNOR.

Governor WHITMAN'S great plurality of 163,000 in 1916 had yesterday a deep decline and fall-off, even to the point of complete extinction, since the election of his Democratic opponent, ALFRED E. SMITH, is now indicated by a very narrow plurality; the vote of the soldiers in cantonments in this country will perhaps be found to have decided the election. When Mr. WILLIAM BARNES brought himself to appear on the same platform with the Governor, a with never a good word to say for him, Republicans might hope that the party unity was well re-established; but the bitterness of the Lewis-Hennett campaign lingered. The most capable and distinguished Republicans of New York were opposed to Mr. WHITMAN'S renomination, accomplished easily through his beloved Directed Primary.

The candid description by Senator ELON R. BROWN and other Republican experts of the Governor's slipshod methods of administration; his apparent inattention to or want of interest in State affairs; his mastery of the party organization through the State and the County Committees; his hallucination that he is a serious candidate for the Republican nomination for President, have wearied a good many Republicans and Independents, and may be presumed to have had the same effect on a good many of the new voters.

How far the old rancor of the farmers persists against him can be guessed only by attentive study of the up-State election figures. A greater obstacle and danger to him was his subservience to that somewhat choleric and rash would-be super-Legislature, dictator of policies and politics, and General Grand Elector, the Anti-Saloon League. Especially in the cities Governor WHITMAN'S flirtations with prohibition, his zeal to force the Federal Prohibition Amendment upon the State, his refusal to allow the opinion of the people to be taken, have caused a deal of wrath, which was registered at the polls. Moreover, the Governor's suppression of any reference to prohibition in the resolutions of the unofficial State Convention exasperated persons who can pardon an honest fanatic but find it hard to stomach a trimmer.

What the woman voters thought there is no means of knowing; but it seems safe to assume that they were actuated by the same motives as the men. Governor WHITMAN had much to contend with besides the State issues from which he fled, which ALFRED E. SMITH dwelt upon with so much knowledge, force, and acumen.

In accounting for the defeat of Mr. WHITMAN a large and an honorable share of the credit therefor is Mr. SMITH'S. He made a clean, intelligent, straightforward canvass. To the multitude of friends he had made by his engaging qualities he adds those from whom, whether they voted for him or not, he has won respect in this campaign by his ability, his fairness, his dignity, under gross provocation. He has borne himself admirably and has every reason to be proud of his splendid campaign.

BOLSHEVIKI AND GERMANS.

The Bolsheviki rank so high among robbers that it is no small accomplishment to have beaten them in their specialty. The Bolsheviki robbed the Russian banks, but the German officials robbed the Bolsheviki. Germany got her hands on, but will hardly be able to keep, the 100,000,000 francs of the Rumanian deposit in Moscow and the 600,000,000 rubles of the gold reserve of the Imperial Bank of Russia, but she has already lost the 800,000,000 rubles of Russian Treasury reserve. The Bolsheviki looted it in 1917 and sent it to Samara, but yesterday it was announced that it had been intercepted by the Omsk Government, which the opposition to the Bolsheviki recognize as the nucleus for the new Russia that is likely to be the successor of the old Russia. Whatever the Bolsheviki had and the Germans wanted was as good as German booty, if the Bolsheviki kept faith. The size of the "if" appears from the fact that yesterday it was announced that the Bolsheviki had stopped payment of the indemnity to Germany on which they had paid two installments, and the transfer of gold and banknotes had ceased.

It needs no imagination to tell the result of the loss of these resources to Germany. Already its finances were in collapse. Its ninth loan realized less than half a billion against nearly four billion dollars for the eighth loan; there are panics on its bourses and runs on the banks. The currency is excessively inflated, and yet the Reichsbank is issuing notes by billions of marks for the hoarders to hide rather than to use, and the cities are printing currency on top of all. Why anybody should wish to hoard German currency of any sort is strange. It would seem wiser to exchange currency for whatever it will buy and hoard the bargains, for German currency is like nothing in the world so much as the cheesecloth gunners in their fake tanks and their stovepipe guns.

The only hope of putting solvency into this chaos was to steal gold from Russia, but that ingenious method of the pirates has gone wrong. The Hohenzollerns began their career as usurers, and are ending it like confidence men. The world might have had trouble if the partnership of the Bolsheviki and the Hohenzollerns had hung together. The bankruptcy of both of them is news worthy of the accomplished armistice and the approaching peace.

GERMANY'S HOPELESS SITUATION

There was a demonstration at the Bismarck Monument in Berlin on Sunday in favor of rejecting terms of peace "humiliating to Germany" and of going on with the war. The military party, of course, arranged the demonstration, just as it was the military party, supporting the Hohenzollern dynasty, that incited Austria to declare war on Serbia in July, 1914, an act that involved Europe, and almost the whole world ultimately, in the bloodiest and most ruinous conflict in recorded time. The military party in Germany, still strong enough, it would seem, to keep the Hohenzollerns at the head of the State with its bayonets, now purposes to add to its crimes by persuading the people of Germany to continue a struggle in which all has been lost, including honor.

There could not be a baser betrayal, and to what end except to save for a fleeting period the pride of autocracy and to keep in countenance its partners in crime, the Ludendorffs and the Hindenburgs of the army? What could be more humiliating to Germany than to be led to the shambles again by these tricksters and devils incarnate, who understand only too well that with the collapse of Austria their evil cause is irretrievably lost, and that to fight on to obtain better terms of peace than the Entente and the United States would offer now is an undertaking that their own General Staff could not justify by any logic of strategy or any precedents in warfare?

Germany would never have dared to enter the war without Austria-Hungary as her ally. Turkey and Bulgaria were lured in to strengthen the eastern front still more and, as a secondary consideration, to open a road to the Persian Gulf. While the Russians were in the field both Germany and Austria had to maintain great armies on the Russian border. With the collapse of Russia the opportunity came to crush the French and British armies on the western front, and the attempt was made in the Spring of this year. It failed because American reinforcements pouring into France gave Marshal FOCH a free hand for a victorious counteroffensive, in which the American First and Second Armies took a conspicuous part. Austria could be of little assistance to her ally because the heroic Italian Army, growing in numbers and efficiency, proved to be more than a match for the ancient enemy. The British in Palestine and Mesopotamia redeemed the Gallipoli fiasco by smiting the Turk hip and thigh and putting him out of the war. General D'ESPEREY'S timely offensive in Macedonia eliminated Bulgaria, and the French and Serbians are today at Belgrade. Such were the fruits of the unified command. Austria, tottering to a fall, received her quietus at the hands of General DIAZ and surrendered everything. Thus in a few short months Germany lost all her allies and stood alone.

The terms imposed upon Austria by the Allies give them the right to use her railroads and waterways and occupy strategic points with the object of conducting military operations against Germany. Thus, if the war goes on at the behest of her military oligarchy, Germany will have to defend herself on two or more fronts. Her armies are retreating in disorder verging on rout from France and Belgium before superior forces that grow steadily in numbers and in the Spring will have a strength of 6,000,000 men. Germany has lost in her recent cumulative disasters great numbers of men and one-fifth of her artillery, and the end is not yet. In one month the United States can add to its army in France as many men as Germany can call to the colors in a year. In the event that her forces could make good their retreat to the valley of the Rhine, the armistice terms having been rejected, Germany could be invaded through Belgium, Luxemburg, and Alsace-Lorraine, and through Silesia from Cracow, for the Allies would have troops and munitions enough to attack irresistibly on several fronts. Germany could count on no aid in levies from Russia, for the terms to which Turkey has submitted provide for the opening of the Sea of Marmora and the Black Sea to the fleets of the Allies, who would undertake to restore order in Russia and redeem her people from German exploitation. Four years has Germany been cut off from sea-borne supplies for her people, who now face starvation. No longer can she reckon on relief from Austria, Rumania, and the Ukraine.

Economically Germany is in desperate straits, and all her days are black. Her military power has been broken. No strategist that ever lived could plan for her a successful defense against the allied armies closing in on her territory. She has nothing to hope for by fighting on. Of all the crimes charged against her present rulers, none has been more inhuman than would be the betrayal of her people into a war of defense when no honorable or effective defense could be made.

ITALY'S TRIUMPH.

The congratulations sent to Italy by President WILSON and Secretary LANSING—and, it may be presumed, by the heads of the other allied Governments—refer specifically to the great Italian victory which drove the Austrians off Italian soil. But coming at this time they serve to call attention to something that the whole world should remember—namely, that the complete defeat of Austria-Hungary, the destruction of a despotism that has been one of the most abominable instruments of oppression in modern history, is above all an Italian achievement.

This is not to depreciate the services rendered by other nations in overthrowing the Hapsburg system. The unceasing efforts of the leaders of the oppressed nationalities of the Dual Monarchy and the rising spirit of revolt among their peoples have done much to weaken the structure and hasten its collapse. Nor should we ever forget the great services of the Russian armies, which in the first two years of the war put millions of Austro-Hungarian troops out of action; a considerable accomplishment in itself, and doubly valuable since hundreds of thousands of Czechoslovaks and Jugoslavs who surrendered to the Russians have since been enrolled in the allied armies.

But with all allowance made for Russia and the subject peoples, as well as for the losses inflicted on Austro-Hungarian armies by Serbia and Rumania, the fact remains that the Italian army and navy have been the principal factors in bringing about Austria's downfall. The stupendous Italian victories of the last few days have been the most visible evidence of this fact; it is not too much to say that if the armistice had gone into effect a week later there would have been no Austro-Hungarian army. And the army which won this overwhelming success was 90 per cent. Italian—fifty-one Italian divisions, three British, two French, and one Czechoslovak, with a single American regiment. It was a great achievement, a great Italian achievement; yet even greater, perhaps, were the two other battles which the Italian army fought on the Piave.

In these times of triumph on all fronts it is a little hard to remember that only a year ago we thought that Venice was surely lost, that even Milan might go. The Italians were struggling hard to rally after Caporetto; 300,000 French and British were on the way. But the Italians had made their stand and stopped the enemy before the French and British arrived—stopped them by sheer courage and desperation, by the rallying of a disorganized army, short of guns and munitions, which held the Piave against a powerfully armed and confident foe.

No less important was the victory of last June. Four great German offensives in France had met with varying degrees of success, but none had failed entirely; the tradition of German victory in 1918 was as yet unbroken. The Italian army had not yet made good the material losses of Caporetto, and no one was certain that its morale was fully restored. If the Austrian attack on the Piave line in June had succeeded as well as the German attacks at St. Quentin or on the Aisne, we might once more be looking to next year for victory. But the Italians held the enemy and threw them back with enormous loss. It was the first of the series of allied victories which has continued without interruption ever since.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Venturesome Nomination Is Seconded.

When it was suggested in this column, several weeks ago, that Prince LICHNOWSKY was about the best qualified man in Germany to be the first President of a German Republic, it was done, as then stated, "not very seriously," and perhaps in no real or strong expectation that the sometime representative of the Kaiser in London would ever attain that position—even if there were ever such a position for anybody to attain.

The nomination had for basis, however, the fact that, of all the well known Germans, the Prince was about the only one that, at the very beginning of the war, saw and told who was and who was not responsible for it—about the only one whose mind seemed to discriminate between right and wrong in much the same way as do normal minds outside of Germany. That made him a candidate acceptable to the enemies of the German Empire, but the reverse of acceptable to its friends and supporters, and in one or the other of those classes practically all of the effective Germans then were. His chances of election, therefore, could not be considered really promising, and his nomination was a product of hope hardly more than of belief. It was merely an expression of opinion as to what ought to be.

But for several days past the name of Prince LICHNOWSKY has been appearing with curious frequency in the dispatches from Berlin as that of a man about whom a good many people there and in other parts of Germany were talking as a possible or even probable member, highly placed, of whatever new Government is to replace the Hohenzollerns' dynastic rule, and now the implacable REVENTLOW writes of the Prince as "the man of the hour"—the man who logically should replace the power at which he struck such a deadly blow when he told the world from his abundant knowledge of the happenings of 1914 that it was German ambition, not British greed nor France's desire for revenge, that brought about the calamities of the four dreadful years. Of course it is with a sneer that REVENTLOW declares it time for Prince LICHNOWSKY to claim his reward is come, or coming, but even so he admits the truth of what can be said in the Prince's behalf.

Christmas Gifts for Soldiers.

When our Government's device of "Christmas coupons," one of which was to be sent home by each soldier abroad to the relative or friend he might select for the privilege of sending him a seasonable gift, was announced, the plan was viewed with resignation, if not exactly with favor. That is because it was recognized that, if all of us who could and would send Christmas presents to the men in France were allowed to do so, the carrying of the packages would take up far more ship space than possibly could now be devoted to other than strictly necessary transportation. With the passage of time, however, resignation to a justifiable restriction has given place in many instances to a feeling much like irritation.

On the other hand, the men across the water are writing home two things—first, that most of them find it difficult, and those engaged in active operations almost impossible, to overcome the many obstacles to getting the coupons from their superior officers, and, second, that not a few of those who could conquer those obstacles are embarrassed when it comes to choosing the recipient of the coupons. This embarrassment has two sources—the invidiousness of a selection among several persons about equally entitled by love or friendship to be thus favored, and the delicacy that forbids the making what seems like a demand for a present from anybody.

So, in not a few instances the soldiers have decided not to try to get the coupons.

Here there is growing up the impression that this determination is just the one the military and shipping authorities like best and the one they tried to bring about. Hence the irritation to which reference has been made, and it is to the indirection by which the desired end in considerable measure has been reached rather than to the reaching of the end. If we had all been told that in the existing conditions it would be inexpedient and more than inconvenient to ship even 2,000,000 small Christmas packages from the United States to France, the reasonableness of the statement would have been recognized at once, and nobody would have done any more about the matter than sigh, as so many times before, that "war is war." The providing of a way that wasn't a way was different and—fretting.

"Staggering" Entirely Commendable.

In asking representatives of all the city's more important industries to a conference on the question whether or not their hours of beginning and stopping work shall continue as during the influenza epidemic, the Public Service Commission has taken exactly the right course. For the matter is one to be settled by voluntary agreement rather than by law or ordinance, and to settle it correctly nothing is needed except reason and good will.

The plan followed while the recent emergency existed has worked excellently, and to a considerable degree has solved the difficult problem of transportation which the shape of the city creates. Morning and evening travel has not been made as comfortable as we would all like to have it, but the crowding of the various lines has been appreciably decreased by the distribution of the traffic, and this is a benefit worth striving for at all times. For once, too, it is a municipal blessing that can be obtained without cost or hardship to anybody.

The meeting to be held tomorrow afternoon, therefore, should be well attended, and it can hardly have any other result than a determination to go on with the "staggering of the hours." Nobody has said a word against it, because there is nothing against it to be said. When that is the case, common sense has its verdict ready.

"THE VINDICTIVE"

(Written for the opening of the British exhibition at the Anderson Galleries today, which includes, among many marvelous photographs of sea warfare, a superb picture of the Vindictive herself, as she returned from her victorious assault upon Zeebrugge.)

How should we praise those lads of the old *Vindictive*
Who looked Death straight in the eyes,
Till his gaze fell,
In those red gates of hell?

England, in her proud history, proudly enrolls them,
And the deep night in her remembering skies
With purer glory
Shall blazon their grim story.

There were no throngs to applaud that hushed adventure.
They were one to a thousand on that fierce emprise.
The shores they sought
Were armored, past all thought.

Oh, they knew fear, be assured, as the brave must know it,
With youth and its happiness bidding their last good-byes;
Till thoughts, more dear
Than life, cast out all fear.

For if, as we think, they remembered the brown-roofed homesteads,
And the scent of the hawthorn hedges when daylight dies,
Old happy places,
Young eyes and fading faces;

One dream was dearer that night than the best of their boyhood,
One hope more radiant than any their hearts could prize—
The touch of your hand,
The light of your face, England!

So, age to age shall tell how they sailed through the darkness,
Where, under those high, austere, implacable stars,
Not one in ten
Might look for a dawn again.

They saw the ferryboats, *Iris* and *Daffodil*, creeping
Darkly as clouds to the shimmering mine-strewn bars,
Flash into light!
Then thunder reddened the night.

The wild white swords of the searchlights blinded and stabbed them.
The sharp black shadows fought in fantastic wars.
Black waves leapt whitening,
Red decks were washed with lightning.

But, under the twelve-inch guns of the black land-batteries,
The hacked bright hulk, in a glory of crackling spars,
Moved to her goal
Like an immortal soul,

That, while its raw rent flesh in a furnace is tortured,
Reigns by a law no agony ever can shake,
And shines in power
Above all shocks of the hour.

Oh, there, while the decks ran blood and the star-shells lightened,
The shattering ship that the enemy never could break
Swept through the fire
And grappled her heart's desire.

There, on a wreck that blazed with the soul of England,
The lads that died in the dark for England's sake
Knew, as they died,
Nelson was at their side;

Nelson, and all the ghostly fleets of his island,
Fighting beside them there, and the soul of Drake!—
Dreams, as we knew,
Till these lads made them true.

How should we praise you, lads of the old Vindictive,
Who looked Death straight in the eyes,
Till his gaze fell,
In those red gates of hell?

ALFRED NOYES.

DANISH QUESTIONS.

Guarantees Needed if the Kiel Canal Is Given Over.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your articles on the question of the return of Schleswig to the Danes are making the deplorable position of Denmark better known in this country and striking at the root of the power of Germany in Europe. Germany could never have begun to realize her ambition to become a great naval power if Austria had not fallen into her trap in 1864 and helped her to make the Kiel Canal possible. Bismarck wanted more power for the German Navy, and he found the best sailors in the world in Schleswig-Holstein.

The return of Northern Schleswig to Denmark would mean the internationalization of the canal, and, likewise, a tribune of force enough to save the State of Denmark from the aggression of a neighbor of whose territory she is considered to be geographically a part.

The majority of Danes would cheerfully lay down their lives to have their brethren in Schleswig relieved of the blightfulness of the oppression they endure and to restore the territorial integrity of their country; but such a restoration, forced from a relentless neighbor, would argue constant vigilance, anxiety, the support of a standing army which would paralyze agriculture and imply unendurable taxation, unless the beneficent hands that restored the stolen province could assist the small country to retain it. The oppressive measures, economic and otherwise, in the power of a mighty and autocratic nation to inflict on a weak and democratic one can only be understood by those living under the shadow of a living colossus.

MAURICE FRANCIS EGAN,
Late American Minister to Denmark.
Mountain Lake Park, Md., Oct. 29, 1918.

The German Navy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The disposition to be made of the German Navy will be one of the important details to be worked out in the final peace adjustment. Its confiscation and distribution among the allied powers will not be practicable, and its destruction would be an unwarranted economic waste. It is, however, too dangerous an instrumentality to be left wholly in Germany's hands. Would it not prove a satisfactory solution of the problem to insist that it be turned over to the League of Nations as an international navy to be used in safeguarding the future peace of the world? Germany's willingness to do this would be an evidence of her sincerity and good faith in indorsing the formation of such a league, and this contribution on her part would give her people a wholesome sense of proprietorship in the new world's tribunal.

S. D. TIMBERLAKE, Jr.
Staunton, Va., Oct. 29, 1918.

MISS WILSON IN FRANCE.

President's Daughter Will Sing for the Soldiers There.

Booked for a solid year in the camp and trench circuit, Miss Margaret Wilson, President Wilson's eldest daughter, has arrived in France, according to a cable message received at the headquarters of the United War Work Campaign. The message added that Miss Wilson would entertain soldiers in France, England, and Italy, and that Ross David, a tenor who taught Miss Wilson for years, and Mrs. David, accompanied her. The party is equipped with a portable organ.

Before leaving this country, Miss Wilson and her companions presented their program at a rehearsal in the White House, at which she sang the selections which were popular at her many recitals in American training camps. Though Miss Wilson will travel without ostentation, asking only the courtesies usually shown to a Y. M. C. A. worker, it is expected that she will be presented to the governing heads of the allied countries. The demand of men in the camps in this country who heard her for more of her entertainment abroad is said to have led her to make the journey.

MASS FOR FALLEN SOLDIERS

Father Smith Lauds Men of Old 69th at St. Patrick Services.

St. Patrick's Cathedral was completely filled yesterday morning with relatives and friends of the men of the 165th United States Infantry, formerly the 69th, who gathered to participate in a solemn memorial mass for the members of the regiment who had died in battle or from other causes. The service also marked the anniversary of the departure of the 165th for France. The Rev. Joseph Dineen, Chaplain of the new 69th Regiment, was the celebrant of the memorial mass, assisted by the Rev. Peter Quinn, now an army Chaplain, as deacon, and the Rev. Bernard Corcoran of the Cathedral staff, as sub-Deacon. The Rev. Henry F. Hammer was Master of Ceremonies.

The Rev. Ignatius Smith, O. P., rector of the Dominican Church of St. Vincent Ferrer, who preached the sermon, said it was a marked characteristic of the men of the regiment who had fallen that they knew how to live well, fight well, and die well. "While it is a sad day for a great many of you here," the preacher said, "it should be a great consolation to know that the men of the old 69th, now merged into the 165th Regiment, who died for their country, possessed these fine qualities."

Father Smith paid tribute to Major Francis P. Duffy, Chaplain of the 165th Regiment, for his bravery and devotion to the men under his spiritual direction. The Right Rev. Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's, introduced Father Smith to the congregation and occupied a seat in the chancel during the service.

WILL RULE ON DRY LAW.

Many New Jersey Town Elections Hinge on Decision of Court.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 5.—The New Jersey Supreme Court, which will open its November term here tomorrow, is expected to hand down an important decision either upholding or declaring unconstitutional the local option law passed last Winter by the Legislature.

The case involving this question is that of Michaelson against the Township of Wall, Monmouth County. In many municipalities of the State local option elections are being held today, and these, if they are dry, as well as the elections in those places which have voted dry since the law was passed, would be affected if the act was declared invalid.

Arguments on the validity of local option elections in Roselle, Dunellen, Middletown Township, Monmouth County, and Caldwell are listed during this term of court. There are nearly 150 cases on the calendar for argument.

WORSHIP BY DAYLIGHT.

Londoners Will Have Night Services Only In Westminster Abbey.

LONDON, Oct. 25 (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—A suggestion made by Sir Albert Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, that all church services be held in daylight on account of the serious coal shortage is to be adopted, it is announced, in many London churches. An exception will be made, however, in the case of Westminster Abbey.

"The evening service," said Canon Charles of Westminster Abbey, "is a special litany, and it appeals to a large number of people who cannot attend worship in the afternoon, and for that reason it is considered necessary not to make any alteration."

Evening services at St. Paul's Cathedral were discontinued last year as a precaution against air raids, on account of the difficulty of subduing the Cathedral's lights.

THANKS FOR RED CROSS GIFT

Gen. Petain Expresses the Gratitude of France to Americans.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—General Pétain, Commander in Chief of the French Armies, has written to Harvey L. Gibson, American Red Cross Commissioner for France, thanking on behalf of himself and the armies under his command the American Red Cross for a donation of 10,000,000 francs to be devoted to the assistance of needy families of French officers and men.

"I know that in addressing the American Red Cross I speak to the people of the United States," General Pétain wrote. "My thanks, therefore, go to your people. I am happy to have the opportunity to transmit evidence of the grateful affection of our armies. Your intervention will dissipate many cares and lighten many misfortunes."

CHILE SEIZES 84 SHIPS.

Argentina Also Places Guards on Interned German Vessels.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 5.—The Government today took possession of eighty-four German ships interned in Chilean ports.

This action was taken to prevent the crews from sinking the vessels after having destroyed vital parts of the machinery.

The seizure of the vessels is favorably commented upon by the press generally.

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 5.—The Argentine Government has placed a military guard on three German merchant ships interned at Bahia Blanca. The vessels are the Seydlitz, Sevilla, and Patagonia.

BRITISH ELECTIONS DEC. 7.

Fact Made Known at Meeting of Party Whips in London.

LONDON, Nov. 5, (via Montreal.)—It is expected that the general elections in Great Britain will take place on Dec. 7.

This information was given out at a meeting of the party whips to arrange plans for the campaign.

'VICTORY' PARADES FOR BIG WAR FUND

800,000 Boys and Girls Will March Through New York Streets.

DEMOCRATS PLEDGE HELP

Entire City Organization to be Turned Over—H. P. Davison Calls on Red Cross to Assist.

More than 800,000 boys and girls are to hold parades on Tuesday, Nov. 12, which has been set aside as "Victory Boys and Girls' Day" in the United War Campaign Week. The parades will be held simultaneously all over New York, and the boys and girls will march under victory division banners. Because of the great response of the boys and girls of the city to the victory idea of pledging themselves to "Earn and Give" at least $5 to the campaign to support the men overseas, it was considered more advisable to have individual paradea than to attempt one great parade with 800,000 participants along the line of march.

The parades will start from the public and high schools of the city at the same hour, and on their return a mass meeting will be held at each building. All boys and girls who will pledge themselves to earn by their own efforts money for the comfort and cheer of our men overseas are eligible. Payments of pledges can be made Dec. 2, Jan. 15, and March 1.

The War Work Campaign Committee was notified yesterday by Thomas F. Smith, Secretary of the Democratic County Committee, that the committee would turn over its entire organization in every Assembly district to the United War Work Committee to obtain subscriptions to the $170,500,000 fund from Nov. 11 to 18. The Executive Committee of the Democratic County Committee passed a resolution pledging the county committee to cooperate with the war work committee. The speakers' bureau of the democratic organization will be turned over to the war work organization.

Meetings, where the campaign was explained, were held yesterday in twenty-five colleges. Similar meetings will be held in hundreds of colleges throughout the country today, tomorrow, and Friday. The work in the higher educational institutions is in charge of the Faculties and Students' Division, William D. Guthrie Chairman, and H. E. Edmonds, Secretary. The method of soliciting funds in the colleges is uniform Team workers with team captains will solicit secret pledges, which will be opened by the Executive Committee, composed of the Faculties and Students' Committees. The various college organizations will formulate their own "stunts," entertainments and meetings to arouse interest in the campaign.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the American Red Cross, who has just completed a five weeks' inspection trip of the Red Cross in England, France, and Italy, has sent the following cablegram calling upon Red Cross members throughout this country to support the forthcoming campaign:

"Having spent nearly five weeks among our men along the back of the lines in England, France, and Italy, I have had opportunity to observe the work of the seven war relief organizations. Certainly every chapter of the American Red Cross within the United States and, indeed, in all other parts of the world and all citizens of the United States would contribute to the work of these organizations if they could appreciate its importance. Our nearly two million men are far from home, in strange lands, and need as men never needed before just the things that these organizations supply. I am, therefore, confident the entire Red Cross, conscious of its obligations, will co-operate with enthusiasm and zeal in the coming campaign."

Elbert H. Gary, head of the United States Steel Corporation; John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and A. E. Roberts, International Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., will speak at a dinner to be given at Delmonico's on Friday evening, Nov. 8, at 7 o'clock in the interests of the United War Work campaign. The hosts at the dinner will be two of the Vice Chairmen, Jacob Wertheim and Colonel H. A. Guinzburg, who have sent out 500 invitations to men in the following lines of business: Belts, suspenders, cloaks, suits and skirts, clothing and allied trades, corsets and corset materials, dresses and waists, gloves, hides and leather, jewelry, buttons and notions, paper boxes, and umbrellas.

To give impetus to the campaign, the Salvation Army has asked the Red Cross for 5,000 Red Cross labels to insure shipments to 5,000 friendless soldiers of Christmas packages.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., will start the drive in Queens for the United War Work Campaign this afternoon at a conference and dinner at the Queens Chamber of Commerce in Long Island City. He is to meet workers from all parts of the borough who have been marshaled under the direction of Richard S. Newcombe. He will make an address and will give suggestions concerning the work that must be done. The organization for starting the drive in Queens is about completed, and there have enlisted more of the well known and aggressive residents in this drive than in any other for either the Red Cross or the Liberty Loan.

DRAFT CALL FOR 18,300.

Crowder Summons Limited Service Men from 46 States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Provost Marshal General Crowder today called for 18,300 draft registrants physically qualified for limited service to entrain for camps between Nov. 25 and 27. Voluntary enlistments will be accepted until Nov. 20.

A variety of trades and occupations are mentioned in the call, and forty-six States are asked to furnish the necessary number.

Total calls for military service for November have now passed the 310,000 mark, and are far in excess of previous monthly mobilizations under the draft.

TELL DRAFT MEN OF DUTIES.

Speakers at Horace Mann Meeting Give Registrants Advice.

Eight hundred Class 1A draft men from the upper west side gathered in Horace Mann School auditorium, Broadway and 120th Street, last night, to listen to a series of patriotic speeches and practical advice as to how to conduct themselves when they enter the military service. A. James Bromberg, who presided, announced that, starting Nov. 11 at 8 P. M., there would be in Public School 43, at Amsterdam Avenue and 129th Street, military drills twice weekly to enable ambitious men to qualify for noncommissioned officerships when they were taken.

Franklin M. Giddings, Professor of Sociology at Columbia University, spoke in place of President Nicholas Murray Butler, who was unable to take his place on the program because of indisposition. Other speakers were Chaplain Raymond C. Knox of Columbia, Major Herbert Earnshaw, commanding the Columbia Student Officers' Training Corps, and P. W. Wilson, M. P.; Mme. Blanche Arral, a singer who just has returned from doing Belgian relief work, helped entertain the audience.

Canada's War Loan Piling Up.

TORONTO, Nov. 5.—Canada's three-week victory loan campaign, which is now in its second week, has resulted in subscriptions of $158,679,000. Reports from outlying districts will not be available until tomorrow. The members of the Dominion Business Committee are gratified with results and expect little difficulty in reaching the objective of $500,000,000.

'NO CONSIDERATION,' SAYS GERMAN ORDER

Captured Document Gives Details for Taking Away Civilian Males.

WITH ALL FOOD AND CATTLE

Instructions for Sabotage by Prisoners Behind Allied Lines Are Carefully Set Forth.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Nov. 1.—Fearing an attack and realizing that in the present military situation it would mean an Allied advance, the Germans were today systematically withdrawing war materials from the front, taking away everything not strictly for immediate defensive use.

Not only were they doing that, but they were also stripping villages and towns which might be seized by Americans. Horses were being corralled and driven rearward. All implements and food useful to them were being stolen. Moreover, all the male civilian population between the ages of 14 and 60 were being rounded up and carried away.

With so much talk of evacuation, one may call attention to the following order just captured by the Second Army which relates to the treatment of territory behind the retreating armies:

"The evacuation of male population capabl eof bearing arms, as well as of cattle, has been only partially carried out because of the passive resistance of population and the reduced forces at the command of the local commandants. The co-operation of troops, therefore, is necessary.

"The division commander will on this account issue orders to all units to search each district systematically and deliver under guard to the commandant's headquarters concerned all men from 14 to 60 years old, together with all cattle, for transportation.

"A concentration camp will be established near each headquarters for civilians to be evacuated. A guard will be furnished from baggage trains, &c. Stockades will similarly be arranged for cattle.

"The cattle will be taken to the nearest slaughter house. All cattle fit for food will be seized. Horses will be formed in columns and will be used by headquarters for the collection of provisions of all sorts. The headquarters auxiliary services will direct the work of these columns.

"If more horses are found, these may be used to complete the authorized strength of the horses of the unit concerned. No horse will be left in the country.

"The purpose in view cannot be accomplished except by proceeding without the slightest consideration."

This order was issued after the Germans began to talk of their willingness to evacuate territory. This, perhaps, was the kind of evacuation they were talking about—no horse to be left in the country—all food to be seized.

One may gain a good idea of the German fear of an American attack east of the Meuse by the fact that all the rested divisions of the German Army were today in that territory. This means that as divisions have been taken out of battle all the way from the Dutch border to the Meuse they have been sent eastward to be ready should the Americans strike toward the Rhine.

The Germans are also extending the system of having men captured for the purpose of doing sabotage work back of the allied lines. One can show this no better than by citing part of a German document recently issued, which is headed: "Instructions to the German prisoners on the subject of sabotage."

This says: "The first sabotage must be carried out by prisoners on the same lines as those on which the Intelligence Service is worked. Confidential agents are particularly asked to proceed carefully. Suitable soldiers, after careful examination, should receive their instructions.

"Their tasks consist of (a) setting fire to or blowing up enemy ammunition dumps, or, if such are not within reach, any large buildings to which they may have access while at work; (b) of setting fire to any depot or building which may be of importance for war purposes; (c) officers intrusted with this work will receive all further confidential information regarding instructions, equipment, and rules of procedure.

"Suitably qualified men, not officers, but blacksmiths or mechanics, who, if taken prisoner will be in all probability employed by the enemy on public works, are preferred for training for intelligence work. Premiums and rewards for encouragement in the shape of money are at the disposal of the confidential agents."

U-BOAT VICTIMS MAKE PORT.

Eight Survivors Say They Rowed 1,500 Miles After Ship Was Sunk.

TURKS ISLAND, B. W. I., Nov. 5.—The captain and seven men of the Norwegian bark Stifinder, who had been missing since their vessel was stopped by a German submarine and they were forced to take to a small boat on Oct. 13, have arrived here after more than three weeks' exposure and in an almost starved condition.

The captain said that his boat made for Halifax, but soon capsized, and most of the provisions were lost. The sailors managed to right the craft and then, because of the extremely cold weather, they decided to try to reach Bermuda. Instead they rowed all the way to Turks Island from a point approximately 1,000 miles east of New York. They suffered intensely and were in a pitiable condition when they reached here. They knew nothing of the fate of their companions who were in another small boat.

From a point 1,000 miles east of New York to Turks Island would be approximately 1,500 miles.

REPORTER LED A BATTALION

Lieut. Lucier Rose to the Emergency in His First Battle.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Nov. 5, (Associated Press.)—Although only a few months in the army and never in action until the present offensive, Second Lieutenant Dustin Lucier, a former Boston newspaperman, found himself suddenly confronted with the necessity of leading his entire battalion through a barrage. This incident occurred when the Americans advanced from Sommerance to Imecourt.

The Major of the battalion to which Lieutenant Lucier's company was attached was absent because the battalion was in reserve when the fighting began, and the call for its assistance suddenly arrived when the German barrage fire opened. The young officer led his men straight through the bursting shells in a victorious dash. He was financial and general reporter on The Boston Herald before entering the army.

MINED THE HIGH ALTAR.

American Officer Reports German Sacrilege in a French Church.

ON THE BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE, Monday, Nov. 4, (Havas.)—American troops who occupied St. Martin-Rivière in the course of the recent advance south of Le Cateau discovered in the belfry of the village church a formidable charge of explosives.

By means of wires the charge was connected with the monstrance on the high altar in such a way that if the sacred vessel containing what to millions of Christians is the body of Christ were moved an explosion which would have brought the church down upon the heads of the worshippers would have taken place.

The officer commanding the American detachment made official mention of the matter in his report to his superiors.

DECK AMERICAN GRAVES.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—A touching ceremony in memory of the fallen soldiers of the American Army took place this afternoon at the American cemetery at Suresnes, seven miles northwest of Paris.

The cortège was composed of many American officers and soldiers, Y. M. C. A. and Knights of Columbus workers, the Mayor and many of the civilian inhabitants of the locality.

The graves of the American soldiers were covered with flowers and flags during the afternoon.

MISS STOVALL A BRIDE.

Daughter of American Minister to Switzerland Weds R. L. Craigie.

BERNE, Switzerland, Oct. 30.—Robert Leslie Craigie, Secretary of the British Legation at Berne, and Miss Pleasant Stovall, daughter of the American Minister to Switzerland, were married this afternoon at the English Church here. The wedding was attended by a large delegation of English and American diplomats and their families, including John W. Davis, American Ambassador to Great Britain.

Pleasant A. Stovall has been the American Minister to Switzerland since June, 1913. He was the editor of The Augusta Chronicle, and later of The Savannah Press, and is still the owner of the latter.

Requa-Scheftel Wedding Today.

Mrs. Marjorie Eastman Scheftel, daughter of Charles Eastman, and Lieutenant Charles Park Requa, U. S. A., of 2 East Eighty-fourth Street, will be married this afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Chauncey Olcott, 45 East Sixty-second Street, the Rev. Father Martin of St. Patrick's Cathedral officiating.

Mrs. Scheftel's first husband, Walter M. Scheftel, from whom she was divorced, died in May, 1917. Lieutenant Requa is a grandson of the late Charles Park, founder of the firm of Park & Tilford.

Miss Despard to Wed Capt. Greene.

Mrs. Clement L. Despard of 49 West Fifty-seventh Street and Rumson, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Margaret Deering Despard, to Captain John Arthur Greene of this city, now attached to the 42d Division in France as aide to the Commanding General.

CAESAR RITZ DIES AT 70.

Originator of Ritz Hotel Corporation Succumbs in Switzerland.

Word was received in New York yesterday of the death last Friday night in Lucerne, Switzerland, of Caesar Ritz, the originator of the Ritz Hotel Corporation, which owns the Ritz-Carlton Hotel in this city, as well as hotels in London, Paris, Rome, Madrid, Philadelphia and other places. Mr. Ritz died in a sanitarium. He had been practically an invalid for the last eight years.

Mr. Ritz had not visited New York City since the opening of the Ritz-Carlton in this city, in 1910, and Mrs. Ritz came here to represent him when the hotel was opened. Mrs. Ritz has the controlling interest in and manages the Ritz Hotel in Paris. The Ritz-Carlton Hotel in Philadelphia was opened in 1912.

Born in Switzerland seventy years ago, Mr. Ritz became one of the best-known hotel men in the world. Besides his widow he is survived by one son, Charles Ritz, 27 years old, who came to this country a year ago, and is now a private in the American Army Training Camp at Wheeling, W. Va.

Dennis Aloysius Spellissy.

The funeral of Dennis Aloysius Spellissy, lawyer, with office at 257 Broadway, will be held this morning at St. Agnes's Church, 145 East Forty-third Street. Mr. Spellissy was born in Ennis, County Clare, Ireland, seventy-three years ago, and came here when 19 years old. He was admitted to the New York bar six years later.

Mr. Spellissy had been identified with the eight-hour law, the franchise tax law, and acted on many commissions for condemnation of land for public uses. He was Treasurer and Director of the New York County Lawyers' Association and was Chairman of the Nineteenth Assembly District, County Democracy. He was nominated for Attorney General by the Liberal Democracy in 1902.

Mr. Spellissy was a member of the 8th Regiment, National Guard Veteran Association, Catholic Club and the American-Irish Historical Society.

M. F. Plant's Funeral Tomorrow.

The funeral of Commodore Morton F. Plant, retired financier, and yachtsman, whose death occurred Monday night, will be held at the residence, 1,051 Fifth Avenue, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. The body will be taken to New London, Conn., where, after a short service conducted by the Rev. Philip M. Kerridge of St. James's Episcopal Church, interment will be made in the Plant family plot in Cedar Grove Cemtery. Six members of the New London Lodge of Elks, of which Commodore Plant was a life member, have been selected to act as pallbearers.

Dr. Elizabeth Cowan Sleight.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Dr. Elizabeth Cowan Sleight of 123 South First Avenue, the pioneer woman physician of Mount Vernon, died today of pneumonia, contracted while on duty as resident physician of the Auxiliary Hospital. Dr. Sleight was 60 years old, was born in New York City, and was a graduate of the Women's Medical College in 1893. She was a member of the Westchester County Medical Society, Westchester Woman's Club and Franchise Alliance, Director of the Martha Wilson Home, and President of the local Y. W. C. A. She had charge of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children.

Chisholm Beach.

Chisholm Beach, capitalist, is dead in his apartment in Hotel Devon, 70 West Fifty-fifth Street. Mr. Beach was born in Cleveland, Ohio, the son of Clifton Bailey Beach and Janet Sommers Chisholm Beach, and was educated at Yale. Mr. Beach was Secretary of the Beach Cliff Real Estate Company and Vice President of the Calculating Company. He was a member of the Union Club, Cleveland, New York Athletic Association, and Fox Hills Golf Club, Ridgefield.

Labor Leaders Mourn Miss Gompers

Funeral services were held yesterday morning at the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, for Miss Sadie J. Gompers, daughter of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, whose death occurred in Washington, D. C., Oct. 14. There were present delegates from every local union and many of the national unions. The Rev. Dr. Stephen Wise conducted the services. Dr. Wise said that Miss Gompers was her father's companion and many times his counsel.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. BEATRICE MAUD COOPER, wife of A. Gardiner Cooper, a member of the firm of Bruce & Cook at 190 Water Street, Manhattan, died on Monday at her residence, 152 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. Mrs. Cooper was active in the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church.

FRED WILLIAM HENRY, employed in the banking house of Harriman & Co., in Manhattan, died of pneumonia on Sunday at his home, 122 Cleveland Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. LUCIA M. VOEHL, wife of William C. Voehl, in the ship chandlery business in Manhattan, died on Sunday at her home, 189 Fenimore Street, Flatbush, in her twenty-sixth year.

SOLOMON STEIN, 62 years old, a retired merchant, died at his home, 906 Avenue O, Flatbush, on Monday.

Miss ALFARATA VANDEGRIFT, 65 years old, formerly a teacher of music in Brooklyn, died on Sunday at her home, 358 Tenth Street, Brooklyn.

JOSEPH J. HYNES, a real estate appraiser in Brooklyn, died in his thirty-ninth year on Sunday at his home, 4,711 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, of apoplexy.

WILLIAM J. SHEA, moving picture actor, died yesterday at his home, 351 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Shea was the first comedian of the Vitagraph Company, which he joined in the 80s, and during that time had played more than 4,000 parts. Prior to that he had played in support of Edwin Booth, Joseph Jefferson, Clara Morris, and others. Mr. Shea was born in Dumfries, Scotland, fifty-six years ago.

MILES WILSON, 20 years old, son of ex-Councilman W. W. Wilson of Plainfield, N. J., died yesterday of pneumonia, following Spanish influenza. He was born in Plainfield and was associated with his father in the grocery business.

Mrs. MARY DAVIS, 45 years old, wife of Leonard Davis of North Plainfield, N. J., died Monday night of pneumonia. She was born at Millstone, N. J., and was a graduate of the Trenton Normal School.

SIDNEY SPRAGUE, Treasurer of the R. J. Connelly Company, publishers of the classified telephone Red Book, died suddenly yesterday in his apartment at the Hotel Bradock. He was 60 years old. Death was due to heart disease.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE DELL LAMPE, wife of J. Bodewalt Lampe, managing editor of the Remick Music Company publications, died yesterday at her home, 1,421 University Avenue, Bronx. Mrs. Lampe was born in Chicago forty-seven years ago.

Miss CAROLYN EMANUEL, 72 years old, said to be New York's oldest school teacher and Principal, died yesterday in the Post-Graduate Hospital. She was born in Scotland and came to New York when a child. She was educated at Public School 50, Twentieth Street, near Third Avenue, following which she became a teacher in this school and soon after Principal, retiring four years ago.

Mrs. ANNIE E. THORNTON, widow of Frank J. Thornton, who was one of the pioneer restaurant keepers of Harlem, died Monday at her residence, 125 East Twenty-eighth Street. After the death of her husband in 1900 she carried on the restaurant business.

LAURENCE JERROLD DEAD.

Dean of English Correspondents in Paris a Victim off Influenza.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Announcement is made of the death of Laurence Jerrold, the correspondent of The London Daily Telegraph here and the dean of the English correspondents in Paris. His death was due to pneumonia, following an attack of influenza.

Laurence Jerrold was born in London in 1873. He was educated at Paris University, where he received the degrees of Bachelor of Letters and Bachelor of Philosophy. In addition to his work as a newspaperman, he wrote several books treating of French life, and translated into French some of the poems of Walt Whitman, the American poet. He is survived by his wife and one son.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times, may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ABRAMSON.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph G. Abramson welcome the arrival of a little girl, Nov. 3, Lying-In Hospital. Both doing nicely, thank you.

LUDWIG.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel B. Ludwig, (nee Jennie E. Altman,) announce the birth of a son on Sunday, Nov. 3, at the Lying-in Hospital.

ROBINSON.—Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. Robinson, (nee Dorothea Watson,) 126 Riverside Drive, announce the birth of a son at Hahnemann Hospital, Nov. 2, 1918. Chicago papers please copy.

Died.

ANNIN.—On Monday, Nov. 4, 1918, Emma Louise, widow of Joseph V. Annin of 352 Adelphi St. Funeral service at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, between Grand and Classon Avs., on Thursday, Nov. 7, at 3 P. M.

BARTLETT.—Edwin B., on Tuesday morning, Nov. 5, at West Manchester, Mass., Edwin B. Bartlett, son of the late General William Francis Bartlett and Agnes Pomeroy Bartlett. Funeral services at the Advent Church, Boston, Mass., on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Burial at Pittsfield, Mass., on Friday.

BEACH.—Suddenly, on Nov. 5, Chisholm Beach, at his residence, Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th St. Funeral notice hereafter. Cleveland and St. Louis papers please copy.

BOUSFIELD.—Suddenly, in California, Eliza Walgrove Bousfield, daughter of Mackay and Clara Jane Walgrove. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway, at 155th St., Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 3:30 P. M.

BROMUND.—On Nov. 5, Ernest A., beloved husband of Margaret H. Bromund and father of Carolina C., Jesse P. and Lydia E. Bromund. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way and 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Friday morning, 11:30 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

BURTON.—Suddenly, on Friday, by Brighton train accident in Brooklyn, Violet Marie Burton, aged 14 years, daughter of Mrs. Marie Retz of 1,458 East 17th St., Brooklyn. Requiem mass at St. Brendan's Church, Avenue O and East 12th St., Thursday, Nov. 7, at 9 A. M. sharp.

CAGNEY.—On Nov. 5, Elizabeth Cagney, valued friend and member for many years of the household of Mrs. Charles E. Miller. Funeral services will be held Thursday morning at the Dominican Church, Lexington Av. and 68th St., at 10 o'clock.

CAMPBELL.—Nov. 4, Murdock Campbell. Masonic services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday, 8:30.

CANE.—Nov. 5, in her 26th year, Gertrude, (nee Heineman,) beloved wife of Arthur, and devoted mother of Janet and George Arthur and daughter of Isaac and Rebecca Heineman, and sister of Albert P., Frances and Fannye. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 40 St. Nicholas Place, Friday, Nov. 8, at 10 A. M.

CHRISTIE.—On Nov. 4, 1918, Sophie Pell Christie, (nee Morrison,) widow of the late Powell P. Christie. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,041 5th Av., Thursday, Nov. 7, at 4 o'clock. Interment private.

CLULOW.—On Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918, at Middletown Sanitarium, Middletown, N. Y., of appendicitis, Sidney Turner, husband of Henrietta Hutchinson and son of George Clulow and the late Selina Madeley Clulow, of London, England. Funeral private at Englewood, N. J.

COOPER.—Beatrice M. Cooper, beloved wife of A. Gardiner Cooper, on Nov. 4, of pneumonia, at 152 McDonough St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services on Wednesday evening, Nov. 6, at 8 o'clock, at the Tompkins Ave. Congregational Church, corner of McDonough St., Brooklyn. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

CRISTADORO.—On Nov. 4, at Washington, D. C., Violet, (nee Fasset,) wife of Arthur Cristadoro of New York. Services and interment at Greenwood, Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday at 2:30 P. M.

DEAN.—On Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918, Eliza Reed, wife of the late Charles G. Dean and mother of Hamilton F. and the late William M. and Charles G. Dean, in her 96th year. Funeral services will be held at the Madison Av. Baptist Church, Madison Av. and 31st St., on Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 12 noon. Interment Woodlawn.

DONOHOE.—On Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918, at London, England, Frances W. A., beloved wife of Major Lucius P. Donohoe, U. S. A., of Bayonne, N. J., and mother of Mrs. Frederick A. Warner and Mrs. Martin A. Hood of England, and Lieutenant Garet E. Winants and Frank H. Winants of Baltimore.

DUNCAN.—At his home, 998 Prospect Av., Pelham Manor, N. Y., on Nov. 4, 1918, the Rev. Thomas Duncan, aged 91 years. Funeral service at his late home, Nov. 6, at 3 P. M. Interment Oak Hill Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

EMANUEL.—On Nov. 5, Caroline Emanuel, retired Principal of School No. 50, sister of Mrs. Lewis Allen and Barnett Emanuel. Funeral notice later.

FIRTH.—On Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1918, Edna Belle Smith, beloved wife of Walter R. Firth and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bertram C. Smith. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FISCHLER.—Benjamin, 142 South 9th St., Brooklyn, Nov. 4.

FLOOD.—Harold Raymond, son of the late Inspector John S. Flood, at Jacksonville, Fla., Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918. Funeral from home of his sister, Mrs. Ernest Hartford, 445 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Thursday, Nov. 7. Solemn requiem mass at St. Denis's Church, Yonkers, 10 A. M., Nov. 7, 1918. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery, Yonkers.

FLOOD.—On Tuesday, Nov. 5, Eugene A. Flood. Funeral from St. Francis Xavier's Church, West 16th St., Friday, 9 A. M. Kindly omit flowers. Masses preferred.

FOOTE.—Killed in action in France Oct. 8, 1918, Lieutenant Henry Allen Foote, Machine Gun Company, 117th Infantry, 30th Division, beloved husband of Ada C. Foote, in his 39th year.

GLEESON.—On Nov. 3, 1918, Michael Matthew Gleeson, son of Mary and the late Mortimer B. Gleeson, 528 West 151st St. Funeral, at convenience of family, at Philadelphia, Penn. Kindly omit flowers. Philadelphia papers please copy.

GUTIERREZ.—Goseta, on Oct. 4. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Thursday, 3 o'clock.

HAYWARD.—Suddenly at Lyndhurst, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 3, Sabria S., beloved wife of Charles F. Hayward, and mother of Walter D. S. Hayward, Charles B. Hayward, Mrs. Hattie C. Clancy, and Mrs. Lida A. Nimmo. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, 8 Livingston Av., Lyndhurst, N. J., on Wednesday next, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

HARDING.—On Nov. 4, 1918, Charles Harding, (Hayde,) beloved husband of Olive Harding, in his 58th year. Funeral service at Campbell's Funeral Parlor, 67th St. and Broadway, N. Y., Thursday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.

Died.

HAYWARD.—Killed in action in France Sept. 29, 1918, Captain Harry W. Hayward, 107th Infantry, U. S. A., in the 43d year of his age.

HENDBERG.—At his residence, 415 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 4, 1918, William M., beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Hendberg, in his 17th year. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

HENDRICKS.—Francis G., beloved son of Isabelle F. and Ben Hendricks, at his home, Bayside, L. I., on Nov. 5. Funeral notice later.

HERBST.—On Saturday, Nov. 2, 1918, Miss Lena (Justina) Herbst, dearly beloved sister of Mrs. Margaret E. Weber, 544 East 134th St. Funeral services at her late residence, 1:30 P. M. Wednesday. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

HOADLEY.—A service in memory of Sheldon E. Hoadley, First Lieutenant, Battery D, 305th Field Artillery, 77th Division, killed in action in France on Oct. 13, 1918, will be held in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, on Park Av. at 50th St., on Thursday evening at 5 o'clock.

HUBBARD.—On Monday, Nov. 4, at her residence, 40 East 72d St., New York City, Helen Ingalls Hubbard, daughter of the late A. A. Valentine and Sarah P. Valentine and wife of Walter C. Hubbard. Services will be held at All Souls' Church, 4th Av. and 20th St., on Wednesday at 3 P. M.

KASNER.—Blanche, after a short illness, beloved wife of Isaac Kasner, daughter of Clara Steinfeld. Funeral strictly private at the convenience of the family.

KEEP.—Killed in action in France, Oct. 5, 1918, Captain Henry Blair Keep, 10th Machine Gun Battalion, 4th Division, American Expeditionary Forces, husband of Katharine Legendre Keep and only son of Chauncey Keep of Chicago.

KIRKMAN.—On Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1918, Susan, beloved wife of Washington I. Kirkman, and daughter of Warren N. and Martha A. Williamson, in the 22d year of her age. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at Zion Church, Douglaston, N. Y., on Thursday, Nov. 7, at 3 P. M.

KOHNFELDER.—Harry W., in his 30th year, beloved husband of Gertrude, (nee Greenfeld,) father of Florence, Mildred, son of C. S. Kohnfelder and the late Fannie, brother of Abraham L., Rose Perner, Joseph R., Lillian Brock, Jessie Jaskuiek, and Ferdinand C. Kohnfelder. Funeral services Thursday, 9:30 A. M., from Meyer's Chapel, 228 Lenox Av. Interment Machpelah Cemetery.

KRAUS.—Entered into rest, Nov. 5, Katharine Kraus, widow of Frederick Kraus and dearly beloved mother of Mrs. Leo J. McDermott, aged 70 years. Remains at the chapel of Jacob Herrlich Sons, 332 East 86th St. Notice of funeral later.

LAMPE.—On Nov. 5, Josephine Dell, beloved wife of J. Bodewalt Lampe. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Thursday morning, 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn.

LATHAM.—At Westchester Park, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1918, Frank Leslie, beloved husband of Hattie Haskell Latham, in the 59th year of his age. Funeral services at late residence, 805 Lincoln Av., Thursday, 2:30 P. M.

LUDLOW.—At her residence, Ludlow-on-Hudson, on Sunday evening, Nov. 3, 1918, Frances Fraser Ludlow, oldest daughter of the late James E. Bettner of North Carolina and of Riverdale, N. Y., and widow of Thomas W. Ludlow, Jr., in the 51st year of her age. Funeral services private, at her late residence, on Wednesday, Nov. 6th.

McCANN.—At Augusta, Ga., on Saturday, Nov. 2, Gladys Helena McCann, beloved daughter of Charles E. F. and Helena W. McCann. Funeral services, 10 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, Nov. 6, Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, 84th St. and Park Av. Interment private.

McGUINESS.—At her residence, 412 St. Nicholas Av., New York City, Nov. 5, Bridget McGuiness. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MITCHELL.—On Nov. 4, at 528 Riverside Drive, in her 87th year, Cornelia Clark Mitchell, beloved mother of Mrs. William Tandrop Blomberg. Interment at London, Ohio.

MOFFET.—On Nov. 4, Emma Louise, wife of John Knox Moffet, at residence, F. H. Moffet, 361 Hillside Av., Jamaica, N. Y. Services Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Middletown (N. Y.) papers please copy.

MORGENWECK.—Nov. 5, Mary K. Morgenweck. Services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Friday, 9:30.

MOUNT.—At her home, 255 Kenmore Place, Flatbush, on Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918, Jeanne D., beloved wife of John C. Mount, now with U. S. Naval Force in France. Funeral services Wednesday, private.

NELSON.—Mary Wright, on Nov. 3, at Rome, N. Y., formerly of East Orange, N. J., daughter of the late Thomas S. and Mary Wright Nelson. Orange, N. J., papers please copy.

NICOLL.—Killed in action in France about Sept. 29, in the service of his country, Captain Fancher Nicoll, L Company, 107th Infantry, U. S. A., dearly beloved husband of Christine S. Nicoll.

PLANT.—Morton F., beloved husband of Mae Cadwell, on Nov. 4, in the 68th year of his age. Funeral service at his late residence, 1,051 5th Av., Thursday, Nov. 7, at 10 A. M.

POWELL.—Of pneumonia at her residence, 241 North 11th St., Newark, N. J., on Monday, Nov. 4, 1918, Marjorie Du Bois, wife of A. Leslie Powell, and daughter of Anna E. and the late Daniel Du Bois. Funeral private. Newburg, New Paltz, and Rockland Centre papers please copy.

PRESSEL.—Elizabeth, in her 81st year, at her residence, 635 East 169th St. Funeral notice later

RADCLIFFE.—Nov. 5, at his residence, 949 Ogden Av., Bronx, Frank G. Radcliffe, aged 31 years. Funeral services at the parlors of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Saturday evening, 8 o'clock.

RASP.—Entered into rest, Nov. 4, Harry Paul Rasp, in his 29th year. Services Wednesday evening, 7:45 o'clock, at his late residence, 444 East 87th St. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment private.

READING.—Suddenly, in Kingston, N. Y., on Nov. 3, Adelaide Reading, wife of the late M. Floy Reading, formerly of Montclair, N. J. Funeral private.

REICHHOLD.—On Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1918, at 7:30 A. M., John Reichhold, beloved husband of Rose Reichhold, (nee Bertsche,) in his 57th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 442 West 45th St., on Thursday, Nov. 7, at 8 P. M.

REINHARDT.—On Nov. 4, Gustave, son of Gustave and Sophia Reinhardt. Funeral services at his late residence, 462 Convent Av., Thursday afternoon at 1:15.

REINIGER.—On Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1918, after a short illness, Katie Reiniger, in her 36th year, beloved wife of Fred Reiniger, mother of Fred Reiniger, Jr., and sister of William Hauptmann. Funeral services Thursday evening, 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 89 Pilling St., Brooklyn, N. Y. (Funeral Friday, private.) Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.

The New

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Mount Pleasant, Westchester County, on the Harlem Railroad, five miles north of White Plains, is now ready.
Mount Pleasant Station is at the entrance of the cemetery.
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"THE FUNERAL CHURCH"
(Non-Sectarian—Used Without Charge)

BROADWAY and 66TH ST.
8TH AVENUE and 23RD ST.

Died.

REMINGTON.—At Ogdensburg, N. Y., Sunday morning, Nov. 3, Eva A. Remington, widow of the late Frederic Remington, in her fifty-ninth year. Funeral private Tuesday, Nov. 5, at 2 P. M. Interment at Canton, N. Y.

RIGGINS.—Aaron V. Riggins, Presbyterian Hospital, Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918. Services Marble Collegiate Church, 29th St. and 5th Av., Wednesday at 10 A. M.

RILEY.—Mary A., on Monday, Nov. 4, beloved daughter of Mary Moran Riley and the late Bartholomew James Riley, at her residence, 468 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ROBERTS.—Architects' Lodge, No. 519, F. and A. M.—Brethren: It is with deep sorrow that we announce the death of Brother Charles Roberts. You are earnestly requested to attend Masonic funeral services Thursday, Nov. 7, 8:15 P. M., at his late residence, 2,225 Woodbine St., Brooklyn. Take Ridgewood "L" at Bridge to Fresh Pond Road or meet Master at Brooklyn Bridge 7:15 P. M.
WILLIAM C. LEOPOLDT, Master.
K. D. BORMANN, Secretary.

ROBINSON.—Killed in an automobile accident near Washington, D. C., on Saturday, Nov. 2, Captain Phillips Brooks Robinson, U. S. Marine Corps, beloved husband of Gertrude Gheen and son of Edward and Elizabeth Robinson of this city.

SAGE.—On Monday, Nov. 4, 1918, in her 91st year, Margaret Olivia Sage, widow of Russell Sage. Funeral private. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

SAGE.—The Russell Sage Institute of Pathology announces with regret the death on Nov. 4, 1918, of its patron and friend, Mrs. Russell Sage. (Signed)
D. BRYSON DELAVAN, M. D., President.
LAFAYETTE B. MENDEL, Ph. D., Secretary.

SAVAGE.—Nov. 4, 1918, Ida Mae, sister of Ray T. Savage, of 200 West 58th St., New York City, and Mrs. Luccine Clark, wife of Major J. R. Clark of the Provost Marshal General's office, Washington, D. C. Funeral and interment Salt Lake City, Utah.

SCHAEFFLER.—Robert H., in his 20th year, dearly beloved son of Edward S. Schaeffler and Anna Schaeffler, on Sunday, Nov. 3, 1918, at the residence of his father, 625 West 156th St. Solemn requiem mass at St. Catherine of Genoa Church, West 153d St., near Amsterdam Av., on Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 10 A. M.

SHAW.—Genevieve Irwin, wife of the late James B. Shaw, of 925 Greene Av., Brooklyn, died suddenly, at the Prospect Heights Hospital, on Nov. 5. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SMITH.—Nov. 4, Annie A., wife of the late Thomas A. Smith. Funeral service will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. William L. Dale, 857 Walton Av., Bronx, Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 8 P. M.

SMITH.—Roberta Kathleen, Nov. 3, in service of American Red Cross, Parlin, N. J., youngest daughter of the late Samuel Smith, J. P., Tullymore, County Antrim, Ireland. Funeral services in Woodlawn Cemetery Chapel, Thursday, 11 A. M.

SPELLISSY.—The American Irish Historical Society announces with regret the death of Denis A. Spellissy, a member of this society. Members will attend the funeral at St. Agnes's Church, Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 10 o'clock. Signed,
JOSEPH I. C. CLARKE,
President General.
EDWARD H. DALY,
Secretary General.

SPELLISSY.—Members of the Catholic Club of the City of New York are requested to attend the funeral services of the late Dennis A. Spellissy at St. Agnes's Church, 43d St., on Wednesday morning, Nov. 6, at 10 o'clock.
PERCY J. KING, President.
EDWARD K. HANLON, Secretary.

STEIN.—Solomon, beloved husband of Gitta Stein, on Nov. 4. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 909 Avenue O, Brooklyn, Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 3 P. M. Please omit flowers.

STEPHENSON.—At New Brunswick, N. J., Nov. 4, 1918, John Paul, son of the late R. B. and Jennie J. Stephenson and beloved brother of Major H. E., Misses Florence and Mabel Stephenson, Mrs. Henry Holt, and Mrs. C. Richman. Funeral from the parlors of W. H. Quackenboss, 98 Albany St., New Brunswick, N. J., Friday morning, Nov. 8, at 10:30. Interment Bordentown, N. J.

STURTZ.—Benjamin, of 846 Beck St., Nov. 5, beloved brother of Mrs. Harry Herzog and Ruth Sturtz. Funeral from late home at 2 P. M. Wednesday. Please omit flowers.

TALLEY.—Killed in action in France, Oct. 7, 1918, First Lieutenant Allen W. Talley, Company A, 5th Machine Gun Battalion, son of Dr. W. Warren and Annie W. Talley, Richmond and Lynchburg (Va.) papers please copy.

TAYLOR.—On Sunday, Nov. 3, at 1,640 Overing St., Westchester, Bronx, Joseph W. Taylor, Jr., in his 31st year, beloved husband of Ida Herwig and elder son of Joseph W. and Mary A. Taylor. Funeral service Wednesday, Nov. 6, 3 P. M., at St. Peter's Church, Westchester Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn.

Died.

THORNTON.—Nov. 4, 1918, Annie E., widow of the late Frank J. Thornton. Relatives, friends, and members of Alexander Hamilton Woman's Relief Corps No. 162 are invited to attend the services at her late residence, 125 East 128th St., Wednesday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family.

UNDERHILL.—On Nov. 4, 1918, Ida, daughter of the late Townsend N. and Emily Underhill. Funeral private. Interment at Dale Cemetery, Ossining, N. Y.

VAN DEWATER.—On Nov. 5, 1918, Mary E., wife of Arthur Van Dewater, of 184 Madison Av., Flushing, N. Y. Funeral services at the grave, at Flushing Cemetery, on Thursday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.

VAN RENSSELAER.—New York State Society of the Cincinnati, general order: The President with deep regret announces to the society the death of Cornelius Van Rensselaer, an hereditary member of this society, on Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1918, aged 72 years.
TALBOT OLYPHANT, President.
FRANCIS BURRALL HOFFMAN, Sec'y.

WADE.—On Tuesday, Nov. 5, 1918, Jennie Martin Wade. Funeral service at her late residence, 40 West 130th St., on Thursday, Nov. 7, 1918, at 8 P. M.

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SURVEY COAL SITUATION.

Fuel Board Aims to Save Domestic Sizes by Using Steam Grades.

The State Fuel Administration has begun a survey of the manufacturing plants of the city to find out what concerns can substitute so-called steam grades of coal for the larger sizes or domestic sizes of coal. Delos W. Cooke, State Fuel Administrator, said yesterday in announcing the survey, that its object was to conserve domestic sizes of anthracite so as to insure a supply to the householder. The administration is now taking steps to see that every householder has at least a limited supply of coal in his bins. This is being done now so that when inclement weather makes it difficult to bring coal from tidewater ports to the city there will be a minimum of suffering among the users of anthracite, and the administration can concentrate on supplying coal to industries that are essential to the general welfare.

The survey is being made by the engineers of the community under the supervision of C. A. Graves, Administration Engineer. There is in each county a committee to which the engineers will report. The engineers are giving their services for this work as their contribution to help win the war. Mr. Cooke said that the boiler plant which is wasteful of fuel should be the first to have its supply limited.

SPEAK WELL OF KENYONS.

Witnesses for Raincoat Makers Include Army and Navy Men.

Rear Admiral Charles S. Williams, U. S. N., was a witness yesterday in the Federal Court in Brooklyn in the trial of the C. Kenyon Company and six employes on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the Government. He said he had known the Kenyon brothers for many years, socially and in business. They had excellent reputations, he declared.

Lieut. Col. Arthur L. Besse of the Chemical and Gas Defense Service of the Army said he had had business dealings with the Kenyon Company before he entered the army. He was a clothing dealer in Springfield, Mass. They had always been entirely honorable in their relations with him, he said. The Kenyon Company has received contracts for $1,500,000 worth of goods for the Gas Defense Service, he said.

Dr. Charles M. Judd, the Kenyon family physician, was also a character witness, and Police Captain B. J. Hayes of the Seventy-ninth Precinct, in which all the Kenyon plants are situated, was a character witness for Bernhard Wolf, General Superintendent of the Kenyon plants, one of the defendants.

Judge Chatfield's efforts to speed up the trial may result in bringing it to a close this week. The trial started five weeks ago. There was an adjournment of two weeks, caused by the illness of a juror and one of the defendants.

HERE TO DISCUSS SHIP DEAL

British Emissary Will Confer with Marine Directors Today.

Harold A. Sanderson, Chairman of the British companies included in the International Mercantile Marine Company, arrived here yesterday to confer with the American Directors concerning the offer of a British syndicate to purchase the White Star steamships and other steamships owned by them.

Mr. Sanderson said that he could not discuss the matter until after the meeting of the Directors of the International Marine Company tomorrow. He was in New York a few weeks ago and went abroad to discuss the offer made by the English syndicate, which is said to be headed by Lord Pirrie, head of Harland & Wolff of Belfast and Sir Owen Phillips, Chairman of the Royal Mail Steam Packet and other lines. The principal liners concerned in the proposed deal are the Olympic, Adriatic, Celtic, Cedric, Baltic, Canopic, Cretic, and several others.

LOREE IN CHARGE OF B. & O.

Heads Railroad's Affairs While Willard Is in France for War Work.

It was reported here yesterday that L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson Company, was to become President of the Baltimore & Ohio in the absence of Daniel Willard, who has been called to France by General Pershing to supervise the transportation lines running between the ports of debarkation and the battlefront.

Mr. Loree said last night at the Hotel Gotham that the report was erroneous. "Mr. Willard has been called to France by General Pershing," Mr. Loree said, "and as I am a member of the Executive Committee of the Baltimore & Ohio I am to act as Chairman of the committee, and will give my attention to such matters connected with the operation of the road as may be necessary while President Willard is away." Mr. Willard has a leave of absence from the Baltimore & Ohio and, according to Mr. Loree has no intention of permanently leaving the company.

4½% CERTIFICATE ISSUE.

Second Series, Maturing March 15 Next, Announced by McAdoo.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Secretary McAdoo announced tonight that a second series of certificates of indebtedness, acceptable in payment of income and excess profits taxes, will be issued under date of Nov. 7. They will bear interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. and will mature March 15, 1919. No limit is set on the amount of the issue and the right is reserved to reject any subscription and close the subscriptions without notice.

The Secretary also announced that the sale of the first issue of 4 per cent. certificates, tax series of 1919, maturing July 15, 1919, will close at the end of business Nov. 6. The total amount of such certificates reported as sold last February was $152,517,000.

Attack Provision of Seamen's Act.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Provisions of the seaman's act requiring the payment of a portion of seamen's wages upon the arrival of vessels at ports of entry were attacked as invalid today by attorneys representing steamship companies in arguments before the Supreme Court on appeals from lower court decisions upholding the law.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Trading on the Bourse today was quiet. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 62 francs for cash. Exchange on London was at 26 francs 5½ centimes, and the new 5 per cent. loan at 87 francs 55 centimes.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,043,330	$55,229,144
Int. rev.:		
Income and excess profits taxes	4,197,333	598,934,163
Miscellaneous	6,271,276	378,288,816
Miscellaneous rev.	1,009,890	73,905,820
Total receipts	$12,531,809	$1,107,957,743
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	102,468,804	4,240,005,489
Exc. of total receipts over total disb.	28,754,542	289,487,683
Expenditures	115,059,005	5,348,863,233

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.; not much change in temperature.

S. C., Ga., and Fla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and slightly warmer Wed.; Thurs., partly cloudy, probably cooler extreme w.

Ohio—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs.; warmer Thurs.

Ind.—Fair and warmer Wed.; Thurs., partly cloudyd.

Lower Mich.—Fair and warmer Wed.; Thurs., unsettled, probably rain.

Upper Mich.—Probably rain Wed.; Thurs., fair in w., rain in e.; cooler.

New War Revenue Bill

We have in course of preparation a booklet giving in convenient form a digest of the provisions of the new War Revenue Bill, including comparisons with the Act of 1917, Income Tax table, War Profits Tax example, and other interesting data and statistics. This booklet will be ready for distribution within a few days after the bill has been signed by the President. As the edition will be limited, we suggest that those interested write at once for a complimentary copy.

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Income Tax At a Glance

We have prepared a chart showing the amount to be paid on specified incomes from $2,500 to $100,000 under the Income Tax Law now before Congress.

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In order that all stockholders of Metropolitan Petroleum Corporation may participate in such benefits as may be secured by the Joint Stockholders' Committee, the committee has decided to open its books for the acceptance of additional deposits up to and including November 12, 1918. Further deposits may, accordingly, be made with Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company, 115 Broadway, New York City, by stockholders who, for one reason or another, have been unable to avail themselves of the advantages to be obtained by the deposit of their stock. Certificates should be accompanied by checks at the rate of 11c per share to cover expenses and necessary transfer stamps.

Metropolitan Petroleum Corporation
Joint Stockholders' Committee.
CHARLES C. MATCHETT, Chairman.
AUSTIN AGNEW, Secretary.
Dated November 4, 1918.

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WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES WILL BE MAILED TO INVESTORS ON REQUEST

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DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

NEW CORNELIA COPPER COMPANY will pay a dividend of Twenty-five Cents (25c.) a share November 25th, 1918, to stock of record November 8th, 1918. Books do not close.

GORDON R. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

FAIRMONT COAL COMPANY.

The undersigned Trustee under the First 5% Mortgage of the above company has received the sum of $17,617.91, pursuant to the Sinking Fund provisions of said mortgage. Sealed offers of bonds to exhaust said sum at a price not to exceed 105 per centum and accrued interest will be received by the undersigned at its office, No. 55 Cedar Street, New York City, up to 12 o'clock noon on Nov. 20th, 1918.

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This collateral must receive the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, and the bonds themselves are then prepared, engraved and approved by the Government.

These bonds are a lawful investment for all trust funds under jurisdiction of the Federal Government, and may be accepted as security for all Government deposits, including Postal Savings Deposits.

The Act further provides that these bonds "shall be deemed and held to be instrumentalities of the Government of the United States, and as such they and the income derived therefrom shall be exempt from federal, state, municipal and local taxation."

All legal matters in connection with this issue have been passed upon by Messrs. Wood & Oakley, of Chicago, whose opinion will be furnished on request.

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WEEKLY REVIEW 324 *A.*

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What Stocks to Hold

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE AMERICAN METAL COMPANY, (LIMITED)

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of The American Metal Company, (Limited,) a New York corporation, duly adopted at a meeting of said Board held October 21, 1918, a special meeting of the stockholders of said The American Metal Company, (Limited) will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 61 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 22nd day of November, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that such corporation be forthwith dissolved, in accordance with the provisions of Section 221 of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, October 31, 1918.

JULIUS GOLDMAN,
Secretary.

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OPPOSES POLITICAL GROUPS

Organizer Would Use Foreign Language Press and Schools to Teach Our Traditions.

The problem of Americanization grows directly out of the co-ordination of the war work activities of those who have come to America from foreign countries but have not yet adopted the manners and customs of Americans, although they are at heart loyal to our ideals and purposes in the war. It is from this point of view that Max Henius of Chicago has just formed the Jacob A. Riis League for Patriotic Service, the first league of its kind for the organization of all the inhabitants of the United States who have come from any one country. As Mr. Henius says, the Danes over here number one-tenth of those in Denmark. "All they need is the opportunity to express what is really in them to bring out their admirably loyal qualities, and although the league has not yet adopted any definite program," continued the speaker yesterday, "I have worked out what I think will prove to be a feasible plan for bringing about the desired result.

"What is the meaning or object of 'Americanization'? The very recognition of such a problem implies the presence among us of a body of peoples who have not become thoroughly Americanized.

"We want them to understand and appreciate what 'America' means, beyond the mere conception of a country, in the physical sense, and a society of people bent upon extracting their livelihood or fortune from that country. We want them to understand and appreciate that America has a spiritual meaning, that it represents a certain body of ideals on social and human problems which are the direct outgrowth of those dominant in the countries from which these people came, and which are destined to supplant the older and more primitive ones. We want them to understand and appreciate that 'America' stands for liberty, for justice, for human equality and brotherhood, these principles being materialized in the formula of democracy, or the rule of the people.

"That being the object of Americanization, and there being a body of people in our midst whose it is necessary for the sake of national unity, to teach these principles, the problem is how to accomplish that object, how to reach these people and bring home to them these principles and ideals. That is the practical problem before us.

"It will not do to proceed upon the theory that these people ought to know these things, that they are at fault for not being familiar with them. Whether true or not, such an assumption would lead nowhere. We are face to face, not with the question of who is to blame—that is not of present importance—but how to remedy the present state of things.

"From this practical viewpoint it seems easiest and most effective to utilize existing channels of communication, rather than to attempt to create new and doubtful ones. It may grate harshly upon our national feelings, but the fact is that in order to reach those who want to reach do not understand the language of our country, at least not so well as that of the country they came from, many having come here at adult age, when it was difficult to acquire a new tongue, and that they are living in a social environment breathing the same language and to some extent the same customs and habits of thought that prevailed in the countries of their origin. They have their societies of a social and benevolent character, their newspapers, sometimes their schools, employing their native language, and they use that language in their homes. If we were to put American ideals before them in the English language it would be an effort for them to understand them. If we started centres of instruction in that way we should have little success in inducing them to attend.

"Accordingly the practical way seems to be to reach these people through their own people. First, the foreign language press ought to be induced to increase its work of Americanization which—be it said to their credit—they have always pursued more or less extensively. American ideas ought to be continually put before their readers in their own language. American customs explained, comparisons instituted between American and foreign conditions. Articles on such subjects ought to be put in both the native language and in English, side by side, beginning with short statements, gradually enlarging both in size and scope, as in a correspondence school of language, history, economy, sociology and the like. Ultimately, it may be contemplated that the foreign language should be dropped entirely. But as long as it can be made useful in Americanization, that is, as long as there remains a considerable body of people who came here at adult age, and who find it difficult to learn English, the foreign language has a legitimate place in a plan for Americanization.

"Then all schools ought to make the English language the vehicle of instruction and the means of communication. Discretion may be employed here in tiding over the difficulties that would arise from a sudden change. Another language may be taught as an accomplishment in the higher grades, but not as the 'home' language of the school.

"All the societies of foreign-born people ought to keep their records in English and make English the official language in which business of their business. This would be a powerful incentive to all members to acquaint themselves with the language and with American customs, conditions and forms of thought. Plays running at local theatres may be discussed at such meetings, lectures arranged on familiar topics in the English language, and the like. All through this plan of education it should be borne in mind that a language is easily understood if it bears on a familiar subject, and, on the other hand, an unfamiliar subject becomes more intelligible if presented in a familiar language.

"By the unification of existing agencies for Americanization a central office might be created to supply educational matter to foreign language publications, call attention to current literature, plays, magazine articles, discuss political, social, historical subjects, and keep alive interest in current events with the understanding that such matter be published in English and in the foreign language in adjoining and parallel columns.

"Nationalistic or racial groups in politics ought to be prohibited and frowned down. Nothing has done more to isolate foreign elements among us than their exploitation for political purposes.

"Last, not least, native Americans ought to extend the hand of fellowship to foreign-born people to make them feel that they are, in fact, as in theory, on a footing of human equality, to be dealt with as fellow-workers in the cause of humanity and democracy, and not to be made to feel at a disadvantage because, although they may be in principle and aspirations as good Americans as any, they happened to have been born in another country. To fail in this is to drive the foreign-born in upon themselves, and that would be fatal to all attempts at Americanization."

MEXICAN OIL AGREEMENT.

Government to Waive Rights in Wells in Actual Production.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 5.—The Mexican oil problem is nearing a solution. An agreement between foreign oil operators and the Government is now being drawn. It is understood from confidential sources that the latter will declare all oil lands having wells actually producing exempt from the Mexican law which claims mineral rights.

The subsoil of all property not in production will be subject to the strict interpretation of the law, which will be promulgated at the end of this week.

The mineral rights law becomes effective at once, but is not retroactive.

GERMANS WORRY OVER FOOD

Doubt Supply Is Sufficient to Last for Another Year.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 30, (Associated Press.)—Whether the German food supply is sufficient to last for another year of war is being debated in German newspapers with signs of apprehension.

"Calculations warrant the belief that we can hold out, provided the most stringent measures are taken to regulate clandestine traffic in food," says the Cologne Volkszeitung. Its estimate is based on figures showing the German food supply collected by Stegerwald, a member of the Prussian Diet.

"Nevertheless," adds the paper, "Stegerwald's figures show that we have a Siegfried position also at home."

The significance of this lies in the fact that the Siegfried position on the western front went down before allied attacks. After endeavoring to bolster up the waning confidence of the Germans, the Volkszeitung says:

"Meat distribution must be further curtailed. Cattle have decreased three million head compared with last year, while the number of pigs has been very seriously reduced. Meatless days must be maintained, and consumption of game and poultry reduced under much more severe control. Measures must be devised whereby all classes will be treated alike and clandestine slaughter be ruthlessly suppressed.

"The Ukraine remains a doubtful factor, and from Rumania next year only corn is expectable, but both countries are able to export different kinds of foodstuffs."

SNOW HAMPERS AIR MAIL.

But Gardner Reaches Washington —Better Winter Equipment Planned.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The first touch of Winter flying conditions in the air-mail service between New York and Washington was encountered yesterday by "Ed" Gardner, who left New York in a cold rain and later flew forty miles through a snowstorm at 7,000 feet. The snow was so dense that he could not see the wings of his machine.

Arrangement to combate flying conditions are being made by the Postoffice Department, in providing electrically-heated clothing and installing individual heating plants for each mail plane motor in the hangars. Equipment also has been devised for control of the planes on sleet and ice on the ground.

RED CROSS WILL NEED AID.

Rapidly Changing Conditions Will Increase Relief Demands.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Because of rapidly changing conditions in Europe growing out of the military and political situation, an even larger demand may be made upon the American people for support of American Red Cross activities abroad, said a cablegram received today by the Red Cross from Paris.

Work which the Red Cross may be called upon to do in the near future in countries now covered by the organization or soon to be included within the scope of its activities will be surveyed by a committee headed by Homer Folks of New York. The committee will include food and health experts. The effect of the war on the civil populations of the allied nations and the rehabilitation of the war-swept districts especially will be studied.

Circulating Libraries Reopen.

The New York Public Library announced yesterday that the Health Department had given permission for the opening of all the branches of the circulating department this morning. All the branches, including the main library at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, were closed last month by recommendation of Health Commissioner Copeland, who feared that influenza might be spread more if they were kept open.

Grant for Rio-to-Cuba Cable.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 5.—Concession to lay and operate a cable from Rio de Janeiro to Cuba has been granted by the Brazilian Government to the Central and South American Telegraph Company through its representative, Frank Carney.

Thanksgiving Dinner Appeal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Home products only on the Thanksgiving dinner table this year is the program of the food administration. Hotels, restaurants, and other eating places have been asked to save transportation by using only food produced locally, and the administration today issued an appeal to households to observe the same rule.

$50,000 Fire at Williams College.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Mass., Nov. 5.—Damage estimated at nearly $50,000 was done to Jesup Hall, one of the Williams College buildings, by a fire today that is supposed to be due to defective wiring. The building was given to the college in 1890 by the late Morris K. Jesup of New York. In peace times it has housed the college publications and Y. M. C. A.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF CITIES FUEL & POWER COMPANY Two-Year 7% Secured Gold Notes, Dated December 1st, 1917.

Proposals are invited to be made to Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, as Trustee under the Indenture between Cities Fuel & Power Company and said Trustee, securing the above notes, for the sale, on December 1st, 1918, to the Trustee, for the account of the sinking fund provided for in said Indenture, of notes of said issue at prices not to exceed 102½% of the principal of said notes, plus accrued interest thereon to December 1st, 1918. On or before December 1st, 1918, this Company will deposit, or there will be available to the Trustee, the sum of One Hundred Twenty-five Thousand, Nine Hundred Forty-five 2-100 Dollars. ($125,945.02.) and it is the intention of said Trustee, pursuant to the provisions of such Indenture, to apply the fund to be received for the purchase or redemption of notes of said issue at not to exceed the price above mentioned.

All proposals should be securely sealed and marked "Proposals for sale of notes to sinking fund under Indenture of Cities Fuel & Power Company, dated December 1st, 1917," must be for all or any part of the notes offered, and must be received by said Trustee, at its Trust Department, at or prior to three o'clock P. M. on November 20th, 1918.

Advices as to notes accepted will be mailed on or before November 21st, 1918, by Bankers Trust Company, Trustee.

Federal Income Tax ownership certificates, covering accrued interest, should accompany all accepted notes.

CITIES FUEL & POWER COMPANY,
By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF,
Vice-President

Dated, November 11th, 1918.

LOUISIANA OIL REFINING CORPORATION TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. TEN YEAR CONVERTIBLE GOLD BONDS OF THE LOUISIANA OIL REFINING CORPORATION.

Under the Sinking Fund provisions of the indenture dated May 15, 1917, between the above Corporation and the State Street Trust Company of Boston, the undersigned Trustee hereby gives notice that until December 2, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon, it will receive sealed proposals for the sale of the above named bonds to absorb the sum of Sixty-seven thousand eight hundred forty-one dollars and thirty-seven cents ($67,841.37) or any part thereof. No bonds should be offered at a price exceeding 110% and accrued interest.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

STATE STREET TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By ASHTON L. CARR, Vice President.
Boston, Mass., November 1, 1918.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—1—State of Louisiana ex rel W. J. Roussel, &c., plff., v. J. Y. Sanders, Gov., et al.—Death of W. J. Roussel, the plff., suggested, and the appearance of W. G. Schmidt, widow of W. J. Roussel, and testamentary executrix of his succession, as the party plff., filed and entered.

1—Same ex rel. W. G. Schmidt, widow, &c., plff., v. J. Y. Sanders, Governor, et al.—Submitted by plff. in error pro se and for defendants.

235—U. S., plff., v. E. M. Comyns et al.—Argument continued. Leave granted to file additional brief for defendants within ten days.

361—J. Dillon v. Strathearn Steamship Co., claimant of steamship Strathearn, 292 E. claimant of the British ship Talus; 393—P. Sandberg et al. pets., v. J. McDonald, Nielsen et al., pets., v. Rhine Shipping Co., claimant, &c., and 394—J. Hardy et al., pets., v. Shepard & Morse Lumber Co., claimant, &c.—Leave granted Asst. Attorney Gen. Brown to continue argument on behalf of U. S. Argument commenced.

357—U. S. plff., v. D. Hill.—Argument commenced for plff.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Nov. 6: Nos 357, 277, (and 329, 330, and 353,) 220, (and 321,) 21, orig. 218, 378, 3, orig. 3, 7, and 8.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.

Un Ferry<Tug No 17. 4 Packages Diamonds<US.
Sampliner<Motion Picture Patents Co.
Erie RR<Collins.
Bayley<Blumberg.
Re Weidenfeld.
Chiarello<C RR of NJ
US<Tug Columbia.
Cunard SS Co<Smith.
Miller<Tug Bern.
Aldrich<Penn Rit.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Atl. Gulf, &c, Co<Tug Bouker No 2.
O'Brien Bros<Erie RR
Penn RR<Erie RR.
Schroeder<SS Verdi.
Cobb<Tug Automatic.
Rockaway Sand Co<Barge 418.
Hughes<Tug eMary Scully.
Clark<Scow D & I S (NY).
White<SS Carozal.
Olmillos<SS Elsie.
Booth SS Co<Tug NY Cent 25.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 11 A. M.—Equity.

US<Hagen.
Same<Pflueger.
Waterson B & S<Various Photoplay Co.
Sterman & Co<Borgfeldt & Co.
Simpson<Newport News S & D D Co.
Bottomley<French Co.
Young<Long.
Nathan Anklet Support Co<Cammeyer.
Snyder<Albertas Corp.
Henderson & Ervin<Weber & Hellbroner.
Same<Man Shirt Co.
Loog<Holub-D Co.
MacGregor<Shubert Theatrical Co.
Porter<F & W Grand & 10, 23-c Stores.
Klein<Beach.
Ideal Nov & Toy<Majestic Doll Co.
Read Mach Co<Hobart Mfg Co.
Army & Navy Stores Co<Levy.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 837, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Regal Button Works<Baird Mach Co.
Storgard<France & Canada SS Corp.
Hoffman<Pyne.
De Salas<Pyne.
Hopper<NY Rys.
Betts Co<Hirschfield.
Darder<US Comm'r NJ.
McClintic-Marshall<McGovern.
Hanlon<Wilson Sons.
Hanley<NY RR.
Colonial Trust Co<Standard Oil Co.
McGinness<Erie RR.
Meyer<Penn RR.
Conklin<Glass Trust.
Greif<NY & Cuba Mail SS Co.
Clark Equipment Co<Crowley Co.
Mecklowitz<Fire As of Phila.
Jesse<Jesse.
Jensen<L V RR.
Greer<D. L & W RR.
Gardiner<Equit Bldg.
Whitman<Columbia Elec
Southn Cotton Oil Co<Lewis Corey Co.
Magnolia Prov Co<Atl Coast Products Co.
McAleer<Chi Pneu T.
Olsen<NY, NH & H.
Am Steel Export Co<Steel Producers Co
River Plate Trad Co<Aetna Ins Co.
Gorton<Bway Cent Hotel, (2.)
Cooper-Bessemer<Sailors Snug Harbor
Bass & Bass<Newmark.
People ex rel Warner<Craig.
Gillis<NY Rys.
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Baer<Bayou Knit Co.
Dwyer<Sullivan.
Deyoung<Cloak Operators Union, No 1.
Randolph<Mabley.
Rubenfeld<Rubenfeld.
Volk<Goldman.
Amiron Supply Co<Moe Amiron.
Walwyn<Gibbs.
People<Babighian.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Gilleran<Owens.
Cahn<Greenberger.
Carroll<Kenny
McMahon<Beekman estate.
Gardiner<Jenkins.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Werhan<Yeager.
Pawlowsky<Pawlowsky.
Demurrers:
Davis<Sportsmen's Club.
McMahon<Beekman Est.
Preferred causes:
Hershkowitz<Hershkowitz.
Bier<Bier.
Foster<De Leon.
Morris<Congress Trucking Co.
General calendar:
Garner<Hirsch.
Von Meyer<Varcel Suspension Bed Spring Mfg Co<Gassau-Thompson Co.
Kutassy<Kutassy.
Lawyers Mort Co<Kennedy.
Bourne<Bourne.
Lewenthal<Lewenthal.
Cummins<King Bee Films Corp.
Crossing<Strange.
Equit Trust Co<Miller Hellinger<CNY.
Murrin<Murrin.
Lewis<State Bank.
Friedland<Beck Shoe.
Robertson<Robertson.
Werhan<Auerbach.
Murray<Murray.
Schaffer<Schaffer.
Freiberg<Wucher.
Silverberg Import Co<Woolworth Co.
Danker<Danker.
Hamer<NY Rys.
Lawrence<Lawrence.
Hooke<Hooke.
Sylvester<Sylvester.
Schenck<Krauss.
De Moro<Tull.
Rosenhorf Co<Rosendorf.
Levinson<Finkelberg.
Baruch<Univ Film Mfg Co.
Rosansky<Marksamer.
Maldonado & Co<Gordon
Schwartz<Schwartz
Bonnamy<Bonnamy
Pan-Am Trading Co<Ins Co of N Am.
Case on.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.

Franco-Am Chem Co<Williamson Elec Co.
Barth<Repatsky.
Reinish<Whiting, (2.)
Segal<Rosemeud.
Harshon<Kalnsky.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.

Morton<Spencer & Son
Chorosen<De Allesandro.
Kieling<Saportas.
Jacobs<Degnon Cont.
Rappaport<Crosby.
Stapleton<Burtnsky
Di Gioverni<Rossbach
Schwager<N Y Rys, (2.)
Myalik<Pesscab (2.)
Anderson<Int R T Co
Glaser<Moskowits.
Templeman<Ocogan
Lissa<Rinker.
Roth<St. Nicholas Baths.
Baruchson<Storch, (2)
Levy<Barrett.
Herskovitz<N Y Rys.
Kohn<same.
Gallagher<Miller.
Berman<Mayer.
Leff<Levy Dairy Co
Ellis<N Y Rys
Buckley<3d Av Ry
Calmonowitz<Hollinger.
Dietz<Empire Carrying Corp.
Rubin<1 R T.
Garda<Cent RR of NJ
Maged<NY Rys. (2.)
Werns<N Y Rys.
Genel<same.
Ennis<Horn & Hardart Co.
Melina<Prunier.
Idanari<Kenny.
Panagiotan<C I & B RR.
Gurkowitz<Gotlieb.
Goodlan<3d Av RR.
Frost<Hudson Navig.
Hug<NY Rys.
Levering<Prentiss.
M Brill<Kopf.
M Brill<same.
Iannone<Bloomberg (2.)
Reinhold<Doherty.
Fleichner<Russo.
Van Deusen<Langham Hotel Co (2.)
Zindulka<Strand Auto Service Corp.
Welsglass<Draper.
Campbell<NY City Interborough Ry.
Hegins<NY Rys.
Irving<Town Taxi Co.
Lynch<NY Rys.
Croftschick<Perlman.
Curtin<NY Rys.
Cowen<NY Cons RR
Gootkin<New Amsterdam Gas Co.
Groll<Pikowsky
Lina Onorata<Welden Trucking Co.
Liborio Onorata<same
Tesler<Pearce.
Silberwetz<Union Ry.
Gray<Burns Bros.
Grimmeyer<same.
Peters<42d St. & 6c Ry.
Faust<Dorf.
Rotili<NY Rys.
Moran<42d St. & 6c Ry.
Hanson<Hanson.
Bernstein<Grand Col O K Ice Cream Co.
Barowski<Levin.
Blumberg<NY Rys.
Kohn<Cohn.
Burgess<Mid-Crosstown Ry. (2.)
Farber<NY Rys.
Jacobs<CNY.
Pine<Columbia Wet Wash Laundry Co.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.

Collins<Internat High Speed Steel Co.
Caldwell<Woodward.
Pulleisen Towel Sup Co<Pulleisen Towel Cabinet Co.
Valentine<Gold Process Corp.
Kenyan<Hall Switch, &c, Co
McAleenan<Mass B & I Co.
Parker<Parker.
La Sage<Perpall.
Kelly<Wolthal.
Downes & Co<Thayer & Co.
Kerwin<Wendolph.
Davis<Perpall.
White & Sons<Heckscher.
Cont'l Legend Rty Co.
Bernstein<Westport Bant & Trust Co.
Will Inspection Joggett.
Merritt & Chap, &c, Co<Terry & Tench.
Ostrom<Edison.
Katz<Rolling & S.
Sobray<O'Brien.
Ahneman & Yonkheere<CNY.
Titus, Jr<McCrea.
Pennsylvania Steel Co<Crompton Bldg Corp<Nat Surety Co.
Fribourg<Pahey.
Hartford<Hallowell.
TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bonath<Althouse.

PART IV.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

PART IX.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART X.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Ottinger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Lynch<Int R T Co.
PART XII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—Benton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII. — Hotchkiss, J. — At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVIII.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Isidore Brandes, Julia Buchowski, Burns Infants, Mary Connelly, Coulon Infants, Dolid Infants, Furst Infants, Seelig Greenberg, Veronica Gilmore, George J. Howard, Adelaide E. Irwin, Kellogg Infants, Keanon Infants, Rosalind Moser, John Mahoney, McCoy Infants, Gertrude L. McGinley, Ravidman Infants, Theresa Quattrons, Ward Infants, Hattie Schuster, Smith Infants, Hazel Schoenfeld, Annabel Henry, Abraham Eisenberg, Didimanoff Infants, Winifred Carpenter, Estate of—Fowler. Contested Wills: Karlene E King, Margt E Zimmerman, Addie Oppenheim, Eugenie V D Burley, Charles A Tyrrell, Peter J McCoy, Annie Fallon,

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Gavegan, J.—At motions.

Re CNY, (NY C RR.)
Haines<Haskell.
Frank Hemingway<Mercado & Hijo Co.
Wethy<NY Edis Co.
Wolfe<142 W 26th St Rty Co.
Magee<Boross.
Murray<Shookoff.
Boerter<Frankel Co.
Woodruff<Woodruff.
Colton<Bruton.
Citizens Sav Bank<Israel.
Mountford<Billboard.
Porter<Honig.
Walsh<Bway H Co.
Schechter<Bronx Home News P. (2.)
Miller<Eaton.
Schlesinger<Brumberg.
Re Ostrander (Col Tr)
Frankenthal<Sonderling.
Griffin<Bases.
Hoffmeister<Bishop.
Engel<Gitsky.
Prahar<Combes.
Bloomer<Bloomer.
Doremus<Parsons.
Esagee Co of China<Rosenstein.
Schrank<Miller.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck.
Thomas Blake, Ino<Richard Carvel Co.
Aron & Co<Am Alo Co
CNY<Kiernan.
Lessen<Schiff.
Sanders<Pinsky.
Rosenblatt<Hechtkopf.
Herman & Herman<Portola Mfg Co.
Carr<Carr.
Manning<Holahan.
Hughes<Prod Mfg Co.
Benimovich United Elec Light & Power Co.
Balin<Zirinsky.
Jay<Chappell & Co.
Cano Parke & T.
Orszag<Haber.
Re McLaren, (Carey<Finden.)
Broadway Trust Co<Economu.
Feder<Goodman Motor Exp, &c, Co.
Re Albert, Ino.
Internatl Cloak Mfg Co<Karon.
Re Calucci, (Banger)
Bretherton<Baker.
Eckstein<Heaney.
Varlaro<Kramer.
Re Capital Elec Lgt Co. (Cohen.)
Re Diamond, (Leonard.)
Ribanoli<Enterprise Brewery.
Eckstein<Heaney.
MacDonald<McDonald.
People ex rel Hyman<Leo.
Rothenbucher<Corenum Equip Co.
Blumenfield<R Carvel.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Smith, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M.

Re CNY, (Pier Old No 49, E R.)
Sanguinet<Wells.
Lenhard<Mut L I Co.
Bauchle<Bauchle.
Re Barney.
Kerr<Tagliavia.
Sprock<NY C & H R RR.
Senner & Kaplan Co<Mills.

APPELLATE TERM—Guy, Weeks, and Mullan, JJ.—At 10 A. M.—Appeals from the Municipal Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Gavegan, J.—At motions. Hotels A. M.—Litigated

Blitzer<Strout.
Bartlett<Am Finance, &c, Co (2.)
Moore Co<Murray Hosiery Co.
Hunter<Leavitt.
Herrison<Schurin.
Citizens Sav Bank<Levy.
Oppenheimer<Rovere.
Ronaldo<Loretta Co.
Hamilton Young Acre Motor Co.
McKenna<Alexander.
Prescott<O'Donohue
Huber<Tuerk.
Silber<Nat Surety Co
Ventura<NY Rys.
Schwartz<Gurian.
Winter<Am Ice Line.
Caruso<Bloomingdale Bros.
Di Matchi<Jacobs.
Feverstein<Magarli.
Albany Sav Bank<Harding.
Brown & Co<Economu
Bowring & Co<Gillespie.
McKey<Am Autopress.
Am Enameling Mfg Co<Kemmerer.
McKey<Am Autopress.
Howard<Howard.
Brown<Leach.
Isaac<Cragg.
Lau Specialists, Inc<Leigh.
Hickok<Dickerson.
Rasso<same.
Wood<Unger.
Hughes<Federman.
Cohen<Cohen.
Security Sav Bk<Incorporated Land Co.
Lowther<Tidey.
Kalnitsky<Kalbach.
Belford<NY Rys.
Collins<same.
Jerome<same.
Giraudin<same.
Godfray<same.
Giordano<same.
Freely<same.
Leavitt<Lamborn.
Alberthy<Gruich.
Lusk<Lusk.
Export Flour, &c, Co<Boorn.
Reid<Duryea.
King<King.
Ryder<Trustees of the Sailors Snug Harbor
Bass & Bass<Newmark.
People ex rel Warner<Craig.
Gillis<NY Rys.
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Baer<Bayou Knit Co.
Dwyer<Sullivan.
Deyoung<Cloak Operators Union, No 1.
Randolph<Mabley.
Rubenfeld<Rubenfeld.
Volk<Goldman.
Amiron Supply Co<Moe Amiron.
Walwyn<Gibbs.
People<Babighian.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Bijur, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Gilleran<Owens.
Cahn<Greenberger.
Carroll<Kenny
McMahon<Beekman estate.
Gardiner<Jenkins.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Werhan<Yeager.
Pawlowsky<Pawlowsky.
Demurrers:
Davis<Sportsmen's Club.
McMahon<Beekman Est.
Preferred causes:
Hershkowitz<Hershkowitz.
Bier<Bier.
Foster<De Leon.
Morris<Congress Trucking Co.
General calendar:
Garner<Hirsch.
Von Meyer<Varcel Suspension Bed Spring Mfg Co<Gassau-Thompson Co.
Kutassy<Kutassy.
Lawyers Mort Co<Kennedy.
Bourne<Bourne.
Lewenthal<Lewenthal.
Cummins<King Bee Films Corp.
Crossing<Strange.
Equit Trust Co<Miller Hellinger<CNY.
Murrin<Murrin.
Lewis<State Bank.
Friedland<Beck Shoe.
Robertson<Robertson.
Werhan<Auerbach.
Murray<Murray.
Schaffer<Schaffer.
Freiberg<Wucher.
Silverberg Import Co<Woolworth Co.
Danker<Danker.
Hamer<NY Rys.
Lawrence<Lawrence.
Hooke<Hooke.
Sylvester<Sylvester.
Schenck<Krauss.
De Moro<Tull.
Rosenhorf Co<Rosendorf.
Levinson<Finkelberg.
Baruch<Univ Film Mfg Co.
Rosansky<Marksamer.
Maldonado & Co<Gordon
Schwartz<Schwartz
Bonnamy<Bonnamy
Pan-Am Trading Co<Ins Co of N Am.
Case on.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Mayer, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Iacobucci<Sheffield Farms Co.
Bunkin<Bunkin.
Balter<N Y Rys.
Schleif<same.
Ratnofsky<Int R T.
De Gorgin<NY Rys.
Lefton<I R T.
Durkin<NY Rys.
Burns<Klein.
Arnold<Westcott Exp
Glanzer<Armsby Co.
Kent<Elchler.
Gottlieb<Gins.
Feldstein<N Y Rys.
Singer<Breakstone.
Murray<N Y Rys.
Harris<Weinstein.
Lerner<Kanter, (2.)
Corn<Roessel.
Fisher<Kalbach.
Lovinger<Freedman.
Colello<N Y Rys, (2.)
Grill<Clyde.
Belinsky<Alice Rty Co
Weingarten<Gollobin.
Enterprise Brew Co<Hupfel Brew Co.
Berger<Arbus.
Leopold Powell & Co<Happel.
Robinson<US Circus.
Antonelli<Eck.
Muhlstein<Weiser.
Fleig<Schmidt.
Spotkovsky<Weber.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At motions.

Encyclopaedia Britannica Co<Elsaing.
Same<Lamberger.
Freidman Con Co<Audubon Boat Co.
MacLean<Coleman.
Tarantola<Kalbach.
Pollack<same.
Weiss<same.
Fisher<same.
Garber & Sons<same.
Wohlgemuth<Mendel.
Serli & Sons<Alexander & Co.
M A Aufses, Inc<Rose Shiff<Detroit Cadillac Motor Co. (2.)
Cohan<Rosenthal.
Markus<Friedman.
Frausman<Roseman.
Cornfeld<Mark.
Silverman<Bodow.
Hubsky<Karp.
Salzberg<Albert.
Porbert & Stiger<Hyman.

PART II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Kapper, J.; Part II., Clark, J.; Part III., Lasansky, J.; Part IV., Van Siclen, J.; Part V., Tropsey, J.; Part VII., Aspinall, J.—At 10 A. M.

Collins<Bridgette.
Johnston<NY Con RR.
Hagan<Blossom.
Bengen<B H RR and ano.
Veen<Bklyn Un Gas.
Batchler<Katz.
Schoipp<Flannery.
Irvin

ALL THE WORLD LOSING FAT.

Even America's Stocks of Edible Oils Slowly Dwindling.

One of the most serious phases of the war from the economic and biological viewpoints is the great and steady reduction in the world's supply and production of edible fats. Before the war was two years old, the Central Powers were face to face with marked human physical depreciation and popular war-weariness due to hunger, because the mechanical exigencies of the military establishments had compelled them to draw upon the stocks and supply sources of food fats. Greases that ordinarily were consumed entirely by the human population were taken for war uses, and the supplies of body-building and heat-producing foods have steadily declined since. In a lesser degree the same condition has prevailed in all the countries at war. In the United States export demand increased the price and reduced the supplies of edible fats, although the production was increased before we entered the war. Since that time military and naval operations have greatly increased consumption, and the reduction in the amount of fats in commercial channels has been marked.

On July 1 the Federal Bureau of Markets made a nation-wide survey, the results of which have just been tabulated. They show that the stocks, aside from those held by retail dealers, were:

Lard, 114,593,782 pounds; lard compounds (including substitutes other than purely vegetable substitutes,) 50,410,780 pounds; solid vegetable cooking fats, 42,630,551 pounds; oleo stock, oleo oil, and edible tallow, 30,770,747 pounds; cottonseed oil, 41,718,674 gallons; olive oil, 901,995 gallons; peanut oil, 4,839,931 gallons; corn oil, 2,891,457 gallons.

The figures given include stocks actually reported as on hand by manufacturers, storage houses and wholesale dealers, and also quantities reported as in transit from these stores. The stocks of retail dealers, as reported for July 1, 1915, are not included, since these reports are still in process of being tabulated. In a similar survey made by the Department of Agriculture for Jan. 1, 1918, the retail stocks constituted the following percentages of the total commercial stocks of the commodities considered:

Lard, 29.5 per cent.; lard compounds, 28.3 per cent.; solid vegetable cooking fats, 28.9 per cent.; oleo stock, oleo oil, and edible tallow, 2.2 per cent.; cottonseed oil, 2.5 per cent.; olive oil, 44.8 per cent.; peanut oil, 4.8 per cent.,

In the case of lard and lard compounds, the stocks reported as on hand on July 1, 1918, were slightly less than the corresponding stocks for July 1, 1917, the percentages being 96.3 and 98.4, respectively. The holdings of oleo stock, oleo oil, and edible tallow were 87.8 per cent. of those reported a year earlier. The greatest decrease is noted in the case of olive oil, where the holdings on July 1, 1918, were only 35.8 per cent. of the holdings for July 1, 1917. In the case of the four remaining commodities, the stocks reported represent an increase over the corresponding stocks of a year earlier, the percentage of increase being as follows: Solid vegetable cooking fats, 14.5 per cent.; cottonseed oil, 8.2 per cent.; peanut oil, 104.8 per cent.; corn oil, 56.6 per cent.

An encouraging offset to this decrease is the steady increase in the output of food animals for this year and the consequent addition to the supply of pure-ly animal fats. Receipts of cattle, hogs, and sheep at fifty-eight markets during the first eight months of 1918 show that the receipts of cattle increased 12.3 per cent., hogs 10.6 per cent. and sheep 5 per cent. when compared with the receipts of the corresponding period of 1917. Comparative figures on shipments and local slaughter also show increases for the first eight months of 1918, with the exception of the slaughter of sheep, which shows a decrease of 2.2 per cent. during the first eight months of this year.

GEORGE T. BAIRD DROPPED.

Metal Sales Company, Reorganized, Makes Restitution to Government.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Reorganization of the Machinery and Metals Sales Company and its subsidiaries, as a result of an investigation into methods by which the company obtained licenses for the export of caustic soda, was announced tonight by the War Trade Board. In the reorganization of the concern, the announcement said, George T. Baird, the President, who was accused of making misrepresentations to the board to secure the licenses, and all other persons connected with the transactions were eliminated from the company.

The board also announced that the company has paid "a substantial sum" to the Government as restitution for the profits improperly made through export of caustic soda.

Judson T. Whitehead has been elected President of the company.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
28 Minutes from Grand Central
A city hotel in a country setting. All outdoor sports. Full train schedule.
HOTEL GRAMATAN,
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $10 and up; furnished cottages; booklet.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillian & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Dennis,
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Situated, planned and managed to give comfort and health.
WALTER J. BUZBY

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
A Semi-tropical Climate and Clean Streets.
No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management JOSIAH WHITE & SONS CO.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
A RESORT IN ITSELF
An ideal place to enjoy a long or short sojourn
Cap. 600. Special Diet Kitchen

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Su Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales with comp imenta y Tea Service. Garage
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

ALAMAC HOTEL
FIREPROOF
OCEAN FRONT IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Laurel House
Lakewood, N. J.
Favorably located for autumn and winter patronage, 60 miles from New York in the famous pine belt of New Jersey.
A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. V. Murphy, Asst. Mgr

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Best $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 TO $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Phone Spring 9491.

METROPOLITAN LINE
TO BOSTON
VIA CAPE COD CANAL
$4.00 Including War Tax Phone Barclay 5000
NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON, Franklin St., 4 P. M. 'Phone 4075 Franklin.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES.
Daily Service from Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St. 6 P. M. West 132d St., 8:30 P. M. Table d'Hote Dinner, $1.25. Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning.

SIGHT SEEING Around Manhattan Island
YACHTS
Lv. Battery Pier 10.30 A. M. Tel. Broad 3378
TROY EVENING LINE Mon., Wed., Fri. To Troy Direct. 6 P. M. Pier 43, N. R., N. Y. Tel. Spring 1845

STEAMSHIPS.

WHITE STAR LINE
Frequent Sailings
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
DRAFTS & MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Express Postal Service
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
FREQUENT DEPARTURES
Company's Office 19 State St., N. Y.
Phone Broad. 4900

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE
(COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA)
FREQUENT SAILINGS. Direct to Vigo, Coruna, Gijon & Santander; Cadiz & Barcelona; Havana & Vera Cruz
L. LLANSO, Act. Pier 8, N. R. Tel. Hanover 316

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.
PASSENGER AGENTS, 398 BROADWAY.
FREIGHT AGENTS, 29 BROADWAY.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Dennis,
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
Situated, planned and managed to give comfort and health.
WALTER J. BUZBY

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Laurel House
Lakewood, N. J.
Favorably located for autumn and winter patronage, 60 miles from New York in the famous pine belt of New Jersey.
A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. V. Murphy, Asst. Mgr

Tea Rooms.

THE PIROUETTE 32 East 45th Street. Lunch 35-40c; Dinner 55c
MARY LOUISE 175 Madison Avenue. Lunch 35c; Chicken Lunch 50c
THE ADELAIDE 1 West 58th Street. Luncheon 50c; Dinner 75c.

CLOVER TEA SHOP 660 Madison Ave., Corner 59th St.
Established 1912. Closed Sundays.
Breakfast, 40-50c; Lunch, 60-75c; Dinner, $1-1.25.
Under Same Management as the ROSE GARDEN.

THE MARGUERITE 49 West 39th Street. Club Breakfast. Luncheon, 50c; Afternoon Tea; Dinner, 75c. Chicken Dinner Sunday, Wednesday and Friday.

Sisters Three Teashop 53d Street and Madison Ave.
A la carte from 8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Everything home cooked. Only fresh materials used. Smoking downstairs.

OLD CHELSEA 51 WEST 10TH STREET. NEW YORK CITY.
Well-Balanced Food, Deliciously Cooked.
Lunch 40-50c; Dinner 85c; Sunday Dinner 1 P. M.

THE FERNERY 22 EAST 33D STREET 2 to 3. Except Sundays
The Oldest Tea Room in New York.
"Club" or a la carte. Smoking in garden.

Luncheon, dinner and always a hearty welcome at
SCOTCH TEA ROOM, Inc. 21 E. 47th St. SPECIAL
Home-made Scotch Shortbread and Scones.

THE PICCADILLY, 270 West 72d Street, near Broadway.
Special Chicken and Waffle Dinner every Monday & Thursday. Delicious home cooking.

THE MARY FANT 26 West 43d Street. Just off 5th Ave.
LUNCHEON, 70c; AFTERNOON TEA; DINNER, $1
SPECIAL SUNDAY NIGHT DINNER

THE RUSSIAN INN 57 West 37th Street. Dinner Sun. 6-9 P.M.
Luncheon, Afternoon Tea, Dinner. Russian Cooking.

THE GREEN WITCH 49 East 10th Street. An artists' rendezvous.
LUNCH, 50c. (Closed Sundays.) DINNER, 65c.

HEATHERDELL 15 East 43d Street. Open Sundays.
LUNCHEON : TEA : DINNERS.

MRS. COPELAND 16 East 43d Street. Next to Hotel Manhattan
Serves Real Food at a Fixed Price.

THE TALLY HO 20 East 34th St. Opposite Altman's.
Luncheon; Tea; Southern Chicken Dinner $1.00

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN AND THE creditors of EDWIN A. FITCH & SON, INC.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel D. Leidesdorf, the Receiver of Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., will sell at public auction, the remaining assets belonging to said Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., consisting of certain accounts receivable of a book value of approximately $4,723.96, bills receivable of a face or book value of approximately $3,426.89 and two shares of the capital stock of W. C. Munn Co., a corporation of Houston, Texas, of the total par value of $200 and five fractional scrip voting trust certificates of Greenhut Co., Inc., of the par value of $137.80, on November 13th, 1918, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, in accordance with the order of Hon. Augustus N. Hand, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated October 21st, 1918, made in the suit of Arthur D. Greenfield and Eleanor Kiesewetter, plaintiffs, against Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., defendant, and a statement of the assets to be sold and of the terms of sale are annexed to the petition for an order for the sale, on file with the Clerk of the said Court.

Dated, October 24th, 1918.

SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF, Receiver.
BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Solicitors for Receiver, 32 Liberty St., New York City.

TO THE CREDITORS OF OR CLAIMANTS against EDWIN A. FITCH & SON, INC.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Hon. Augustus N. Hand, Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, dated October 21st, 1918, made in the suit of Arthur D. Greenfield and Eleanor Kiesewetter, plaintiffs, against Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., defendant, all creditors of or claimants against Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., or the assets of said corporation in the hands of the Receiver thereof appointed by the said Court are required to assert their claims on or before November 20th, 1918, and on or before said date to present and file with Samuel D. Leidesdorf, as said Receiver, at the office of his solicitors, Breed, Abbott & Morgan, 32 Liberty Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, duly verified proofs of their claims specifically setting forth any preferences or priorities claimed, and creditors or claimants who fail to file verified proofs of claims on or before the said date will not be permitted to assert any claim against the estate of Edwin A. Fitch & Son, Inc., in the hands of said Receiver, or share in any distribution thereof.

SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF, Receiver.
BREED, ABBOTT & MORGAN, Solicitors for Receiver, 32 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, Unit G, 19th & B Sts., Washington, D. C.—Sealed proposals will be opened at office of Capt. Bradford Shinkle, at above address, at 2 P. M., Nov. 23, 1918, for (O-990) Cartridge Belts, Dismounted, Model 1910. Envelopes inclosing proposals must bear "O number" indicated above, each proposal to be mailed in separate envelope. Further information on application.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, Unit G, 19th & B Sts., Washington, D. C.—Sealed proposals will be opened at office of Capt. Bradford Shinkle, at above address, Nov. 23, 1918, for (O-990) Cartridge Belts, Dismounted M-1910. Envelopes inclosing proposals must bear "O number" indicated above, each proposal to be mailed in separate envelope. Further information on application.

OFFICE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, Unit G, 19th & B Sts., Washington, D. C.—Sealed proposals will be opened at office of Capt. Bradford Shinkle, at above address, Nov. 16, 1918, for (O-1202) Rifleman's Belt, Browning Machine Rifle. Envelopes inclosing proposals must bear "O number" indicated above, each proposal to be mailed in separate envelope. Further information on application.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BEAVER Wanted.—Chase's 27-inch furwove nutria, twenty frames or over, at $2.75 per yard. Phone Joseph Durst, Greeley 8133.

BEAVER Wanted.—Salts 8160, spot cash, any quantity. Louis Horowitz, Chelsea 1911.

BEAVER Wanted. — Blumenthal's furmoss; will pay cash. Phone best prices, 3049 Greeley.

BEAVER Wanted.—Open to buy Blumenthal's furmoss, also peco plush. Farragut 4078.

BEAVER Wanted.—Salts 8160 nutria. Madison Square 1504.

BEAVER Wanted.—Furmoss; Blumenthal. Madison Square 3564.

BEAVER Wanted.—Chasis. Telephone Milton, Madison Square 1080.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted.—Cheney's black and lower grades; different widths. O 395 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Jobbers placing stock orders newest styles fur trimmed ladies' and juniors' coats of the better grade. 19 West 24th St., 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ready to place stock orders now placing coats and suits. Call with samples, Hamilton, Larser & Baum, 279 5th Av.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples coats and suits. 38 W. 18th, 5th Floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples. Write for appointment to show samples, R. S., 82 Times.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—For Spring. Call Room 1601 Cuyler Building, 120 West 32d St.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—High grade, for cash. Gottdiener, Franklin 4133.

COATS Wanted.—Better grade; cash. Tel. 7117 Chelsea.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Wide wale, two-tone, and solid colors, navy, Burgundy, and green. Freed & Rapkin. Chelsea 9039.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Narrow and wide wale, white and colors. Madison Square 1303.

CORDUROY Wanted.—White wide wale; spot cash. Farragut 5035.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Jobs in fancies, plains, staples, dress goods, wash goods, domestics, &c. What have you to close out at a price? Mr. Esch, 466 Broadway, Spring 9007.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—We are open for several hundred pieces of three thread crepe at a price, for spot cash. Shapiro Bros., 6th B'way.

CRYSTAL Cord Silvertones Wanted.—All colors; F. & H. velours; Algeria reindeer, navy; also 032 reindeer, beavers, Furmoss, and Soffura. Blumenthal, Orchard 8245.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden-Leonard's only; all colors. Madison Square 5825.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing orders with contractors on new Spring models in taffeta, Georgette, crepe de chine and meteor. Submit samples second floor, 30 East 33d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash job, any quantity velveteens, serge, jersey or tricolette dresses; exceptional bargains only considered; samples 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 W. 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serge, crepe medla, taffetas, tricolettes, Georgettes and jerseys; better class only. 9 W. 29th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing order on Spring samples, serges and silk; call all day. 134 W. 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking taffeta wash dresses; call all week. Stecker, 17 West 28th.

DRESSES Wanted. — Looking at Spring styles. Call any day, Room 301, 116 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles in serge and silk, all week. Twelfth floor, 12 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at Spring styles. Call all week, Hugo H. Levy & Bros., 29 West 30th St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists Wanted.—Better grade, cash. National, Franklin 4343.

DRESSES Wanted.—All kinds of new Spring styles, placing orders. 40 East 30th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber open to buy jobs; quantity no object. 137 West 25th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new Spring models in all materials. 137 West 25th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Cash for serge and silk jobs. Call Mad. Square 1875.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Brown and taupe, or exchange for prunella. Farragut 3294.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Slater's cotton warp 2374. Alden Woolen Co., 160 Greene St.

FURMOSS Wanted.—Open for quantity, at best prices. Telegraph Shaninger, Heinsheimer Manufacturing Co., Chicago, Ill.

FURMOSS Wanted.—Blumenthal's, for cash. Jacob Masur, 119 W. 30th.

FURMOSS BEAVER Wanted. — Blumenthal's. Farragut 9075.

FURS Wanted.—Job sample collars for coats; nutria, raccoon, opossum, seal. A. Watterson, 141 West 21st.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—To close out, spot cash. Fansy Waist, 145 West 30th.

LINING Wanted.—Open to buy quantity of flowered satin lining at the price. Rothstein & Melcon, 129 West 29th.

PANAMAS Wanted.—Will exchange Whitman's 227 black for navy. Stuyvesant 7880.

PECO Wanted.—Open for Salt's peco, sol satin lining; also flowered sateen. Rosenfeld & Son, 115 W. 29th St.

PECO GOODS Wanted.—Open for quantity; Sidney Blumenthal's beaver furmoss. Goldman & Reich, 127 West 26th St.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Treco or esquimette; must be cheap. Farragut 528.

SILK BLOUSES Wanted.—The Hecht Co., Washington, D. C., open for jobs of silk blouses; any quantity. See Mr. Dulcan, care Max Pasternack, 5th Av., corner 32d St., from 10 to 1.

SILKS Wanted.—Manufacturers, what have you in silks that you cannot use? Cash for large or small lots. Madison Square 376

SILKS Wanted.—Any description, any quantity; also Susquehanna poplin; spot cash. Room 1106, 44 East 23d St.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for discontinued lines of silk, any color. Spring 7934.

SILK MATERIALS Wanted.—Close out, cash prices. Pansy Waist, 145 West 30th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden-Leonard, navy, Oxford, Copen, and reindeer. Phone Madison Square 8274.

SPRING COATS Wanted.—Kindly call with samples. 127 West 26th St., 10th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—For Spring. Call Room 1601, Cuyler Building, 120 West 32d St.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at misses' Spring suits and coats; better grade. 14th Floor, 12 W. 27th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at Spring suits, better grade. 145 West 30th St., 11th floor.

SUSQUEHANA Satin De Chine Wanted.—All colors, any quantity. Lauretta Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718 tan, brown. Gensler & O'Donnel, 90 Madison Av.; Madison Square 1160.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Light shades only, also light shades of velours. Mad. Square 8777.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight, copen, delphine, tan, reindeer, rose; also coverts. Farragut 2322.

VELOURS Wanted. — Reindeer 032-0360 American, also Steven's 4281-6097. Orchard 5433.

VELOURS Wanted.—Furmoss and high shades; Clark Dana velours. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 29th.

VELOUR Wanted.—032 reindeer and Arthur Peel's silvertone—brown, taupe. Chelsea 5617.

VELOUR Wanted.—Black, navy 0360-032 or similar, cheap. Smith, Greeley 1183.

VELOUR Wanted.—Reindeer 0360 or similar for spot cash. Madison Sq. 2945.

VELOUR Wanted.—Navy, 10 ounces; will pay $3. Unhorn, 1732 Madison Av.

VELOUR Wanted.—American heavyweight, spot cash below $3. Mad. Square 2262.

VELOURS Wanted.—Reindeer and Pekin. Phone Gramercy 2452.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Navy and short lengths; twill back; 22 inches. Madison Square 7296.

WAISTS Wanted.—Open for jobs, sample lines, and odd lots of wash, Georgette, and silk waists; call with samples and stock lists this morning. Marshall Field & Co., Broadway at 24th St., 5d floor.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Black and white, navy and white hair-lined worsted stripes, any quantities; cash. Madison Square 8480.

Contracts Wanted.

MANUFACTURER, cutting and making Government flannel shirts, open for outside contracts; capacity 800 dozen weekly. P 665 Times.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

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BAFFIN-HUDSON BEAVER, mole and kerami plush; short coats and coatees with muffs to match that are made and look like real fur. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BEAVER. — Chase's 27-inch, wide. Hug. Flagler 1500 brown and Oxfords, Makay's 561 green ¾; will sell cheap. Call Gramercy 5874.

BEAVER STRIPS.—Saltz 3-inch beaver and mole strips, reasonable. Spring 7350.

BLUMENTHAL NUTRIA BEAVER, 50-inch, $2.75; American burellas, $1.75, all kinds of serges, velours, broadcloths, black and white, checked, and plushes; the lowest prices in the market. R. Smith & Co., 1280 Gramercy.

BOYS' SUITS, close out very cheap; mackinaws, knee pants. Farragut 9386.

BROADCLOTH.—Julliards 110, 118, Botany 315, F. & H. H90, all colors, at lowest prices. Israel Cummings & Bro., 28 W. 25th St. Farragut 3452.

BROADCLOTH, 6 pieces, navy, F. & H., cheap. L. Hirschowitz, 36 West 25th St. Farragut 5333.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany and F. & H., &c., 54-inch, green, brown, navy, black, $2.50 net cash. Farragut 2423.

BROADCLOTH.—Julliard 110, Stevens 7422, Slater's 2192X, Madison Square 3121.

BROADCLOTHS, Oxfords, Velours, and Velveteen, for sale very reasonable. Chel. 7834.

BROADCLOTHS.—110 Julliards 15020, all shades, at the right price. Chelsea 2906.

COATEES AND STOLES.—Plushes, kerami, Behring seal and all fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

COATS. — High-grade, immediate delivery; silvertip bolivias, silvertones, Normandies, velours, pile fabrics, &c.; spring line for jobbers now ready. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—Big bargain ladies' and misses' velour coats, American K944 and others, to close out at remarkable sacrifice. Ehrlich Bros., 28 East 10th. Stuyvesant 5662.

COATS, SUITS.—Made of crystal cord, silvertone, velour du nord, velour, to close out, from $27.50 to $75. Eisenberg & Sommerfeld, 32 East 31st St.

COATS.—5,000 ladies', misses', and junior coats on rack at reduced prices. See our special velour coat, fur-trimmed, at $9.90. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS.—1,000 to close out, in all the season's newest shades and materials, at remarkably low prices. J. P. Slater & Co., 11 West 32d St.

COATS.—Exceptional value of juniors' and ladies' coats, all desirable materials for immediate delivery. American Maid Coat Co., 37 W. 20th.

COATS.—Better kind velour, broadcloth, fur trimmed, to close out; big sacrifice; come at once. Ace Cloak Co., 138 7th Av., second floor.

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COATS.—Cotton plush, 500 ladies', juniors', and children's cheap. Rosenfeld Bros. & Rosenberg, 22 West 21st St.

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COATS.—5,000, 2 to 6 and 8 to 14, all materials; prices from $3 up. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS, Velours, Thibets, Metalam, Broadcloths, Silvertones, very cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS, better grade, to close out reasonable. Winnie Glasse Co., 1,133 Broadway.

COATS.—For Canada, Newfoundland, South America, jobs cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, fur trimmed; big sacrifice. Feldman, 54 East 13th St.

COATS.—Jobs in stout, regular and children's coats. Dunn, 127 West 25th.

COATS.—Jobs to close out at sacrifice prices. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

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COATS.—1,000 newest styles, greatly reduced prices. Louis L. Ginsberg, 28 W. 27th St.

COATS.—Spring line ready for jobbers. Gottlieb & Laikind, 38 West 21st.

COATS.—Silvertone and velour to close out at a price. Louis Kessler, 12 West 32d.

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COATS, 500, as are, cloth, plush, for cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS, Infants', children's, juniors, novelties, very cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Plush, $8.50 to $55, fur trimmed, plain. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

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COATS to close out cheap. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

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COTTON GOODS.—Broker's choice offerings; samples or list upon request. G 177 Times.

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DRESSES.—2,000 silk, serge and velveteen dresses to close out at a price. Pan-American Waist & Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St., N. Y. C.

DRESSES; 2,000 serge, satin and jersey dresses; to close out at low prices; all colors in desirable styles. Ivy Dress, 38 West 32nd.

DRESSES.—Serges, silk, wool, jersey, velveteens in stock for immediate delivery, at special prices. Harris, 1501 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—Job velveteen, serge, satin, large quantity to close out at price. Nathan Nathanson, 148 West 23d St., Chelsea 1826.

DRESSES.—Job serge, satin, and velvet to close out at remarkable low price. H. Wolfenson, 256 5th Av., near 29th St.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles, 100 jerseys, 400 serges, 300 satins; close out, all colors; sizes, Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

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DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, serges, velvets and jerseys; to close out at $6.50, Queen, 140 West 36th.

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DRESSES.—About 25 velours, reindeer, taupe, assorted sizes; will sell reasonable. Mad. Sq. 2300.

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DRESSES.—Serge, satin; large assortment; closing out prices. Paragon, 130 W. 25th.

DRESSES.—Contractor has 150 serges to close, 138 West 17th, fifth floor.

DRESSES.—$4.75 up, skirts, waists, $7.50 dozen up. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

DRESSES.—High-grade; close out. J. Lindon, 118 West 29th.

DRESSES.—See our $6.00 velvet dresses. Queen, 140 West 36th.

DRESSES. — Contractor closing out 400 serges, cheap. 100 East 19th, 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Serge, wool, French serge; close out, sacrifice. Pauline, 36 West 33d.

FLANNELETS.—300 36 inch wide gray stripes, reasonable. Gramercy 6330.

FLANNELS.—11 cases York A outing flannel, blankets, huck towels; immediate delivery; reasonable prices. Room 306, 395 Broadway.

FLANNELS.—White and unbleached, suitable for interlining; reasonable price. Gramercy 1660.

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KNITTED KHAKI CLOTH.—2,500 yds. of 14 oz. knitted khaki cloth, 44 inches wide, in short lengths, ranging from 1 yd. to 2½ yds. Address Box 28, Woonsocket, R. I.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

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PANAMA.—Whitman's 1305 36-inch navy. Farragut 3090.

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POM POM.—American, 12075, all colors, at $2.20 net. Chelsea 8246.

POPLIN, 06077; also 09070 navy; 50 pieces each; best cash offer accepted. K 239 Times.

POPLINS.—06077, and Dobson 508. Madison Square 9656.

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SERGES AND POPLINS.—All shades, 104, 54289, 7008, 1464, 09070, Whitman's 774, Pacific M. F. L., 7120, 528, 10453, Broadhead 7800, American 90610, 06077, Pacific all wool Panamas. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway,

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14 large rooms, 3 baths; all improvements.
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Newly erected; beautiful 8-room modern detached house, with double garage; all improvements; sacrifice price; easy terms; can be used for 1 or 2 families; must be seen to be appreciated; located on Ocean Av., between Avs. S and T; Brighton L to Av. U or Ocean Av. car passes door; owner. MANVER REALTY CORP., 160 Broadway, Manhattan. Phone 2386 Cortlandt. Room 1201.

New detached one-family stucco houses; ready to occupy; $7,000-$9,500. Call, phone, or write Otto Singer, Kings Highway station, Sea Beach subway.

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New eight-room house; inclosed porch; all modern improvements; heart of Jamaica; convenient to all transit; plot 40x100; a rare bargain; come and see. B. H. Sweet, 324 Fulton St., Jamaica.

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English cottage, stucco, just completed, with large plot; a model in detail and planning; spacious verandas; sleeping porch, &c.; in finest section of Hempstead, Long Island, 42 minutes out; a bargain at $6,500; on reasonable terms. G. P. Norton, 277 Broadway, New York. Worth 4657.

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AMES, 26 WEST 31ST, OR PREMISES.

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Two or more large outside rooms and bath; elevator; fireproof; $80 per month and up. Apply Superintendent, 5 Columbus Circle, or Walter J. Salmon, 17 West 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

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APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Wanted, furnished, two rooms, kitchen, bath, walking distance Washington Square; full particulars. S 436 Times Downtown.

Furnished and unfurnished apartments wanted for clients. Mrs. Gerrit Smith, 31 East 48th St. Murray Hill 8485.

Wanted, furnished, two rooms, kitchen, bath; walking distance Washington Square. S 436 Times Downtown.

6 TO 8 ROOMS on east side, between 60th and 84th Sts., to June 1. Address Box 21, 1,515 3d Av.

Business couple desire two or three room modern furnished housekeeping apartment, private bath, Dec.-May. K 20 Times.

Four or five rooms, until April; responsible party; price moderate. A 864 Times Annex.

Unfurnished.

Gentleman of known responsibility will lease or sublet apartment of six rooms or more around $100 monthly rental. Address, stating location, price, &c., General R. C. O., P. O. Box 262, Stamford, Conn.

Family of three desire to rent small flat in two-family house in quiet residential district within easy reach subway; state terms. G 169 Times.

ELEVATOR APARTMENT, unfurnished, 5 or 6 rooms; rent under $1,000; reply mail only. W. T. Ryan, 1,312 Madison Av.

5 or 9 rooms for eight months or 1 year; east side, 60th to 84th St. Address Box 22, 1,515 3d Av.

Wanted—6-7 room apartment, between 50th and 72d; not over $1,000. G 178 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

23D ST, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Nicely furnished single room, southern exposure, bath, telephone; gentleman.

30TH ST., 125 EAST.—Large, small room with private family; gentlemen; references.

31ST, 114 EAST.—All attractive, newly furnished; private bath, electricity; every convenience.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome parlor floor, sunny square room, running water; references.

HOTEL AMSTERDAM,
25th St. and Lexington Av., catering to permanent guests at popular prices; single rooms $5 per week and up; newly renovated; all improvements.

The Management of THE NEWEST ALLERTON, EXCLUSIVELY FOR BACHELORS, 143 East 39th St., are now receiving applications for residence in their NEW 30-STORY RESIDENCE FOR MEN. Completely furnished. The congenial spirit and atmosphere of a well-appointed club for men of refinement. Shower baths, reading rooms, library, billiard room, handball courts, &c. Rates $6.50 to $13 per week; references.

West Side.

9TH, 11 WEST.—Large room with private bath, steam, electricity; reference.

44TH, 67 WEST.—Large rooms with bath; small rooms; all modern conveniences.

52D, 234 WEST.—Elegant large, sunny room, convenient to bath; electricity.

56TH, 201 WEST. — Attractively furnished rooms, centrally located; conveniences; reference. Circle 3066.

56TH, 324 WEST.—Handsome single, double rooms, with, without bath; gentlemen; references.

65TH, 164 WEST.—Physician owning modern house; front room; phone; steam; $6.50.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room, electricity, switchboard; excellent location; telephone, heat. King.

70TH, 20 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable large and small rooms; electricity, every convenience.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium front rooms; electricity, steam; gentlemen; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Room, private bath, steam heat, electricity; private house, gentleman.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Double, single rooms, suites; entire floor; gentlemen, business couple; references.

72D, 336 WEST.—Large room facing Hudson and Drive; small room; electricity.

72D, 22 WEST.—Large front room, private bath, electricity; single room.

72D, 301 WEST.—One large, double room with private bath; reference required.

73D, 106 WEST.—Just opened; newly furnished large rooms, bath, electricity; $8-$15.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Small rooms, running water, southern exposure, electricity, references.

75TH, (322 West End Av.)—Two desirable small, front rooms; private house; references.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, adjoining bath, electricity, parquetry; business man preferred.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished bedroom and sitting room with running water.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; continuous hot water; entire floor; electricity.

76TH, (West End Av., 844.)—Select house, large front room, bath; steam; electricity.

77TH, 170 WEST.—Large room with dressing room, southern exposure, near bath, electricity, refined atmosphere; bachelor or married couple; references.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with, without bath room; piano, electricity, phone; $3 up.

78TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium front rooms; electricity, steam; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 134 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large rooms, running water, private bath, electricity.

78TH, 123 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms, newly furnished, refined residents.

79TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive single room, private house; references.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Three rooms, bath; $50 weekly; private apartment home. 6E.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Single; southern exposure; bath, electricity, phone; exceptional; $30 monthly.

82D, 1 WEST.—Large front, single room, business man, woman, references. Jangrin.

83D, 66 WEST.—Large room, 20x20; connecting lavatory and private bath; parquet floors, new; southern exposure; every convenience.

83D, WEST.—Bright, attractive, warm room in modern apartment; references exchanged. K 237 Times.

83TH, 212 WEST.—Young woman wishes share rooms with congenial business girl or student; terms reasonable; telephone, heat. King.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors or business women, a real home, unusual.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

86TH, 204 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, well-appointed room; lavatory; shower; high-class apartment; private family; $8; references; gentleman. Gilman.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Elegant large room, private bath; single room; electricity; references.

87TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful large room, private bath, electricity; also single room.

88TH, 335 WEST, (Eroceam Hall.)—Exclusive bachelor dwelling; rooms, $6-$15; references.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Opening select house; new, modern furnishings; double rooms; private baths; single; running water, steam, electricity.

89TH, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Handsome large front room, electricity, kitchen, running water.

96TH, 171 WEST.—Attractive furnished rooms, homelike apartment; all modern conveniences; gentlemen only. Van Loan, Apt. 3W.

96TH ST., 27 WEST.—Handsome large room, dressing room; private family; $8.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Outside room, well furnished; elevator apartment; private family; gentleman only. Apartment 6C.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; sunny, warm, comfortable.

102D, 303 WEST.—Unusually large, sunny room, private house, near Riverside Drive.

104TH, 308 WEST.—Elegantly furnished 1-2 or 3 large, front rooms, single or en suite; view of Hudson, $10-$12-$25.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Two bedrooms; Japanese gentlemen; electricity; new, homelike, clean. Beidler.

112TH, (Near Riverside.)—Attractive, single room, convenient bath, well heated, private family. Phone Morningside 4015, Apart. 2F.

112TH, 542 WEST, (Apt. 4B.)—Attractive, well furnished; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 3724.

113TH, 544 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room, in private house; also smaller room with running water.

119TH, 419 WEST.—High-class furnished room adjoining bath. Apply daily, Apt. 1A.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Exceptional room, well furnished, for one; private. Apt. 2I.

122D, 520 WEST.—Double, single, outside rooms, elevator. Apt. 6 F. W.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (at 12th.)—Exceptionally desirable, well furnished room, adjoining bath; quiet, homelike. Telephone Morningside 3903, Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—2 bright, connecting rooms; use of parlor and board optional. Telephone Academy 1897.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Near 115th.)—Exceptionally large, attractive rooms, with bath, overlooking Hudson, in private family, to refined guests, $80; en suite special price. Telephone, between 4 and 7, Morningside 1339.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 480.—One or two people; large room next bath; breakfast optional; block from 116th subway. Shearer.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, (Apt. 10 North.) —For cultured people; suite, single; breakfast.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Corner 84th St.)—2 sunny rooms, bath, high-class apt., $80 monthly. Telephone Schuyler 1548.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, single rooms, private family, electricity, heat. Apt. 5C.

WEST END AV., 674, (93d St.)—Large front room, private residence; one gentleman. Phone River. 8277J.

WEST END AV., (97th.)—Large corner room, comfortably furnished; also small room. Butters.

WEST END AV., 265, (near 72d St.)—One large front room with bath; references required.

WEST END AV., 354, (77th St.)—An unusually pleasant rear parlor with private bath.

WEST END AV., 604.—Handsomely furnished large room, running water.

Brooklyn.

Attractive front sitting room and chamber; heat, electricity, basin, telephone, bath; refined family and locality; private house; no roomers; 20 minutes from Manhattan; $8; reference required; gentlemen 387 Lewis Av.

ROOMS WANTED.

Teacher and wife, straight Americans, desire large, sunny room, convenient bath, preferably near buses or walking distance Plaza; kitchen privileges for light breakfast and luncheon desired; dinner out; can provide furniture; would consider convenient suburb; full particulars; moderate; Harvardiensis. W 756 Times Downtown.

Wanted by gentleman, well-furnished, cheerful room in strictly private family, affording conforts of a home, west of Central Park; no other roomers; no apartments; permanent; references exchanged. Address, stating terms and particulars, G 169 Times.

Gentleman desires light, comfortable, medium-sized room with strictly private family, not above 96th St. Address N. Rieff, 143 East 39th St.

Mother and daughter, two furnished rooms, convenient to bath; one sunny exposure; 50-59 Sts., M. & R. Rs. 315 East 21st St.

Want heated room, with private bath, in Washington Square district. G 159 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

50TH, 14 EAST.—SUNNY SUITE, SOUTH; HOME TABLE; REFERENCES.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths, small, furnished; unexcelled board.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, private bath; also single room.

57TH, 323 W.—Beautifully furnished front parlor adjoining bedroom; steam, electricity.

58TH ST., 44 WEST.—Beautiful large and single rooms, private baths, steam; table and service the very best.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny rooms, private baths, excellent table.

69TH ST., 105 WEST.—Large room, private bath; smaller room; steam heat; references.

69TH, 105 WEST.—Sunny room adjoining bath; steam heat, running water; references.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large, sunny room, top floor, to sublet, refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine. Mrs. Newburg.

73D, 302 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Large front room, private bath; table guests.

74TH, 5 WEST, (near Park.)—Fine double room with bath for two gentlemen; European style cooking; Holland family.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Pleasant, large and medium, sunny rooms, with running water, steam heat, bath adjoining; excellent table; references.

79TH, 114-132 West. (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny room, private bath; electricity; French cuisine.

80TH, 143 WEST.—One large, one medium room; board; electricity; homelike; references.

82D, 124 West, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 5 WEST.—Connecting rooms, bath, other rooms, electricity, steam, continuous hot water.

83D ST., 9 WEST.—Rooms and board; table guests, excellent table.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Elegant accommodation and excellent table board in small private family for one or two gentlemen. Jay.

86TH, 164 W.—Small room, excellent meals; few table guests accommodated; references.

91ST, 50 WEST.—American lady, owning home, can accommodate one or two bachelors or couple; cheerful rooms, with or without private baths or meals; references.

92D, (near Riverside.)—Modern private residence, electric elevator, six baths, steam heat, hot water plant; best food, well cooked. Americans. Tel. Riverside 0586.

93D, 21 WEST.—Cheerful sunny rooms, well heated house, Park, L; excellent cuisine.

96TH ST., 65 W.—Nicely furnished large room, all conveniences; excellent table board.

107TH, 822 WEST.—Overlooking Hudson; luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, handsomely furnished, single, double room, exceptional table; moderate.

113TH, 544 WEST, (Near B'way.)—Large, sunny room, with private bath, large dressing room; in private house; also smaller room, with running water.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340.—Attractively furnished, large room, gas logs, steam heat, continuous hot water; excellent board; $14. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (Corner 94th St.)—Gentleman can have good home, fine room and best food. Apt. 24.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (The Woodbury.) —Two block north 157th subway; wonderful grounds.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Family House of Highest Standard
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Parc 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms, Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service. Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight. Good Air. Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $14-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Parlor and bath; meals; first floor, facing park; electricity, steam, telephone; single corner house.

BOARD WANTED.

COUPLE with three children, 11 to 14 years, wish three rooms, with board, east side, between 62d-84th. Address Box 24, 1515 3d Av.

Jewish family desire two rooms in boarding house, 72d to 116th St. West. G 59 Times.

BOARD WANTED.

Gentleman desires home in refined family; French desirable; one or two rooms. Particulars address Refinement, B 361 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Long Island.

INVALIDS CHRISTIAN SANITARIUM, nonsectarian, beautiful location; moderate rates. Bayside, L. I. Phone Bayside 2006W.

Whittier Inn, Sea Gate, N. Y. Harbor, 45 minutes out; room, board $18 up; solarium, open fireplace. Tel. Coney Island 900.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private baths; 45-minutes from 42d St.; $10 and up; furnished cottages; booklet.

New Jersey.

BERTRAM COTTAGE,
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Refined atmosphere, delicious Southern cooking; booklet. C. F. Johnson.

Country Board Wanted.

Country, suburban board, schooling for boy and girl, together, separate. F 231 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AT YOUNG business woman, educated, live wire, seeks good opening; executive ability; highest credentials. A 348 East 58th.

BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate; 8 years' experience in general bookkeeping; also operate an Underwood bookkeeping machine. A 871 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer.—Seven years' experience; controlling accounts, trial balance, modern methods; salary $25. Miss Feldman, Tel. 1733 Greeley.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, typist, correspondent, several years' experience modern methods; competent, reliable; salary $23. Box 548, 541 East 78th St.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, competent stenographer, typist; 5 years' experience; highest references; $20-$22. C., 1,201 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Four years' experience in taking charge of customers' ledger, desires position; salary, $18. H 715 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, full-fledged; control accounts; financial statements; conscientious, efficient; $27. R 527 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer. — Conscientious; 3 years' experience; $18; best references. S 417 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly competent, seven years' experience, conversant with modern methods. G 179 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, capable, produce trial balance, &c., take full charge. G 181 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, expert; seven years' experience. Box 810, 1,464 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, knowledge stenography; $15. E., 4524 Avenue M, Brooklyn. Decatur 2898.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; reliable; correspondent. R 472 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS WOMAN, (39,) selling ability, bookkeeper, no canvassing. H 352 Times.

CHAMBERMAID - WAITRESS, experienced seamstress, young girl, wishes position in apartment with small family; references; will call. Care of Mrs. Urban, R, 224 East 83d St.

COMPANION, chaperone, managing housekeepr, assist home; Englishwoman; educated, capable; highest references; would travel. Morningside 2403, Apartment 1-A.

COMPANION.—Young woman, aged 22, college education, best references, desires position; good conversationalist; home nights preferably. S 404 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Excellent cook, A1 references, seeks position with small adult family; wages $70. P 700 Times Harlem.

EXPERIENCED light colored foreigner; city, country references. 204 West 140th. Audubon 2510.

GOVERNESS, refined and competent, wishes position; good teacher, highest references. G 135 Times.

HOUSEWORK, General.—Finnish girl; small family; $45. Care of Smith, 2,182 Lexington Av.

HOUSEWORK, colored girl, elderly people; sleep in. 234 West 53d St.

INFANT'S NURSE. — Experienced and trained; capable of taking full charge. A 867 Times Annex.

LADY'S MAID — German young woman wishes position; excellent sewer, hairdresser; references. Address Box 153, 852 Columbus Av.

LAUNDRESS wishes position, private, five days; $2.50. Ulich, 156 East 88th St.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 85th. Riverside 3329.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, college graduate, familiar with details of office routine, advertising experience, desires executive position with "real" opportunity; advertising line, export or dye connection preferred; $27. R 449 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Unusual ability; essentially qualified high-grade position; 8 years' experience banking, &c. American, 379 Columbus Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, EXPERT, CONSCIENTIOUS; $25. Z 296 TIMES ANNEX.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, initiative and executive ability; capable take full charge. G 180 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER desires executive position; $25. R 486 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant; seven years' engineering, banking, brokerage experience, fluent correspondent, accurate, rapid transcriptions; good personality; accomplished technical dictation; 2½ years academic education, have brains; dive wire; $25. H 656 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, some knowledge of bookkeeping; A1 references; 17 years; start, $10 to $12. A. B., 116 East Clinton St., Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Three years' high school, three years' experience; private office preferred. Miss J., 348 East 41st St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, capable and efficient; four years' experience; high school graduate; executive ability. Box 14, 878 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, five years' experience technical and fast dictation; neat, accurate typist; high school education; $25. Miss Powers, Phone Lenox 6800.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced, desires position three evenings a week. G 114 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education, 5 years' experience; $20. H 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, (18,) ambitious, competent, some experience, desires position. R 500 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, competent and efficient; over 3 years' experience. R 502 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, familiar with office routine, desires position with advancement. K 227 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good references; salary $15 to $17. G 162 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; two years' commercial experience; salary, $15. K 228 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; good at detail; long experience; refined personality; $25. K 240 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, dictaphone operator; thoroughly competent and reliable; excellent reference; $22. B 363 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; high school graduate; Protestant. R 504 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' commercial-financial experience; thoroughly competent; industrious; $20. F 232 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; competent, conscientious worker; salary $18. Sherman, 45 West 129th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Permanent position; moderate salary. L. Kohn, 208 East 116th, Harlem 6183.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate, thoroughly experienced; rapid operator; $22-$25. S 408 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, refined young lady, honest, careful driver, city, car; best references. Parsonage, 122 West 62d St.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Four years' experience; conscientious worker; references; $20. B 787 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, education, ambition, initiative, seeks promising opportunity; $25. K 214 Times.

STENO-SECRETARY. — 8 years' experience banking and Wall St., highest references; salary $30. A 859 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent; neat; downtown preferred; $18. R 492 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; 5 years' experience; take entire charge; $20. S 418 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school education, 2 years' experience; reference; $15 S 414 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent;

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN (19) wishes position at anything. Blumenfeld, 882 Beck St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education, desires position. N. S., 1,418 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes connection with reliable concern. J. B., 1,418 5th Av.

Employment Agencies.

BUTLER.—English; unquestionable references; efficiency; character. Mrs. Kernahan's Agency, 814 6th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We have permanent positions at liberal salary for saleswomen in our Hosiery, Silverware, Dress Goods, Linen, Silk, Toy, Leather Goods, Grocery, Housefurnishing, and Women's Neckwear Departments. Applications may be made any day at the Superintendent's Office, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5:30 P. M. or by mail.

ALSO
UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM
requires several preparers and table hands on curtains and draperies. Apply to Manager, Upholstery Department, Third Floor, Central Building.

ALSO
WRAPPING DEPARTMENT
requires several young girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ASSISTANT in doctor's office; white. 147 W. 42d St., Room 919.

Apply for
PATRIOTIC SERVICE—GOVERNMENT WORK.

Absolutely permanent positions, with many opportunities for advancement.

Young women, 16 to 25 years of age, wanted for

telephone operating.

"SOLDIERS OF THE SWITCHBOARD."
$8 to $9 per week first four weeks while learning the business in Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn.

$9.50 to $12.50 per week within the next few weeks, according to tours of duty assigned. Frequent increases thereafter.

No experience necessary.
Good health, eyesight, and hearing.

Employes are especially well cared for. Meals served at cost, anniversary payments, sick benefits, vacations with pay, pensions, superior environment, and delightful quarters. 7 to 8 hour working day.

Apply between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Manhattan.....58 West Houston St.
Miss K. M. Schmitt.

Brooklyn.....81 Willoughby St.
Miss M. T. Murray.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BILLING CLERK.

Those having department store experience preferred but not essential. Apply main office, sixth floor, Bloomingdale Bros.

BILLING CLERK.

Those having department store experience preferred but not essential. Apply main office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros.

BILL CLERK.

Large perfume house; hours 9 to 5:30; half day Saturday; $14 start. V. Vivaudou, Inc., 418 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER.

R. H. MACY & CO. HAVE A VACANCY IN THEIR CONTROLLER'S OFFICE FOR A BOOKKEEPER, WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE WITH CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; THIS IS AN EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY FOR AN INTELLIGENT, ENERGETIC AND PERSEVERING WOMAN; NO APPLICANT WILL BE CONSIDERED WHO HAS NOT HAD AT LEAST FIVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

BOOKKEEPER.

One who has had department store experience; must be rapid and accurate and be able to take trial balance; liberal salary assured to those with the necessary qualifications. Apply main office, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, FOR WHOLESALE CLOAK HOUSE; GOOD SALARY AND STEADY POSITION TO RIGHT PARTY. BOX B 367 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted for large uptown city office; must be rapid, accurate, and capable of taking off trial balance; permanent position, with every opportunity afforded of advancement according to merit; state age, experience, salary desired, and telephone number. A 860 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER Wanted.—Must be capable of caring for patient' account book and able to meet the public; reasonable hours and duty alternates Sunday; room, board, and washing. Memorial Hospital, 2 West 106th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, EXPERIENCED ON CUSCTOMERS' LEDGERS, LARGE MERCANTILE FIRM; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. A 507 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER,
thoroughly experienced, with knowledge of typewriting preferred; answer in own handwriting, giving full particulars. C B 501 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, New York office of out-of-town specialty store; must know how to keep stock system; good position to right party; state age, experience, and salary. E. K., 129 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, capable taking charge small set books; splendid chance advancement; state experience and salary expected. W 755 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist; must understand bookkeeping and have several years' experience; $15 start; state references, &c. B. A., 501 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Rapid, accurate, competent; permanent position; good opportunity; state experience, age, and salary desired. G 161 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
Thoroughly experienced; take full charge; no others. Falcon Waist, 1,239 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER; must be competent and have wholesale clothing experience; state reference, age and salary. B 342 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; one capable of taking charge of office; state salary. C R 701 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, experienced double entry. Apply own handwriting. 427 East 76th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S and cashier's assistant; experienced; salary, $12. Mary Elizabeth, 892 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER and typist experienced in real estate. Write W. L., 1,345 3d Av.

BUYER'S ASSISTANT in publishing house; position permanent; opportunity large; state experience, references, age, nationality, and salary. M. F., 32 Times.

CASHIER for retail store; must have best city references; girl living with parents preferred; apply 10 A. M. Beck & Co., 255 5th Av., near 23d St.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress; $50 a month and board for woman, American preferred, in small New York family; good references. M. M., 621 Madison Av.

CHAMBERMAIDS (3) and one bathmaid, German or Swedes; must have hotel experience. Apply between 9 and noon, 263 West End Av., basement door.

CHAMBERMAID and assist waiting; good tips; excellent place; boarding house. 37 West 58th.

CHINA PAINTERS, several young ladies with brush experience; profitable employment; high-class surroundings. Apply Room 902, 501 5th Av.

CLERICAL.—Girl for clerical position; good opportunity. Sprague Electric Works, 527 West 34th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

CLERKS.

WE HAVE VACANCIES FOR
ADDRESSERS,
FILERS,
INDEXERS,
AND
FOLDERS.
NO EXPERIENCE
NECESSARY.
APPLICANTS MUST BE OVER
16 YEARS OF AGE.

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WE ARE IN A POSITION TO EMPLOY A FEW CLERICAL WORKERS, THOSE WITH SOME HIGH SCHOOL TRAINING PREFERRED, TO BE TRAINED TO BECOME CORRESPONDENTS.
THE MAIL ORDER BUSINESS OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR FEMALE WORKERS IN THIS BRANCH OF THE BUSINESS.
THE PAY WHILE LEARNING IS GOOD, AND
ADVANCEMENT IS RAPID.
THOSE EMPLOYED NOW MAY PARTICIPATE IN OUR 10 PER CENT. BONUS, PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

CLERKS.

BY A LARGE CORPORATION, A NUMBER OF WOMEN, FROM 20 TO 30 YEARS OF AGE; SPLENDID WORKING CONDITIONS; INTERESTING WORK AND RAPID PROMOTIONS TO SUPERVISING POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN MAKE GOOD; AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; SALARY AT START DEPENDENT UPON EXPERIENCE. B 703 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COOK, Laundress, Chambermaid, Waitress, must be experienced, with good references; two sisters or mother, daughter preferred; family 3 adults. Call Apt. 18, 490 Riverside Drive.

CORRESPONDENT, experienced mail order work; capable keeping typist busy; $15 to $18 beginning. Apply Room 503, 6 Church St.

DESIGNER ON LADIES' MEDIUM-PRICED DRESSES. THE ROBBINS DRESS CO., 76 MADISON AV.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS.
Women, 20 to 35, with mechanical ability, for interesting indoor work under splendid conditions; knowledge of elementary electricity and shop experience desirable but not essential; opportunity for advancement unusual to those who can make good; good pay while learning. G 627 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK.—Experienced young lady to take charge of filing department in large corporation; exceptional opportunity. Call Room 2102, 120 Broadway.

FRENCH WOMAN wanted, between the ages 23-40 preferably, to act as nurse for 2-year-old girl at a boys' school; salary $50 per month, or more, depending on experience. Z 312 Times Annex.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
35d St. and Broadway,
REQUIRE
SALESWOMEN
FOR

GLOVES,	UNDERWEAR,
RIBBONS,	LEATHER GOODS,
BOOKS,	STATIONERY,
VEILING,	TOILET ARTICLES,
HOSIERY,	HANDKERCHIEFS.

ALSO
all sections of housefurnishing department.

ALSO
all sections of china and glassware department.

ALSO
all sections of our new and enlarged toy department.

ALSO
several thoroughly experienced upholstery saleswomen for all sections of upholstery department; attractive positions with liberal salary.

ALSO
we wish to engage 100 extra saleswomen to work two, three, or four days each week.

ALSO
several experienced, well appearing saleswomen for furs, coats, and suits.

APPLY MANAGEMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.

GIRLS.
Over 16 years old or with working papers if under 16.

NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED.

The work is in our counting department and consists merely of counting coupons; any one can do the work; it's simple and easy; you sit down to the work; in neat, well lighted room; employes are left to themselves as long as they do their work right.

Hours 8:30 to 5; half-day on Saturday all year round and no holiday work.

Permanent position with large organization that treats its employes right.

Opportunity to advance to better and more responsible positions in other departments of our large organization.

$9 per week to start.

Apply Mrs. Hubner,
UNITED CIGAR STORE CO.,
44 West 18th St., fourth floor.

GIRLS.

LARGE PLANT DOING VERY IMPORTANT WAR WORK NEEDS GIRLS AT ONCE; AGES 18 TO 40; BEST LIVING CONDITIONS; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GIRLS WHOSE CHARACTERS ARE BEYOND REPROACH.

APPLY READY TO LEAVE.
DU PONT CO.,
244 WEST 23D ST.
U. S. EM. S. PERMIT 44.

GIRLS, 15-21,
for office and clerical work, public, parochial or high school graduate preferred; steady position; good opportunity for advancement; 8:20 to 5:30, half day Saturday. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

GIRLS
over 16 years, to put up seeds in paper packets; light, clean work; no experience required; wages $9 per week; opportunity to make up to $5 per week extra with brief experience, if efficient. Peter Henderson & Co., 35-37 Cortlandt St.

GIRLS for labeling, cartoning, wrapping toilet articles and perfumes; pleasant working conditions; hours, 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M., Saturdays 12 noon; use 7th Av. subway or 6th Av. elevated to 18th St. Richard Hudnut, 113 West 18th St., 4th floor.

GIRLS FOR TYPEWRITING AND CLERICAL WORK; MUST BE PLAIN WRITERS, ACCURATE, AND NEAT IN APPEARANCE; STATE RELIGIOUS FAITH, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. R 488 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GIRL.—By a Christian firm conducting insurance business, an intelligent girl who will appreciate good business training and opportunity for advancement. R 495 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS
WANTED
AS
ORDER FILLERS.
Active, over 16
years of age.
NO EXPERIENCE
NECESSARY.
$9 to $10 per week.
ALSO
UTILITY WORKERS
for shipping room work.
Rapid advancement.
ALSO
PACKERS.
WOMEN
to pack general merchandise.
NO EXPERIENCE
NECESSARY.
ALL EMPLOYED NOW
MAY PARTICIPATE
IN OUR 10 PER CENT. BONUS,
PAYABLE AT CHRISTMAS.
Our buildings are located three minutes' walk from the Sands St. Station at Brooklyn Bridge.

CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 Washington St.,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIRL for office work, 18 years of age; experienced; good penman; neat appearance; permanent position. B. B. Davis & Co., 250 Hudson St.

GIRL wanted for clerical work; must be good at figures. Address in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected, Box S 422 Times Downtown.

GIRL, bright, office of large advertising agency; $8 start; hours 9-5. Write Room 712, 381 4th Av.

GIRLS, intelligent, about 25 years of age, wanted for meter reading. Apply 512 West 23d St.

GIRLS on perfume sachets; no experience necessary; $16. Napier, 80 Pearl St.

HALF-TIMED SALESWOMEN.

UPHOLSTERY.

GIMBEL BROTHERS.
Broadway and 33d St.

MARRIED WOMEN WITH DOMESTIC RESPONSIBILITIES WHO CAN WORK FROM 12 O'CLOCK TO 5 P. M. DAILY WILL FIND IN OUR UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT AN INTERESTING AND REMUNERATIVE OCCUPATION, SURELY YOU KNOW HOW TO BUY FOR AND FURNISH YOUR OWN HOMES, AND WE BELIEVE YOU CAN SELL, TOO, AND HELP TO FURNISH THE HOMES OF OUR CUSTOMERS.

WE WANT SALESPEOPLE FOR
FRINGES,
CRETONNES,
CUSHIONS AND SCARFS,
SPECIAL BARGAIN TABLES,
PORTIERES AND COUCH COVERS,
COLORED AND WHITE CURTAINS,
SHADES AND UPHOLSTERY HARDWARE,
UPHOLSTERY AND DRAPERY FABRICS,
LACE CURTAINS AND BEDSPREADS.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
FIFTH FLOOR.

HAND SEWERS
On Fine Lingerie and Waists
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

HOUSEKEEPER for small Broadway apartment hotel; room, no board; state age, experience, and salary required. Address 347 6th Av., Room 580.

HOUSEWORK.—White girl wanted for apartment, small family; good home; high wages. Hoerning, 601 West 160th St., Apt. 8A; car fare paid.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl in family of 3; good home. Telephone Murray Hill 420.

HOUSEWORKER.—Girl (white) for general housework; small family; 523 West 112th St., Apartment 31. Telephone Morningside 82.

LEDGER CLERK.—Apply Nollman & Co., Inc., 141 Reade St.

MAID for general housework, to live out, family of two in small apartment; must be good cook; $10 a week. Apply any morning, between 9 and 11. Phone 4176 Gramercy.

MAILING CLERKS in advertising department; experience not necessary; good opportunity to learn all branches of the work; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Mr. Higgins, 9th floor, 101 5th Av.

MATRON for Jewish institution situated in the Catskill Mountains; must have experience and be well recommended. Write Sanitarium Committee, Workmen's Circle, 175 East Broadway.

MODEL, size 16, for dresses; work all year round. I. Rabinowitz Apparel Co., 37 W. 28th St.

MOON-HOPKINS OPERATORS wanted by large downtown bond house; must be experienced. Apply in own handwriting to D. Q., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS; HIGHEST PAY; $18 TO $20; OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE; PLEASANT WORKING CONDITIONS. CROMWELL, CHILDE & JOHN W. SMITH, INC., ROOM 510, 32 BROADWAY. CALL TODAY.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—Experienced; permanent position. Madison Letter Shop, 321 Madison Av.

NURSE.—Trained; for 18 months old baby; must be highly recommended, reliable; good salary; state age and experience. D 393 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for children 4 and 7; suburbs; references. Call today between 10:30 and 1 o'clock, Apartment 62, 304 West 92d.

NURSE, CHAMBERMAID.—Refined woman; near city; references required. Apply 2 East 41st St., Wednesday, 1:30 to 3.

NURSE.—Refined trained infant nurse, will pay good wages competent person. Phone Schuyler 3552.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Dependable young woman to take charge of files, mail distribution, and telephone; location near Grand Central; state full particulars and salary desired. O 387 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—High school graduate; good penman. Apply after 10 A. M. to the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, Academy of Music, Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, rapid worker, typist preferred; $15 to $18 beginning. Apply Room 503, 6 Church St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY

to Superintendent of large manufacturing plant; must be experienced stenographer, with knowledge of figures and general office work; unusual opportunity. Write L. S., 116 Times.

SALESLADIES.
in showroom of wholesale dress house; must be young, tall and have stout figures; bust 48, and attractive appearance; no experience required; salary. Baum & Wolff, 39 Madison Av., corner 29th St.

SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED, FOR BAKERY. APPLY 8-9 A. M., CUSHMAN'S, 857th ST., LEXINGTON AV.

SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED, FOR BAKERY. APPLY BETWEEN 12-2. CUSHMAN'S, 58TH ST., 9TH AV.

SALESWOMEN.
VEILINGS.
R. H. MACY & CO. REQUIRE THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESWOMEN IN THEIR VEILING DEPARTMENT. ONLY THOSE WHO ARE ACCUSTOMED TO MEETING THE BEST NEW YORK CLIENTELE WILL BE CONSIDERED.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

SALESWOMEN to demonstrate a new writing ink; office necessity; sells on sight; earn $5 to $7 daily in commission; pleasant, refined work. Apply 6th floor, 71-73 West Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

SALESWOMEN.

R. H. MACY & CO. HAVE VACANCIES IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS FOR COMPETENT SALESWOMEN OR FOR WOMEN WHO ARE ABLE TO BECOME COMPETENT SALESWOMEN THROUGH THE AID OF OUR DEPARTMENT OF TRAINING:

LACES,
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
MERINO UNDERWEAR,
BOOKS,
LAMPS,
PICTURES,
TOYS,
CHINA,

HOUSEFURNISHINGS.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

STENOGRAPHER.—A DESIRABLE POSITION WITH EXCELLENT FUTURE IS OPEN FOR YOUNG WOMAN OF REFINEMENT; MUST BE EFFICIENT AND CAPABLE OF DOING DETAIL WORK; PLEASE STATE REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 346, NEW YORK.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced; healthy appearance; permanent; good opportunity for advancement. Bring written application to Physical Culture Magazine, 119 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER and clerical worker to assist in advertising department of large publishing house; position permanent; state salary, experience, and nationality. A. K., 119 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Only office assistant in staple business, executive offices; pleasant, daylight surroundings; moderate work; salary $15; state age, nationality, education, experience. Opportunity, R 490 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, with mercantile experience; good reference; hours 8:30 to 5:30. Call Illustrated Post Card Co., Mohawk Bldg., 100 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, by wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. R 481 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant; must have several years' experience, 9th floor, 245 West 55th St.

STENOGRAPHER and bill clerk, knowledge of Spanish, able to translate; good opportunity. Box 300, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Grey & Grey, 3 West 29th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable; knowledge of bookkeeping. Zodiac, 10 East 46th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for open switchboard in city hotel; salary $75; no meals; references and telephone number required. B 371 Times.

TYPIST.
Large mail-order house requires young lady as typist; steady position; good opportunity for beginner; salary $10; 8:30-5:30, half day Saturday. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station 9th Av. "L."

TYPIST in billing department, downtown wholesale house; must be accurate at figures; good opportunity; state salary expected and experience. R 508 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS,
age 17-25, by large magazine; good wages with rapid advancement for speed and accuracy; good hours. Apply 8:30-4, McCall, 236 West 37th.

TYPIST and dictaphone operator for wholesale optical house; half day Saturday all year round; salary according to ability. F. A. Hardy & Co., 15 W. 36th St.

TYPIST.—Quick, accurate, experienced; permanent position; steady advancement. Cortina Academy, 12 East 46th St.

TYPIST, in large publishing house; splendid opportunity for one who is rapid and ambitious. B 364 Times.

TYPIST.—Bright, neat, rapid and accurate; salary $15; state experience. R 506 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS AND PARLOR MAID.—GOOD OPPORTUNITY; MUST HAVE EXCELLENT REFERENCES. CALL BETWEEN 10 AND 12 A. M., M. C. MIGEL, 17 MADISON AV.

WOMAN of experience or ability in selling educational courses; all calls made by introduction; liberal commissions. Call or address Manager, 823 Marbridge Building.

WOMEN for labeling, cartoning, and wrapping medicines; pleasant working conditions; hours, 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M., Saturdays, 12 noon; use 7th Av. Subway or 6th Av elevated to 18th St. William R. Warner & Co., 113 West 18th St., 4th floor.

YOUNG LADY in the order dept. of a Brooklyn shoe manufacturing corporation; a knowledge of the shoe manufacturing business desired, but not essential. Address J. L., 416 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY as assistant in office of large manufacturing concern; must write a neat hand; salary $10 to begin, with good opportunity for advancement. D. T., Box 835, City Hall Station.

YOUNG LADY by large manufacturing concern; one who has had some experience in figuring and can operate typewriter; state salary desired. L. T., Box 833, City Hall Station.

YOUNG LADY to take care of collection system in wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. R 482 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, experienced, to handle book department; capable of buying and selling books; reference. Apply Technical, G 134 Times.

YOUNG LADY, wanted for newspaper clipping and filing; experience necessary; state salary. Stock Broker, R 495 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, 18, with knowledge of office work, in a printing concern. Music Printing Co., 59 Bank St.

YOUNG GIRL, neat, for office work; good penman; start $11. Herbert & Huesgen Co., 18 East 42d St.

YOUNG WOMEN with knowledge of bookkeeping; also clerks wanted in office of a large insurance company; high school graduates preferred; salary $11-$14. Address P. O. 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted to take care of child in afternoons. K 234 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN FOR CLERICAL POSITIONS BETWEEN THE AGES OF 16 AND 20; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; RAPID ADVANCEMENT FOR THOSE WHO QUALIFY; HOURS, 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.; SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. APPLY ROOM 502, 25 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK, N. Y., BETWEEN 9 A. M. AND 12 M.

YOUNG WOMEN

with college of technical school training, able to do simple drafting work, lettering, and plotting charts; business experience preferred; good salary to start and advancement; write, stating age, experience, and salary desired. A. H. C., 463 West St., Manhattan.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syla-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Lexington St., Brooklyn.

ATTENTION—GIRLS—LADIES.
Learn filing course, $10.
Telephone operating, Elevator operating, Typewriting, Dictaphone, Stenography, Comptometer.
City and Government positions.
CAPTAIN O'BRIEN,
112 EAST 23D.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night, begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Individual Training. Beginners, advanced students, post-graduates. Begin any time. Hours student's convenience. BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL, 500 5th Av. at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

French for girls or conversational classes conducted by two young women educated in Paris; classes in private home, near Drive; 1½ hours a week, $1 a week. H 117 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

GENUINE PRIVATE INSTRUCTION; intensive training for war service work; secretarial, stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping, etc.; don't waste time in large classes; rapid progress. A. Fancell, Private Instructor, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

WOMEN prepared sanitary inspector, $1,500; 25 vacancies; evenings. Mondell, 280 Madison Av.

Employment Agencies.

CLARK AGENCY, 5 Beekman St.

Stenographer-Secretary, American.....$30
Stenographer, Financial, American..... 20
Stenographer, Insurance, American..... 20
Stenographer, Export, American..... 18
Stenographer, Mfg., American..... 18
Stenographers, Beginners, American...$12-14
Billers on Underwood, (2,) American..... 15
Typists, Underwood, American..... 15
Typists (2) Copyists..... 14
File Clerks, Beginners, $10; Experienced.. 12
Switchboard Operators and Typists..... 15
Good openings for educated Americans, both stenographers and clerical—experienced and beginners.

Cortlandt 4249.
Employment Expert.

STENOGRAPHER-SEC'Y, $30; architectural, printing, $25.
LAW.—Brokerage insurance, mechanical, real estate, $22-$20-$18-$16; beginners, $15.
CORRESPONDENT, $25.
TYPISTS, Spanish, $25; others, $20-$18.
BOOKKEEPERS, $25; assistants, $20.
ELLIOTT FISHER multigraph operator, $20.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, typist, file clerks, $15; office assistants, $15, learners, $12-$10.
ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, 20 VESEY ST.

BROAD STREET
COM'L EMPLOYMENT AGENCY
ROOM 1132. 50 BROAD ST.
CALL AT ONCE
STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS,
BOOKKEEPERS, CLERKS,
No registration fee.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
90 NASSAU ST. HOURS: 9-5:30.
Secretaries, $25; stenographers, dictaphone, clerks, typists, filing, bookkeepers, office girls; free registration.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Highest salaried positions in New York City for all classes of office employes. Register free.

ACME AGENCY, 145 Nassau.—Stenographers, $15-$12; typists, $15-$12-$10; ledger clerks, $16; clerical, $12-$10; office girls, $10; file clerks, $12-$10.

MIGHILL EXCHANGE, Flatiron B'dg.—Splendid opportunities; accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, others; investigate.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, ETC, FREE REGISTRATION. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5th Av., 43 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clericals, $10-$25. Rose Webber Agency, 1,009 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, clerical, typists; many excellent permanent positions. Lang Agency, 115 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

A UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PLANT
NEEDS YOU!

Construction laborers required to rebuild large Government plant; no experience necessary; men between 21 and 50 acceptable.

Men employed in this work, if they prove satisfactory, will be advanced to steady factory positions when plant is completed.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
T. A. GILLESPIE LOADING CO.,
AGENT,
SOUTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY.

Directions to plant: Take Penn. R. R. or Jersey Central to South Amboy, and trolley from there direct to plant;

OR TO

Representative at
UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT
OFFICES,
142 Bowery, New York City;
211 Bowery, New York City;
240 West 23d St., New York City;
20 East 22d St., New York City;

OR TO

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT
OFFICES,
810 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.;

OR TO

UNITED STATES
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
9-11 Franklin St.,
Newark, N. J.

Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 50.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

LINEN SALESMAN.
We require an experienced salesman for our Linen Department. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO,
CARPET DEPARTMENT.
Require several men to act as stock porters in our Carpet Department. Apply to Manager, Carpet Department, Third Floor, East Building.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT NO. 219.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Those having had experience with C. P. A. or chartered accountants preferred; references will be investigated; a permanency; salary to commence, around $40 weekly; railroad fare paid. Address Edmund Wilcox, General Auditor, P. O. Box 51, Alexandria, Va.

ACCOUNTANTS, junior, senior; experience, bookkeeping, accounting; opportunities; state experience, salary. R 516 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, two juniors. Call Thursday, 9:30 A. M. Certified Accounting Co., 30 Church St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for daily newspaper; bright young man, good appearance; to one willing to work and use his head good opportunity will be given. Address Advertising Manager, P. O. Box No. 322, New York.

An essential industry, doing Government work and going through a period of reorganization, needs the following:

MACHINE DESIGNER,
JUNIOR MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
FOUR DRAFTSMEN,
ONE CONSTRUCTION DRAFTSMAN,
ONE ELECTRIC DRAFTSMAN.

This is an excellent opportunity for desirable men to secure a permanent connection. Write or call immediately. Employment Department, National Conduit & Cable Co., Hastings-on-Hudson.

Take Van Cortlandt Park Subway train to 242d St. Change there to Hastings surface car. Fare, 10 cents.

ARTISTS wanted for pen and ink fashions, wash drawings, figure layouts, and letters. Apply 9 to 11: Art Mgr., The Malcolm Strauss Service, 33 West 42d St.

ASSEMBLERS.—WANTED, EXPERT RADIATOR ASSEMBLERS AND TESTERS FOR AEROPLANE RADIATORS; GOVERNMENT WORK. MARLIN-ROCKWELL CORP., 143D ST. AND SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, BRONX.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 137 TIMES.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ASSISTANT MANAGERS; must be experienced in window dressing; excellent chance for advancement. F. & W. Grand 5 and 10 Cent Stores, 8 East 14th St.

BAKER, BENCHMAN, ON CAKES, WAGES $29, GOOD CHANCE; FOR ADVANCEMENT; MORE PAY. Apply 8:30 A. M., Cushman, 511 W. 59th.

BILLING CLERK.—Elliott Fischer operator; plain work; experienced, rapid and accurate; permanent position. Revillon Freres, 26 West 35th.

BLACKSMITH AND HELPER ON COMMERCIAL AUTO BODIES; 48-HOUR WEEK; BEST WORKING CONDITIONS; GOOD WAGES; STEADY WORK. APPLY PETER BARRETT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, NAVY AND JOHNSON STS., BROOKLYN.

BODY BUILDERS ON COMMERCIAL AUTO BODIES; 48-HOUR WEEK, BEST WORKING CONDITIONS, GOOD WAGES, STEADY WORK. APPLY PETER BARRETT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, NAVY AND JOHNSON STS., BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, thoroughly familiar with double entry bookkeeping and having a knowledge of export business, for a Brooklyn manufacturing corporation; a knowledge of Spanish desired but not essential. Address S. B., 417 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, first-class, by New York Curb house; good chance for advancement. Write, stating salary expected and experience. A 519 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, with executive ability, to take full charge of office in Gentile manufacturing concern. Apply 386 2d Av., top floor.

BOYS
FOR OFFICE WORK.
PERMANENT POSITIONS WITH GOOD FUTURE.
We pay $9 a week to start and $10 a week after a month of satisfactory service to boys who have graduated from school; age 14 to 17; half a day Saturday. OPPORTUNITY FOR PROMOTION TO CLERICAL AND MECHANICAL POSITIONS.
Apply by letter only,
Mr. Prentzlein,
Public Telephone Department,
Room 202, 24 Walker St., N. Y. C.
NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COMPANY.

BOYS
for mail and messenger service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

BOYS, 14-17; IMPORTANT BUSINESS CONCERN; FINANCIAL DISTRICT, HAS PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT, FOR SEVERAL ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES; CONGENIAL WORK, SHORT HOURS, ENABLING EVENING SCHOOLING; SALARY $45 MONTH; APPLICATION CONFIDENTIAL. H 667 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY
for general utility; a good opportunity to learn the seed business; stable and essential.
PETER HENDERSON & CO.,
35-37 Cortlandt St.

BOY,
accurate and rapid typist; write, stating age, nationality, and salary expected. Address "D. O.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY, 15-17, for errands and general office work; must be bright and neat-appearing; good opportunity of learning business; salary to start $9. Blaker Advertising Agency, 110 West 40th St.

BOYS, 16-18, desiring to learn the electrical light and power switchboard trade; no experience necessary. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

BOYS, 16 TO 18,
strong, to work in stockroom; steady work. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th St. U. S. E. S. Permit No. 52.

BOYS, SMALL, ACTIVE,
by large magazine for errands. U. S. E. S. Permit 87. McCall, 236 West 37th. Apply 8:30-4.

BOYS wanted for light factory work; rapid advancement; come prepared to start 8 A. M. Wednesday. David E. Kennedy, Inc., 55 5th Av.

BOYS, bright, ambitious, energetic, in large publishing house; salary $10. Call Independent Corporation, Mr. Koebel, 119 West 40th St.

BOY for errands and general office work; permanent position. Apply after 10 A. M., Arma Engineering Co., 222 West 29th St.

BOY, BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS,
to learn printer's trade. U. S. E. S. 87 McCall, 236 West 37th. Apply 8:30-4.

BOY in office, large corporation; opportunities for advancement for industrious boy. P. O. Box 485, City Hall Station.

BOYS for light drill press work and assembling. U. S. E. S. 52. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

BOY.—By a Christian firm; lad about 16, who is ambitious to learn and advance in insurance

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.

EXPERIENCED MAN TO SELL TIRES, ONE WHO HAS SUCCESSFULLY SOLD MACHINERY AND AUTOMOBILES, CASH REGISTERS, TYPEWRITERS, OR OTHER HIGH-GRADE SPECIALTY FOR METROPOLITAN TERRITORY; APPLICANT MUST BE ABLE TO ESTABLISH RECORD OF PREVIOUS SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE AND MUST EXPECT A MOST CAREFUL INVESTIGATION. K 72 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—Responsible men are invited to call at The New York Times, (War Volume Department,) Room 1710, Times Building, Times Square, (ask for Mr. Guy,) to consider a connection on a commission basis; no one who would not prove acceptable to a bonding company should apply; an attractive proposition will be offered which any man of good presence and selling ability will find remunerative.

SALESMAN, wide awake, aggressive hustler, to sell cutting lubricants and greases for a large, progressive manufacturing company in Eastern territory, unequaled opportunity for man possessing necessary buying acquaintance among concerns using our products; salary and expenses; applicant must give unreserved, full details of previous business career to receive attention. K 235 Times.

SALESMAN.
OPENING FOR A CLEAN-CUT, LIVE-WIRE SALESMAN. IF YOU CAN FURNISH UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES AS TO CHARACTER AND ABILITY, AN OPPORTUNITY TO EARN $5,000 PER YEAR OR OVER IS OFFERED. EXPENSES ADVANCED AGAINST LIBERAL COMMISSION. HOUSE FURNISHING, B 385 TIMES.

SALESMAN
who has successfully sold machinery or similar specialty lines to sell nationally advertised welding apparatus; fine territory, good salary and bonus to real producers; give full qualifications, business history, draft standing, phone number. O. A., Box 238 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—First extinguisher salesmen to sell Castle Liquid for refilling any one-quart extinguisher, which we are permitted to manufacture for protection of electrical equipment; nearly all these extinguishers are empty; wonderful opportunity for big business; salary or commission. James M. Castle, Inc., Lincoln Building, Philadelphia.

SALESMAN. — Experienced salesman for paint, having some established trade in New Jersey preferred, to represent our firm in that territory; drawing account against commission; rare chance to right party. Beechurst Manufacturing Co., 51-53 Bergen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN. — Thoroughly acquainted with ladies' neckwear buyers, most all territories open; State cities covered Apply by letter only, all answers strictly confidential; salary or commission. Morris S. Mayer, 5 East 17th St.

SALESMAN.—Young man, experienced East, and office trade for manufacturer of pressed hats, salary or commission. M. Furman, 622 Broadway.

SALESMEN — To sell notions, fasteners, tapes, and threads; commission. American Merchandise, 146 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted, for paper box business, good opportunity to right party; salary and commission. S. W., 803 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK to take charge of department; must be thoroughly experienced and able to handle foreign and domestic shipments; excellent opportunity; state experience and salary. A. H., 120 Times Harlem.

SHIPPING and RECEIVING Clerk by wholesale hardware, cutlery and export concern; strong, middle-aged; Christian firm; salary $25-30. Opportunity. P. O. 851, City Hall Station.

SHIPPING CLERK, age 20-30; must have had practical experience and furnish A1 references; state age, experience, and salary desired. H. A., 130 Times Harlem.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Elderly man to act as shipping clerk for art concern; references. Ethridge Co., 25 East 26th.

SHOE SALESMEN.

LORD & TAYLOR

REQUIRE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED

SHOE SALESMEN.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,

9TH FLOOR.

YOUNG MEN.

We desire a few capable men having at least five years' experience in sales, shop, cost, or accounting department of an electrical manufacturing business, preferably familiar with telephone equipment.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

STEAM ENGINEER

competent to handle large cross compound condensing engine, A. C. and D. C. generators. Applicant should have been associated with large plant in past. Eight-hour shift, good pay; must have New York license.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U. S. E. S., PERMIT NO. 113.

STEAM FITTER, handy man at piping, repairs to machine, etc.; steady work year round; 8 hours per day; $25 per week. Apply to Superintendent, Gas Plant, Willow Av. and Bay St., Clifton, Staten Island.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE SEVERAL CHAUFFEURS FOR ELECTRIC TRUCKS. APPLY MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV. AND 43D ST.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT 288.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
REQUIRE SEVERAL CHAUFFEURS FOR ELECTRIC PACKAGE CARS. APPLY MALE HELP ENTRANCE, 6TH AV., 43D ST.
U. S. E. S. PERMIT 288.

STENOGRAPHERS,

experienced, rapid, accurate, competent; manufacturing experience preferred; must be American citizens over 25 years.

REMINGTON ARMS UMC CO.,
14TH AND WASHINGTON STS.,
HOBOKEN, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER,
experienced, to do about two weeks work in New York City and then go to Richmond, Ind., for at least six months; transportation paid. A. S. Heinrich, 346 South Side Av., Freeport, L. I. Phone Freeport 1383.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, with references. Rec. 70 Albany Av., Brooklyn.

STOCK SALESMAN.—Established house of recognized standing requires seasoned, high grade, competent man with proven record; offering is stock of substantial enterprise, product essential in war or peace; strong talking points; strictly commission basis, but office co-operation and brisk advertising campaign produce leads, in addition to your own clientele. Write Manager, E. H. C., Room 905, 198 Broadway.

TELEPHONE STOCK SALESMEN wanted; salary $25 week and commission. B 402 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Night work in garage. Apply Pinehurst Garage, 184 East 70th St.

TIME CLERK.—Young man as time clerk in large organization; night work; permanent position in essential industry; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 865 Times Annex.

TOOL GAUGE
and
DIE MAKERS.

First-class men on jig fixtures and gauge work.

MACHINISTS.

All around on tool work.

INSPECTORS
in tools, jigs, and fixtures.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS AND MACHINISTS ON ASSEMBLING; OPERATORS ON MILLING MACHINES, PROFILE MACHINES, UNIVERSAL MILLING MACHINES, SHAPER PLANER, AND DRILL PRESS; ALSO TOOL CRIB MAN; J. & L. TURRET, ENGINE, AND BENCH LATHES; MUST BE AMERICAN CITIZENS; 48-HOUR WEEK; COME WITH TOOLS READY FOR WORK; IF YOU ARE ON GOVERNMENT WORK STAY WHERE YOU ARE.

SLOCUM, AVRAM & SLOCUM,
LABORATORIES, INC.
120 PACIFIC ST., NEWARK, N. J.
BERGEN AND IRON BOUND CAR
PASSES OUR DOOR.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STOCK CLERK. — EXPERIENCED STOCK CLERK IN SPORTING FLOWER AND FEATHER HOUSE; GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY. K. G., 605 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED
TRAINMEN
AND
STATIONMEN.
AGES 21 TO 35.
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS.
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
Apply
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Daily except Sunday.
165 Broadway—Room 1233.
22 East 22d St.
13 Cooper Square.
149th St. and 3d Av.
124th St. and Lenox Av.
80th St. and Lexington Av.
57th St. and 3d Av.
Licensed by U. S. E. S. Permit No. 63.

WAREHOUSE MEN
FOR
PORTER WORK.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
Licensed by U. S. E. S., Permit No. 113.

WATCH SALESMAN,

with experience in high grade shops,

AT WANAMAKER'S.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WELFARE AND LABOR MAINTENANCE —Practical man who has accomplished things; one with executive and creative ability; no theorist; unlimited future and good salary for right man to start; don't think you are too big for this position, as only man of proven ability considered; correspondence absolutely confidential. K 211 Times.

YOUNG MAN AS AN ASSISTANT ON BOOKS; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; ONE WHO HAS HAD ENTRY CLERK EXPERIENCE PREFERRED, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 138 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, clean-cut, reliable, with high school education, to do cost work; Christian firm; prefer one with about one year's business experience; fine opportunity for advancement to proper lad; must have excellent references. Apply V. Munro & Harford Co., 416 West 33d St.

YOUNG MAN to start at moderate salary in bank where advancements are made from the ranks; an opportunity offered to learn the banking business. Address Box 35, 2,121 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN by large manufacturing concern, one who has had some experience in figuring and can operate typewriter; state salary desired. M. T., Box 833, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN wanted, American, 18 to 25, as assistant to employment manager; good salary and advancement to one interested in employment work. 101 West 37th St.

YOUNG MAN for office; knowledge of typewriting desirable; opportunity for advancement. Schaffner Bros., 1,270 Broadway, Room 507.

YOUNG MAN, athletic, high school education, take charge small boys 7 afternoons weekly. Address Private School, Box L, Bronxville, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in storeroom, familiar with electrical and plumbers' supplies. Call 9:30 A. M. Chas. Cory & Son, 145 Spring.

YOUNG MAN, 17, bright, strong, wanted by importer; permanent with prospects. B 351 Times.

YOUNG MEN

We desire a few capable men having at least five years' experience in sales, shop, cost, or accounting department of an electrical manufacturing business, preferably familiar with telephone equipment.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

YOUNG MEN

for messenger and mail service in large electrical business; must be 16 years of age.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.
LICENSED BY U.S.E.S., PERMIT NO. 113.

YOUNG MEN as inspectors on the Ediphone. Call Wednesday, Thos. A. Edison, 114 Liberty St., Room 703.

Instruction.

IF YOU ARE AWAKE

to the tremendous field of opportunity opening to men who are familiar with Foreign Trade principles and practices, you will profit by investigating the Foreign Trade Class now forming at the West Side Y. M. C. A.

The most comprehensive and interesting Foreign Trade training ever offered in New York will be completed during the next six months with Dr. Edward Ewing Pratt, formerly Chief Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, as active director. Associated with Dr. Pratt as lecturers will be a staff of recognized authorities on International Commerce.

The special Foreign Trade booklet, "The Dominating Factor in American Business," explains your opportunities in this field and gives full information of course. Let us send it to your business address at once.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
Educational Division. Department J.
302 West 57th St., New York.

POSITIONS AT $12 TO $30 A WEEK for TRAINED filing clerks; Government positions start at $1,000 a year; we train you thoroughly and promptly for these positions and place you; only school affiliated with a filing equipment house; instruction by experts. Classes now forming. Apply today. Phone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company, 60 Franklin St., near Broadway.

MALE HELP WANTED INSTRUCTION
MEN interested in learning "How to Speak in Public"—the art of self-development which enables you to put your plans over and to convince and persuade others—should visit the West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th Street, Friday evening, November 8th, 8 o'clock, when the first lesson will be given. Admission free.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

VALVE GRINDERS in demand by airplane engine factories; untrained man cannot secure employment; our short course insures a position to those who make good. Inquire Educational Dept., West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St., 4th floor.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANT-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

MEN, over 21, plenty positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $30 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once. 644 8th Av., 42d St.

MEN, over 21, plenty positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $30 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once. 644 8th Av., 42d St.

Machinist trade taught practically; lathes, blueprints, micrometer, $35; milling machine, toolmaking class, $30. Engineering School, 4 West 125th St.

Employment Agencies.

LOOKING FOR A POSITION?
" SEE HAWLEY."

He has paced thousands of young men in desirable positions in Greater New York; many attractive offerings now; salaries $18 to $50.

THE WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
Chamber of Commerce,
32 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE
74 BROADWAY
Highest salaried positions in New York City for all classes of office employes; register free.

MIGHILL EXCHANGE, Flatiron Bldg.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, clerks, many others; free registration.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS
THROUGH SCIENTIFIC
VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

ACCOUNTANTS—
6 Cost Accountants, with foundry, factory, and public utilities experience; must be Senior Accountant; salary $3,000-$4,200 a year.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT—
American, married; must be an executive with all-around factory experience; must be success in handling male and female help, capable of designing small tools for production purposes; expert in time studies; salary $60 or more a week.

COST ACCOUNTANT—
Familiar with printing business or machine shop operations; salary $40-$50 a week.

ELECTRO CHEMIST—
Man to take full charge of research work; salary $1,200-$3,000 a year.

LOCKSMITH—
must understand work thoroughly; salary to start $125 a month.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER—
Out of town; salary $150 a month.

STRUCTURAL DRAFTSMAN—
Man with general knowledge will do; salary $150 a month.

ELECTRICAL DRAFTSMEN—
Three men for out-of-town plant; salary $175 a month.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN—
First-class mechanical draftsman for out-of-town plant; salary $200 a month.

ACCOUNTANTS—
Man with one year's experience acceptable; salary $1,800 to $2,000 a year.

ACCOUNTANTS—
A large local concern wants two Junior and two Senior accountants; aged accountant will do for the position as Junior; salary $1,800-$3,000.

BOOKKEEPERS—
First-class clerks; they are to do time-keeping and act as time clerks in warehouses; salary $25-$30 a week.

COST CLERKS—
Two men for cost clerk's position; some experience in accountancy desired; salary $1,500-$2,000.

BOOKKEEPER—
For haberdashery; resident of Hoboken or Jersey City preferred; salary $30 a week.

BOOKKEEPER-CHIEF CLERK—
Corporation doing $700,000 business in several branches; out of town; salary $1,600-$1,800 a year.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK—
Must be experienced; salary $25-$30 a week.

" THE AMERICAN,"

115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.

Due to the present nation-wide shortage in the supply of men of general business and technical experience as well as office help of all kinds, we will undertake to place immediately practically every applicant who qualifies.

Call today if possible. A talk with our Placing Managers will not obligate you.

We list below a few specific openings which are but representative of several hundreds now available on our books.

COST ACCOUNTANT.—Fine opportunity, city or near city; $200-$250 month.
ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced, for bond department of big N. Y. corporation; $200 month.
ACCOUNTANTS, (6.) New York and vicinity; up to $50 week.
PUBLIC UTILITY ACCOUNTANTS.—Experienced in public accounting or as traveling auditor; up to $2,500 and expenses. Good opportunity.
BOOKKEEPERS, (3), one for ledger work, one complete D. E. bookkeeper, one real estate work; $35 week.
SPANISH - ENGLISH STENOGRAPHERS.—Service here and in S. A.; good opportunity; $35 week up.

C. P. HASSON. J. McLAUGHLIN.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1916 five-passenger, in full condition, new tires, one extra; mirrorscope, spotlight, bumper; a real bargain. Baum, 415 West 53th, phone Columbus 7600.

BUICK 1918, 7-passenger; exceptional motor, good condition; seen all day. Sacks, 101 5th Av., at 17th St.

BUICK 1917 limousine; wonderful condition; practically all new shoes and spare tires; never been used; many extras. K 232 Times.

BUICK roadster; wire wheels; time payments. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, (one flight up.)

BUICK, 1918, touring car; 1917 Buick Sedan; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 B'dway.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLACS.

1918 Model 57 7 pas. Touring.
1917 Model 55 7 pas. Touring.
1916 Model 53 7 pas. Touring.
1917 Model 55 7 pas. Limousine.
1917 Model 55 7 pas. Limo., wire wheels.

These cars have been through the Cadillac shops, renovated, repainted, metal parts renickeled. The limousine has been equipped with new tires. All carry standard factory equipment and are ready for immediate use.

NEWARK BRANCH
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Used Car Dept. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC 8 1916 model 7-passenger car; slip covers, four good tires; run only 5,000 miles; perfect condition; cost $4,000; will sell for $2,000; bargain. Phone Bryant 4576.

CADILLAC, seven-passenger 1917 touring car, carefully driven; perfect condition; great bargain; cash; no dealers. Address E. B. S., Times, or telephone 3455 Cortlandt.

CADILLAC.—Owners have new 4-passenger coupe body; will be lanting wind shield, ratchet windows; bargain. Dunham Sales Co., 407 So. B'way, Yonkers.

CADILLAC, 1917, Sedan; limousine, landaulet, touring, roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; beautiful condition; practically new; bargain. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC (1918) four-passenger touring. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC, 1916 touring, good condition, $1,000. L. G. Duquet, 146 West 30th St.

CHALMERS brougham, town car; latest model, like new; also Pierce-Arrow touring, excellent condition; no dealers. 3490 Columbus.

CHANDLER
Rebuilt and Refinished.
USED CARS.
Model 18 7-passenger Fisher Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Springfield Sedan.
Model 17 7-passenger Limousine.
Model 18 4-passenger Chummy Runabout.
Model 18 7-passenger Touring.
Model 18 7-passenger Touring.
Model 18 4-passenger Dispatch.
Model 18 2-passenger Sport Roadster.
BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORP.,
62d St. and Broadway.

COLE 1917 sedan, repainted and overhauled. Russell L. Engs, Inc., 12 Central Park West. Tel. Columbus 510.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DETROIT ELECTRIC with Edison batteries; newly painted; beautiful car; a bargain at $850. Phone Mr. Parrack, Columbus 3725.

DODGE Sedan, 1918 model. Apply at Central Mills, 487 Broadway, New York.

DORT 1917 5-pass. Sedan. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

HAYNES 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger; latest series; good tires, one new spare. Garrabrant, 536 Broad St., Newark. Mulberry 3240.

HUDSON.—Beautiful sedan automobile. Call 8 to 8. Jean D. F. D. Garage, Amsterdam Av. and 77th St.

HUDSON Cabriolet, Super Six. 9657 Riverside.

INTERSTATE 1917 5-pass. Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

LANCIA 1918 FOUR-PASSENGER.
Practically new. Wallace. 236 West 59th St.

KNOX limousine-landaulet, 6 cylinder, wire wheels; high class; original cost over $7,000; sell for $1,500; handsomest car in New York. 1,930 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1914, 5-passenger touring, excellent condition. Marmon Automobile Co., 1880 Broadway. Columbus 1026.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO THE MEMBERS OF FRIEDENS Verein.—Dear Sir and Brother: Please to take notice that a meeting of this Society will take place on Sunday morning, Nov. 10, 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at Pythian Hall, corner Madison Av. and 125th St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of considering resolutions to change the name of this Society from Friedens Verein to Concord Society. Fraternally,
NATHAN ULLMAN, President,
502 West 173d, New York City.
EDWARD STEIN, Secretary,
41 West 75th St., New York City.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

LOZIER 1917 six-cylinder coupe, (inside drive,) excellent condition; any demonstration; price reasonable. Lozier Motor Co. of N. Y., Inc. Phone Bryant 3688.

MARMON.—Touring; perfect condition; time payments. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, (one flight up.)

MERCER, 1917, four-passenger; 1917 touring; raceabout; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

NASH, 1918, Sedan, almost new, run 3,600 miles, bumper; extra tire tube and rim; a big bargain. Mr. McCormack, 211 West 58th St.

NATIONAL touring car, 1916, Newport model; run 6,000 miles; new in appearance and in best of mechanical condition; good tires, many extras; can be seen all day Thursday at 65 Washington St., Morristown, N. J.

NATIONAL late model, 12-cylinder, like new; no reasonable offer refused, many extras. 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4636, open evenings.

OLDSMOBILE cabriolet, 8 cylinders, 2 extra rims and tires, covers, chains, bumpers, spotlight; recently overhauled; runs like new; bargain. Telephone Bank, Orchard 342.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 5-pass. Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and B'way.

OVERLAND touring; excellent condition; practically new; electric starter, lights; many extras; any demonstration desired; must sell, cash or time. 550 East 149th, Stationery Store.

OVERLAND 1917 Sedan or runabout, both in perfect condition; sell one or both reasonable for cash. 1,930 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917, (late,) 3-35 Fleetwood special touring; an exceptional opportunity. GEORGE WALLACE COPLAN,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4887.

PACKARD, landaulet body, 1917, genuine 2-35; bargain. Interstate Coach Work, 1,926 Broadway, 4th floor.

PACKARD 1917 BROUGHAM LIMOUSINE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Special; bargain for immediate sale. O 390 Times.

PEUGEOT CABRIOLET BROUGHAM, new, latest importation, wire wheels; trades considered; also Peugeot, new chassis. Mr. McCormack, 211 West 58th St.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, "48" landaulet; "38" landaulet; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) limousine, 38 H. P. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

ROLLS-ROYCE.—Beautiful Rolls-Royce blue Ebbott coupe, in excellent condition; special body; wire wheels; must be seen to appreciate; no dealers. Proctor, 42 West 72d.

SEDAN BODIES, new, custom made, for Hupmobiles; discontinuing this branch of business; will sell below cost. Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

SIMPLEX, 1915, touring; starter, lights, all new tires; two extra shock absorbers; many extras; looks like new; cost $6,500; make offer. J. Quinn, 547 West 147th St., Apartment 33.

SIMPLEX, 38, brougham, shaft drive; perfect condition; must sell. 1,930 Broadway.

STUTZ runabout, 1914, for sale. Apply 969 Park Av. E. R. Miller.

TWIN SIX PACKARD Sedan, classy, excellent condition; price $4,200. Phone Murray Hill 8720.

Miscellaneous.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BUICK 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1918 TOWN CAR.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1918 4-PASS.
CHALMERS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
FIAT FLEETWOOD Touring; latest imp.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
HUDSON 1917 TOWN CAR.
LANCIA 35 FLEETWOOD Sporting 4-Pass.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
MARMON 1918 Brougham; Town Car.
OLDSMOBILE 1918 Roadster; run 100 miles.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., Inc.
1,778 BROADWAY, AT 57TH ST.

1918 Paige Sed.	1917 Overland Lim.
1917 Buick Sed.	1915 Cadillac Lim.
1917 Hudson Sedan.	1917 Hudson Lim.
1918 & '17 Dodge Sed.	1917 Buick Lim.
1917 Chandler Sedan.	1917 & '16 Cadillac Tg.
1917 Oldsmobile Sed.	1917 Hudson, Tg.
1917 Hupp Limousine Sed.	1917 Overland Tg.
1918 Chandler Tg.	

Time payments can be arranged.
ONE FLIGHT UP.
OPEN EVENINGS AND SUNDAY.
Phone Circle 1417.

A GREAT BODY SALE.
NEW
COUPES, LIMOUSINES, LANDAULETS.
Of the Best Quality, Finest Finish,
PRICES ARE EXTREMELY REMARKABLY LOW!
Also, Ready for Immediate Use,
AT AN UNREASONABLE OFFER,
Winter Bodies for Packards, Simplexes, Pierces, Cadillacs, Hudsons, Flats, Oldsmobiles, &c.
Prices, $50, $75, $100, and up.
Also Touring and Runabout, &c., Bodies.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
"BLUE SIGNS," 317 West 59th St.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 120-128 East 13th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the exchange or purchase of second-hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auctions of autos every Tuesday and Friday at noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 533.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	OVERHAULED GUARANTEED
1917 Touring, 4 cyl.	
1917 Limousine, 4 cyl.	PRICES
1915 Landaulet, 4 cyl.	REASONABLE
1917 Touring, 8 cyl.	

TOURING AND LIMOUSINE BODIES.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

SECOND-HAND CARS. — Discontinuing this branch of business; stock includes Hupmobile tourings, roadsters, sedans; Cadillacs, Overlands, &c.; reasonable offers refused. Charles E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,741 Broadway.

HANDSOME PAIR BEAR ROBES; also 2 beautiful PLUSH ROBES, GENTLEMAN'S fur lined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no offers refused. PRIVATE STABLE, 148 E. 39th, n'r Lex. Av.

1918 HUDSON 7-passenger touring car in excellent condition. J. J. Barrett, 141 So. Lexington Av., White Plains, N. Y. Phone 2183-R.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

Motor Trucks.

WANTED—WHITE TRUCKS.

Private owner will pay spot cash, or trade 1-ton worm-drive Fords and cash, for ¾ or 2-ton White trucks. Give full particulars by mail only. M. A. Ward, 981 3d Av.

ATTENTION!—Motor trucking is essential and profitable; will sell trucks to reliable buyers on easy payments, and guarantee steady employment at liberal rates; operators of their own trucks are preferred; all sizes, immediate delivery; also a few bargains in slightly used trucks. Wilson Motor Truck Corporation, 1,457 Broadway, at 42d St. Telephone Bryant 5685.

VIM PANEL BUSINESS CAR.
Model D 20, 1½ ton;
good condition; price $400.
Colt-Stratton Company,
109 W. 64th St. Tel. 7100 Columbus.

HIGH-CAB MAC, 1913 model, 7½-ton, for sale; in good running order; tires in good condition; has given best of service on long contracts; $900 cash. Sutherland, 435 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Main 9171.

D. E. ¾-Ton Closed Delivery Wagon; refinished, A1 condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD cars, nicely appointed; monthly service solicited; theatre, shopping. Ortenblad, Riverside 5245.

PACKARD 1917, beautiful limousine; hour, week, month, trip. Wilmarth, Tel. Columbus 8030.

PEERLESS, A1, 7-passenger; late model touring; $2.50 hourly. Lenox 7976.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED, 500 AUTOS.
SPOT CASH WAITING.
Bring cars to door. Telephone or write.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,763 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2476.

CARS WANTED.—Will pay spot cash for any good make. Phone Decatur 4636, 1,203 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Open evenings.

WANTED—Stutz, National, Pierce Arrow, Packard or Buick; price must be reasonable. P. O. Box 103, Flushing, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE wanted; Sedan, Touring or Roadster; best price paid. Feinberg, 550 East 149th.

SEDAN wanted; high-class car; 5 to 7 passenger; recent make. Revenue Agent Uhl, 249 Maple St., Flatbush.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Majors:
CAPTAINS.

Alexander, J. C.	Pasco, J. D.
Avery, J. F.	Sharpe, W. S.
Campbell, D. G.	Spencer, F. H.
Cameron, H. McD.	Windmueller, E.
Caplinger, T. P.	Hon, A. W.
Claffin, G. M.	Wurtele, F. J.
Cleary, J. P.	Allen, H. C.
Denison, R. C.	Davis, C. H.
Draper, W. E.	Morgan, E. H.
Gerrish, W. A.	Westervelt, A. E.
Osborne, H. M.	Wilkinson, H.

Peterson, E. W., appointed a Major and will report to Comdg. Off. of East. Dept. at Governors Island.

Following promoted to be Captains:
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

McLellan, G. L.	Perrier, W. G.
Applewhite, G. H.	La Rocco, C. G.
Brachvogel, M. W.	Lanahan, C. R.
Bumgarner, G. M.	Hirzel, W. C.
Coleman, W. H.	Leamy, L. J.
Davidson, P. F.	Mayer, E. M.
Harker, H. J.	Zychowlecz, J. F.
Holler, F. J.	Munly, W. C.
Holmquist, W. S.	Paganelli, J. E.
Johnston, F. R.	Olson, J. W.
Schenck, G. W.	Radin, M. J.
Brumm, S. A.	Sewell, H. D.
Bulla, M. S.	Shanor, C. K.
Coats, F. H.	Shaw, J. H.
Clarke, G. W.	Shults, B. G.
Crenshaw, F.	Stayton, C. A.
Dailey, G. L.	Taylor, W. R.
Davis, H. J.	Stein, H. J.
Delaney, J. P.	Warmer, C. A.
Dozier, J. V.	Wilk, J. C.

Following appointed Captains:

Replogle, W. H.	Hughson, R. E.
Roberts, A. J.	McCulloch, G. A.
Myer, S. P.	Ring, A. H.
Wallgren, A. B.	Price, G. E.
Lewis, J. H.	Johnson, B. L.
Luginbuhla, C. B.	Hoyt, D. G.

Following to Camp Greenleaf, with hosp. trains:

CAPTAINS.

Griesmard, G. A.	Clavin, E. C.
Gibbs, C. M.	Wallace, J. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Darnelle, T. E.	Nelson, A. E.
Davis, C. L.	Scales, J. P.
King, R. F.	Williams, T. G.
Price, W. J.	Woodward, J. I.

Britell, Capt. O. A.; Barnwel, 1st Lt. J. Du B.; Berger, 1st Lt. G.; Rozelle, 1st Lt. C. C., and Scott, 1st Lt. V. T., to Hazelhurst Field.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED—To purchase Sedan body for Ford car; state price and condition. Room 901, 171 Madison Av.

CHANE SIMPLEX wanted; touring or closed. Address O 400 Times.

CADILLAC Victoria or sedan. Kenneth Campbell, 235 West 50th. Circe 4027.

CADILLAC Sedan or coupe; no dealers. E. P. S., 807 Lexington Av., City.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.
Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best. Write today for Catalogue 1.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.
Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 8w2 or 57th St. 7920. Special classes for ladies.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 W. at 58 St.
Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, 1,121 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

ATTENTION!

If you want to buy or sell restaurant or lunchroom, good paying business, or any other business, New York or out of town, don't buy or sell before you see me.

COUTOUCAS, Times Bldg.
Suite 307. Bryant 6705.

FOUNDRY WORK WANTED.
Well-equipped foundry located at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., turning out especially high grade of gray iron castings, is in a position to sub-contract on Government or other work; especially equipped to make marine or general machine castings; prompt delivery guaranteed. Write or wire Poughkeepsie Chamber of Commerce.

Dress Manufacturer.—Thorough inside man, wants to establish a jobbing business, able to invest $10,000 to $15,000 and a good credit, is desirous of getting in touch with a salesman who has a good following among the trade and can invest capital; no others apply; splendid opportunity for good outside man. B 373 Times.

I have doubled the percentage of net profit on sales of the manufacturing business in which I am engaged by analyzing it, finding the leaks, and stopping them. Are you sure there are no leaks in your business? Am looking for one or two new propositions. R 484 Times Downtown.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
An established motor transportation company with more business than present capacity will enter into new contract with several parties having $2,500 necessary to purchase truck; business guaranteed. Address Motor, B 350 Times.

Irish resident of New York, returning to Ireland for few months, will attend

CHARLES DECLINED TO SIGN ARMISTICE

Considered Terms Dishonorable to Empire and Chief of Staff Validated Them.

GAVE UP ARMY COMMAND

Castle Guard Mutinied and Shouted: "We Don't Want an Emperor."

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 5.—Emperor Charles found the conditions of the armistice offered by the Allies so harsh and considered them so dishonorable that he would not sign them, says a Vienna dispatch to the Berlin Tageblatt. The Emperor declared that he no longer wished to exercise his authority as Supreme Commander of the Army. The conditions were finally signed by Field Marshal Arz von Straussenburg, the Chief of Staff.

The dispatch denies rumors that Emperor Charles had abdicated and was leaving for Switzerland.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 5.—Emperor Charles, according to a dispatch from Vienna, handed over the supreme command of the Austro-Hungarian Army to Field Marshal Koevess on Nov. 2.

A dispatch to the Berlin Vossische Zeitung from Vienna says that last Saturday the Castle Guard mutinied and rushed to the gates of the castle, shouting "We don't want an Emperor." Officers persuaded some of the guard to return, but others disappeared, according to the dispatch.

The State Council at Vienna has issued an appeal to the German people of Austria in which it is declared that the country is in danger and the army is breaking up in disorder. The appeal exhorts the soldiers voluntarily to join the German-Austrian Army Corps.

The appeal points out that Germans from non-German districts are going home, while German soldiers, obviously tired from the long duration of the war, are leaving their units without considering that the irregular demobilization "brings the danger of widespread unemployment, hunger, and misery." The prison camps are being abandoned by their guards, the appeal adds, and Italians, Russians, and Serbians are leaving the camps and flooding the country.

"This danger," the appeal declares, "must be countered if fresh bloodshed is not to threaten our severely tried people and tens of thousands of men, women, and children are not to perish from hunger."

ITALIANS CAPTURED 500,000 AUSTRIANS

Booty, Amounting to Many Billions of Lire, Includes 250,000 Horses.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—The Italians have captured 500 000 Austro-Hungarian soldiers, according to word given out tonight by the Italian Embassy. The value of war material taken in the recent fighting runs up to a stupendous aggregate. This word came from Rome in a cabled dispatch as follows:

"According to the latest calculations, Austrian prisoners captured number 500 000. The booty amounts to several billions of lire, including 250,000 horses. In the Army of the Trentino alone over 150 000 prisoners were taken."

Other dispatches say that the prisoners in the Trentino included two Generals and 300 staff officers. Austrian soldiers who did not have time to escape from Trent presented themselves in large numbers to the Italian command and were disarmed. The city did not suffer material damage during the war. Only one bomb fell on it, damaging the building which was used as headquarters by General Krobatin. The Italian troops under General Pecori Giraldi were received with indescribable joy by the people. The soldiers were surrounded by enormous crowds, who embraced and kissed them. The Italian cavalry, after occupying the city, gathered around the monument to Dante to pay homage.

Within forty-eight hours after the Austrians evacuated Vittorio Conegliano and Oderzo, in Italy, relief was distributed to the civilian population by the American Red Cross. A dispatch today from Rome to Red Cross headquarters here said that prompt measures taken by relief units prevented great suffering.

ROME, Nov. 5.—The official communication issued today says:

The suspension of hostilities against Austria-Hungary has temporarily arrested our advance.

The enemy saved only a small part of his armies in the Trentino.

Prior to 3 o'clock Monday afternoon our columns passed every obstacle and established themselves behind the enemy in the Adige Valley, closing the road openings to it.

Italian naval vessels have landed troops on the Dalmation Islands of Lissa and Lagosta, where the Italian flag has been hoisted, a dispatch from Trieste today states. Italian battleships and destroyers also have landed troops at Fiume.

Admiral Millo has been named Governor of the islands, while Admiral Gagni has been appointed Governor of the City of Fiume.

The battleships Filiberto and St. Bon took the troops to Fiume.

A radiogram from Trieste says that General Feitti, the commander of the Italian force which landed there, has assumed the Military Governorship of the city.

The Austrian armistice delegates who came to Padua last week, according to the Epoca, were eight officers under General von Weber. The Italian delegates at the conference were headed by General Badoglio.

Business has been virtually suspended here while Rome continues to celebrate the victory over Austria. The demonstrations in various parts of Rome are following each other without interval. All the stores are closed and the tramways have been forced to suspend service because of the dense crowds that are thronging the streets.

A notable feature of the celebration is supplied by airplanes and dirigible balloons, which are flying over the city and dropping flowers.

ITALY TO GO ON FIGHTING.

Rome Government Announces Army Will Stay with Allies.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Nov. 5.—The Rome Government announces that Italy will remain in the field steadfast to her allies till Germany's resistance is utterly broken.

OUR TARS QUICKLY IN WAR.

Under Fire in Russia 24 Hours After Reaching Destination.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN NORTHERN RUSSIA, Oct. 6, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—Many of the American soldiers forming a contingent of the Russo-Allied forces received their baptism of fire twenty-four hours after they had left their train at this little village. Some of the boys were a little piqued when they first learned they were going to Russia instead of France, but those here soon learned they would get action much quicker in Russia than if they had waited their training period, which precedes actual fighting on the western front.

One little command of Americans had scarcely walked into an outpost here, relieving a squad of Frenchmen, when the Bolsheviki gave them a welcome of shrapnel bouquets.

Officers, both American and those of the British staff, are high in praise of the way these American lads are standing up to shrapnel and Bolshevist machine guns.

The Americans in this sector are generally housed in little peasant huts or in the log-constructed stations that dot the railway every four or five versts.

Wood from the forests, which has long been cut and piled in heaps for transportation to the cities for firewood, gives the soldiers plenty of fuel, and in addition makes it possible to construct breastworks and trenches speedily.

In the villages, in peasant houses, the Americans are treated as guests, living in the best rooms, and courteously offered the best shining samovars or tea urns by the housewives.

EMBASSY SECRETARY BACK FROM RUSSIA

Norman Armour Tells of the Horrors of the Bolshevist Regime in Petrograd.

THE POPULATION STARVING

Red Guards More Murderous and Autocratic Than Any Agency of the Days of the Czars.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Nov. 5.—A British liner arrived today from England with 225 passengers, making the trip within six days, which was a record for wartime. The ship in making fast to the pier this morning bumped the pierhead and tore away some of the superstructure with her sharp stem. There was delay in getting the baggage from the hold because the 'longshoremen insisted on a full hour for luncheon at noon.

In the first cabin was a party of American officials from Russia, among them Norman Armour, Secretary of the United States Embassy; William C. Huntington, the Commercial Attaché, and Felix Willoughby Smith, former United States Consul at Tiflis. They are returning to Washington under orders of the State Department.

Speaking of conditions in Russia under the Bolshevist régime, Mr. Armour said the outside world had no conception of the terrible things that are occurring daily in Russia. "The conditions under the greatest tyrants in the time of the Czar," he said, "were never half so bad as they are today under the Bolsheviki. We were ordered out of Petrograd on July 25 with the other foreign diplomats and consular officers, and were sent to Vologda. We were often ordered to leave that place, but stayed on because there were ten employes of the National City Bank and a lot of money and valuables that needed protection. The Bolsheviki attacked the British Embassy and killed the Naval Attaché because he would not obey orders, and frequent attacks were made on our party of Americans, but we stood them off.

"Our hope was that help would come to us from Archangel. Toward the end of August the Bolsheviki covered our building with machine guns, and when night came, swooped down on us, carried our effects into the streets and took us to the railroad station, where a special train was waiting to carry the party to the frontier. A wide detour was made to avoid entering Petrograd."

Mr. Armour said he had a Norwegian passport, and got back to Petrograd, disguised as a dispatch bearer for the Norwegian Government.

"I found the principal building closed," he said, "and the entire city seemed deserted. The Bolshevist guards were out in force, and their attitude toward the public was more autocratic than anything ever perpetrated in the name of the Czar. Words are inadequate to describe what I saw in Russia during this reign of terror, misery, want and wholesale murder. The people are starving and can get no hearing, much less redress, from the blood-crazed Bolsheviki."

As an illustration of food conditions in Petrograd, Mr. Armour told of seeing an emaciated cab horse die in the shafts, and of hungry men and women cutting up and carrying away the carcass.

Mr. Armour refused to discuss movements of the allied forces in Russia or Siberia.

REDS SEEK PEACE WITH THE ALLIES

Outlawed Terrorist Leaders Said to Have Sent Note Through Neutral Ministers.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Bolshevist Government of Russia, it is reported from Petrograd, has handed the neutral Ministers a note for transmission to the Entente nations asking for the opening of peace negotiations in order that hostilities between the Allies and the Soviet Government may be ended, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

The note asks the Allies to decide upon the time and place for the holding of the negotiations.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—Efforts of the Bolshevist Government to discuss the withdrawal of the United States and allied forces from Russia through negotiations for an armistice are attracting no serious attention here. The associated nations do not recognize the Lenine and Trotzky régime in any way, and it was explained today that if the Bolsheviki wanted negotiations they should address the Russian Government at Omsk, the only authority in Russia with which the United States and the Allies deal.

The Government of the North, the capital of which is Archangel, has telegraphed the Government at Omsk that it recognizes the latter's supremacy and co-operates with it as an individual district or State in the Government. The Omsk Government has proclaimed war upon Germany, and with its own forces, augmented by the forces of the United States and the allied countries, is actually fighting against the Bolshevist forces.

A week ago Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, was reported to have proposed that an armistice be arranged between the United States and the Allies and the Soviet Government. This proposal was published from Moscow, but as none of the belligerents has recognized the Soviet rule in Russia no official attention was paid to it. It was regarded as propaganda for popular consumption rather than a serious proposal.

Officials here said today it was safe to assume that the forces of the United States and the Allies would not be withdrawn from Russia until an orderly government had been established throughout the country and a stop put to the reign of terror against which Secretary Lansing called upon all civilized nations to join in protesting.

SERB PRISONERS, FREED, DYING ON WAY HOME

Bulgars Seek to Eliminate Traces of Death Camps—200,000 Civilians Released.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—An official dispatch today to the Serbian Legation from Saloniki said Serbian prisoners were returning home from Bulgaria in deplorable condition after three years of suffering, and that many had died en route, almost within reach of their native land.

The number of prisoners had not been determined, it was stated, because of the great haste of the Bulgarian Government to get them home as rapidly as possible so that Serbian military and Government officials would not see the camps in which they had been living.

"But unfortunately for the Bulgarian Government," the dispatch added, "other elements belonging to the Allies lived alongside the Serbian prisoners and were eyewitnesses of the atrocious régime to which they were subjected. These allied prisoners narrated stories that made one shudder."

In addition to prisoners of war, 200,000 civilians deported by the Bulgarian authorities are struggling home.

WARNS AGAINST MASSACRE.

American-Russian Chamber Here Urges Washington to Act.

The American-Russian Chamber of Commerce in New York appealed yesterday to civic and religious organizations throughout the country to protest against the massacre in Russia of all the members of the bourgeoisie which, according to cable dispatches last week, the Bolsheviki intend to carry out on Nov. 10. The Chamber has received information indicating that the Bolsheviki plan a massacre on a greater scale than previous advices have indicated.

The appeal urges that the Government of the United States be asked to unite with the Governments of the Allied nations to warn Germany and the Bolshevist Government that all participants in any massacre will be held responsible with their lives.

MARLEY-DEVON

MARLEY 2½ IN
DEVON 2¼ IN.

ARROW COLLARS

CLUETT PEABODY & CO. INC. TROY N.Y.

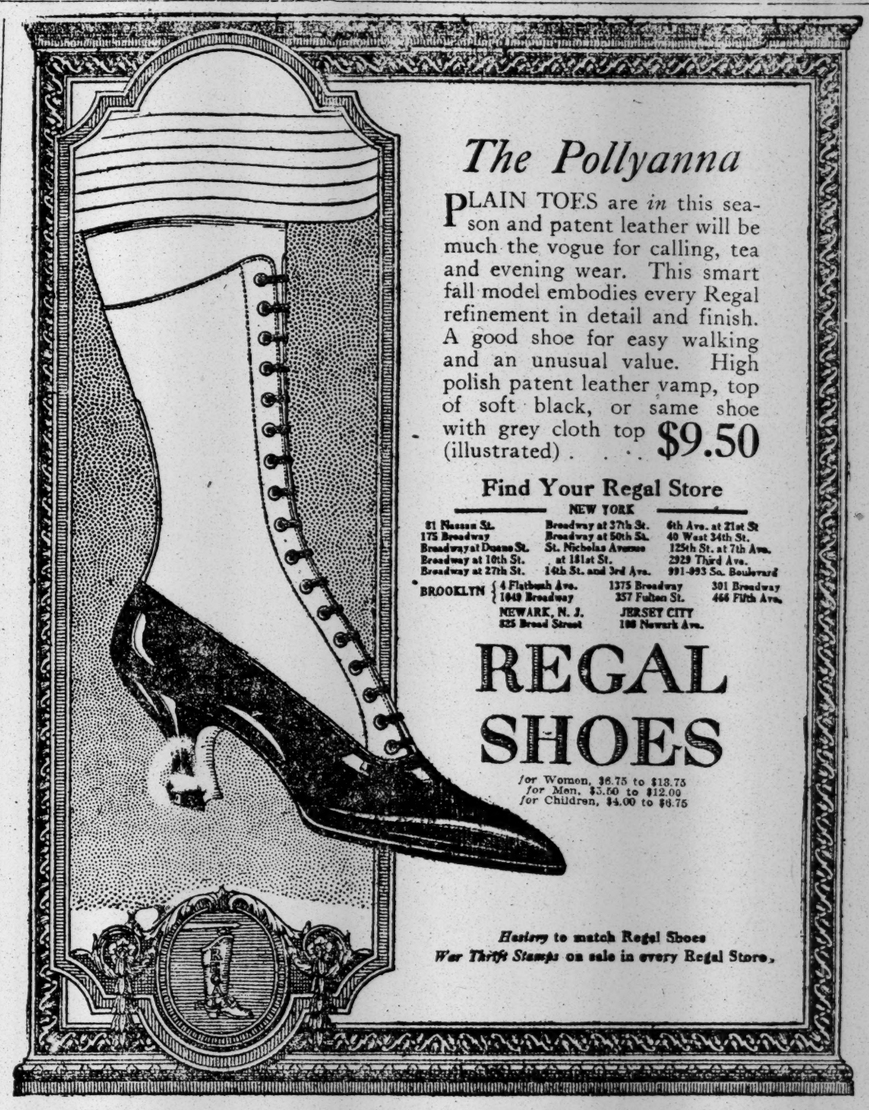
EFFICIENCY

is a wartime word. It applies to cooks and cooking. It applies to nutritious dishes whose flavors are made delicate, snappy and appetizing by the efficient sauce—

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

It "wakes up" tasteless cooking.



The Pollyanna

PLAIN TOES are *in* this season and patent leather will be much the vogue for calling, tea and evening wear. This smart fall model embodies every Regal refinement in detail and finish. A good shoe for easy walking and an unusual value. High polish patent leather vamp, top of soft black, or same shoe with grey cloth top (illustrated) $9.50

Find Your Regal Store

NEW YORK

81 Nassau St. — Broadway at 37th St. — 6th Ave. at 21st St
175 Broadway — Broadway at 50th St. — 40 West 34th St.
Broadway at Duane St. — St. Nicholas Avenue — 125th St. at 7th Ave.
Broadway at 10th St. — at 181st St. — 2929 Third Ave.
Broadway at 27th St. — 14th St. and 3rd Ave. — 991-993 So. Boulevard

BROOKLYN: 4 Flatbush Ave. — 1375 Broadway — 391 Broadway
1049 Broadway — 257 Fulton St. — 466 Fifth Ave.

NEWARK, N. J. — 825 Broad Street — JERSEY CITY — 180 Newark Ave.

REGAL SHOES

for Women, $6.75 to $13.75
for Men, $5.50 to $12.00
for Children, $4.00 to $6.75

Hosiery to match Regal Shoes
War Thrift Stamps on sale in every Regal Store.

KNABE

Unrivalled Sale of Used

Pianos and Player-Pianos

FIFTY instruments of various makes — the finest we have ever offered —are now on display in our Warerooms at 437 Fifth Avenue. The sale includes fine, classic instruments, whose names alone signify the finest productions of the musical industry. Many of these instruments are encased in San Domingo Mahogany, French and Circassian Walnuts, and also comprise numerous Art Designs in both Grands and Uprights.

THE popularity of Knabe Ampico Reproducing Pianos has made it possible for us to take these pianos in exchange at their actual values, without inflated allowances. The handling of used instruments is part of our business of marketing the Knabe products. They are all instruments of fine quality, that we have accepted in trade as partial payment, and which we have taken to accommodate our customers:— such instruments as

Knabe Chickering Steinway Haines Bros.

These instruments we have put in the finest condition and priced as low as possible to move them quickly. We are not concerned in the possibility of future profits to be gained by holding these pianos for the overwhelming demand, following the great events now shaping themselves in Europe. An early call is advised to secure the instrument of your choice.

Some of the Bargains offered in this Sale

Knabe Mignon Grand in Rosewood, like new	$725	Foster Player, all improvements	$460
Knabe Baby Grand in Mahogany	825	Brewster Upright, demonstration used only	240
Knabe Upright, Mission case, a gem	445	Wissner Mahogany, like new	265
Knabe Louis XV, in Walnut	975	Shoninger Mahogany Upright	310
Knabe Upright, entirely overhauled	330	Sohmer Baby Grand, same as new	550
Knabe Art Upright, unusual casing	1100	Haines Bros. Baby Grand, perfect, in Mah'y	575
Knabe Angelus Player Piano, fine Mahogany	710	Hardman Baby Grand, entirely renewed	440
Knabe Mignonette Grand, Mission case	850	Six Uprights in good shape ..... each	110
Steinway Baby Rosewood, satin finish	785	Knabe Colonial Art Case, Upright	610
Steinway Parlor Grand, like new	665	Haines Bros. De Luxe Flexotone Player	575
Steinway Upright, a gem	335	Haines Bros. De Luxe Player, Mahogany	635
Steinway Mahogany Upright, perfect	465	Hazelton Upright, like new	310
Steinway Upright, tone and action A1	410	Henschel Mahogany, a gem	225
Chickering Mahogany Upright, as new	525	Foster Player, exhibition used	550
Chickering Upright, small size, perfect	290	Biddle Upright, a bargain	65
Chickering Upright, Cabinet Grand	325	Ludden & Bates, as new	165
Weber Pianola, Mahogany, excellent	825	Armstrong Player, like new	440
Weber Upright, same as new	360	Draper Upright, fine case	220
Pease Upright, a bargain	210	Knabe Angelus, Circassian Walnut	695
Haines Bros. Upright, Colonial design	375	Knabe De Luxe Player	770
Armstrong Miniature Grand, Mahogany	495	Foster Upright, perfect	270
		Haines Bros. large size Colonial	410

Convenient terms of payment arranged. Pianos taken in exchange. All carry the full Knabe Guarantee

Knabe

Warerooms · Fifth Ave. at 39th St.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Friday, Nov. 1, a diamond and platinum bar pin. Finder return to Apartment 7B, 120 West 70th St., N. Y., and receive suitable reward and no questions asked.

LOST—In the lobby of the Plaza Hotel, Monday afternoon, between 5 and 5:30, a flexible diamond bracelet; generous reward offered. Apply Miss Bobe, 2,480 Broadway.

LOST—Gold chain bracket with ruby, sapphire, emerald, old fashioned setting, Lincoln penny. Mrs. H. L. Bodman, 36 East 68th St.; reward.

LOST—Parlor car of Pennsylvania train from Atlantic City Tuesday morning two diamond rings; reward if returned to cashier of Ritz-Carlton Hotel.

LOST—Left in taxicab from 47th St. and Broadway to 209 Wadsworth Av., blue fox stole; colored driver; suitable reward. Phone St. Nicholas 812.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, set in platinum, with about 30 small diamonds; a very liberal reward. A. Gabriel, 148 Madison Av.

LOST—Hotel Vanderbilt, Oct. 31, two rings; reward, no questions asked. Apply Apartment 7H, 157 West 57th St.

LOST—Dinner ring, 22 diamonds, at Churchill's, Monday evening, Nov. 4; liberal reward. G 166 Times.

LOST—Cross fox neckpiece, Monday afternoon, Saks's or Macy's; reward. Stoddard, 5,000 Broadway.

LOST—Seal neckpiece, Monday morning, 76th, Columbus, Amsterdam; reward. 50 West 76th St.

FOUND — Lady's handbag, Broadway-100th St. Tel. Worth 4227. F. W. Walters.

LOST—Pearl and diamond ring at Newburg; reward. Harbeck, 306 Lexington Av.

LOST—Bill book containing $50 and safe key. Phone Riverside 9038.

$500 REWARD,

NO QUESTIONS ASKED,

for return of three diamond rings, lady's gold watch, lady's gold rimmed eyeglasses, and a Long Island Railroad commutation ticket, lost between Far Rockaway and New York City. Return to 13 West 56th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—On or near West End Av. and 95th St., a black-haired Scotch terrier dog, green collar, with no name; finder will receive reward by returning to Mrs. C. A. Guglielmetti, 708 West End Av.

LOST—Oct. 14, small female screw-tail Boston bull, brindle and white; $50 reward for return to Theo H. Clifford, Lyon and Curtis Sts., East Elmhurst, L. I. Tel. 750J Newtown.

LOST—Monday, near corner Broadway and 31st St., Pekingese dog; family pet for eleven years; liberal reward. 10 West 31st St. Telephone Madison Square 3680.

LOST—Small, white, wire-haired fox terrier puppy; hind foot lame; license 9067. Return Coleman, 50 W. 51st. $10 reward.

Crowded Out

ADVERTISEMENTS are frequently excluded from The New York Times to make room for news, much of it by cable. The New York Times daily prints a greater volume of cable news than any other newspaper in the world.

Here is a statement of advertisements omitted thus far this month:

Nov.	Lines Omitted.	Columns Omitted.	Columns Published.
1..Friday	2,308	2	100
4..Monday	5,848	13	120
5..Tuesday	1,180	5	110
6..Today	3,552	12	109

This condition forces upon The Times careful discrimination in the assignment of space.

Preference is given, therefore, to advertisements having news value, and to those for which copy, including matrices, cuts or drawings, for the daily edition, is delivered before 5 P. M. on the day previous to publication, and to those for the Sunday edition for which finally approved copy is delivered before Friday night.

Orders for the insertion of advertisements of a general character should specify the date on which insertion is desired, and, so far as possible, should include the words "or first available day."

The New York Times

ADVERTISEMENT.

"OUCH! THAT OLD RHEUMATISM!"

That's the time to get busy and apply Sloan's Liniment

Put it on that rheumatism-attacked joint, let it *penetrate without rubbing*, and then—what a relief!

Sloan's Liniment won't monkey on the job. It gets right down to business and helps to relieve almost any kind of external ache, pain, or bruise that comes along. Does it cleanly, quickly, economically. From 'most *any* druggist, *anywhere*. The big bottle is economy. 30c, 60c, $1.20.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

PERFECT FITTING MUNSING WEAR UNION SUITS

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"Headease"

(*Registered Feb. 2, 1915*)

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